"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably fair today; Friday fair; gentle south winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,698. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere N. Y. State, N. J., Conn. | THREE CENTS Other States.

CRUGER DEMANDS WOODS REMOVAL; ASSAILS POLICE

Father of Slain Girl Writes to Mayor, Attacking the Department's 'Despicable Attitude.'

CELLARS TO BE DUG UP

Police Ordered to Search at Once in Shops Formerly Used by Cocchi.

BOY HELPED ON FIRST PIT

Police Guards for Miss La Rue in the Hospital and for Mrs. Humiston.

Henry D. Cruger, father of Ruth Cruger, whose body remained buried for months after her murder on Feb. 13 in the cellar of the motor cycle shop of Alfredo Cocchi, at 127th and Manhattan Streets, wrote a letter to Mayor Mitchel yesterday in which he demanded the removal of Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, on the ground that the police, instead of trying to find his daughter and to arrest the murderer, had spent most of their pains in an effort to stain the reputation of a pure and blameless girl. He called the attitude of the police to the case "most despicable."

It was brought out also yesterday that Henry Ankermann, a boy who formerly worked for Cocchi, had helped Cocchi last Summer to dig a hole in Cocchi's cellar, apparently showing that Cocchi had made plans for hiding a victim in advance of a murder. Police Commissioner Woods on learning of this ordered the police to dig up the cellars of the shops formerly occupied by Cocchi in the search for other murder victims.

In his letter to the Mayor, Mr. Cruger said:

New York City, June 20.

Mr. John Purroy Mitchel:

Dear Sir: I write this open letter to you as Mayor of the City of New York in the interests of the community and for the better protection of the lives and reputations of its people, and to that end I ask for the removal from office of the Police Commissioner and the reorganization of the Police Department under an efficient head.

Although the matter of the disappearance of my daughter had been promptly brought to the attention of the police and to the personal attention of the Commissioner himself, the work of the department has been marked by great stupidity, if not inspired by ulterior motives. In the first place, they refused to send out a general alarm until the lapse of twenty-four hours.

Then, when Cocchi had safely gotten away, they insisted that he was a reputable business man and that his going away had nothing to do with the girl's disappearance. They have taken the position that various witnesses who stated she went away in a taxicab were perfectly trustworthy, although none of the witnesses had the hardihood to positively identify her.

On the other hand, this girl, with all the promise of a magnificent womanhood before her, and who gave the "last full measure" of devotion to a pure and blameless life, was subjected to a most searching investigation of her daily going out and coming in, in the hope, I can only believe, of finding some flaw in her character that might be used to help put an end to any investigation.

These things were done, not only by the lesser officials of the department, but within two weeks of the time of the murder, I am reliably informed, a statement was given to the press from the Police Commissioner's office to the effect that there was nothing in the case, and that I knew where the girl was. The attitude of the department toward this poor girl has been most despicable.

In this case the much-boasted efficiency of the Police Department was proved to be a hollow mockery by the persistent work of a woman, and perhaps intelligent investigation in other directions might show similar results. In my opinion, any investigation of the department by the present Commissioner would not be worth the paper the report was written on.

I base this opinion on the experience of myself and my friends with the officials of the department from the top to the bottom.

I feel that the facts which have developed in the case of my daughter are such that it is my duty to make the above statement, and I submit them to the fathers and mothers of Greater New York, who in the final analysis are responsible for the conduct of the police officials.

HENRY D. CRUGER.

Mr. Cruger was shaking with emotion as he handed out copies of the letter. He listened grimly while his indictment of the police was read over to him. He refused to say anything further.

Mayor Mitchel had not returned from Rochester last night and could not be reached for a statement regarding the letter. Police Commissioner Woods would not discuss it.

Woods Says "Spare No One."

The investigation of the Police Department, under Commissioner Woods himself, began yesterday with an order that Inspector J. J. Faurot with a new force of detectives should undertake the investigation of unsolved problems regarding the Cocchi case. Captain Cooper, who was in charge of the case under Fifth Deputy Commissioner Scull during the months of fruitless search, was removed from active work in connection with the case and he and the men under him who were in any way connected with the case were ordered to Police Headquarters to undergo examination by Inspector Faurot. Commissioner Woods himself undertook the reorganization of the Bureau of Un-

Continued on page 6.

"NOT ALWAYS ARLEE"—but it's true just the same.—See top of Page 7.—Advt.

Austrian Premier Ordered to Reconstruct Cabinet

AMSTERDAM, June 20.—Reports received here assert that the Vienna evening newspapers declare that Emperor Charles has instructed Count Clam-Marinic, the Austrian Premier, to reconstruct his Cabinet and that the Premier has opened negotiations to this end with the various parties.

JUNKERS DESPAIR OF RUSSIAN PEACE

Display Apathy or Opposition to Efforts to Detach the Eastern Foe from Entente.

TROOPS FAVOR ANNEXATION

Socialist Organs Indicate Their Opposition to Scheidemann's Stockholm Program.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Tuesday, June 19.—It is evident that the conservative and junker classes are displaying apathy or opposition toward the Russian negotiations and despair of a separate peace. This apathy and disbelief in the possibility of peace with Russia, or any peace this year, according to direct information received by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, is shared by officers at the front. The German authorities are preparing the minds of the people for another Winter campaign.

The Krupp organ, the Berlin Post, says:

"A change of feeling about Russian relations has been growing in certain German circles and tends to spread, creating a wrong impression." Then the paper suggests that it is uncertain whether the revolutionary spirit which now reigns in Russia will last and warns its readers not to place too much faith in it, explaining that the outward form of the revolution is not the natural result of a sincere democratic movement, but has been affected by external politics and is not true democracy.

"The only sure means of weakening Russia's military power," it says, "is by the German military weapon. Whether it is the Czar's Government or the democratic representative of the people who tenders peace in the end, it is all the same to us."

The whole article suggests complete indifference toward the Russian democracy.

Annexationist Spirit Prevails.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 19, (via London.)—Although a large majority of the German people and all newspapers except the organs of the Extreme Right approve of permitting the German Socialist deputation to take part in the Stockholm conferences, and even express great satisfaction with the general tone of the negotiations as conducted by Scheidemann and his confreres, it must not be supposed that the program of peace without annexation and compensation has the bulk of the German people behind it.

To judge from the Socialistic organs most widely circulated in the German trenches the field gray Socialist fighting at the front is certainly stanchly opposed to the idea that three years of bloodshed should leave everything where it was before the war. The German Socialists fighting at the east front are dreaming of nice little homesteads of their own in Courland or the adjoining occupied territory, realizing how easily skilled labor and intelligence might transform these badly tilled lands into richly paying gardens, groves, and fields. The average German fighting on the western front is just as loath to believe that Belgium's teeming cities and ports should revert to King Albert, or that the iron ore and black diamonds of Northern France would not much better remain in German safekeeping, according immense possibilities to German industry.

That is, as far as I can judge, the view of the average German laborer who is now doing duty on either front. Of course he will make concessions for the recovery of the German colonies and for frontier correction at other points, but neither Vorwärts nor Scheidemann can persuade him that he should have fought for three years merely "for the fun of it."

Nor are the middle classes in favor of Scheidemann's peace as proclaimed at Stockholm, although its statesmanlike attitude and his keenly analytic capacity have vividly impressed them. The Vossische Zeitung admits this quite openly, saying:

"The German Socialists, who have made a declaration concerning their attitude at Stockholm, seem to have comprehended the great natural law to which the development of the situation in the East is bound to respond. Of course, their war aims cannot be ours. But that cannot prevent us owning frankly that reading their statement has filled our hearts with honest admiration and we believe that, no matter what his political conviction, every true German must share this admiration. Because over all it is most significant that just that party in whose disintegrating and destructive activity our enemies based their greatest hopes has so magnificently emphasized its German nationality. The two facts, that German Socialists reject any interior reform at the hand of the enemy and that they will not even listen to the separation of Alsace-Lorraine, may conciliate us with many other points of their program."

The Kölnische Zeitung would consider it a national calamity if the concoction brewed at Stockholm should be presented as a German peace. It says:

"But despite that, it one considers the origin of those German statements in Stockholm and the aspect in which Social Democracy was regarded in foreign politics before the war, one must take his hat off and bow to this new Socialist attitude. This is the voice of that class of people who have suffered more than any in this war, but have preserved their German character. We cannot say that what they left behind for Branting and his friends can in any way belittle the German cause."

All the German papers with the exception of the Lokal-Anzeiger and Count zu Reventlow's Deutsch Tageszeitung

Continued on Page 4.

FOR AN ACHING HEAD.
Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Healthful and agreeable to taste. Refreshes and invigorates. Use it in place of lemons.—Advt.

RUSSIA'S ARMIES WILL RESUME WAR, SAYS BRUSILOFF

In Honor Bound, They Will Do Their Duty, His Message to British Army Chief.

CABINET FRANK WITH ROOT

Will Reveal Everything as Preliminary to Collaboration, Foreign Minister Tells Press.

STEVENS TO EXTEND TOUR

Our Engineers Find Traffic Can Be Increased Threefold Even with the Present Facilities.

LONDON, June 20.—General Alexis Brusiloff, Commander in Chief of the Russian armies, replying to congratulations on his appointment, forwarded by General Sir William R. Robertson, chief of the Imperial Staff at army headquarters, has sent the following message:

"In honor bound, free Russia's armies will not fail to do their duty."

PETROGRAD, June 20. — Complete frankness in the pourparlers with the American Commission headed by Elihu Root is the intention of the Russian Provisional Government, according to a statement made today by Foreign Minister Tereschtenko to the newspaper men.

"We are fully alive to the necessity of concealing nothing," said the Minister, "and therefore are affording our American friends the fullest opportunity of acquainting themselves with the state of affairs in Russia. After their visit to the front and in other directions we shall proceed to discuss a basis for collaboration."

Alluding to the peculiar position of the United States in having concluded no treaty with the Entente, M. Tereschtenko said the important question of the participation of the United States in the inter-allied conference had not yet been considered.

The American Railway Commission, which is now in Petrograd, purposes to make a wider examination of Russia's railroad resources than was first contemplated, and a trip through the south is now being considered. The commission is confident that great improvements are practicable, even with the existing deficiency in rolling stock. The immediate problem is congestion, and the commission believes that even under present conditions traffic can be increased more than threefold.

The Americans are somewhat skeptical, it is believed, about the possibility of managing the lines on the principles put forward by N. V. Nekrasoff, Minister of Communications, who is accompanying the commission. In a statement given to The Associated Press by M. Mitinsky, Director of the Department of Material, warm appreciation was expressed for the work already done by the Americans. M. Mitinsky, who met the commission on its arrival at Vladivostok, said:

"Mr. Stevens and his colleagues found the track not so bad as expected, it being of similar construction throughout without any particularly bad spots. In regard to the rolling stock, they also found the condition of the cars relatively favorable. The work of the Americans in Vladivostock was admirable, and they are now engaged in planning shops and putting them together. On the spot they decided that the facilities at Vladivostok were inadequate to take care of the expected delivery of big American orders and the construction of two big piers for ships drawing forty-five feet was decided upon and sketches made. I immediately obtained the consent of Petrograd and the work has already begun and will be finished within three months.

"At Harbin, Tchita, Krasnoyarsk, Irkutsk, and also at Vyatka, in European Russia, thorough examinations were made chiefly from the standpoint of finding the most suitable locations for repair shops. We will act on the advice of the Commissioners.

"The commission was much impressed by our big bridges, particularly over the Sungari, the Yenesei, and at Novomoskovsk. We met en route the chiefs of the technical and traffic departments and found our working personnel inclined to co-operate cordially with the Americans, one proof of which was that the train made quicker time than under peace conditions. We made it a rule to have no secrets from the commission, and, although no program is fixed, I believe the Americans will stay as long as we want them. In my opinion, that means a very long time."

MRS. PANKHURST SEES ROOT.

Discusses Plans to Line Up Russian Democracy for War.

PETROGRAD, June 20.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the British suffragist leader, made an unexpected arrival in Petrograd yesterday. She appeared in the best of health and at once called upon the Root Commission. Mrs. Pankhurst conferred at length with Elihu Root and Charles Edward Russell at the Winter Palace and discussed what might be done to assist Russia in directing all the forces of the new democracy toward the struggle with the common foe.

In a conversation with newspaper correspondents Mrs. Pankhurst said that she had come to Russia to explain to the men and women of the new republic the attitude of the British democracy toward the war. She added that it was too early to announce exactly how she aimed to accomplish this, but she planned to appeal directly to the people and would probably address street audiences.

One of Mrs. Pankhurst's first appointments will be with Mme. Kerensky, wife of the Minister of War. She is greatly interested in the formation of the women's regiment and the report that Mme. Kerensky is about to join it. In recounting the incident of her trip from England Mrs. Pankhurst announced with evident satisfaction that she had been present when sailors refused a passage to Ramsay Macdonald, the British Socialist leader, who intended to confer with Socialists in Stockholm and Russia.

"Macdonald's attitude in this war," said Mrs. Pankhurst, "is purely political. He remembered that Lloyd George gained popularity by opposing the Boer war and he decided that it would be possible for him to play the same rôle in this war. He has failed since the Boer war was unpopular and this is a struggle of the people."

Half of the British Prisoners, Taken at Kut, Have Died

LONDON, June 20. — The correspondent of Reuter's in Cairo says he learns from most reliable sources that a large number of British and Indian prisoners taken by the Turks in Mesopotamia have succumbed to ill treatment or lack of proper medical attention.

"A resident of Taurus," says the correspondent, "testified that in the prisoners' camp more than half the men captured at Kut-el-Amara are now dead. It is noteworthy that the Turks would not allow a Swiss commission to visit this camp, or other camps of the same type.

"Thirty-seven British prisoners were sent to a hospital under European management, but soon after their arrival the European doctors and attendants were driven away, and a fortnight later twenty-two of the prisoners died of sheer neglect. Fifty prisoners who were captured at Kadia, when they arrived at the hospital in Aleppo, could hardly stand owing to weakness from dysentery and starvation."

BRITISH RETAKE LINES AT MONCHY

Canadians Repulse Four Strong Attacks on Their New Positions Near Lens.

GERMANS GAIN ON AISNE

Capture Part of French Line in a Heavy Blow East of Vauxaillon.

LONDON, June 20.—The British troops on the Arras front have recaptured the posts east of Monchy-le-Preux which they lost last Monday, when the Germans tried to drive them from Infantry Hill. Announcement to this effect was made today by the War Office.

A dispatch from Canadian Headquarters, commenting on the Canadian capture yesterday of a nest of German trenches north of the Souchez River says this move has made the Entente approach to Lens less difficult.

The nest was regarded by the Canadians as the chief place of German shelter between their own front and Lens. A dugout was blown up and thirty-five prisoners were taken. Three German counterattacks against these positions were beaten off last night. Another counterattack this morning had the same result.

The text of the War Office announcement issued early today follows:

The posts east of Monchy-le-Preux, from which our advanced detachments were compelled to withdraw on the occasion of the enemy's attack against Infantry Hill Monday morning, have now been re-established by us.

Last night the enemy heavily bombarded our line immediately north of the Souchez River and delivered three counterattacks against the positions captured by us yesterday in that neighborhood. In each case his attacking troops were completely repulsed.

Tonight's report says:

After the failure of the three hostile counterattacks north of the Souchez River reported in this morning's communiqué, the enemy made a fourth attempt later in the night to recover the lost positions, and was again completely repulsed.

The weather was less favorable for flying yesterday, but the work, in conjunction with our artillery, continued with good results. One German airplane was brought down in the air fighting, one other was shot down by our anti-aircraft guns. Two of our airplanes failed to return.

Germans Attack on Aisne.

PARIS, June 20. — The Germans launched a strong attack with large forces today on French positions north of the Aisne, between the Ailette River and the Laffaux mill. The attack, which was preceded by a violent bombardment lasting all night, was delivered over a front of about 1,100 yards and resulted in a slight German gain, the War Office announces tonight, the enemy capturing part of a first-line trench east of Vauxaillon.

South of Filain, in a nearby sector, the Germans also made an attack, but without result.

The text of the official report issued tonight follows:

After the bombardment reported in the communication of this morning between the Ailette River and the

Continued on Page 3.

CROWD DESTROYS SUFFRAGE BANNER AT WHITE HOUSE

Angered at a Legend, Telling Russian Mission "America Is Not a Democracy"

AND ASSAILING PRESIDENT

Women's Party Leader Asserts Act Will Be Repeated and Police Give Warning.

INDIGNATION IN WASHINGTON

Congressmen and Others Deplore the Incident—Miss Rankin Withholds Her Opinion.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Angry men in a crowd of several hundred persons at the west front gate of the White House this afternoon tore down a banner displayed by militant suffragists which bore an inscription accusing President Wilson and Elihu Root of deceiving Russia.

The banner, which was ten feet wide, was intended to impress the members of the Russian war mission to the United States who had passed through the gate into the White House grounds shortly before the sign was torn down. The legend it contained was stenciled in large letters and read as follows:

To the Russian Mission: President Wilson and Envoy Root are deceiving Russia. They say, "We are a democracy. Help us win a world war, so that democracies may survive."

We, the women of America, tell you that America is not a democracy. Twenty million American women are denied the right to vote. President Wilson is the chief opponent of their national enfranchisement.

Help us make this nation really free. Tell our Government it must liberate people before it can claim free Russia as an ally.

Suffragists Sought Publicity.

Notice that the banner was to be displayed was given in advance to the reporters in the White House press room by the Woman's Party headquarters. It was apparent that the militant women wanted to get as much publicity out of the incident as possible.

The Russians went by the gate so fast that it is doubtful if even those who read English were able to see the inscription on the banner.

Hardly had their motor cars passed when murmurs arose from the crowd that had gathered around the gate, attracted by the big standard and knowledge that Russian envoys were to pass that way.

Miss Lucy Burns of New York and Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia had brought the banner to the White House gate in a motor car and stood beside it after it had been placed in position. They were holding its supports when the crowd began to show signs of dissatisfaction. Clerks of nearby Government departments were out at the time for their noonday luncheon and helped swell the crowd.

In the throng were many women, some of whom commented loudly on the inscription on the banner. They were particularly incensed over the use of the expression, "We, the women of America." A man, who afterward said he was Walter S. Timmis, a consulting engineer of 315 Fifth Avenue, New York, was especially indignant.

Angry Comments in Crowd.

"It's a shame," he said, "that we have to give our sons to the service of the country and be confronted by such outrageous statements at the very White House gates." One woman cried: "Why don't you take that banner to Berlin?" Another shouted, "You are helping Germany."

Secret Service guards attached to the White House came out and stood in the crowd. A policeman copied the inscription on the banner. Meanwhile the comments of the spectators became louder and more indignant. "It's an outrage," said somebody. "It's treason!" cried another, and there were many assenting voices. A man stepped in front of the crowd and called out: "Won't the police pull that thing down?"

"Can't you wait until I finish copying this?" asked the policeman impatiently.

But the crowd would not wait.

"Come on, boys, let's tear that thing down," Mr. Timmis called out.

Women in the crowd responded to the appeal, and Mr. Timmis and another

Continued on Page 2.

Now Come the Irish Missions, Two of Them; T. P. O'Connor in One; Sinn Feiners to Follow

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—T. P. O'Connor, one of the leaders of the Irish Nationalist Party, will soon arrive in this country on an important mission, and it is believed that he heads a delegation composed of members of the Irish Parliamentary Party, which intends, it is understood, to make known to the people of America the status of the extremely complicated Irish question.

The news that a mission of the Irish Parliamentary Party is to be in America soon is all the more interesting from the fact that announcement was made yesterday that leaders of the Sinn Fein Party would demand passports from the British Government for three of their members, who would proceed to the United States to oppose the objects of the mission of the Irish Parliamentary Party. No previous announcement had been made that a mission of the Irish Parliamentary Party would come to the United States.

It was suggested here tonight that one of the objects of the British Government in sending Lord Northcliffe to the United States may have been to lay the Irish situation before President Wilson, as Prime Minister Lloyd George and his associates in the Governing Council want it understood by this Government. Lord Northcliffe was well on his way across the Atlantic when it was announced from London that he had been assigned to this country as co-ordinating head of all the British expert commissions in the United States.

The news that two rival Irish missions are to come to America has suggested to some interested quarters that their presence will afford Lord Northcliffe an opportunity to test his powers of co-ordination.

BOSTON, June 20.—T. P. O'Connor and Mr. Hazleton, members of the British Parliament, are on the way to this country as a mission in behalf of the Irish Nationalist Party, according to a cablegram from John Redmond, leader of the party, received today by Michael J. Jordan, Secretary of the United Irish League.

The message said they would arrive in this country about June 24. The object of their mission was not stated, but Mr. Jordan expressed the belief that it was connected with the convention to be held in Dublin, at which the form of government for Ireland is to be discussed.

Continued on Page 11.

GOVERNMENT OPERATION OF RAILROADS AND COAL MINES URGED BY TRADE BOARD; EMBARGO ON EXPORTS MAY COME TODAY

U-Boats' Toll of Larger British Ships Increases But as to Smaller Craft Drops; 31 Attacks Failed

LONDON, June 20.—The weekly list of British losses in torpedoed ships, issued today, shows that twenty-seven vessels of over 1,600 tons and five under that figure were sunk in the last seven days. The returns week by week for the last three months show that the U-boat activities run in waves, and it is assumed that this week is the crest of a period of super-activity noticed the previous week. The Admiralty statement reads:

Arrivals, 2,897; sailings, 2,993.

British merchant ships over 1,600 tons sunk by mine or submarine, including three previously, twenty-seven; under 1,600 tons, including one previously, five.

British merchant ships unsuccessfully attacked, including two previously, thirty-one.

British fishing vessels sunk, none.

The foregoing figures of shipping losses show a larger number of vessels above 1,600 tons sunk last week than in any of six preceeding weeks. In the seven-day period ending April 28 fifty-one vessels—thirty-eight over and thirteen under 1,600 tons—were sunk. The heaviest totals since the Teuton submarine campaign was opened in February last were registered in the week ending April 21, when forty steamers of more than 1,600 tons and fifteen vessels of the smaller tonnage were sent to the bottom.

Since the middle of April, when the U-boat activity was at its height, 303 British vessels, 220 of more than 1,600 tons, were sunk, the figures by weeks being as follows:

Week Ended	Over 1,600 Tons.	Under 1,600 Tons.	Week Ended	Over 1,600 Tons.	Under 1,600 Tons.
April 21	40	15	May 19	18	9
April 28	38	13	May 26	18	1
May 5	24	22	June 3	15	3
May 12	18	5	June 10	22	10
			June 17	27	5

PROJECT BIG FLEET OF BATTLE PLANES

2,000 a Month Are Included in Expanded Program of Aircraft Board.

PARTS TO BE STANDARDIZED

Automobile and Typewriter Factories to be Called Upon to Help.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The United States Government is making plans to turn out engines for battle planes at the rate of 2,000 a month, and will be prepared to deliver the first consignment by November, according to information obtained today from representatives of the Aircraft Production Board, of which Howard Coffin is Chairman.

In the meantime training planes will be turned out in great numbers to supply the camps in Europe and the United States. Within a comparatively short time, if Congress grants the proposed appropriation of $600,000,000, it is hoped to relieve the British and French factories from all work except the making of the highly specialized fast fliers, which are capable of 140 miles an hour or more. Factories in this country, eventually, will also turn out that type of machine.

The heavy battle planes which American manufacturers now propose to produce will be capable of a speed of from 110 to 120 miles an hour and will be used for bombing and other fighting within a short distance of the lines of the allied armies.

The plans were discussed in detail today at conferences between Mr. Coffin and General George O. Squier, who is in charge of the army aviation program. They are urging Congress to grant the big appropriation and they have the support of the President. After a careful investigation of the industrial situation in this country they have come to the conclusion that the output of America will be limited only by the amount of money which is placed in the hands of the men who are pushing the airplane program. Manufacturers of automobile engines are ready to respond and turn their plants over to the Government without protest. In fact, at this time, some of the plants are at work developing their manufacturing facilities so that they may be devoted to the construction of airplane engines.

Confidence in Resources.

None of the officials was willing to discuss the cable dispatch to THE TIMES from Paris, published in today's issue, expressing doubt that America would be able to turn out airplanes and aviators on the large scale contemplated. It is known that the American aviation experts are anxious to have French fliers come here to aid in the training of student aviators. They are supremely confident, on the other hand, in the ability of the manhood of the United States to meet the emergency. The promises which they have received from big manufacturers of automobile engines have gone far to assure them about the country's ability to turn out the machines. It may be that under the present plans few completed airplanes will be sent to Europe, as such shipments would require much greater tonnage than it would take to send the separate parts.

The opinion has been expressed by American aviation experts that the battle-plane program of 2,000 a month can be increased to 3,000 or 4,000 within a reasonably short time if conditions in Europe necessitate it. The impression that the United States, with all of its great resources was prepared only to build training planes was declared to be erroneous.

Problem of Standardization.

A statement issued today by the Aircraft Production Board read:

"The American automobile industry is the most highly organized and the most extensive of its kind in the world, and the same system of standardized parts and quantity production of machines which has enabled the United States to have three and a half millions of automobiles on the road where all other nations together have less than a million will be turned to the making of aircraft. Further than this, other manufacturing plants can be used for turning out parts in quantity. Portions of cash register plants and typewriter factories can easily be turned to the manufacture of small steel parts. The engineers of the motors can be forged and bored out in quantity by the manu-

RUSH TO COMPLETE EMBARGO DETAILS

Proclamation for Control of All Exports Likely to be Issued by Night.

FOOD ACT SEEMS ASSURED

Public Sentiment Weakening Opposition—Modification Is Probable—Congress Debate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—President Wilson and his advisers are at work on the details of the embargo proclamation, which they believe will prove effective in protecting this country against the efforts of other nations to drain America of its supply of grains and other commodities. Formal announcement of the rules and regulations, framed along the lines suggested by Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce and published in THE NEW YORK TIMES today, will be made as soon as completed.

President Wilson is of the opinion that action to conserve America's food supply should be taken without an hour's unnecessary delay. In this he has the full backing of Herbert C. Hoover and other representatives of the proposed food administration, who believe that the President should not await favorable action by Congress on the Lever Food Administration bill.

Mr. Hoover is in accord with the idea put forward by Secretary Redfield that the proclamation should become effective by tomorrow night. The Administration is of the same opinion, it was said this evening, and will issue the proclamation as soon as it is possible to get it into shape.

The President, it was said tonight, is not only determined to accept full control of the food situation as a result of the powers invested in him by the espionage law, but is ready to extend the embargo to control the export of steel and other wartime commodities such as coal and lumber. It was said that when the President took hold of the situation he would assert his powers on a scale unprecedented in the history of the United States, basing his action on the ground that America was facing a situation which found no precedent in its history.

Representatives of the proposed food administration were elated today over the position taken by President Wilson and his Cabinet. The quick determination to assert the powers of embargo came as something of a surprise, and the temporary food administration offered the services of its experts to the Executive Department in an effort to hurry the preparation of the proclamation.

Mr. Hoover has urged upon the Administration for some time the necessity of not delaying definite action after June 20 because of crop conditions. He has placed before President Wilson, in detail, his program for the handling of the situation. He has completed his organization and prepared it to take charge of the embargo regulations in so far as food is concerned.

Debate on the Food Bill.

Food speculators were held up as criminals more despicable than highwaymen or pirates, and as allies of the Kaiser, by Senator Kenyon of Iowa in a speech defending the food administration bill today.

"If this thing is to go on—the cornering of food and fuel"—he said, "we are going to have hunger and bread riots in this country, or something worse."

The measure was the subject of debate throughout the Senate session, as it was in the House. Attacking the bill Senator Gore of Oklahoma expressed fear for the profits of the farmers under its provisions. Senator Borah of Idaho also criticised the measure. He said he feared the bill would demoralize the country's business interests. He thought

Continued on Page 2.

HUGE FUEL POOL IS URGED

Scheme for Federal Control of Distribution and Production.

REASONABLE PROFIT BASIS

Trade Commission Also Wants Government to Run Transportation Systems.

ALLIES' EXAMPLE IS CITED

Report Says Building Up of Stores Should Begin Without Waste of Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—A gigantic scheme of pooling all of the coal and coke production and distribution and all of the rail and water transportation systems in the United States, to be operated by a Government agency, was proposed in a report to the President and Congress on the coal situation today by the Federal Trade Commission.

This plan goes even further than does the Hoover Food Control bill, in that it does not seek voluntary co-operation on the part of the coal producers and the railroads, but proposes a uniform profit per ton to the coal producers and complete direction of the transportation system by the President. The railroad and steamship companies would receive merely a reasonable rate of compensation for the public use of their property.

Should this plan be adopted, it would dispose of the railroad's claim of a 15 per cent. increase in freight rates, argument upon which has just been completed before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

In substance, the Federal Trade Commission finds that control of the nation's supply of coal cars, and a unified direction of their transfer from point to point, is the key to the control of the cost of fuel to the industries and to the homes of the country. Anthracite prices could be reduced, the commission says, were it not that the shortage of coal cars in the bituminous fields has brought about the use of anthracite for industrial purposes. This, in turn, has demoralized the entire coal market.

Government agencies, the commission argues, could make certain the delivery of cars in adequate numbers to the mines. Bituminous mines would produce at full capacity. Industries now arming the nation for war would be able to get cheap fuel. Anthracite supplies would be reserved for domestic uses. The whole industrial fabric would be reorganized and stimulated as a result.

Example Set in Europe.

The example of the European Governments in the present war is cited for such action as is proposed by the commission thus:

"Our predecessors in this world war have had to solve the fuel problem which lies at the base of every military and industrial activity. They have tried various experiments, and their failures and successes may well guide us in our search for a solution.

"In England the Government took complete control of the coal mines after less radical methods of regulation failed. The French Government has divided France into three canal zones in order to equalize distribution, and the Government becomes the sole vendor. On May 2, 1917, the Russian Provisional Government took over all the coal mines of that country with a view to control coal distribution and prices. Soon after the outbreak of the war Germany took measures to still further centralize and control the whole coal industry of the empire under Government administration. The Italian Government imports all the coal brought into the country and acts as a clearing house for its distribution.

"All the nations at war have relieved coal miners from military duty, urging that their greatest service to the State can be performed by remaining in their regular employment. Already, in this country the ranks of the miners are being seriously depleted by enlistment.

"In the anthracite industry in this country coal has been traced from point of production to consumption. Weekly reports are required from producers and jobbers wherever needful, with the result that as regards domestic sizes, high-premium coal has largely been eliminated from the market and speculation and inordinate profits have been cut in the wholesale trade in these sizes.

"During the first two months of the coal year (April and May) there has been an increase in the production of anthracite of 2,433,000 tons as compared with the same months of 1916. This is an increase of 24 per cent. and should have been translated into a distinctly favorable condition of the market."

Crushing Up Domestic Sizes.

The commission finds that coal miners are crushing up domestic sizes in the breaker to supply steam sizes, the price of which the commission has been able to curb.

"If this practice continues it will

constitute another evil for the future of the domestic user," the commission declares. "The present production of bituminous coal the country over is about 40 per cent. short of the possible maximum, and the limitation is solely charged as a primary cause to faulty rail transportation. The present demand for coal is unprecedented, but the mines now open are capable of filling this demand if adequate car supply is furnished.

"The commission believes there are enough coal cars in the country, but that there are not enough coal cars delivered at the mines, and that loaded cars are not moved to the point of consumption with the greatest expedition.

"The commission believes that the coal industry is paralyzing the industries of the country, and that the coal industry itself is paralyzed by the failure of transportation.

"The coal problem cannot be worked out as long as the railroads are allowed to divide and allot traffic; to lay embargoes without regard to their immediate effect upon industry or the systematic distribution of coal; to give priority to the movement of high freight rate commodities, and to use the device of the 'long haul.'

"Whatever remedy may be applied should be applied as immediately as possible, for time is passing and no human power can supply the factor of time lost. Time is necessary to build up the stores of fuel at distant points, and that storage should begin without unnecessary loss of an hour."

HUGE PROFITS MADE BY COAL MIDDLEMEN

Witness in Trial of Fifty-one Operators Tells of Sales to British Admiralty.

An illustration of what a middleman can do to the price of coal came out yesterday during the trial before Judge Grubb in the United States District Court of fifty-one soft coal operators, who are charged with violating the Sherman Anti-Trust act. Borden Covel, President of the Northern Coal Company, with headquarters in Boston, admitted under cross-examination by John B. Stanchfield that the coal for which he paid some of the defendant operators only $1.35 a ton at the mine, he sold to the British Admiralty at any price up to $8 a ton.

"And the British Admiralty," added the witness, "really thought we were doing them a favor."

Covel was called to the stand as a witness for the prosecution, but before he was through, Mr. Stanchfield had converted him into an even stronger witness for the defense, his admissions indicating that whatever might have been the agreement adopted by the alleged soft coal combination, it aspired to no such startling boost in price as was made by the middleman.

In calling Mr. Covel to the stand, Assistant United States Attorney Stephenson intended to prove to the jury that Borden, in purchasing coal from several of the defendant miners was confronted always with a circular price, presumably agreed upon and fixed by the combination which was alleged to have existed in the soft coal industry. His company's connections with the industry were merely that of middleman. Before he uttered a word of testimony, however, he surprised both the prosecution and the defense by making a claim for immunity.

Although he had not been indicted, it developed that Covel had been a party to the Hampton Roads or London Coaling agreement, which forms the subject of the "bunker" coal indictment. With these connections in mind, he feared any testimony he might give at the present trial could be used against him. Mr. Stephenson assured him that he need answer no questions that might tend to incriminate him.

Mr. Covel then admitted that in purchasing coal from several of the defendant operators, principally, the C. G. Blake Company, and the Gulf Smokeless Coal Company, the company encountered the year of 1916-1917 a practically uniform price of $1.35 per gross ton at the mine. With the addition of $1.40 per ton for freight, the cost of the coal at tidewater became $2.75 per ton. He had a contract with the Blake company for 120,000 tons at $2.75 per ton, which contract expired in March of this year. Before its expiration, however, he testified that W. P. Tams, Jr., general manager of the Gulf Smokeless Coal Company, notified him that the price of coal at tidewater would be $3 per ton, less commission, making it about $2.90 a ton. The $3 rate, according to the prosecution, was the price which the soft coal combination fixed on its output at the conference held in the Waldorf-Astoria some time in January.

Under cross-examination, however, Mr. Covel declared that he had dealings with operators in the New River and Pocahontas districts who were not members of the alleged combination, and yet had to pay practically the same price for his coal. Furthermore while the Gulf Smokeless Coal Company and other defendant companies lifted their contract prices for smokeless coal to $3 per ton, he admitted that the increased rate was still less than the rate maintained for bituminous coal by the operators in Pennsylvania, who charged from $4 to $6.50 per ton for their product.

For the last three years, Mr. Covel said, he had been selling coal to the British Admiralty. With the ever-increasing demand for coal on the other side, the English Government, he testified, was glad to get coal at any price, and considered it a favor to receive coal at $8.40 per ton. During the present year he sold to the British Admiralty up to date 40,000 tons of coal at varying rates up to $5 and over. For more than 6,000 tons he got $8.40 per ton, although it was coal which he purchased from some of the defendant companies at $1.35 per gross ton at the mine.

Earlier in the session the defense objected to the introduction of letters written by T. E. Houston, President of the Houston Coal Company and one of the defendants on trial. According to Henry A. Wise, for the defense, these letters were unlawfully seized by the Government from Mr. Houston's safe while he was traveling in Japan.

The letters were allowed to remain in the case.

The Federal Trade Commission, which has been showing radical tendencies, recommended recently that the Government commandeer plants used in the manufacture of paper.

BARS EXORBITANT PRICES.

Daniels Discusses Government Policy After Consulting Trade Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Secretary Daniels held a conference today with members of the Federal Trade Commission which is investigating the cost of production of coal, oil, copper, cement, iron ore, and other products, the information to be used in determining the prices the Government shall pay. To the cost of production it is the plan to add a reasonable profit.

"Under the law, the President is authorized to fix a reasonable price for materials needed for the navy," said Mr. Daniels after the conference. "There is no disposition to cause hardship to producers. We intend to allow a fair, even liberal profit, but we will not pay exorbitant prices, such as are being quoted in some instances.

"It is difficult to determine the cost of production for an entire industry, because it varies so widely. For instance a company with a rich vein may be able to produce copper for half what it costs some other concern with a poorer vein. It is the same way with coal. These are the problems which are being worked out by the Trade Commission, which will not recommend prices, but give the cost of production as the basis for fixing the rates to be paid for supplies for the navy."

Before the prices are fixed, Mr. Daniels will consult the suppliers on the subject. The Trade Commission inquiry does not contemplate condemnation of mines by the Government.

Some time ago the Navy Department purchased a quantity of copper at 17 cents a pound, when the market price was 25 cents. Now the suppliers demand considerably more. Pending decision as to prices, the department is ordering supplies as it needs them, the price to be determined later.

CROWD DESTROYS SUFFRAGE BANNER

Continued from Page 1.

man drove their fists through the banner and pulled it from its supports. It was torn in pieces in a minute, and the policeman industriously collected the bits for possible use as evidence.

Miss Burns and Mrs. Lewis stood like martyrs, and as the crowd surged around them they clung tightly to the supports of the wrecked standard. When the crowd began to disperse, the two suffragists walked away to the nearby headquarters of the Woman's Party. A little later some of their associates appeared at the White House gates bearing the banners that have been displayed for months by the regular pickets of the party. They were not molested.

Another Banner Ordered.

There were no arrests at the wrecking of the banner, as President Wilson had directed that the suffragists who have been picketing the White House gates were not to be interfered with.

After the White House incident Miss Alice Paul, National Chairman of the Woman's Party, said:

"We have ordered another banner with the same wording, and we intend to show it in the same place."

The Superintendent of Police has served notice on the militants that arrests are likely to be made if the thing is attempted again. Nevertheless, it is reported another banner will be displayed tomorrow.

Washington is indignant tonight over the action of Miss Burns and Mrs. Lewis, who are members of the Executive Committee of the National Woman's Party, which has headquarters in the old Don Cameron home, half a block from the White House. It is this organization which has been picketing the front gates of the White House grounds for months, the pickets bearing banners telling President Wilson that democracy begins at home, and asking him how long women must wait for liberty.

Senators and Representatives expressed their disapproval when they heard of what the banner contained. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Honorary President of the National Woman Suffrage Association, issued a statement saying that agitation of this sort was injurious to the suffrage cause. Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of the Secretary of State, said the exhibition of such banners was more reprehensible than anything she ever dreamed the advocates of suffrage would be guilty of. Other prominent women denounced the incident as unpatriotic.

"As one who believes in the principle of woman suffrage," said Representative Fess of Ohio, "I can only say that such an incident makes it exceedingly difficult for one to continue to support the cause. I know, however, that this picketing has not the approval of the great majority of suffrage supporters, and I am for suffrage despite a performance of this sort. Of course there is no justification whatever for the flaunting of such a banner."

Representative Randall of California said he was "shocked to hear that such a banner had been shown."

"The women of the West do not believe in such tactics," he added, "and they will retard rather than aid the cause of suffrage."

Representative Dill of Washington said: "I have been opposed to picketing all along. The pickets do not represent 10 per cent. of the woman suffragists of this country. The women of the West did not get the vote by such methods and they do not approve of them."

"Disloyal and Outrageous."

Representative Heflin of Alabama, a strong anti-suffragist, said:

"The flaunting of this banner was unpatriotic, disloyal, and outrageous. Although I am an anti-suffragist, I know that the real friends of the movement do countenance these things, and they cannot be too harshly condemned."

Representative Jeannette Rankin of Montana declined to comment on the incident.

"I don't want to discuss it now," she said. "I will think it over, but I don't think I shall have anything to say."

Representative Foster of Illinois, commented that the display of the banner was to say the least unfortunate."

"It is inconceivable to me that any woman in the name of suffrage would do such a thing," said Mr. Foster. "I know the suffragists on the whole condemn this form of flaunting."

Representative Keating of Colorado, one of the suffrage leaders in the House, said:

"We must condemn the exhibition of such a banner on this occasion. There is no defense for that. This picketing maintained by one of the suffrage organizations has been unwise, and I have disapproved it from the outset. On the other hand I do not like to see an exhibition of mob spirit. If the suffragists were violating a law they should have been stopped in an orderly manner. It would have impressed the Russian envoys very favorably, no doubt, had the offending pickets and banner been removed in an orderly way and without aid of a mob. A mob should never take charge of things in this country."

WILSON GREETS RUSSIANS.

Bakhmetieff and Others of Mission Pay Official Calls.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Russia's diplomatic mission was formally presented today to President Wilson, Vice President Marshall, and Secretaries Lansing and Baker. It completed its official calls of courtesy and cleared the way for conferences with American officials.

The mission went shortly after noon to the State Department, where a large number of employes gathered to greet and applaud the visitors. Special Ambassador Boris A. Bakhmetieff was escorted to Secretary Lansing's office and formally presented by Chargé Onou of the Russian Embassy. Diplomatic Secretary Soukine was presented to Counselor Polk.

While Lieut. Gen. Roop, military member of the mission, was paying his respects to Secretary Baker, Secretary Lansing escorted Ambassador Bakhmetieff to the White House and presented him to President Wilson. The Russian diplomat expressed his pleasure at being in Washington, and the President replied briefly. Later the Ambassador called upon Vice President Marshall at the Capitol and also upon Mrs. Lansing.

Aimaro Sato, the Japanese Ambassador, was the first of the Diplomatic Corps to pay his respects to the Russian mission. Tomorrow the members of the mission will dine at the White House.

MADE NO REAL FIGHT AGAINST SUFFRAGE

Debate in Commons Was Mild and Most of the Ministers Voted Quietly for the Measure.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 20.—Among those who voted in favor of woman suffrage in the House of Comons last night were the Prime Minister, Bonar Law, Foreign Secreary Balfour, Ex-Premier Asquith, Reginald McKenna, Winston Churchill, Sir John Simon, Lord Robert Cecil, Mr. Long, Mr. Duke, and Sir F. E. Smith. A majority of the Ministers, as well as some of the Ex-Ministers, were in the lobby when the vote was taken. The Times parliamentary correspondent says:

"The debate was not particularly impressive. It was thoughtful in tone and there was little of the levity which marred some of the earlier debates on the subject. The members seemed to realize that the question was no longer an academic one and that they were called upon at last to vote upon it as a living issue.

"The result was accepted throughout as a foregone conclusion. The arguments used on both sides were of the familiar kind. The chief orators of the House took no part in the debate. There was no scene from the beginning to the end of the long and impassioned political struggle."

The Government firmly resisted all attempts to amend the clause in the representation of the people bill extending suffrage to women of 30 years of age who are entitled to be registered as local Government electors or whose husbands are so entitled. Thus the number of amendments proposed with the object of fixing a lower age limit, or otherwise increasing the number of women voters, were defeated or abandoned, and the clause was carried virtually unaltered upon conference by a vote of 214 to 17.

Home Secretary Cave, in opposing the amendments, admitted that they might be just toward women, but that they would add several million to the registers, and that at the present stage he considered it inadvisable to go beyond the arrangement arrived at in the conference, and on which the bill was based.

LONDON, June 20.—Continuing its discussion of the "Representation of the People" bill today, the House of Commons, by a vote of 291 to 25, decided that the age qualifying women to vote should be thirty, as proposed in the bill.

The National American Woman Suffrage Association last night issued this statement by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt regarding the passage of the woman suffrage clause of the Electoral Reform bill by the House of Commons on Tuesday.

"The overwhelming majority by which the British House of Commons has committed itself to woman suffrage is the strongest possible argument for enfranchisement of the women of this nation by Federal enactment. By the political recognition of woman's value in war work, instead of waiting until peace has come to extend the franchise, Great Britain places the stamp of approval upon suffrage as a war measure.

"It is noteworthy that this recognition comes from the legislative branch of the Government and not by a direct vote of the people, although the bill is representative of popular sentiment. It is not doubted that the House of Lords will respect this sentiment. The House of Commons can pass a measure over two vetoes of the House of Lords when with the King's signature, it becomes a law.

"The sentiment for woman suffrage in England has grown to such an extent in the last three years that the further Parliamentary action now involved may be regarded as a formality.

"In calling attention to the example set by Great Britain, the National American Woman Suffrage Association again points out that the United States is losing its leadership in democracy."

OUR DESTROYERS SAVE 80 VICTIMS OF U-BOATS

Race 100 Miles to Rescue Survivors from Two Ships After Long Search by Night.

THE BASE OF THE AMERICAN FLOTILLA IN BRITISH WATERS, June 20.—Two American destroyers have returned here with eighty survivors of two torpedoed British ships. The ships were sunk at the furthest point westward in the Atlantic the U-boats have appeared at since the ruthless campaign began and the response of the American destroyers to their S O S was a run of more than a hundred miles.

When the American warships arrived on the scene they found the ships were gone and for many hours searched in the darkness in vain in search of the survivors. The crew of one of the sunken ships, thirty-one in number, were found in one lifeboat while forty-nine survivors from the second ship were picked up from two small boats. Four sailors from the latter ship were killed by the explosion of the torpedo.

Admiral Sims and other naval officers met the destroyers on their return and complimented the commanders on their work. American correspondents were present, having been invited here through an arrangement between the United States and British Governments. The British Admiralty assigned an official photographer to take pictures of anything desired by the newspaper men. Many pictures were taking showing the American tars fraternizing with the British sailors. The Americans presented a splendid appearance, being as fine a body of fighting men as could be found anywhere.

Although there are no war-time restrictions on the sale of liquor in this port, the saloons are not the rendezvous of either the Americans or the Britishers. One of the diversions of the Americans is imitating their British colleagues into the mysteries of the American national game.

When the correspondents arrived in the port they were taken to the beautiful old English home where Admiral Sims has his headquarters. The house is 300 feet above the town and from the wonderful gardens which surround it several American destroyers could be seen riding at anchor. The Admiral chatted with the newspaper men for half an hour, after which they were taken to inspect the harbor.

Officers of the American torpedo destroyers are doing everything possible to encourage athletics among the men. The most pretentious program yet planned for the Americans is the big field day in an athletic park which is in course of construction with funds provided by American business men in New York and London. Meanwhile baseball is the only sport possible.

was played yesterday in honor of the arrival of the American newspaper correspondents. There was a large crowd of spectators, composed mostly of sailors and soldiers.

THREE VESSELS SUNK WITH BOSTON CARGOES

Over $4,000,000 Worth of Merchandise Carried by British Boats —Cunard Liner Is Torpedoed.

BOSTON, June 20.—Advices were received here today telling of the destruction by U-boats in the blockade zone of three vessels which left here within the last month with large cargoes for European ports. The vessels sunk were the Leyland liner Elele, the Warren liner Bay State and the Dutch steamer Eemdijk.

The sinking of the Elele was reported in a cable message received today by the Leyland Line from Captain Pierce, her commander. The vessel left Boston on June 8 for Manchester, with a general cargo valued at $2,000,000 and was armed. The message made no reference to the crew, which contained two Americans, Thomas F. Powers of 111 Hill Street, Naugatuck, Conn., and Endus Contaz of Biddeford, Me.

The Elele was under charter to the Leyland Line and the cablegram from Captain Pierce merely said "vessel sunk." Officers of the line said the crew probably had been saved. The vessel registered 4,841 tons and was built at West Hartlepool in 1913. Shipping records give the British and African Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., of Liverpool as her owners. The Leyland Line chartered her some time ago for the Boston-European service.

The Bay State, a vessel of 6,588 tons, left here on May 31 for Liverpool with a cargo valued at upward of $2,000,000. She was under command of Captain Alexander Fenton, was armed and carried a crew of fifty. The message reporting the sinking of the vessel said that all of the crew were saved.

The Dutch steamer Eemdijk left here May 13 for Rotterdam with grain for the Holland Government. The cable reporting her destruction gave no details as to the safety of the crew.

The Eemdijk was held at this port for more than a month through the failure to obtain a crew willing to make the voyage to Rotterdam. The vessel was built at Rotterdam in 1911 and registered 3,048 tons.

The Cunard passenger steamship Ausonia of 8,153 tons was hit by a torpedo and badly damaged on her last trip from a Canadian port, it was learned here yesterday. The attack took place off the Irish coast, the report said, and while the liner was crippled she managed to make her way into a nearby port, where she is now on drydock. The Ausonia has been in the Government service since June, 1915, except for brief periods when she was used in the Cunard Line trade out of New York. She was last here in April.

The Norwegian steamship Cederio, a freighter of 1,128 tons, which left here May 28 for Liverpool, has been sunk by a submarine, according to reports received in shipping circles here yesterday. Officers of the Federal Forwarding Company, which had the ship under charter, said they had received no official advice of her loss and they have cabled for information. The Cederio was built in 1901 at Trondhjem, Norway. She had been previously reported sunk on Oct. 27 last.

RUSH TO COMPLETE EMBARGO DETAILS

Continued from Page 1.

a joint purchasing agent for this country and the Allies would solve the food problem.

Senators Reed and Vardaman also were among the principal critics of the bill.

In the House, Representative Meeker of Missouri, Republican, assailed the bill and questioned the ability of Herbert C. Hoover, the food administrator, while Representative Lenroot of Wisconsin, Republican, opposed some of the powers the measure would confer upon the Executive.

Limited to War Period.

Among many amendments proposed was one by Mr. Lenroot limiting the operation of the bill to the war period, instead of to one year after the war. Representative Lever agreed to such an amendment.

Senator Kenyon proposed Senate amendments which would remove all possibility of seizure of food in the hands of agricultural producers, or the institution of rationing or limitation of individual meals.

Despite the attacks Administration leaders in Congress said tonight that public sentiment was beginning to make itself felt among opponents of the bill, and predicted enactment of the measure within two or three weeks.

Ultimate enactment of the legislation in some form is conceded even by its opponents. Senator Chamberlain said tonight it was possible that the bill would be finally enacted by July 1, as desired by the President, but few shared his optimism, the general opinion expressed being for two more weeks at least of Senate debate. Senate opponents of the bill are conferring informally toward agreement upon amendments which they contend are necessary to prevent interference with legitimate business.

A Protest from Texas.

Mr. Gore had a clerk read to the Senate this telegram sent to him by a grain concern in Fort Worth, Texas, the name of which he did not disclose:

Does Congress realize the effect produced by the introduction of the Food Control bill and the action of exchanges of the country in restricting trading in wheat through short selling? This effect has been to thoroughly disorganize the grain and milling business of this country.

The new harvest is on. Our farmers want a fair and open market for their grain. The grain dealer and miller are at sea without a rudder and without a compass. Speculative buying has been prohibited by the exchanges. There is no market for grain. It has been declining an average of ten cents per bushel every day for nearly a week. Almost before it is released the farmers of this country are going to rise up and sound a protest against the present order that will shake the foundation of this Republic. This simply for your information and guidance."

"Mr. President," said Senator Gore, "this telegram states as a fact what I have entertained as a most serious fear. I have feared that the farmer would be about in the dark in search of the supervisors. The crew of one of the sunken ships, thirty-one in number, were found in one lifeboat while forty-nine survivors from the second ship were picked up from two small boats. Four sailors from the latter ship were killed by the explosion of the torpedo.

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"I am compelled to support this bill," Mr. London said, "because I think some of the principles of it will become the permanent law of this country. It is inevitable. This opens a new road upon which national Legislatures will be compelled to travel. If speculation is a bad thing in war time, is it a good thing in time of peace? Why, when peace is restored, should we revert to former conditions?"

Criticisms of Mr. Hoover drew a speech in his defense from Representative Kahn of California, who paid a tribute to his work in Belgium.

WILL START FOOD INQUIRY.

Meat Production to be Taken Up First by Government Experts.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Department of Agriculture officials and members of the Federal Trade Commission held a preliminary conference today to discuss a joint food price investigation they are undertaking at the direction of President Wilson. The meat industry will be taken up first, Commissioner Davies and the corps of agriculture and trade commission experts going to Chicago within two weeks. The inquiry is apart from the general food survey provided for in the first Lever bill, pending in Congress, which contemplates the continuous register of the amount of foodstuffs on hand in the country and the amount available for export.

Reports of wide unrest throughout the country due to high food prices are reaching the commission daily. Food prices, it was said, must be brought down or there must be a general readjustment of wage scales.

WHITMAN IN WHEAT CAMPAIGN

Tells Defense Committees to Help Million-Acre Movement.

ALBANY, June 20.—Governor Whitman issued a letter tonight to the Chairmen of County Home Defense Committees, urging continued and loyal support of the campaign to raise 1,000,000 acres of wheat in New York State.

"I believe that by assisting the campaign to raise 1,000,000 acres of wheat in New York," the Governor wrote, "you and the members of your council will be rendering a most valuable public service. Your organization should give freely of your time and personal attention to the work, as it will be planned and executed by the Million-Acre Wheat Committee of the New York Agricultural Society, of which I have the honor to be a member. The County Superintendent of Wheat Products will be appointed by the above committee, whose duty it will be to see to it that a quota of wheat assigned to your county is speedily secured. I recommend, therefore, that as soon as this County Superintendent is appointed you call your committee immediately meet him and his committee and plan your local campaign."

Grocers Back Food Bills.

CHICAGO, June 20. — At the opening session of the "Liberty Convention" of the National Wholesale Grocers' Association, Fred R. Drake, in presenting the report of the committee on pure food and legislation, said that the association was heartily supporting the Administration food bills pending in Congress.

MUCH INTEREST IN EMBARGO.

Many Shippers Ask Information as to Requirements for License.

Dr. E. E. Pratt, Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, who was expected here yesterday to formulate plans with officials of the local office of the bureau for making New York the chief centre for the administration of the embargo provisions of the espionage law and the Trading-with-the-Enemy bill about to be enacted, was detained in Washington and will arrive today.

Many shippers called personally or telephoned to the local office yesterday, seeking information regarding the requirements for export licenses. Most of these evinced interest in the working basis to be established for the distribution of American exports to Scandinavia, the Netherlands, and Switzerland.

D. E. Casey, commercial agent in charge of the New York office, said he was not authorized to make known the plans made by the Government for giving effect to the embargo law. He was unable to say whether Dr. Pratt would be in a position today to give out details.

THE RESTAURATEURS TO AID.

Offer of Co-operation in Conserving Food Wired to Hoover.

The Society of Restaurateurs sent a telegram last night to Herbert C. Hoover, at Washington, pledging co-operation in the elimination of waste and conservation of food. The society is to launch a campaign to have every seller of food in the city unite in a "powerful, modern organization for the development of efficiency in every branch of the industry." The telegram read in part:

"There are approximately 7,000 restaurants, hotels, and clubs in New York City, expending more than a billion dollars annually in the conduct of business, employing half a million people. We have employed an expert organization man of national reputation to design and direct our organization machinery, which we place at your disposal."

James Churchill is Chairman of the Efficiency Committee.

BRITISH WOMEN'S AID PROMISED TO HOOVER

Mrs. Reeves of Food Ministry Says They Will Do Share with Sisters in America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 20.—"Only women can insure the absolute failure of Germany to starve the allied nations," said Mrs. Pember Reeves, joint controller of women's service at the Ministry of Food today when a cablegram outlining Mr. Hoover's plans for the formation of a national league of housewives in America was shown her.

"The appeal to the women of America, who love nothing better than to make their families comfortable and give them of the very best, brings home to us here almost more than anything else the extent to which the United States is entering the war. The knowledge that American women will reduce both their expenditures and the food consumed by their families will stimulate us women in the United Kingdom to see to it that we do our share, and more than our share in the common sacrifice.

"The foodstuffs saved by such means which have also to run the gauntlet of submarines, will be regarded when they reach us as a very sacred treasure. There will be, I earnestly believe, no waste on our side of the water. Women of these islands will respond warmly to the efforts of the women of America and will never forget the good fellowship of it. They will do their part to win the war as surely as will the men in the fighting forces.

"Mrs. Peel, my co-controller, and I believe we have made a point of telling our British audiences what American women already have done—of flower gardens turned into vegetable gardens, of lawns made into potato patches, and of the generous ideals of economy already being practiced by the American housewife. This has always aroused enthusiasm. Mr. Hoover's new campaign with its far-reaching scope will do much to encourage and help the food economy campaign, which is daily being more thoroughly undertaken by our women."

NOT ALARMED FOR HOLLAND.

Tightened Blockade Will Have Little Effect, Hague Newspaper Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 19, (via London, June 0.)—Commenting on a report from Washington about a severe new measure America intends to adopt against neutrals, tightening the blockade, the Neuwe Courant says:

"These measures are chiefly against Spain and Scandinavia. We receive no coals from America, so in that respect our spirit can remain calm. Still less do we supply England with ore. If our ships continue sailing as they are now doing, with the exception of a few large ones, we need not be alarmed."

PEKING NOW EXPECTS PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT

Secessionist Sentiment Waning —President Calls for Elections for a New Parliament.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Peaceful settlement of China's internal troubles is forecast in an official dispatch to the Chinese Embassy from Peking.

The message, dated today, says that the provinces of Yunnan and Kwantung, which formed the backbone of the southern secession movement, have notified the Central Government that they favor co-operation toward a peaceful settlement and are ready to do everything possible to clear up the situation. Several other provinces are said to be about to take similar action.

President Li Yuan Hung, who complied with the revolting Military Governors' demand for a dissolution of Parliament, has issued another decree, calling for an immediate new election. The old Parliament, elected in 1913, was held to be unrepresentative, and failed to draw up a satisfactory constitutional draft. The new body, which cannot be convoked within a period of several months, owing to the complicated electoral machinery, is expected to be more closely in touch with public opinion.

During the interim the present Government, it is expected, will continue in power under President Li. General Chang-Hsun, the Military Governor of Anhwei Province and originally head of the seceding Military Governors, who came to Peking after the President dissolved Parliament, will probably stay in Peking some time.

TOKIO, June 19, (delayed.)—The situation in China is not so serious as might be believed, according to the opinion understood to have been expressed by the Japanese Government in its reply to the American note inviting Japan to associate herself with the action of the United States in asking the rival factions in China to compose their differences.

The Japanese reply gives courteous recognition of the sincerity and high-mindedness of America's motives in seeking to assist China, but sets forth the belief that China is not endangered gravely. Moreover, it is said conditions have changed since the American note was presented, and Japan therefore submits her belief that it is not desirable that she shall forward a note to China similar to that sent by the United States.

ORDNANCE ORDERS SECRET.

War Department Seeks to Keep Facts from the Enemy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The War Department announced today that it had decided not to make public the awards of ordnance contracts.

"Information as to the size of contracts is withheld," said the official announcement, "because of its value to the enemy, and the names of firms working on Government orders will not be given out because it is believed best not to draw attention toward them."

Brig. Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, supplemented the official announcement with this statement:

"The War Department is having no difficulty placing contracts with American firms for rifles and pistols, and for rifle and pistol ammunition, and has every reason to feel confident that the contracts will be executed expeditiously and well."

201

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

WOULDN'T you feel a little more comfortable in dealing with a bank where personal friendliness is the daily rule?

CZAR'S HIGH OFFICIALS UNDER INDICTMENT

Former Premier Sturmer, Other Ministers, Governors and Gen. Rennenkampf to be Tried.

PETROGRAD, June 20.—The Provisional Government has begun to take severe measures against the highest officials of the old régime who are declared to be guilty of breaches of the laws of the empire.

An indictment has been handed down against former Prime Minister Stürmer under a law which provides severe punishment for the arbitrary transgression by an official of the limits of his rightful power.

Former Secretary of the Empire, M. Kruizhanovsky, the strongest man in the Government under former Premier Stelypin, has been indicted for issuing a decree in June, 1907, by which the election law was violated in defiance of the Constitution of 1906.

M. Chyghiriov, former Minister of Justice, has been indicted for unlawfully stopping the prosecution of former Governor Skallon of Warsaw, who was charged with having accepted a bribe of 100,000 rubles.

Former Governor Kourloff has been charged with complicity in the murder of Colonel Karpoff, Chief of the Secret Police of Petrograd, who was assassinated in 1909 and whose death caused a great sensation.

General Rennenkampf, one of the army commanders in the early part of the war, and who was defeated by von Hindenburg in East Prussia, has also been indicted for alleged offenses, conviction of which means imprisonment.

Against M. Protopopoff, former Minister of the Interior, has been prefered a new charge—that of stealing from the telegraph archives the original dispatches between the late mystic monk Rasputin and Emperor Nicholas and Empress Alexandra. On conviction Protopopoff would be subject to a jail sentence.

TRADE TRAINING FOR WAR.

President Indorses Plan to Keep Vocational Schools Open This Summer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20. — President Wilson has written a letter to Secretary Redfield indorsing the plan to keep vocational training schools open during the Summer to train young men under military age for war purposes. The suggestion was laid before Secretary Redfield by James F. Monroe, Secretary of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, who said the plan was under discussion in New York, New Jersey, and Massachusetts.

The President's letter to Mr. Redfield reads:

The White House,
Washington, D. C., June 18, 1917.

My Dear Mr. Secretary: The suggestion has been made to me that by keeping open the vocational training schools of the country during the Summer it will be possible to train a large number of young men under military age whether to fill the places in the industries of men who may enlist or be withdrawn for the military services or to carry on special occupations called for by the war, such, for example, as inspectors of material and apparatus. At the same time, it would be possible to give to many men intensive training of such a kind as would enhance their productiveness in industry.

It is pointed out to me that a large number of educational plants which would otherwise be idle for about three months may thus be made immediately productive to the country and helpful to our young men. The suggestion is a patriotic one, and I appreciate that it will involve sacrifices of time on the part of both teachers and students. The plan promises, however, so much of helpfulness to the country under present conditions that I shall be glad if it can be carried into effect. Cordially and sincerely yours, WOODROW WILSON.

"To have these vocational schools open the three Summer months will enable many young men of from 16 to 20 who cannot take part in the armed forces to qualify themselves as inspectors for material and in other ways be of great service," said Secretary Redfield today.

$1,000,000 GIFT A SURPRISE.

Director Robinson of Art Museum Knows Nothing of Hoge Legacy.

Director Edward Robinson of the Metropolitan Museum of Art said yesterday that he knew nothing of the legacy of $1,000,000 left the museum by John Hoge of Zanesville, Ohio, as announced yesterday, except what he had read in the papers.

"I did not know Mr. Hoge," said Mr. Robinson, "and know nothing about him, though he apparently had made his home in New York. As far as I know he has not been associated with the museum work in any way. It is very pleasant to think that people whom we do not know and who have lived in different parts of the country, have known the museum and appreciated it and the work it is trying to do enough to wish to help, and leave us these large legacies."

SON-IN-LAW OF COLONEL ARRESTED AS SLACKER

William Baldwin Taken Into Custody at Atlantic City on Evidence Furnished by Marriage Certificate

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 20.—William Baldwin, prominent in this city, Pittsburgh, and Washington, and son-in-law of Colonel William Reeves Russell of the United States Marine Corps, was arrested tonight as a slacker.

Baldwin is alleged to have declared on registration day that he was just five days over the limit of thirty-one years and, it is charged, asserted that he would not have registered for the draft anyway. The authorities investigated and alleged that his marriage certificate obtained in Philadelphia showed him to be 29 years old. Baldwin is of a wealthy Pittsburgh family. He married Miss Bessie Sessions, daughter of a late member of the Italian Embassy at Washington.

ASSAILS 'POTSDAM GANG.'

Dr. Van Dyke Calls German Atrocities Most Barbarous in History.

Dr. Henry Van Dyke, who recently resigned as American Minister to the Netherlands, addressed the members of the Aldine Club yesterday at a luncheon at the clubrooms, 200 Fifth Avenue. More than 300 friends of Dr. Van Dyke attended the luncheon. Dr. Lyman Abbott introduced Dr. Van Dyke.

Dr. Van Dyke, at the outset of his address, indicted the German Government for these things:

"First, violation of the treaties guaranteeing Luxemburg; second, violation of the treaty with Belgium; third, the unannounced aerial bombardments of Antwerp, in defiance of international law, which says that no city can be bombarded aerially without first warning the noncombatants; fourth, the use of poison gas and its devilish results; fifth, the enslavement and deportation of civilian population, and sixth, the piratical use of submarines."

Continuing, Dr. Van Dyke said:

"The man who sank the Lusitania without warning, resulting in the loss of life of hundreds of women and children, was nothing more than a Potsdam pirate.

"In the face of these things how can the American people, in thinking of the war, fail to indict the Imperial Government? And in the face of these atrocities, which have proved more barbarous than any in

RED CROSS LEADERS FEAR DRIVE WILL LAG

Charles S. Ward, Field Manager Says Stories of Big Donations Are Hurting Campaign.

NATION'S TOTAL $43,500,000

But Million in Special Dividends Is Not Included in This—Mrs. Harriman's Team Gets Day's Honors.

The big Red Cross campaign for $100,000,000 is feeling the effects of overconfidence. This became evident to the managers yesterday, notwithstanding the total of contributions and pledges for New York City passed $20,000,000, and that for the nation reached $48,500,000 last evening. As in the case of the Liberty Loan at the beginning of the campaign, too many persons were taking it for granted that more than the amount needed would be subscribed, the result being that there was very serious danger that the great "Mercy Drive," as it has become known, would fall short of its original aim.

"Some of the stories of big gifts being circulated are doing great harm to the campaign," said Charles Sumner Ward, the general field manager for New York yesterday. "I tell you frankly we must do better than we are doing to obtain the necessary $100,000,000. Contributions from people of modest means are especially needed. This is the greatest opportunity for humanitarian service ever presented to the people of the nation. We must not fail. Every one should help. Every dollar will help reduce suffering in this greatest of wars."

The thirty teams of prominent men and women who are helping to raise the $40,000,000 allotted to New York City met for the second time at a luncheon at the Chamber of Commerce yesterday and reported additional cash contributions and pledges of $2,255,389. Mrs. E. H. Harriman's team took the lead for new contributions. But the total reported at the luncheon did not take into consideration more than $1,000,000 in additional special corporation dividends; the thousands of dollars taken in at the Red Cross headquarters, at 42 Wall Street, or the pledges collected by the Stock and Produce Exchange teams and by other organizations not represented at the daily luncheons.

"Old Soldier" Gives $1,000.

The increase in the number of contributions received directly at the Red Cross headquarters was especially noticeable yesterday, showing that, notwithstanding the fears of Mr. Ward, thousands of persons of small means realized the need of supporting the fund. Scores of persons deposited checks and cash at the office at 42 Wall Street, the total from this source for the two days of the campaign reaching $21,000. Several of these contributors refused to give their names, and two hurried away after dropping a $1,000 bill each on the desk of an assistant auditor.

"I don't want any credit; I don't want any advertising," one of them, a gray-haired man, said. "Just take it and do what you can with it."

"Hey! Wait for your receipt!" cried the auditor, but the man refused to stop.

"Good heavens, I don't want the receipt," he replied over his shoulder. "You don't look like the sort of a man who would steal from a wounded soldier."

The National League for Women's Service placed seventy of its women in charge of Salvation Army kettles at prominent street corners yesterday, and these kettles also were well patronized by persons of small means. There was a steady shower of silver pieces, with occasional contributions of bills ranging from $1 to $10.

Yesterday's tabulation of reports made by Captains of teams at the luncheon was not attended by as much confusion as on the first day, although it was admitted that not all of the totals were complete. Mrs. E. H. Harriman and her nine teammates reported contributions and pledges for the twenty-four hours aggregating $305,000. The second best showing for the day was made by Team No. 5, under William M. Kingsley, its Captain, with $265,835, and the third best record for collections since Monday noon was made by William B. Thompson's team, with $207,428.

The Totals for the Day.

Following are the totals for the day reported by each team:

Team and Captain.	
1—M. Friedsam	$130 1/6
2—T. A. Gillespie	31,378
3—Daniel Guggenheim	52,880
4—J. Horace Harding	51,035
5—William M. Kingsley	265,835
6—Edgar L. Marston	42,503
7—Edwin P. Maynard	36,068
8—John Purroy Mitchel	62,504
9—J. P. Morgan	125,528
10—H. G. S. Noble	49,881
11—E. H. Outerbridge	15,378
12—Charles H. Sabin	100,004
13—Jacob H. Schiff	128,080
14—James R. Sheffield	65,970
15—Albert Strauss	21,355
16—W. B. Thompson	207,428
17—F. D. Underwood	10,002
18—F. A. Vanderlip	7,350
19—George J. Whelan	108,531
20—A. H. Wiggin	35,000
	$1,663,776
WOMEN'S TEAMS.	
21—Mrs. Richard Aldrich	$13,425
22—Mrs. Charles B. Alexander	10,745
23—Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr.	102,046
24—Miss Alice H. Chittenden	4,885
25—Miss Mabel Choate	16,425
26—Mrs. E. H. Harriman	305,000
27—Mrs. Walter E. Maynard	42,095
28—Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt	29,180
29—Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr.	27,492
30—Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr.	40,414
	$591,613
Total	2,255,389

This total, added to the $6,116,138 in pledges and contributions recorded up to noon yesterday, and the $12,131,929.15 representing special Red Cross dividends declared by corporations, made the grand total for New York, as reported by the thirty teams to date, $20,503,456.15.

Many Corporation Dividends.

Many large corporation dividends were announced at the luncheon. Some of these have already been mentioned in the newspapers, but they had not been officially recorded. They were: American Tobacco Company, $150,000; Equitable Trust Company, $60,000; Home Insurance Company, $60,000; Morris & Co., $150,000; Autocar Company, $20,000; Great Western Sugar Company, $150,000; National Surety Company, $40,000; Crocker, Wheeler & Co., $8,000; Borden's Condensed Milk Company, $100,000; Bankers' Trust Company, $225,000; Gotham National Bank, $20,000; New York Trust Company, $30,000.

In the total announced by J. P. Morgan's team was included a $50,000 pledge from the Consolidated Gas and Electric Light Company of Baltimore. The publicity bureau of the campaign announced that through an error it had credited Kuhn, Loeb & Co. on Monday with a $50,000 pledge, whereas it should have been $200,000, one-fourth of which was made through the team headed by H. G. S. Noble. The remainder, $150,000, was pledged through the team headed by Jacob H. Schiff.

The Board of Directors of the Guaranty Trust Company declared a special Red Cross dividend of 1 per cent. on its capital stock yesterday, amounting to $200,000. The Corn Exchange Bank declared a 1 per cent. dividend, aggregating $35,000.

A Red Cross unit was formed yesterday by the New York Curb Market Association with the following members: E. R. McCormick, Chairman; W. C. Moore, broker; Joseph Schumann, broker; C. Fred Neilson of W. B. Nash & Co., Ernest Baker of Baker, Caruthers & Pell, Oscar Bamberger, Bamberger, Loeb & Co.; Howard L. Buck, Panning, Buck & Co.; C. B. Coady, La Marche & Coady; W. Lee Gwynne, Gwynne Brothers; Charles M. Levett, Levett & Co.; H. G. Einstein, H. G. Einstein & Co., and H. L. P. Van Sant of Starbuck, Van Sant & Legg.

Mr. McCormick reported last night that the unit's first day of canvassing brought in pledges and contributions of $8,842.

The second day's subscriptions taken by the Clothiers' Association of New York were, from the Clothing Manufacturers, $3,335, and from the Associated Boys' Clothing Manufacturers, $2,400.

The James Butler Grocery Stores, of which there are between 400 and 500, will donate to the fund 10 per cent. of their receipts today, it was announced last night.

A list of contributions and special corporation dividends of $10,000 or more reported yesterday by Red Cross War Fund team captains follows:

TEAM NO. 1.
M. Friedsam, Captain.
M. Friedsam $25,000
Building Trades Employers' Association of New York 100,000

TEAM NO. 2.
T. A. Gillespie, Captain.
C. H. Ruddock $15,000
Dividends Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co. 375,000

TEAM NO. 3.
Daniel Guggenheim, Captain.
Harris, Winthrop & Co. $10,000

TEAM NO. 4.
J. Horace Harding, Captain.
Lewis Cass Ledyard $10,000
National Biscuit Co. 10,000
Anonymous 10,000
Dividend Equitable Trust Co. 60,000

TEAM NO. 5.
William M. Kingsley, Captain.
Arthur Custiss James $250,000

TEAM NO. 6.
Edgar L. Marston, Captain.
Mr. and Mrs. James Byrne $10,000
Mrs. Elizabeth Anderson 10,000
Memorial Fund Association 15,000

TEAM NO. 7.
Edwin P. Marquard, Captain.
Harold I. Pratt $25,000
F. B. Pratt 10,000
Anonymous 25,000

TEAM NO. 8.
John Purroy Mitchel, Captain.
James Cox Brady, one-half of $100,000 subscription $50,000
M. & M. Importing Co. will give 1 per cent. of gross receipts for week .....

TEAM NO. 9.
J. P. Morgan, Captain.
Ford, Bacon & Davis $10,000
Mr. and Mrs. George Blumenthal 10,000
L. C. Kaufman 25,000
Consolidated Gas, Electric Light, Heat and Power Co. of Baltimore. 50,000
American Cotton Oil Co. 10,000

TEAM NO. 10.
H. G. S. Noble, Captain.
A. Iselin & Co. $20,000

TEAM NO. 11.
E. H. Outerbridge, Captain.
Dividend Home Fire Insurance Co., 1 per cent., divided among Teams 11, 23, and 25; James Butler stores, 10 per cent. of gross receipts, and Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company, 10 per cent. .....
Amounts not announced

TEAM NO. 12.
Charles H. Sabin, Captain.
Robert P. Perkins $10,000
James C. Brady, one-half of $100,000 subscription 50,000
N. F. Brady 100,000

TEAM NO. 13.
Jacob H. Schiff, Captain.
F. W. Woolworth & Co. $25,000
Central Leather Company 25,000
Rogers, Peet & Co. 10,000
Maitland Coppell 10,000
American Metal Company 19,000

TEAM NO. 14.
James R. Sheffield, Captain.
William R. Todd $25,000
Adolph Lewisohn & Sons 25,000
Herman A. Metz 10,000

TEAM NO. 16.
W. B. Thompson, Captain.
N. Badbourne $10,000
Thomas F. Ryan 100,000
Captain J. R. Lamar 50,000
Allan A. Ryan 10,000

TEAM NO. 17.
F. D. Underwood, Captain.
Contributions $10,000

TEAM NO. 18.
F. A. Vanderlip, Captain.
International Salt dividend, 1 per cent. $80,771

TEAM NO. 19.
George J. Whelan, Captain.
American Tobacco Company $50,000
United Cigar Stores 25,000
Liggett drug stores—151 in 55 cities—will give 25 per cent. of proceeds on the sales in certain departments on three different days.
Schulte cigar stores to contribute 10 per cent. of their sales on one day in 150 stores.

TEAM NO. 20.
A. H. Wiggin, Captain.
Anonymous $10,000

TEAM NO. 21.
Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Captain.
Mrs. William Church Osborn $10,000

TEAM NO. 23.
Mrs. James A. Burden, Captain.
Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt $50,000
George F. Baker, Jr. 25,000
Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr. 10,000
Mrs. William D. Sloane ($1,000 reported yesterday, $9,000 today) 10,000

TEAM NO. 26.
Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Captain.
Mrs. Henry C. Frick $10,000
North Virginia Company 20,000
Henry C. Frick 270,000

TEAM NO. 27.
Mrs. Walter E. Maynard, Captain.
Mrs. Russell Sage $10,000
Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney 10,000

TEAM NO. 28.
Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, Captain.
Tiffany & Co. $25,000

TEAM NO. 29.
Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Captain.
Richard Howe $10,000

TEAM NO. 30.
Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Captain.
Anonymous $10,000
Mrs. W. B. James 10,000
Liberty Bonds 10,000

Mrs. Philip M. Lydig announced last night that she had received more than 500 applications for reservations at tonight's Red Cross dinner at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel. Lord Northcliffe is expected as one of the guests, as well as Governor Whitman and other persons of prominence. Charles E. Hughes will be toastmaster. Twenty débutantes will dispose of chances for a diamond-studded gold watch donated by Michael Dreicer, a vanity case contributed by Cartier & Co., a Studebaker automobile valued at $1,500, a touring car from the Hudson Motor Car Company, a large Chinese vase from Duveen Brothers, and an enameled traveling bag from Black, Starr & Frost. Tickets for the dinner can be obtained from Mrs. Lydig at 14 Washington Square, from Martin Vogel, Assistant United States Treasurer, at the Mint, or at the hotel.

SAYS NEW YORK MUST LOOK TO ITS LAURELS

Publicity Committee of Red Cross Says This City Fell Behind in Subscriptions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The campaign of the American Red Cross to raise $100,000,000 in seven days received a great impetus today from hundreds of cities throughout the country which are desirous of preventing New York from carrying off the subscription laurels. The Publicity Committee of the campaign made a statement tonight in which it said:

"While the rest of the country was outdoing itself in offering money, New York fell below its record of yesterday and the day before, and proportionately gave less than many small places, such as Allentown and Warren, Penn."

Cleveland, it was given out, was the leader in the race today. The Red Cross workers there sent in word to the national headquarters that instead of $2,500,000 they would raise $5,000,000 and possibly more. Pittsburgh, St. Louis, San Francisco, and Wilmington also made great showings during the day, the first and last of these increasing their quotas. At 5 P. M. New York City had reported collections approximating $19,255,000 during the three days of the campaign. The remainder of the country had reported $23,824,627.

"Yesterday," said the Publicity Committee, "New York had more than the rest of the country combined. Up to 6 P. M. tonight it still led the race. But at 7 P. M., with the reports in from Cleveland, St. Louis, Pittsburgh, and San Francisco, it was outstripped. It was losing out rapidly as midnight approached."

With a total of approximately $48,500,000 tonight, leaders of the Red Cross here expressed the opinion that the $45,000,000 mark had been realized today.

"The critical period of the campaign is at hand," said Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross. "We must not let up now. Rather we should oversubscribe the amount. Neither the Red Cross nor the American people can afford to fail in this effort."

Leaders of the campaign in New York City were informed over long-distance telephone of the showing of th country. They sent back word they would more than make up their deficit tomorrow.

Another city which is expected to forge ahead tomorrow is Philadelphia. Up to date Pittsburgh has far outstripped Philadelphia.

Big pledges were few today, and officials of the Red Cross War Council say the day's total, although much smaller than those of the two preceding days, represented probably more actual canvassing work and a greater number of small contributions. On these contributions, from persons of moderate means, campaign leaders base strong hopes of big returns between now and Monday, when the campaign closes.

Early tonight tabulations at headquarters showed contributions to date of about $19,500,000 from New York City and $24,000,000 from the remainder of the United States. Many cities had sent no reports. Outside of New York City first place in the race was held by the North Central States, comprising Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin. The Middle Atlantic States were second, Southern group third, New England fourth, and the West fifth. Ohio was first in the Central States, owing to big increases today in Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, and other cities. Pennsylvania led the Middle Atlantic States, with New York State outside of New York City a close second, both having passed $2,000,000.

Theodore Roosevelt today gave formal indorsement to the Red Cross campaign in this message to Gifford Pinchot:

The most important task before us is to get the largest possible number of effective troops at the front at the earliest possible moment. Second only in importance to this is to further the work of the Red Cross in providing for the care of those troops. The Red Cross is doing this in a masterly fashion under a great and efficient organization.

I most earnestly bespeak the fullest support for it from every man and woman in the United States. Let each one the utmost amount possible according to his or her ability. Let every man serve with his body if possible, and if this is not possible, at least let him do everything with his purse to help the soldiers at the front and all who suffer bodily ill because of the war.

Assurance that contributions from Quakers or others opposed to war would be set apart for civilian relief when this was requested was given by Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council, in the following statement:

Among the civilian populations of the areas which have been physically devastated directly by the blast of war, and still more in the great regions back of, even distant from, the scenes of fighting, men, women, and children are suffering, crushed in spirit, broken-hearted, bewildered by the upheaval of all that made the living world for them. The very bases of life must be restored for them largely, if not exclusively, by the gifts of Americans, administered by the American Red Cross. These gifts must come from folk of every faith and conviction. I am more than glad to give assurance that gifts, large or small, when clearly specified by the donors, will be set apart and administered exclusively for the non-military service of the Red Cross.

Elihu Wadsworth, Acting Chairman of the American Red Cross, today issued a warning to chapters against solicitation of funds by unauthorized persons.

Totals by cities reported at headquarters tonight included the following: New York City, $19,500,000; Chicago, $2,594,000; Cleveland, $2,426,000; Pittsburgh, $1,157,000; Buffalo, $1,008,000; Cincinnati, $1,000,000; Philadelphia, $803,000; St. Louis, $872,000; Rochester, $767,000; Detroit, $656,000; Wilmington, $630,000; Minneapolis, $450,000; San Francisco, $437,000; Kansas City, $400,000; Milwaukee, $352,000; Worcester, $345,000; St. Paul, $341,000; Richmond, $317,000; Indianapolis, $282,000; New Orleans, $271,000; Hartford, $194,000; Providence, $190,000; Montclair, N. J., $177,000; Wheeling, $130,000; Springfield, Mass., $128,000; Denver, $120,000; Toledo, $120,000; New Haven, $114,000; Dayton, $101,000; Columbus, $101,000, and Youngstown, $100,000.

PARIS HOME FOR RED CROSS.

Americans Provide Building Rent Free for American Headquarters.

PARIS, June 20.—The American Red Cross officials who recently arrived here with Major Gen. Pershing today received a notable gift of one of the main buildings on the Place de la Concorde, alongside the Ministry of Marine, as the American Commission's Headquarters, rent free. The Commission will be established in the new headquarters as soon as the equipment is installed. The gift was made by American friends of the Red Cross. One of the officials of the commission said today:

"It has been our good fortune to finance all our expenses of administration through the generosity of American friends, so that everything realized during Red Cross week in America will go into the actual work pertaining to the American Army and Navy, and not a penny will be used for administration charges. This insures the funds going to important relief projects in France and Belgium, as well as toward securing the welfare of the American military and naval forces along lines approved by American General Headquarters."

ADAPT MACHINE GUNS TO OFFENSIVE TACTICS

Allies Elevate Them for Spraying Distant Trenches and Roads.

BEHIND THE BRITISH LINES IN FRANCE, June 8, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Use of the machine gun as a weapon for offensive operations and for indirect fire by elevating the gun so that the bullets will fall into the trenches of the enemy is one of the recent developments of warfare. This change in the method of using the machine gun has been brought about within a year. It shows, British officers say, the rapidity with which methods of fighting are altered, and that systems learned by capable officers sent to the front from America might be out of date before their troops arrived in France.

Less than a year ago the machine gun was regarded primarily as a weapon of direct fire, that is, for mowing down an advancing enemy. It was thus chiefly a defensive method, and its usefulness was limited to the rather rare periods when the enemy was actually attempting an attack. But today the machine gun, though retaining its importance in this respect, has become still more a weapon of indirect fire, and by far the greater proportion of machine-gun casualties nowadays are caused through this use of the weapon.

In one highly-valued type of so-called indirect fire, a machine gun is trained by day on a stretch of road or communications which the enemy is using at night for bringing up supplies and reinforcements. The gun tripod is adjusted carefully to command this road. Then at night, although the road is invisible, the machine gun is turned on at intervals of perhaps an hour, sweeping the road clear of any enemy supply columns that may be there, and making use of the road difficult.

As in the case of the machine gun, evolution is constantly in progress in the use of the bayonet, in bombing, trenching, sapping and counterattack. Nowhere, say army officers, can the latest developments of each of these specialties be taught so well as in the training camps just behind the trenches, where specialists direct from the fighting are at hand to instruct the novice.

No matter how well troops might be trained in the United States, it is held here, they would find the mêlé of actual battle psychologically very trying. War experts no longer laugh at psychology. "The training of the mind for the surprises and novelties of the battlefield is as important as the physical side of training," say the British authorities.

WILL BUILD CANTONMENTS.

Fuller Company of New York Gets One of Three Big Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Several contracts for the construction of cantonments for the new National Army were awarded by the War Department today. The firm of Mason, Hanger & Co. of Lexington and Richmond, Ky., got the award for the construction of the cantonment to be built at Louisville. Stone & Webster of Boston will build the one at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and the George A. Fuller Company of New York that at Fort Riley, Kan.

AMERICA RESOLUTE, BALFOUR REPORTS

We "Will Not Turn Back," He Tells Commons Members in Discussing Mission Here.

SEES LASTING FRIENDSHIP

Manifestation of Enthusiasm Here for the Cause, He Holds, Was Chief Value of Trip.

LONDON, June 20.—Arthur J. Balfour, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, gave an accounting of his stewardship in connection with his mission to the United States to the members of the House of Commons today at a luncheon arranged in his honor by the Empire Parliamentary Association in the dining room on the Terrace. The guests were members of Parliament and Cabinet Ministers, with the American Ambassador, Walter H. Page, and a few colonial representatives.

Ex-Premier Herbert H. Asquith presided as a token of the nonpolitical character of the occasion, with Mr. Balfour on his right and Ambassador Page and Premier Lloyd George on his left. The other members of the Cabinet sat at a central table. After a cordial welcome home, voiced by Mr. Asquith, Mr. Balfour said:

"I undertook the headship of the American mission with some reluctance and diffidence. I felt it so easy to do harm, and perhaps not so easy to do good. But, looking back, I feel that no harm has been done, and much good. My colleagues performed their various tasks with great skill—tasks which involved the bringing together of the tremendous forces of the United States and Great Britain.

"The success of the mission was not due to the personal qualifications of your representatives, but to far deeper and more permanent causes, which must give us all great cause for gratification. I say nothing of the hospitality of the United States, which is proverbial. I need not dwell on the boundless kindness shown us, which was so obviously from the heart. The American people would have given us that same hospitality under any circumstances.

Saw Tremendous Enthusiasm.

"What moves me, and all of Britain, and France, too, is something deeper, namely, the tremendous and spontaneous enthusiasm of America for what is now our common cause and the deep feelings of sympathy which manifestly animate the entire American community, North, South, East, and West.

"It was not in the power of any mission or any group of individuals to create that feeling. Our mission was merely the occasion for its manifestation. It gave the Americans a welcome chance to show what they felt in the cause of world freedom. And this is the greatest and profoundest result of our trip. This is a result, of which the value cannot be measured by the mere effect it will have on the present war, but which will outlast many generations.

"Thus the mission has been the occasion of the most beneficent development of international relations in the history of the world. Most alliances in history have been based on temporary agreements between nations for the pursuit of certain aims and ambitions, and therefore passed with the passing occasion. But the co-operation between England and America, because it is not based on the fact that each nation hopes to get something out of the present war, but on a deep congruity of ideals, will endure as long as the two nations are content to pursue these ideals, which, I pray God, may be forever.

America "Will Not Turn Back."

"Our alliance is based on a great moral consideration. We alike do not wish to use war as an instrument of expansion, and so we here may be certain that the United States will not leave us until our great ends are accomplished. There is nothing I am more certain of than this: that the United States, having put its hand to the plow, will not turn back.

"The Americans have carefully studied the origin and aims of the war, and have come irrevocably to the conclusion that with the victory of the Allies is bound up the whole future of civilization. They will not refuse any sacrifices or effort which may bring a happy fruition, on which, they are convinced, depends the whole trend of civilization.

"These are not the fruits of the mission, but the mission gave the occasion for their most emphatic expression. If that be valuable, we may congratulate ourselves on the results of our efforts."

87 AUTO FIRMS READY TO BUILD ARMY TRUCKS

Three Offer to Supply the Entire 35,000 Vehicles on Which Bids Were Asked.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The War Department's request for bids for 35,000 army motor trucks brought response from eighty-seven concerns, and when the offers were opened today it was found that the number for which bidders were ready to contract was many times the Government's requirements. How many will be ordered has not been determined. The estimate of 35,000 made in asking for bids was based on the maximum transport needs of an army of 2,000,000 men.

Virtually all the big motor companies and many of the smaller concerns submitted bids. Many types and sizes were offered, the prices ranging from $1,061 for one-ton trucks to $4,600 for five-ton vehicles. Some of the manufacturers are ready to begin delivery at once and others set varying delivery rates, ranging up to six months in the future.

Three concerns—the Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Company, the Hurlburt Motor Motor Car Company, the Hurlburt Motor Truck Company, and the Nash Motors Company—each offered to build the whole 35,000. Three companies offered to build trucks at cost plus 10 per cent. profit. Offers to turn out ten trucks a day came from two firms with no limit set on the total.

It is estimated that there are not more than 40,000 motor trucks on the Allies western battle front in Europe, that number having proved ample for the needs of the British, French, and Belgian fighting forces. For this reason some officials feel that the War Department should not go above its estimate of 35,000 as the total to be ordered. It is expected that those offering quickest deliveries will receive preference in the placing of contracts.

BRITISH RETAKE LINES AT MONCHY

Continued from Page 1.

Laffaux Mill the Germans attacked our positions on a front of more than one kilometer. The attack was very violent, and was carried out with large effectives. It resulted in the enemy's gaining a foothold in a section of trench of our first line east of Vauxaillon.

South of Filain another German attempt against the salient in our line east of La Royère Farm brought no result.

The artillery fighting was lively between Hurtebise and Chevreux and on the Verdun front, in the sector of Vacherauville and Chambrettes.

The afternoon statement said:

The Germans last night strongly bombarded the French positions between the Ailette River and Laffaux Mill. Intermittent artillery actions occurred east of Chevreux Wood and northwest of Rheims.

In Champagne the night was marked by heavy artillery duels. Attacks on the French posts at Mont Tetu and in the region of Mont Carnillet were repulsed. West of Mont Carnillet the bombardment was followed by a German attack which dispersed under our fire. The German infantry was driven back to its trenches. Patrol skirmishes occurred in Lorraine.

Admit British Gain at Lens.

BERLIN, June 20, (via London.)—The following official communication was issued by the War Office today:

Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—Between the Yser and the Lys the artillery battle grew to great violence on some sectors, especially in the evening. Also between La Bassée Canal and the Scarpe the artillery activity was lively at intervals.

Southwest of Lens the English attacked on the northern bank of the Souchez Brook. They were repulsed on the wings, but in the centre they succeeded in penetrating our first-line trenches. By a strong counterthrust we were able to prevent English forces, which had been quickly brought forward, from extending the success.

In the forefield of our position to the north of St. Quentin there were encounters between our outposts and English raiding detachments, which had to retreat before our fire.

Army of the German Crown Prince.—Along the Aisne the artillery firing has been revived only locally. In Western Champagne the greater part of the ground which was lost to the French June 18 southwest of Sochberg was recaptured in a strong counterattack by the Brandenburg regiment.

"On the other fronts there has been nothing of importance to report, aside from the usual trench fighting.

The official communication issued this evening says:

There has been lively fighting only at Vauxaillon, northeast of Soissons. On the other fronts there is nothing to report.

MUCH FIGHTING IN THE OPEN.

Both British and German Troops Are Utilizing Shell Holes.

By The Associated Press.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, June 20.—The western front nowadays is marked by many changing phases. East of bloody Monchy-le-Preux, on the Arras battlefield, and west of Warneton, on the Messines battlefield, trench lines have been forsaken, and fighting is being carried on day and night between large bodies of opposing troops lying out in the shell holes. Some of these holes, blown by heavy-calibred guns, are really enormous craters, in which twoscore of men can establish and fortify themselves.

Shell holes lend themselves to quick conversion into machine gun emplacements, and those ghastly weapons form the chief means of defense. The offensive weapons in shell hole warfare generally are hand grenades. Shell holes are not easy targets for artillery, whereas fixed trenches can easily be photographed from airplanes, and the heavy guns can be registered on them without great difficulty.

The Germans are showing a particular desire to cling to the shell holes as long as possible before retiring to their fixed lines in the rear. This is quite a change from their ordinary habits, for heretofore they have loved their deep dugouts in the trenches with a love that seldom brooks separation. Some prisoners taken from shell holes recently—pulled bodily out in nocturnal raids—have frankly declared, however, that it is discipline and not desire that keeps them out in the open.

The Germans recently turned a hurricane of annihilating artillery fire on trenches they had lost to the British on Infantry Hill, east of Monchy, but the British troops suffered little from the lavish Teutonic expenditure of high explosives. The manner of utilizing shell craters is little short of marvelous. Thousands of men can take cover in these craters, yet from even the most forward observation post the battlefield looks absolutely empty. A considerable attack from shell-hole positions can be watched without the realization that desperate fighting is in progress. Always there is noise from exploding grenades, but these missiles are so small that they cannot be seen in the air from a distance of 300 yards.

From time to time a small group of men will leap from one hole to another dragging machine guns with them and disappearing so quickly in the new shelter that the earth seems to have opened and swallowed them. Ability to take quick advantage of any available cover is an art the American troops will have to study thoroughly when they come to take their place on the fighting front.

Belgians Repulse a Patrol.

HAVRE, June 20, (via Paris.)—The Belgian War Office issued tonight the following statement:

An enemy patrol attempted to surprise one of our advanced points south of Dixmude at night, but was repulsed by our fire. The enemy bombarded our trenches east of Ramscapelle and in the neighborhood of Dixmude and Lizerne.

During the day the artillery of both sides was moderately active along the whole front, except near Dixmude and Steenstraete, where the action was more spirited.

France Creates Submarine Bureau.

PARIS, June 19, (delayed.)—A special submarine department was created at the Ministry of Marine by a decree signed by President Poincaré tonight. Rear Admiral Mervelleux du Vignaux was placed at its head.

ADVOCATES OF PEACE IN NEW PROPAGANDA

"People's Council" Formed to Carry On Work of Socialist Peace Terms Conference.

FAMILIAR NAMES ON LIST

Hillquit, Lee, and Other Anti-Militarists Spreading Doctrine Through the Country.

The People's Council of America, with offices at 2 West Thirteenth Street, including among its members peace advocates, anti-militarists, advocates of the repeal of the selective draft law, single taxers, and persons of various other beliefs, is raising a fund of $50,000 to spread the work of the council throughout the United States. Every forward looking element devoted to the cause of peace, democracy, or the improvement of labor or general social conditions is to be enlisted. Most of them are already represented in one way or other. Local and national bodies will be invited to send delegates to the council, which will be formed Aug. 4. The delegates, acting under instruction from their organizations, will determine the policy and conduct of the council. The council will be the one body that will give voice to the common desire of all these movements.

"New York City is fairly alive with the propaganda of co-operation through the People's Council. An east side local council has been formed under the direction of A. R. Gold, and this in itself probably will have numerous branches. Another is being formed in the Bronx, with Benjamin Glitlow as directing organizer. The Italians of Brooklyn are forming a local council, which will be the inspirational leader of the council movement which will take in every Italian colony in America."

That this organization is the beginning of a nationwide propaganda in favor of peace, is the opinion of persons who are in touch with the anti-war activities in this country. The agitation in the South will be in charge of Professor L. M. Keasbey of the University of Texas, and the Rev. L. Gordon, while Job Harriman, the Socialist lawyer, will be in charge on the Pacific Coast.

At the recent Peace Terms Conference in this city Victor L. Berger, the Socialist ex-Congressman from Milwaukee, was one of the prominent speakers. It was at the mass meeting held under the auspices of the conference that Louis Kramer and Morris Becker, the convicted anarchists who are now in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, were arrested for circulating literature urging men to violate the military laws of the United States. Although Emma Goldman did not appear as a member of that conference, she told a TIMES reporter, with whom she talked while the conference was in session, that she approved of its program.

PERSHING SEES JOFFRE.

Holds Conference with French Marshal—General Plans Visits.

PARIS, June 20.—Major General Pershing, the American commander, had a long conference today with Marshal Joffre in regard to American affairs.

General Pershing will visit an army engineering dépôt tomorrow and later a large airdrome and a school at which instruction is given in the use of armed motor cars.

Henderson's Task Ended.

LONDON, Thursday, June 21.—The Daily Telegraph learns that the mission of Arthur Henderson, member of the British War Cabinet, to Russia has been virtually completed.

It will probably result, says The Telegraph, in the convening at London, at an early date, of an International Labor and Socialist Congress on the broadest possible basis, which will be attended by delegates from the allied countries.

Americans on Casualty List.

OTTAWA, June 20.—Americans named in the casualty list issued today were:

Killed in action, J. Reddle, New York, and H. D. Brooke, Detroit.

Wounded, H. Healy, New York, and J. T. Riley, Upton, Mass.

The rattle of coin in the cash box doesn't sound so good to us that we allow fictitious prices for used cars on trade-ins "just to make sales of *Chalmers* cars." That is robbing Peter to pay Paul. We prefer the policy of strict fair play—a policy which gives every man for his used car just what the car is worth.

Vice President and General Manager

CHALMERS SALES COMPANY, Inc., 1826-28 Broadway
Service Station, 453-461 West 167th Street, Two Blocks East of Broadway

ITALIANS IN TRENTINO TAKE 936 AUSTRIANS

Capture by Assault Formidable Positions on Monte Ortigara, Including a Peak.

ROME, June 20.—The Italians resumed the offensive yesterday in the Trentino and captured Austrian positions on Monte Ortigara and 936 prisoners. The following official communication was issued today:

On the Asiago plateau yesterday we carried out a violent offensive action and damaged the enemy's defenses at many points, making progress on some parts of the front and inflicting severe losses on the enemy.

The gallant troops of the Fifty-second Division, overcoming the furious resistance of the enemy and advancing over very difficult ground, carried formidable positions in the Monte Eultrsnd-(?)-Ortigara area, including the summit of Hill 2,105. Prisoners aggregating 936, including 74 officers, were captured.

Numerous air squadrons supported the artillery by dropping a large number of bombs in the immediate rear of the enemy's lines. All the machines returned safely.

From the remainder of the front desultory artillery activity is reported.

VIENNA, June 20, (via London.)—The War Office today issued the following:

Italian Theatre.—On the plateau Sette Communi (Asiago sector) and in the Sugana Valley between the Asiago plateau and the Brenta River a new artillery battle has been in progress since yesterday morning.

Elsewhere there is nothing of importance to report.

BULGAR CAMPS BOMBED.

Artillery and Airmen Active All Along Macedonian Front.

PARIS, June 20.—The subjoined report of operations on the Macedonian front was issued by the War Office today:

Eastern Theatre, June 19.—British airplanes were active, successfully bombarding enemy encampments in the valley of the Struma, north of Petrenik. The artillery was quite active in the region of Mayadag, the Cerna Bend, and north of Monastir. Several enemy reconnoissances were repulsed in the Lymnitsa zone, on the Cerna, and between Lakes Presba and Ochrida.

Columbus Discovers Metric Shirts And Likes Them

FROM Columbus, Ohio, Mr. Thomas J. Kelly, Jr., writes me: "Enclosed herewith find money order in the amount of $5.25. Kindly send to the address given below three (3) White *'Oxweave'* Shirts, without collar, size 14x33.

"These shirts, purchased *last Summer*, have given better satisfaction than the custom tailored shirts I have paid $5 and $8 for."

Thank you, Mr. Kelly, for writing today's advertisement for me. I could not improve it, so I'm not going to try.

"Oxweave" (White Oxford Basket Weave) without collar (for business) or with attached soft collar (for sports)—$1.75.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Attention! Plattsburghers

Our representative, Mr. J. A. Enright, will be at the Hotel Witherill, Plattsburg, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, June 22nd, 23rd and 24th, with a full line of Hand-Tailored Khaki and Serge Uniforms and other Army equipment.

STORE CLOSES THIS SATURDAY AT ONE P. M.
DAILY AT 5. P. M.

Franklin Simon

Men's Sport Shoes

For hiking or hunting—for racket, rod or rifle—on the tee or the trail!

FRANKLIN SIMON Sport Shoes are a sporting proposition for sportsmen, in which every worth-while sports shoe made is given a fair field and no favor! Involves a tremendous stock, but limitation is the last thing on earth to put up to a sportsman! Golf shoes, tennis shoes, hunting shoes, Army shoes, in every conceivable variety of leather and model, and quality the common and uncommon attribute of all!

NOTICE THE PRICES
They are way under the average

Genuine White Buckskin Tennis Shoes,	$8.50
Genuine White Buckskin Outdoor Shoes,	7.50
Genuine White Buckskin Golf Shoes -	7.50
Tan Eve Cloth Golf Shoes - -	7.50
Smoked Buck Golf Shoes - - -	8.50
Tan Calfskin Golf Sh

If Your Feet Hurt After Walking—

the most *probable reason* is that you've been wearing narrow, bone-bending shoes. Shoes that cause corns, bunions, flat foot, callouses, ingrown nails, etc.

It's easy to have comfortable, pain-free feet. Just wear Educators. Because Educators are broad-toed and roomy, and give all five toes a chance.

Made for MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN

Introduce your *whole family* to Educators today. You all *need* them—especially the children. Educators mean lifelong insurance against foot trouble.

Insist on seeing the word EDUCATOR on the sole of the shoes you buy. It guarantees the foot-protecting, orthopædic Educator shape that "lets the feet grow as they should." Made by Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High Street, Boston, Mass.

Rice & Hutchins New York Co.
New York

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE

Unless branded on the sole it is not an Educator

Misses' Children's and Infants' Dull Calf Pump
Baby Doll Educator

Don't weaken the perfection of

Club Cocktails

by diluting them. Stir with big lumps of ice or ice the bottle.

CONSTANTINE'S FALL ALARMS FERDINAND

Convinced Greece Will Enter War, Bulgar King Seeks Assistance of Germany.

31 GREEKS TO BE EXILED

Pro-German Entourage of Former Ruler to be Interned — Swiss Crowds Hostile to Him.

GENEVA, June 19, (via Paris, June 20.)—The semi-official Balkan News Agency says that King Ferdinand of Bulgaria has been impressed deeply by the abdication of King Constantine and considers it certain former Premier Venizelos will take office at the head of the Government, and that Greece will enter the war against Bulgaria.

King Ferdinand therefore intends to go soon to German Great Headquarters to demand assistance.

Consternation has been caused in Sofia by Constantine's abdication.

ATHENS, June 18, (Delayed.)—A list of persons to be expelled from Greece, following the abdication of King Constantine, has been forwarded to the Greek Minister of the Interior. It includes the names of Demetrios Gounaris, former Premier; Professor Georgios Streit, former Foreign Minister; General Dousmanis, chief of the Greek General Staff; Colonel Metaxas, chief assistant to the General Staff; M. Mercouris, M. Esslin, M. Sayies, chief of the reservists, and M. Livieratos, who figured prominently in the disturbances at Athens last December when French troops were attacked by Greek reservists. Professor Streit already has left Greece, accompanying Constantine as his Secretary.

Thirty-one persons will be expelled from the country. Those in Athens will be allowed three days, and must report themselves to General Régnault.

Those placed under surveillance include ex-Premiers Dragoumis, Skouloudis and Lambros; Alexander Tselos, Minister of Interior in the Lambros Cabinet; Loucas Roufas, Minister of Interior in the Kalogeropulas Ministry; M. Kanakis, ex-Minister of Public Instruction; Colonel Stratigos and several other officers of the Greek General Staff; General Sazopoulos, Minister of War in the Lambros Cabinet; Dr. Anastassopulos and Dr. Eroulanos, both palace physicians, and the latter's wife, a German; two bishops and a number of officers of all ranks, totaling 103 persons.

They will be removed from Athens or wherever they reside to places whence escape is impossible.

Ex-King Unpopular with Swiss.

LUGANO, Switzerland, June 20.—Former King Constantine of Greece arrived here today. Officers and delegates of the Swiss Government met him at the frontier and welcomed him in the name of Switzerland. A large number of German personages waited for the King at the station, including Prince and Princess von Billow and Dr. von Mühlberg, German Minister to the Vatican. The Greek Minister to Berne was also present. Constantine and his suite drove directly to the hotel where rooms had been reserved for them.

A number of German diplomats arrived here for the coming of the former King, who was delayed by the illness of his wife. A long telegram from the German Emperor was handed to Constantine as soon as he left the train.

He was very coolly received by the crowds here. After dinner he attended an open-air concert, where he was recognized and hissed by a group of strangers who were leaving. On entering the concert the former King was jostled, and he left later by a rear door to avoid the curious crowds.

The immediate future movements of the former monarch are unknown, but it is believed it is probable that he will shortly go to Germany to visit the Emperor.

MESSINA, June 20.—Former King Constantine of Greece asked permission of the Italian Government to land at either Brindisi or Taranto, but the request was refused because both these ports are military and naval bases and it seems that some German officers are included in Constantine's suite.

Constantine finally landed at Villa San Giovanni, a village facing Messina on the continent and the starting point of the railway going to Naples. The former monarch expressed the desire to rest for a few days at Naples before continuing his journey to Switzerland.

GERMANS USING BENZOATE.

Food Department Advises Substitution for Sugar in Preserving.

COPENGAGEN, June 20, (via London.)—The American controversy over the use of benzoate of soda is recalled by the recommendation of the German Food Department that this preservative be used instead of sugar in putting up fruit, fruit juices, and marmalade. The quantity of sugar allotted for preserving purposes is so small per person that the department advises its use only with the ripest and sweetest fruits.

Fruits have largely disappeared from the open market since the authorities attempted to regulate their prices, and are almost unobtainable in Berlin. The potato situation, bad though it is in Berlin, Hamburg and other leading cities, is far worse in localities where the population is more tractable. Leipsic, for example, issues this week one pound of potatoes and one pound of bread, instead of five pounds of potatoes.

In the last three weeks no extra potatoes have been available for workmen engaged in heavy labor. The women in a Berlin suburb rioted at the announcement that there were no potatoes. Several hundred broke into the office of the Village President and threatened him.

SPAIN'S CRISIS INTERNAL.

Army Is Opposed to Promotion by Favoritism.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 20.—The Daily News publishes the following concerning the situation in Spain from a "well-informed correspondent":

"No news has reached the Foreign Office as to the position in Spain at the present moment, but those likely to know best are not inclined to believe the ferment is the result of German propaganda. The German agents in Spain and the Spanish pro-Germans are not relaxing their activities, but the truth is Spain is passing through a phase of purely domestic politics, entirely unconnected with the war.

"It had its beginning with the action of infantry officers at Barcelona who took a stand against promotion by favoritism and put forward demands which the Premier granted without consulting his Cabinet, who resigned.

"As to the general effect on the country, the people so far have been with the army in its demands. They saw there was corruption in Government offices and high circles and they approved the stand made by the officers against it. The effect on the army has been this: The action of the infantry officers of Barcelona was followed by artillery and cavalry officers forming themselves into trade unions. Non-commissioned officers formed similar organizations and now the common soldiers are thinking about following suit.

"Although the army is pleased with the action taken by the King, there are those who say his power and will have been somewhat weakened. Up till now the King has had the army completely with him. There is nothing to fear from the Clericals and Carlists."

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Spanish Ambassador, Juan Riano, today issued the following statement in regard to published reports of unrest in Spain:

"The news reports circulated in the United States regarding the interior situation of Spain are absolutely incorrect. Perfect tranquillity prevails, both material and moral. Certain complaints of an interior character in one of the branches of the line of the army have been attended to in so far as they were just and they are in no way related with interior politics and far less with the international policy of Spain, which is being developed normally within the monarchical régime and constitutional practices."

TITLE ORDER IS POPULAR.

London Paper Comments on Change from Victorian Atmosphere.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 20.—All the papers welcome the King's decision to rid the royal family of German names and titles. Prince Louis of Battenberg has been a naturalized British subject for more than fifty years, and it is thought his entrance into the House of Lords will be of value to Parliament in view of his long naval experience. Prince Alexander of Battenberg was born and educated in England and is now serving in the army. He is about to marry Lady Irene Denison, daughter of the Earl of Londesborough.

The Chronicle, in heartily approving the King's decision, says:

"It is obvious, even apart from the German question raised by the war, that the positions of Princes and Princesses connected with the British Court and enjoying the titles of Highness and Serene Highness had begun to constitute something of a problem. These offshoots of royalty, if we may so term them without disrespect, had become appreciably more numerous in the last fifty years. If the system had continued by which every member in each family succeeded to the princely title, the eventual multiplication of titles could not but dilute public respect for them, while creating a large caste which might be felt as a social incumbrance."

The Daily Telegraph says: "Prince Louis of Battenberg has proved his patriotism in various ways, especially by what he did for the navy at the beginning of hostilities. The same thing holds true with regard to the Duke of Teck and Prince Alexander of Teck, both of whom have fought in this war. Prince Alexander is a Brigadier General in our army. They assuredly cannot be accused of any foreign leanings."

The Daily News says: "One cannot help speculating on what Queen Victoria would have thought could she have foreseen this final severance of the British Court from all German associations."

ASSURES GERMANS WE'VE NO WAR SPIRIT

Frankfurter Zeitung Writer Says We're More Neutral Than Before Hostilities.

SAYS ALLIED MISSION FAILED

Reception to Joffre and Balfour "Decidedly Cold"—Our Affection for Germans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 20.—The Frankfurter Zeitung publishes an article by Rudolph Kommer, who was its special correspondent in America at the time of the declaration of war and who returned with the Austrian Ambassador.

"When America was neutral she was exceedingly anti-German; since she has declared war her spirit is neutral." With these words Herr Kommer endeavors to convince his readers that Americans are indifferent to the war, if not actually opposed to it. He speaks of the lack of excitement in the first weeks of the war, remarking that serious outbreaks against Germans similar to the St. Bartholomew massacre had been feared, whereas they were treated with great consideration and are practically unrestricted in their movements. From these facts he argues that the Americans took the declaration of war with "monumental indifference," not even Wall Street being affected. The most exciting event attending the declaration, he says, was the fainting of a German singer at the Metropolitan Opera House when Mr. Gerard made his patriotic speech from his box.

Herr Kommer says that everywhere in America Germans and German-Americans were not only unmolested but well treated, and that the moderation of the authorities, who made few arrests, was remarkable, as well as the lack of spy rumors.

"Those who have been in other countries at the outbreak of war," he says, "must consider America as a refreshing idyl. A foreign subject, nevertheless free; he is without rights, yet master of his banking account."

The Zeitung asserts that the mission of Balfour and Joffre was a complete débacle and their reception decidedly cold. It goes on:

"Strange as it sounds, many an American has never seen a Frenchman, and when he speaks of a German he means his German neighbor, who keeps the general store, and smiles. France, however, signifies the theatre, books, history, romance, Watteau, Fragonard, Lancret's pictures. It was, therefore, a mistake to send the undecorative, non-English-speaking Joffre to America, as even the biggest statesmen in America do not speak French."

Herr Kommer says that the Germans have never made such a mistake in their propaganda.

"Americans," he continues, "who look upon us as the blackest of the black must not be surprised if we do not see them as white angels. * * * The war came suddenly. No one had really believed in it; but, once there, the money-making orgies of munition makers were over. * * * Indignation over the Lusitania was entirely submerged by enthusiasm over the Deutschland's feats, and German prestige was so increased that every new American measure was taken with reference to a German model."

The correspondent remarks that up to now the German Government and Admiralty have shown no inclination to create a war spirit in America by sending submarines to the Western Atlantic Coast, and so the American war gods must depend on an inner spirit which is lacking.

WITHDRAWS FOES' HONORS.

Britain Drops All Enemy Aliens from Orders of Chivalry.

LONDON, June 20.—Chancellor Bonar Law, the Government leader in the House of Commons, announced in the House today that orders had been issued that all enemy aliens should cease to be members of any British order of chivalry to which they belonged before the outbreak of the war.

COUNCIL REPUDIATES SWISS' PEACE MOVE

Government Knew Nothing of Attempt by Dr. Hoffmann to Detach Russia from Allies.

BERNE, Tuesday, June 19, (via Paris.)—The letter of resignation sent to the Swiss Federal Council by Dr. Arthur Hoffmann, Chief of the Political Department of the Council, follows:

"Publication of the cipher letter which I sent to Robert Grimm at Petrograd, through the Swiss Legation, and wherein I expressed my conception of the peace conditions of the Central Powers as they concerned Russia and the other Entente States has created a situation which might become fatal for the internal and foreign policies of our country. I should not be able to endure the thought that at this period of extreme tension and great political agitation my action independent of the Federal Council might become the source of mistrust, disunion and dissensions, and might harm my beloved country. I therefore ask you to accept my resignation as a member of the Federal Council."

Soon after receiving Dr. Hoffmann's letter President Schulthess issued a statement to the effect that the Federal Council knew nothing at the time of Dr. Hoffmann's action, and that had the Council been consulted it would have renounced the plan. The statement continues:

"We part with Dr. Hoffmann with sadness. Through his intelligence and capacity for work and devotion he has rendered inestimable services to the country during this difficult period. There is no doubt about the purity of his motives. He wished to act only in the interests of the country."

The question of a successor to Dr. Hoffmann is undecided. There is some doubt whether Gustave Ador, President of the International Red Cross, will take the post or whether the Council will be reconstructed entirely.

The Bund says Grimm arrived in Berne last night.

The letter to Grimm, a Swiss Socialist, concerned proposals for a separate peace between Germany and Russia. The proposals reached the Russian Provisional Government, which ordered the expulsion of Grimm from the country.

GENEVA, Tuesday, June 19.—Satisfaction and relief are expressed by the Swiss press at the resignation of Dr. Hoffmann and the disavowal of his action by the Government, although sympathy is felt for Dr. Hoffmann, who is regarded as a victim of German intrigue. At the same time, many newspapers express indignation that he permitted himself to be associated with Robert Grimm, who is a native of Germany although a naturalized Swiss. Grimm always has been suspected of working in behalf of a German peace.

The Tribune refers in this connection to the case of Dr. Paul Ritter, former Swiss Minister at Washington, who presented to the American Government a note suggesting resumption of negotiations between Germany and the United States after diplomatic relations had been severed, and subsequently was transferred to another post.

"Our political department did not profit by the Washington lesson," says The Tribune, "as we now behold an aggravated form of the Ritter incident in the case of Grimm's taking the German peace proposals to Petrograd."

The Tribune demands the resignation of the entire Federal Council and also that of General Ulrich Wille, commander of the Swiss army, who received his share of the hisses at the protest meeting held last night against the Grimm-Hoffmann affair.

The British Minister visited President Schulthess today and assured him that England would support Switzerland in a benevolent spirit to the close of this diplomatic incident.

The Lausanne Gazette says: "We do not wish to have Switzerland turned into a second Greece."

The Journal of Geneva says: "Russia is not free to negotiate a separate peace with Germany. Russia is bound to France and Great Britain by treaty. To open the way for negotiations between Russia and Germany is to promote dishonorable action."

"AMERICANS" ARE RUSSIANS.

So-Called Delegates at Stockholm Not Citizens of This Country.

It now develops that the three men who have been posing in Stockholm as representatives of American Socialists at the peace conference to be held there are all Russian citizens. A dispatch from Stockholm, published in THE NEW TIMES yesterday, described D. Davidovitch as a Russian, and yesterday the Russian citizenship of his companions, Boris Reinstein, and Dr. Max Goldfarb, was practically established.

Reinstein left here on the Danish steamship Oscar II. May 26. Records of the line show his name among the third class passengers, and the information is on file that he presented a Russian passport.

Dr. Max Goldfarb is also reported from Stockholm as sailing on the same ship under the name of Lepnitz. No such name appears on the books of the line here, but there is a record of a passenger with the last name almost similarly spelled who also traveled on a Russian passport.

Abraham Cahan, editor of the Jewish daily, Forward, for which Dr. Goldfarb has been engaged as chief correspondent in Russia, said yesterday:

"Dr. Goldfarb has never been given credentials as delegate of the Socialist party, nor has he ever been officially authorized in any other way to act as a full-fledged delegate representing the Socialist party. He is not an American, but a Russian citizen, having lived in this country during the war, during which time he was connected with our paper in a prominent capacity."

JUNKERS LOSE HOPE OF SEPARATE PEACE

Continued from Page 1.

and a few other organs of the Extreme Right have nothing but sincere praise for Scheidemann and his friends.

Radicals Demand Annexation.

COPENHAGEN, June 20, (via London.)—A convention of the Radical Party in Saxony was held in Dresden on Sunday. Herr Wiemer, a Reichstag Deputy, declared that, while the party was opposed to boundless annexations, extensions of frontiers on both east and west were desirable for the better protection of German soil against invasion.

Deputy Wiemer said that the question of colonies must also be taken into consideration in peace negotiations, and that a war indemnity to cover part of Germany's expenditure was highly desirable. For reasons, the Deputy said, he condemned the Socialist propaganda for peace without annexations or indemnities.

His remarks were all in accord with good Pan-German doctrine, and the Berlin Tageblatt's report of the proceedings shows little to differentiate the Radical convention from a meeting of the Pan-German League for a German peace.

In regard to internal reforms Deputy Wiemer said that we now behold an aggravated form of the Ritter incident in the case of Grimm's taking the German peace proposals to Petrograd."

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Three Hour Sale

On our Newest and Best Pump—Priscilla

Was $8

Three Hour Price $5.75

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Tomorrow and Next Day Only

Be Thrifty! Come Early!

The newest last—the latest high cut pattern. Prevents gaping at side and puffy ridge on instep. In Patent Leather, Gray Kid or White Calf, with plain toe as illustrated; or in Koko Brown Kid or King Calf with wing tip. All have wood Louis heels protected with aluminum plates.

A model easily fitted with buckle to give Colonial effect.

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20% REDUCTIONS

Unusual Stock of Hats, Waists, Gowns, Veils and Neckwear, in Black, White, and Black and White Only, also Summer Furs.

We make special mention that the above includes all our new and latest designs.

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From Mr. Abrams of BLOOMINGDALE BROTHERS

"We lay particular stress on the accomplishments of the **MONROE** Calculating-Adding Machines in calculating percentages in conjunction with our retail mark-up and mark-down system.

"When bills reach the invoice department—after buyers have marked on them the selling prices—they are figured to determine what profit the department is earning on each, so the merchandise man can immediately see whether the department is marking merchandise to bring the required percent of profit.

"Profit percentages, mark-downs, mark-ups, etc., are figured daily and weekly. The satisfaction given by the **MONROES**, particularly in pro-rating expenses, and other items, to the departments,—**the saving of at least one-half of our clerks' time—the turning of real work into play—prompts us to say a good word for these machines.**

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Factory output two hundred thousand daily.

Largest selling brand of 10c. Cigars in the world.

FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.

Thoroughly experienced in bidding on all Government supplies. Will handle all bids and follow up until awards are made. Terms, commission basis. State product and other information.

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52 Vanderbilt Ave., N. Y. City.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Who has deceived thee so oft as thyself?"

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The officers of the *Franklin Trust Company* do take this interest in their depositors' financial problems and stand ready at all times to offer advice based on years of experience.

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FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

For daintiness, comfort and wear, ATHENA Underwear is matchless.

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All ATHENA garments are made full over the bust and narrow across the back.

Cut low in front. Straps cannot slip down.

Patent pocket-like seat stays closed and is always comfortable.

ATHENA Underwear is sheer and cool
All sizes and qualities

PRICES:

For Women . . . Vests and Tights . . . 55c and 65c
For Women . . . Union Suits . . . . . 55c to $1.75

Marshall Field & Co., Makers—Saks & Co., sole New York Distributors.

For soft, lustrous beauty and the perfect shapeliness that exacting fashion demands ask to see the nationally famous and wonderfully durable

PHOENIX SILK HOSE

Made only of pure-dye thread silk, in all shades

Women's Silk Hose—$1.10, $1.50, $2
Women's Lisle Hose, 55c
Men's Silk Hose—55c to $1.50
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Mail or telephone orders receive immediate attention

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Special for Today

1800 Men's Four-in-Hands

English Rumchunda Foulards made by David Evans & Co., Limited, of London.

At the Remarkable Price

65c

Splendid quality foulards; hand printed; magnificent assortment of exquisite patterns and colorings, including the ever popular blue and white polka dots.

You will recognize at a glance that these Scarfs usually sell for a great deal more.

Ground Floor,

FOLLOWING our usual custom we have not quoted any comparative values in this announcement.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

MERCHANDISE here advertised will be on sale at these prices for TODAY ONLY.

Today Is the Day of 100 Specials

THE number corresponding to each of the items here announced will be found upon sign cards at the counters and tables where the merchandise is displayed.

No Telephone or Mail Orders for These Specials Can Be Accepted, Nor Will Any Be Sent C. O. D.

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No. 1 *Black Split Walrus Bags, $4.25*
Cloth lined and sewed-on corners.

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Genuine Cowhide bags, leather lined and sewed-on corners. All sizes.

No. 3 *Women's Fitted Bags, $13.95*
Silk lined and fitted in white celluloid. Made of genuine Cowhide Leather, in assorted grains.

No. 4 *Hartmann Wardrobe Trunks, $22.95*
Fitted with shoe box with five drawers. Two lower drawers convertible for carrying large hats.

MAIN FLOOR

No. 5 *Women's Silk Bags, 95c*
Silk Drawstring or Frame Bags, in black and colors. Beaded and plain effects.

No. 6 *Vachette Strap Books, $1.25*
Enameled leather, with top handle. Size 8 by 5 inches.

No. 7 *Men's Wrist Watches, $3.50*
Radium dial, with wide mannish straps in brown, grey, tan or black.

No. 8 *Men's Belts, $7.50*
Solid Gold Harness Buckle.

No. 9 *Bracelet Watches, $6.75*
Go'd Filled Watches, with 7 Jewel movement. Convertible bracelet.

No. 10 *Men's Athletic White Ribbed Cotton Gauze Bachelor Shirts, 29c*

No. 11 *Women's Union Suits, 89c*
Glove Silk Top Union Suits, with fine pink lisle body. Full reinforced and perfect fitting garments. Sizes 36, 38, 40.

No. 12 *Women's Glove Silk Vests, $1.65*
Fine Quality Silk in pink and white. Tailored band.

No. 13 *Children's Parasols, 50c*
Dainty pink, blue and white striped designs, also flowered effects.

No. 14 *Men's Walking Sticks, $1.95*
Malacca, Bamboo, Partridge, Castania and Pimento. Inlaid and plain effects. Also leather bound Prince of Wales hooks.

No. 15 *Taffeta Silk Parasols, $2.75*
Japanese or regulation shapes, in black and white, floral and pongee effects,—also plain colors in all shades. Loop or sport handles.

No. 16 *Sun & Rain Umbrellas, $2.95*
Made of fine quality taffeta, in navy, garnet, purple, green, brown, and black. Short handles with cord loops.

No. 17 *Sun & Rain Umbrellas, $4.95*
Made of superior quality taffeta silk in solid colors of black, navy, purple, green and garnet, also stripes and borders. India or regular shapes. Leather loop and sterling silver handles.

No. 18 *Men's Summer Pajamas, $1.05*
Made of specially woven pajama cloths in a splendid assortment of plain colors. All sizes.

No. 19 *Men's Washable Summer Neckwear, 25c*
A fine collection of exceptionally good scarfs in striped and figured effects.

No. 20 *Men's Linen Kerchiefs, 3 for 60c*
Imported linen handkerchiefs of the better kind, with colored initials.

No. 21 *Men's Leather Belts, 49c*
Fine assortment of leathers in black, grey or white.

No. 22 *Men's Silk Neckwear, 55c*
Smart Summer Scarfs in floral, figured, spot and striped designs. Excellent quality silks.

No. 23 *Men's Sport Shirts, $1.20*
In Blazer stripe patterns; convertible collar. Ideal for tennis, boating, golfing and any outdoor sport.

No. 24 *Women's White Silk Gloves, 55c*
White silk, with double tipped fingers. Quantity limited.

No. 25 *Women's White Silk Gloves, 65c*
Double tipped fingers.

No. 26 *Women's White Glace Gloves, $1*
Glace Lambskin, with black crocheted embroidered backs.

No. 27 *Men's Silk Gloves, 89c*
Grey only. Self or black embroidered backs.

No. 28 *Men's Gloves, 75c*
Imported Suede Gloves, in buff color, Pique sewn. Quantity limited.

No. 29 *Tourist Cases, 59c*
Silk, cretonne or linen cases, with rubber lined compartments for toilet articles.

No. 30 *Irish Linen & Crane's Mourning Papeteries, Box 25c*
Borders in a variety of widths.

No. 31 *Pure Castile Soap, 2-lb. Bars, 39c*

No. 32 *Shower Sprays, 69c*
Large Sprays, with long tubing.

No. 33 *Women's Bathing Caps, 21c*
Also Shower and Diving Caps. Assorted colors.

No. 34 *Household Rubber Gloves, 25c*
All sizes. Practical for the garden or household.

No. 35 *Ivory Finished Candle Lamps, 59c*
Fitted with shade, trimmed with chenille shade holder.

No. 36 *Men's & Women's Bath Slippers, 69c*
Imported from Japan. Made of matting with rubber soles.

No. 37 *Men's Straw Hats, $1.45*
Rough and smooth straws in all the new shapes.

No. 38 *Men's Caps, 89c*
Cloth and Silk Caps of the better kind.

No. 39 *Men's Outing Hats, 45c.*
Suitable for men, women and children. White duck, white felt and other various colors.

SECOND FLOOR

No. 40 *Misses' Suits, $15*
Tailored, Belted, and Sport models fashioned of Gabardine, Serge, and Poiret Twill. Broken size and color ranges. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

No. 41 *Misses' Dresses, $6.95*
Tailored models, made of Serge or Taffeta with Silk or Wool embroidery. Only one or two of any one style. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

No. 42 *Misses' Summer Dresses, $5.75*
Dressy and Sport models developed of Linene or Voile in white or colors. Straight-line, two-piece Coat, or Russian Blouse models.

No. 43 *Misses' Wash Skirts, $1.69*
Made of White Pique, in button front or side effects. Patch pockets and detachable belt. 33 to 36 lengths.

No. 44 *Girls' Wash Dresses, 89c*
Fashioned of fine quality Gingham. Large plaid or checks; also—Plain Linen in white, pink or beaver. Empire, Russian and waistline effects. 6 to 14 years.

No. 45 *Girls' Coats, $3.95*
Fine Serge and Checked Worsted, in belted models. One or two of a style. 6 to 10 years.

No. 46 *Junior Coats, $8.75*
Tailored and Belted models, of fine Serge and Velour Checks. Large collar, pockets and cuffs. 12 to 16 years.

No. 47 *Children's Sunbonnets, 25c*
Made of pink and light blue Poplin, bound with white.

No. 48 *Children's Japanese Slippers, 39c*
Made of Jap. Silk, quilted and trimmed with silk bow. Sizes 1 to 3 years.

No. 49 *Children's Japanese Kimonos, $1*
Made of Crepe, in pink, light blue, rose and Copenhagen. Embroidered in white. Sizes 6 to 12 years

No. 50 *Boys' Washable Suits, $1*
Smart models, made of serviceable tub fabrics. Ages 3 to 8.

No. 51 *Boys' Washable Knickers, 68c*
Grey or Tan Crash or White Duck. Ages 7 to 17.

No. 52 *Boys' Wool Suits, $5*
Extra Knickers. Made of fancy mixtures. Quantity limited. Ages 8 to 18 years.

No. 53 *Boys' and Youths' Bath Robes, $2.35*
Made of Terry Cloth, in the most wanted colors. Ages 4 to 18 years.

No. 54 *Girls' Fibre Silk Sweaters, $3.95*
Smart models in Copenhagen blue, rose or gold. Sizes 28 to 34.

No. 55 *Children's Sweaters, $2.95*
Fibre Silk Sweaters in Copenhagen blue, rose or gold. Sizes 24 to 28.

No. 56 *Children's Socks, 15c pair*
White with colored tops in dainty designs. Sizes 7 to 9½.

No. 57 *Children's Stockings, 3 prs., 50c*
Fine quality IXI ribbed, in black or white. Sizes 6 to 10. Quantity limited.

THIRD FLOOR

No. 58 *Brassieres and Bandeau, 45c*
Made of Net, Long Cloth, Mesh, and Heavy Muslin—also—rubberized materials with front fastenings.

No. 59 *Brassieres and Bandeau, 79c*
Made of various materials with front or back fastenings.

No. 60 *Corsets at $1.65*
Included are various kinds of corsets of well-known manufacturers, made of plain or fancy Broche, Coutil or Batiste, in medium or low top models. Suitable for almost every type of figure. Incomplete sizes, but sizes from 19 to 32 in the assortment.

No. 61 *Regaliste Corsets, $3.45*
Made of plain or fancy Broche, Coutil or Batiste, in flesh or white. Medium or low top models. Suitable for women and misses.

No. 62 *Women's Shetland Wool Sweaters, $5*
In solid colors with white collar, cuffs and sash. Obtainable in rose, Copenhagen blue, green, pink, corn.

No. 63 *Women's Sports Sweaters, $6.95*
Smart sailor collar model with full belt. In solid colors of rose, Copenhagen blue, green and gold.

No. 64 *Women's Silk Sweaters, $12.50*
Made of pure Silk. A very charming sailor collar model with tie sash and new pockets. Colors: gold, Copenhagen blue, Emerald green and white.

No. 65 *Sport Blouses of Voile, 95c*
With pique collars. Also very pretty models in Crossbar Batiste, and several in plain Voiles with panels of embroidered organdie, and cluster tucks.

No. 66 *Voile and Organdie Blouses, $1.85*
Simple tucked all-over embroidered effects or lace trimmed models, trimmed with Val. lace insertions and edgings. Also several models with dainty colored stripes of blue or rose.

No. 67 *Fashionable Voile Blouses, $2.85*
With embroidered panels of organdie, combined with rows of Val. or Venise Lace. Collars are finished with narrow frills or trimmed with lace. Also $2.85—Very Charming Blouses of Sheer Batiste.

No. 68 *New Georgette Crepe Blouses, $2.85*
In plain and frilled models with trimmings of imitation Filet or Val. laces and fronts of cluster tucks. White and flesh color.

No. 69 *Smocks for Sports Wear, $2.85*
The "Smock" has found favor everywhere. These are in white, with collar, cuffs and deep border of cretonne in gay colorings. Also smocks in solid colors with hand-smocking in contrasting colors.

No. 70 *Dainty Georgette Crepe Blouses, $3.85*
Copies of much higher-priced models. In plain tailored or frilled models, some trimmed with lace, embroidery or clusters of fine tucks.

No. 71 *Wavy Hair Switches, $3.45*
Made of fine quality naturally wavy hair.

No. 72 *Hair Nets, 90c Doz.*
Cap or large auto styles. Also Grey—3 for 45c.

No. 73 *Women's Trimmed Hats, $2.69*
Beautiful collection of natural white cushion brim Pebble Milan hats, with ribbon band and bow.

No. 74 *Taffeta Silk Petticoats, $2.89*
Made of good quality Taffeta. Flounce trimmed with two cluster tucks and two gathered ruffles.

No. 75 *Women's Nainsook Nightgowns, $1.95*
Well-made nightgowns, elaborately trimmed with lace, embroidery and ribbon beading.

No. 76 *Embroidered Crepe Jap. Kimonos, $1.39*
Embroidered in colors. Japanese sleeve and sash. Colors: pink, blue, lavender, rose and Copenhagen blue.

No. 77 *Nightgowns, Envelope Chemises and Combinations, 95c*
Fine Nainsook undergarments in very attractive styles, trimmed with lace and embroidery.

FOURTH FLOOR

No. 78 *Pongee Sport Dresses, $12.50*
Coat effect, with figured Pongee coat and plain skirt—also straight line embroidered models. Sizes 34-36-38 and a few large sizes.

No. 79 *Women's White Silk Voile Dresses at $13.75*
Looks very much like Georgette Crepe. Shoulders and sleeves embroidered in rose, blue, Copenhagen blue, lavender and black.

No. 80 *Women's Gingham Dresses, $6.90*
Suitable for seashore and country wear. In plaited coatee effect with dainty embroidered voile collars and cuffs. Waist lined with net. Obtainable in blue, pink, brown and black and white check effects. Sizes 34 to 42.

No. 81 *Women's Fashionable Suits $12.50*
Made of Gabardine, Serge, Poiret Twill, and Burella Cloth in light shades only.

No. 82 *Women's "Navy Blue" Suits $18.50*
Fashionable Blue Serge suits in plain tailored and dressy models, trimmed with braid. Sizes 34 to 46.

No. 83 *Women's Wool Jersey Sport Suits at $10*
Very charming models with large sailor collars and button or tie belt. Embellished with colored stitching on collars, cuffs and pockets. All colors and sizes.

No. 84 *Women's Swimming Suits at $3.50*
All-Wool knit swimming suits in one-piece slip-on models, with or without bloomers. All colors and black with colored border. Sizes to 44.

No. 85 *Women's Silk Bathing Suits, $4.75*
Smart slip-on models made of Silk Poplin, Taffeta, Satin and Mohair. Black and navy blue. Sizes 34 to 44.

No. 86 *Women's Rubberized Raincoats, $4.50*
Smart belted models made of Bombazine or Cantonette. In black, navy blue or tan. Guaranteed absolutely waterproof.

No. 87 *Wool Jersey Sport Coats, $6.95*
Several new models to choose from in all the wanted high shades.

No. 88 *Women's Smart Coats at $8.75*
Wool Jersey Sport coats in all fashionable colorings. Also coats of Wool Velour and Serge in most desirable models.

No. 89 *Women's Fashionable Coats $14.75*
In very charming models, made of Wool Velour, Burella Cloth, Gabardine, Serge, Silk Poplin, Taffeta, Velour Checks, and stripes. All wanted colors and white. Half or full lined.

No. 90 *Women's Silk Coats, $18.50*
Modish coats and wraps in Silk Poplin, Taffeta, and Satin; trimmed with marabou or self material. Also—Fashionable Serge Capes in several models.

No. 91 *Women's "Tub" Skirts, $1.95*
In button-front and side effects. Made of Cotton Gabardine or Pique. Waistbands to 36.

No. 92 *Women's Corduroy Skirts, $2.95*
Fine Wide Wale Velvet Corduroy Skirts showing new pockets and belt. Waistbands to 36.

No. 93 *Women's Wash Skirts, $3.95*
Very attractive models, made of Ramie Linen, Honeycomb, Eponge, plain and figured Gabardine, or Pique. Waistbands to 36.

No. 94 *Women's Silk Sport Skirts, $5.75*
Shirred back model with new pockets and detachable belt. Made of figured Silk Faille in various colorings. Waistbands to 36.

FIFTH FLOOR

No. 95 *Men's Beach Robes, $1.45*
Made of Cotton Flannel, or Madras, in candy stripe patterns of blue, grey and navy. Shawl collar or Robe model. Pearl buttons. Small, medium and large sizes.

No. 96 *Men's Japanese Kimonos, $2.45*
Made in Japan of fine quality Woven Madras, in wide stripes of blue and white and gray and white. Two models. All sizes.

No. 97 *Men's Terry Robes, $2.95*
Made of fine quality Terry Cloth in Jacquard figures and striped designs.

No. 98 *Men's Blanket Robes, $2.95*
Made of good quality Beacon Blanket Cloth in Navajo Indian or Jacquard designs. Robe model, buttoned at neck. All sizes.

No. 99 *Men's Imported Pongee Silk Lounging Robes $10.35*
Made in Japan of superior quality Manchurian Pongee Silk in shawl collar model. Small, medium, large and extra large sizes. Silk envelope tag to match.

No. 100 *Men's Oxfords, $6.95*
Made of genuine Imported Pigskin, in the season's newest models.

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We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House but for Cash Only.

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You will have to hurry a bit yourself, because we have only a limited quantity of these fine silk outing shirts—at prices much lower than you would pay in any other good store in town.

Silk Shirts at $7.89

Of high-grade broadcloth silk in neat hair line stripe effects; with smartly cut collars to match.

Silk Shirts at $5.69

Quite different from the ordinary run of shirts; of good quality silk with satin pin stripes; long pointed collars attached.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Cravats, $1.89

Italian Grenadine makes up into very smart cravats—a good variety of which we are showing in large open-end shapes. Fine pin dot effects, single stripes, broad moire stripes and the new heather mixtures.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Running Board Trunks

Excellent for week-end and holiday trips. Of three-ply basswood veneer, covered with enameled duck. Strong locks and catches. Each contains two suitcases 13½ in. wide x 5 in. deep x 25, 28 or 30 in. long. Outside dimensions 10½ in. wide x 15½ in. high x 28, 30 or 32 inches long.

Three Sizes, as follows:

28 in.	30 in.	32 in.
$12.74	$13.74	$14.74

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Men's Underwear

Light-weight athletic underwear of white striped madras. Shirts: Sleeveless, coat style. Drawers: Open knee-length, with side straps and reinforced seats. 79c per garment.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

Garden Hose For Backyard Farms

and for lawns as well, may be found in various grades and lengths in our Garden Supply Department, at prices which mean substantial savings.

3-ply Rubber Hose, 25 ft. $3.12; 50 ft. $6.24

2-ply Braided Hose, 25 ft. $4.09; 50 ft. $8.18

Still another grade of Rubber Hose, 25 ft. $3.87; 50 ft. $7.74

Macy's—Basement, 35th St.

Those Who Commute

may leave their orders for merchandise at the Order Booths, Grand Central or Hudson Terminal, when they leave the trains—and find everything ready for them when they make the train back home in the afternoon.

SAY MORE THAN ONE HANDLED PIPER BODY

Detectives Think Dead Man Was Taken to the Roof, to the Attic, and Back to the Cellar.

MUD CLUE ON DOCTOR'S CAR

Twenty Persons Found Who Heard Shot and Several Remember a Cry for Help Near Condon Home.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 20.—That more than one person was implicated in the murder of John V. Piper, the graduate student at Rutgers College who disappeared on Feb. 17 and whose body was found last Saturday, was indicated today by further study of the evidence that will be available to County Prosecutor Joseph E. Stricker. Dr. William J. Condon, an Army Reserve Surgeon, is now under arrest at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., charged with the crime. Mr. Stricker has refused to admit the possibility of other arrests, but persons familiar with the evidence are inclined to think that there is room for suspecting at least one if not more persons to have been accessory after the fact.

For one thing, the men who found the body near the Englishtown-Spotswood road on Saturday are sure that it was not there on the previous afternoon. It had been dropped amid the shrubbery by the roadside with no particular attempt at concealment. Yet Dr. Condon left New Brunswick on Friday and arrived at Fort Oglethorpe on Saturday. He might have got off the train he first took and returned to New Brunswick, and the authorities are studying train schedules to see if such a delay would have permitted him to reach the camp on the following day.

Mud found on his automobile, and on a pair of the doctor's shoes, is said to be of the same texture as that at the spot where the body was found. The Condon garage is so near the house that the authorities doubt if the car could have been taken out without attracting the notice of the family, and the possibility of another person having worn a pair of the doctor's shoes is not seriously considered.

Other circumstances which may indicate that more than one person had knowledge of the crime were mentioned today by Charles S. Aldrich, stepbrother of the dead man, who employed the Burns Detective Agency on the Thursday following Piper's disappearance and gives that institution credit for discovering most of the evidence in the case, except the body itself, very shortly after the crime was committed.

Three or four days after Piper disappeared there was a general search of the vicinity of New Brunswick by Boy Scouts and Rutgers college students. On that day, according to the testimony given by three persons to the Burns detectives, two persons were seen on the roof of the Condon house handling a bulky package about the size of a human body. There is only a small space on the roof where anything could be hidden from the gaze of persons in the street, but it is big enough for the purpose.

It was weeks later that Alonzo Wellington, the negro who says he saw the body under a rubber sheet in the cellar, was employed by Dr. Condon. In the interim a Burns operative visited the house and went up to the roof with Dr. Condon. There was nothing there; but as the doctor brought the detective down through the attic he asked him, according to the detective, if he noticed a strange odor there. The detectives now think that the body may have been hidden away under the rafters in a far corner of the attic at that time—for the place was not searched thoroughly—and that it may have been carried up there later when Wellington told of his discovery and the cellar was examined by Prosecutor Stricker's representatives.

But Mr. Stricker has admitted that his search of the cellar at that time was rather perfunctory, and that the body might have been there at some spot other than that where Wellington says he saw it.

In any event, it is regarded as highly doubtful that the body could have stayed in and about the house for four months, even though treated with lime, without more than one person knowing of it. It is not known yet who took care of the furnace after Piper's disappearance.

The Burns detectives have also the names of at least twenty persons who heard a single shot in the neighborhood of the Condon home at the hour when Piper is supposed to have been killed. Three or four of these witnesses heard a cry for help. Several of these persons ran into the street and looked about to see where the noise came from; some even looked over a fence adjacent to the Condon home. Yet at that time there were in the doctor's house Dr. Condon himself, Mrs. Condon, her sister, Miss Fox; a negro maid and the four children. None of these admitted hearing anything, except Mrs. Condon, who said she heard something that she took to be the backfire of an automobile.

Among the friends of the dead man there is considerable resentment of what is regarded as the reluctance of a small town police force to take action against a prominent and influential citizen. Mr. Aldrich has expressed dissatisfaction at the failure of Chief of Police O'Connell to produce any evidence in the case and his unwillingness to co-operate with the private detectives whom the family employed. Not only did the Chief refuse to search the Condon house himself, according to this authority, but when at last a Burns man insisted on doing so and asked for police assistance he detailed one patrolman, who was ordered to stand on the corner outside while the Burns operative went through the house.

The family of Charles Gibson, in whose front yard, some 200 feet from the Condon residence, a revolver with one chamber discharged was found shortly after Piper disappeared, were closely questioned yesterday, but without throwing any light on the matter. Wellington, the negro who first saw the body, has been removed to the Somerset County Jail, but no reason for such action has been given by the authorities.

Mrs. Piper, who after she could find no trace of her husband returned with her children to her old home at Springfield, Vt., will not return to New Brunswick, and the body of her husband will be taken to Springfield tomorrow by Mr. Aldrich.

DR. CONDON DENIES GUILT.

Coming Back Willingly to Stand Trial for Murder.

Special to The New York Times.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 20.—Standing in a corner of an iron cage at Police Headquarters here tonight, Dr. William J. Condon denied absolutely that he knew anything regarding the murder of Jonn V. Piper. The prisoner was turned over to the civil authorities at Fort Oglethorpe this afternoon on the arrival of the warrant from New Jersey charging him with the crime. A New Brunswick detective arrived tonight and will take Dr. Condon home early tomorrow. The prisoner will not oppose going back to New Jersey to stand trial.

"My arrest came like a bombshell," said Dr. Condon. "This whole matter was threshed out five months ago. Seven Burns detectives worked on the case at that time and they appeared to be satisfied with the result of their investigation. My cellar was searched and they were convinced nothing was there.

"All this talk about lime on the body being of the same quality as that found in my car amounts to nothing. All lime is of the same quality. We keep it for use in the garden and cellar. They may have found lime on my clothes, but what of that? I frequently work in the garden. I don't see how lime could have been found in my car, if it was lime they found. Let's see—the car was washed about two days before I left home, I believe.

"I am suspected, I suppose, because they say my home was the last place where the man was seen. He attended our furnace, and was a nice, industrious fellow, and appeared to be very studious. He impressed me as having too much work to do. You see he supported a family and went to school. I saw very little of him. He frequently would go for two months without collecting his wages. Sometimes he would send upstairs for the money, and I don't think I ever spoke twenty words to him.

"When he disappeared somebody reported he had heard a pistol shot fired from our house. Burns detectives worked on the case and were baffled. It's a queer case, isn't it? Blood was found in my office—they thought it was blood, but it developed it wasn't. But what of that? There is nothing unnatural about blood being found in a physician's office.

"I didn't know Piper well enough to quarrel with him. My remarks were only 'Howdy do' or 'Good morning' when I would meet him, and that was seldom. He used a separate entrance into the cellar, and never passed through the house. His work was always satisfactory.

"Of course I don't know, but at the time of his death the theory of suicide was advanced. It was said that he and his wife did not get along well together. It may have been just talk. I knew so little of him I scarcely knew his name."

Dr. Condon said it could not have been his pistol that was found. He said his revolver was at home.

HUNT TELLS OF FIGHT AGAINST ARCTIC ICE

Surgeon of Crocker Land Expedition Arrives Here After Perilous Journey.

Dr. Harrison J. Hunt, surgeon of the Crocker Land expedition, arrived in New York yesterday and reported the story of his perilous journey by sledge over the young ice of Melville Bay far in the Arctic zone, to Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn, President of the American Museum of Natural History.

He said that the other members of the Crocker Land expedition were in excellent health when he left them, but that, owing to their supplies being very low, it was imperative that relief be sent to them at once. The committee in charge on Tuesday night had sent Captain Robert A. Bartlett from this city to take command of the sealer Neptune, the third relief vessel which has been chartered in behalf of the Crocker Land expedition.

Dr. Hunt left North Star Bay on Dec. 18, 1916. He was accompanied by another member of the party, W. Elmer Ekblaw. Dr. Hunt, who was at the American Museum of Natural History, said last night:

"The steamship Danmark, which had been sent by the committee in charge, was at North Star Bay when I began my journey south. Donald B. MacMillan, leader of the expedition, Professor Edmund Otis Hovey, and Jonathan Small, another member of the party, were at Etah. Their supplies will last until about Aug. 1, and the members will then be dependent upon what walrus and caribou meat they can obtain at Etah. They might also get eider duck eggs. They have very little coffee. Sugar and canned fruits and flour were being rationed out. They may get some supplies from the Danmark by sledging a hundred and fifty miles to her. That vessel is in about six feet of ice, and possibly she will be freed about Aug. 1. She has stores, but is short of coal.

"I was glad to hear on my arrival here that the committee had already arranged to send the Neptune. Such a help is urgently needed. Another year in the Arctic would prove a great hardship to the members of the expedition and might result in fatality."

Dr. Hunt and Mr. Ekblaw left North Star Bay with six sledges, and were accompanied by five Eskimos. There was deep snow, and the weather was generally bad. When they got out on the ice of Melville Bay they found that the Winter had been comparatively open, and that the ice, which was three inches in thickness and very porous, was continually bending beneath them. The long sledge journey of 1,400 miles, which took from Dec. 18, 1916, until April 16 of this year, was attended by many perils. The sledges were not connected by ropes, but every man on a sledge had near him a coil of rope which he could throw for assistance in case the ice gave way.

Knud Rasmussen, the Danish explorer, who went part of the way with the two scientists, and the old Eskimos, said that the conditions for sledging were the worst they had ever seen. Although there were many narrow escapes, only one sledge was thrown in the water. The Eskimo who was driving it was rescued and it was recovered. The supplies ran very low toward the end of the journey and five of the dogs died of starvation, owing to the shortness of the rations. Meat was obtained from Eskimos caches. At night the party camped under the lee of icebergs.

The latter part of the journey was undertaken by Dr. Hunt, accompanied only by an Eskimo, as Mr. Ekblaw remained at South Upernavik.

"I went by klak, a small canoe-like boat, from Egesesminde to Holstenberg," Dr. Hunt continued, "and from there by steamship to the Faroe Islands and Copenhagen. I cannot say too much concerning the kindness and hospitality with which I was received by the people of the Danish settlements in Greenland. I went to their houses clad in Eskimo costume, tired and hungry, and they received me as I was, gave me a bath, the best bed they had in the house and their choicest food and provided all the good cheer they could. That is an experience so bright that I shall never forget it.

"On my arrival at Thorshaven I tried to get passage on a British vessel, but was told that in so doing I would run a great risk. Instead I went to Copenhagen, from which port, owing to war conditions, I went by ferry and train to Christiania, where I embarked upon a steamship. The steamship officials declined to take any American citizens at Copenhagen. It was lucky that I followed that course, for before the steamship reached Christiania she was demanded to know if there were any Americans on board."

Dr. Hunt said that from the scientific point of view the Crocker Land expedition, which was sent out under the joint auspices of the American Museum of Natural History, the American Geographical Society, and the University of Illinois, was obtaining excellent results.

"Donald B. MacMillan, the leader of the expedition," he continued, "has gathered an enormous amount of valuable scientific data. Dr. Hovey, who is probably the best equipped geologist who has ever gone into the arctic, is in excellent health and spirits and is doing splendid work. He has set up the seismograph at Etah and has arranged to make extensive observations of all kinds.

"Captain George B. Comer, the veteran ice pilot, who was sent forth on the first relief expedition, is a man of considerable scientific attainments. When this hale mariner is not engaged in his calling he makes researches in archaeology. He is now conducting some most important work in the study of the remains of the ancient peoples of the north.

Dr. Hunt left last evening for Bangor, Me., where he will rejoin his family after an absence of four years.

"In view of the further information which I have obtained from Dr. Hunt on his arrival here," said George H. Sherwood, acting Chairman of the committee in charge of the Crocker Land expedition, "the committee is all the more anxious to send forward the Neptune to the relief of the party as soon as possible. The expedition has been a very costly one, but has yielded results entirely commensurate with the expense. The committee would greatly appreciate financial aid from the general public to enable it to bear the heavy burden of chartering a vessel like the Neptune to go to the rescue of these intrepid explorers in the arctic."

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CRUGER DEMANDS WOODS'S REMOVAL

Continued from Page 1.

identified Dead and Missing Persons, which has been in charge of Lieutenant Grant Williams.

"Spare no one," was Commissioner Woods's instruction to Inspector Faurot. At the same time Commissioner Woods instructed Inspector Faurot to begin at once to excavate in the basements formerly occupied by Cocchi's shops to determine whether he had murdered and buried others. Inspector Faurot said that he would begin the work of excavation this morning.

Inspector Faurot said last night that he had talked only to a few of the police officials and detectives engaged on the case. As far as his inquiry had gone, he said, he had found nothing to show negligence on the part of the detectives. Inspector Faurot received last night a large number of typewritten reports from detectives and officials in the case, who had been ordered earlier in the day to write out briefly what their part in the search for the girl had been.

Henry Ankenmann, the boy of 18 years, who worked for Cocchi until last August at his shop in 127th Street, furnished much new testimony in the case yesterday. He said last night that Cocchi frequently boasted of his power with the police. He said that chauffeurs who got into trouble frequently came to Cocchi's shop, and that strangers among them said that they had visited him because policemen had given them this prescription for getting out of trouble: "Go see Cocchi."

Helped Dig the First Pit.

Ankenmann said that some time before he left Cocchi's employ in August he had assisted Cocchi in digging the first pit under the concrete floor of the basement. This pit was found by the police the day after the discovery of Ruth Cruger's body, and it was supposed that Cocchi had dug it, intending to place the body of his victim in it, but that he had struck bedrock at one foot and a half below the surface, a circumstance which compelled him to dig a second hole.

One construction placed on the boy's story was that as long ago as last August Cocchi had a victim in contemplation, and had dug the pit long in advance in order to dispose of the body. It was in August last that Cocchi was making advances to 14-year-old Philippa Muréal and in September that she was rescued by her mother after Cocchi had decoyed the girl into the cellar and attempted to choke her.

The theory that Cocchi might have dug the burial place for Ruth Cruger before the murder was advanced yesterday. To support this theory it was held that unaided Cocchi could not have dug a pit and disposed of the body on the nights of Feb. 13 and Feb. 14.

The theory of the police and District Attorney has been that Cocchi must have had accomplices, not in the crime, but in covering the evidence of it, because it was thought impossible that one man could have done so much.

"Cocchi had me helping him in the rear of the basement to enlarge an opening for motor cycles to enter," said Ankenmann. "While we were at this he said:

"'I want to dig a place in the basement, and we might as well start on that now.'

"We dug until we struck bedrock, and then he decided to stop. He never said what he wanted the hole there for, and I did not ask him."

Ankenmann said that while he worked for Cocchi in Cocchi's shop at 227 West Eighty-third Street in 1914 and 1915 Cocchi was visited frequently by women and was constantly getting in trouble with his wife because of his attentions to young girls.

"Mrs. Cocchi told me once," he said, "that she had beaten a 14-year-old girl in front of a Broadway restaurant because she was always riding with him on his motor cycle. This girl was with Cocchi a good deal. She used to deliver the rolls for her father, who kept a bakery, and Cocchi would take her to restaurants on his motor cycle. She had rolls for the restaurant when Mrs. Cocchi attacked her."

Activities of the District Attorney.

District Attorney Swann yesterday gave out the names of two young girls who had been named by Mrs. Cocchi in telling how she had quarreled with Cocchi and with young girls when she found them together. Mrs. Cocchi said that she had gone to the father of one of these girls and demanded that he keep her at home after she had intercepted a letter to her from Cocchi to the girl inclosing $25. It was discovered later yesterday that this young woman was supposed to visit his shop daily for a short period to keep his books, and that the money was her pay.

Filling in the outline of the charge made by Mr. Cruger that the police had seemed to be more eager to find a flaw in his daughter's character than in clearing the mystery, Mrs. Cocchi told several members of the District Attorney's staff who questioned her yesterday that Captain Cooper, Sergeant Frank McGee, and Detective John Lagarenne had told her a month after the disappearance of her husband that the police had solved the case by the discovery that the girl had died in a hospital. Henry Ankenmann said yesterday that a man, who was either a police detective or a private detective, had tried about a week ago to find out what he knew of the case, and that this man also had given the same account of the girl's fate which Mrs. Cocchi attributed to the detectives. Captain Cooper, who was among the first to be summoned to Police Headquarters to undergo examination by the Inspector, denied the charge of Mrs. Cocchi's flatly. He said:

"My investigation of the case from the beginning showed me that Miss Cruger was a perfectly good girl, and I have always said that, and never have said anything different. I never said anything of the kind to Mrs. Cocchi.

Sergeant McGee and Detective Lagarenne also made flat denials of Mrs. Cocchi's statement, and added that their belief had always been that the girl was of the highest character.

Mr. Swann repudiated with indignation yesterday the statement said to have emanated from a member of his staff that there was reason to suppose that the murder was committed by a jealous woman. This statement was not printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES. Mr. Swann's declaration on the subject was as follows:

The suggestion made in some of the morning papers that the District Attorney is in possession of evidence which would lead to the belief that the murder of Ruth Cruger was committed by a woman, through jealousy or otherwise, is entirely without foundation in fact. No suggestion has been made by this office that would justify such a conclusion.

The evidence in possession of the District Attorney leads irresistibly to the conclusion that the murder was committed by Alfredo Cocchi; whether or not he had accomplices is a question upon which the District Attorney has an open mind. We are following up every lead, and the District Attorney is reserving his judgment on the question of accomplices until all of the evidence is collected and thoroughly investigated.

No information that Miss Consuelo La Rue has given to the District Attorney to date appears to him to be of any value in the Ruth Cruger case.

Mr. Swann added that it seemed perfectly clear that Cocchi was the only man to have had any part in the murder, but that he might have had accomplices in burying the body and in escaping. Regarding the case of Victor Blady, who is held as a material witness in connection with the murder, the District Attorney said yesterday that H. E. Snow, a member of the First Cavalry, had left the clothes in a locker at Cocchi's shop, which it was thought might be Blady's property. In a statement Mr. Swann said:

H. E. Snow, (of the First Cavalry, about to depart for France,) the owner of the suit which was found in the hole and the coat of which was tried on and fitted Victor Blady perfectly, explained that the suit had been left in a locker at Cocchi's when he gave up motor cycling about two years ago. At that time he told Cocchi he could keep the motor cycle and the clothes.

The handkerchief, which was also found, bearing the name H. G. Smith, has been traced to the owner, and Mr. Smith said that it was left with some clothing in Cocchi's Eighty-third Street store when he gave up motor cycling.

Blady, who was questioned at great length by Assistant District Attorney Dooling, said yesterday that he now remembered one day last Winter—he was not sure whether it was Feb. 13, the day of the murder, or not—that Cocchi had barred him out of the backroom of his motor cycle shop on some pretext. Everything now indicates that the girl was murdered in the rear room of the shop. The murder occurred at 2:30 on the afternoon of Feb. 13, and only the locking of the door for the remainder of the afternoon would have concealed the body and other evidences of the crime in that room.

Blady gave an extended account of his dealings with Cocchi.

"As I drove a car in the neighborhood," he said, "I easily became acquainted with Cocchi. He allowed me to use his tools. Last year he was very busy in his basement building a motorcycle and which he had invented. I took a great interest in it and went down frequently to see how it was progressing. I thought that I would have known of it if there was a hole in the floor between the shop and basement and that is why I expressed surprise."

Cocchi completed his invention last Winter and drove his motorcycle about. A picture of the machine, with Cocchi and a woman, not his wife, seated with him in the machine, was printed in a New York newspaper last Winter.

Cocchi's Relations With the Police.

The friendship of Cocchi with motor cycle policemen was traced back seven years yesterday afternoon by the statement of Otto Schiller, who occupies a basement at 53 West Sixty-third Street, one door from the corner of Broadway, where Cocchi had his motor cycle shop for nine years.

"I rented a basement adjoining Cocchi's more than six years ago," said Schiller. "Cocchi had been there for nearly three years before that. When I first came here motor cycle policemen were friendly with him and were always going to his shop. There were never any women in his place. It was too public a place for one thing, being right on Broadway. The only thing I ever saw that was wrong with him was that my cash was once stolen and stolen in such a way that I never could see how any one but Cocchi could have entered the shop and taken it."

The basement at 53 West Sixty-third Street has a floor of solid concrete, which is much worn and apparently several inches thick. This is the first place occupied by Cocchi after he entered business for himself. He next had a shop near the corner of Seventy-ninth Street and Broadway. No further search will be made here, according to Commissioner Woods, if it is found that excavation was made to any depth in constructing the new building. The third shop occupied by Cocchi was at 312 Amsterdam Avenue, near Seventy-fifth Street, which is now a fruit shop. His last place preceding the shop in 127th Street was at 227 West Eighty-third Street, now a live bird and fish store.

In all of these neighborhoods Cocchi left behind him an unsavory reputation. Inspector Faurot said that it had not yet been determined at which place excavations should start. Lieutenant Thomas O'Brien, head of the Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, will have charge of this work. A number of policemen will be assigned to help him.

In a round of the buildings formerly occupied by Cocchi made yesterday and the day before, the proprietors of the three shops formerly occupied by Cocchi and still existing and persons living or working in the neighborhood, said that no detective or policeman had called at any time to inquire about Cocchi's past or to make any inspection of the basements. At Police Headquarters yesterday a list of addresses of three places formerly occupied by Cocchi was given out, but it did not contain the address of 53 West Sixty-third Street, which had not then been printed in the newspapers.

The minute investigation of Cocchi's shop in 127th Street by Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling and members of the Police Department brought forth yesterday some interesting discoveries. A charred piece of unidentified material believed to be bone was found among the ashes of a small furnace in the basement. It was about an inch and a half in diameter and less than an inch thick. It was believed that this might prove to be the fragment of the skull of Ruth Cruger which was missing when the body was found. It was sent to Dr. Otto H. Schultze, medical assistant to the Coroner, for analysis as to the material.

A large, rusty penknife was found in a coal bin in the store, and this was put aside for investigation because the knife with which the body was torn after the skull had been crushed has not been found. A knife with two blades broken off was found among the ashes in the stove, and a rusty table knife was found in the yard in the rear of the basement.

A new figure in the story was introduced yesterday afternoon when it was found that on the night of Feb. 13 a man had visited Cocchi at his home shortly after his supper and had accompanied him to his shop. When she was questioned about this Mrs. Cocchi said that she remembered that a visitor had come for her husband that evening and that her recollection was that he had gone to the house because he found the shop closed when he went to have a machine repaired. She said that she thought the man's name was "Shank." Detectives were sent immediately in search of the man.

Record of Missing Girls.

Following statements by Mrs. Grace Humiston, who with the aid of J. J. Kron found the body of the missing girl, that the number of girls kidnapped by white slavers in New York City came to a shocking total, an investigation was made of the records of the Police Department. These figures indicated that about 800 women had been reported missing since the first of the year, but that the vast majority had been found or returned. In May 164 women were reported lost and 161 were recorded as found. Many of these had been reported missing in earlier months.

In discussing this subject Commissioner Woods said that he had investigated the story regarding Philippa Muréal, the 15-year-old girl who was rescued from Cocchi. The story was true, he said. Then he added:

"Had that girl's mother notified the police of the incident Cocchi would have been investigated and the Cruger girl might be alive today. I would like to serve notice on all mothers and parents that if in the future their daughters or children meet with harm, or if men make any suspicious advances to them, they should immediately report it to the police. The communication may be addressed to me personally. Such communications will be treated strictly in confidence and will receive the most painstaking attention of the police."

It was announced yesterday that Mrs. Grace Humiston had refused to accept the reward of $1,000 offered by Mr. Cruger for the recovery of his daughter, dead or alive, but that Mr. Cruger would not allow the money to be returned.

Mrs. Humiston said that Mr. Cruger had suggested that the $1,000 be made the initial gift toward a "Ruth Cruger Fund," to be raised for the purpose of aiding in tracing missing girls and in breaking up gangs of white slavers and other criminals who menace young women.

Guard for Miss La Rue.

Miss Consuelo La Rue, who late on Monday night threw herself from the room of her apartment on the third floor at 215 West Eightieth Street, and said after she was picked up badly injured that two men had attacked her for giving information as to where the body of Ruth Cruger was buried, was placed under the guard of two policemen at the Polyclinic Hospital last night.

Assistant District Attorney Rorke said that this was done for fear that efforts would be made to kill her or spirit her away from the hospital. He said that one attempt had been made to reach her since she was placed in the hospital. It was asserted that she had told a sensational story, in which an alleged international white slavery organization figured.

Officials who believed that Miss La Rue threw herself from the window of her room after suffering from hallucinations, changed their position sharply last night when the police were able to verify many details of her startling story.

While no direct statement was made by those who talked to her at the Polyclinic Hospital last night, it was intimated that she had given important information about an alleged white slave syndicate, which was described as bringing girls to this country from Latin American countries.

Mr. Rorke said that the woman had made such astonishing statements that he has hesitated about accepting them until policemen sent to investigate had quickly checked up the essentials of her statement.

Her original statement to detectives, which was rejected at the time as too melodramatic to be true, was that she had come to this country from Spain, meeting on the way a number of foreigners, some of rank. She was said to have asserted that at a dinner at a fashionable place in this city she had been drugged and her subsequent experienced gave her the evidence described as of the greatest importance, which she turned over to Mrs. Humiston and to Assistant District Attorney Rorke.

Mr. Rorke said that he had positive evidence that an attempt had been made by those in danger from her disclosures to reach her and silence her.

After learning of this attempt and verifying some of the most sensational statements of the woman, Mr. Rorke telephoned to Lieutenant Frye of the West Forty-seventh Street station and asked that policemen be assigned to guard the room of the girl night and day. Policemen Reinar and Correy were detailed to this assignment. Mrs. Humiston, who was one of those to question her, was accompanied by Detective Mahoney, who has been assigned as her personal bodyguard. She was also accompanied by Dr. Disilo of 333 Central Park West.

They questioned the girl, who is suffering from a fractured leg and internal injuries, from 8:45 to 11:15 o'clock, when Mr. Rorke, Mrs. Humiston, the physician and the bodyguards proceeded to the West Forty-seventh Street Station. Lieutenant Frye at first demurred about sending two men, because he said that all policemen would be needed today because of the coming of the Italian mission, but, after he had heard Mr. Rorke's reasons, he promptly assigned the men.

FORESEES ZEPPELINS HERE.

German Technical Discussion Based on Possibilities After War.

COPENHAGEN, June 20, (via London.)—A German technical weekly says that regular Zeppelin trips to America are a possibility of the not distant future. The paper holds that only a moderate increase in size over the present type would give the necessary lifting capacity for an airship making a trip of four days.

The article was apparently written with only peace voyages in mind.

RESUME CHASE OF GERMANS

British in East Africa Rout Foe on Estuary of the Lukeledi.

LONDON, June 20.—An official communication relating to operations in East Africa was made public tonight, reading:

On June 10 operations were begun by our forces at Lindi (a seaport of German East Africa) with the object of clearing the enemy from the shores of the estuary of the Lukeledi River. Aided by the fire of the warships, a surprise landing was effected in the vicinity of Mrweka, on the estuary, and a German detachment which for some time past had occupied the place and mounted a naval gun there was driven toward Mtama, (Mtua?) twenty-three miles to the southwest.

On June 12 our patrols from the direction of Kilwa destroyed an enemy food supply depot at Utigeri.

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Half a Million Miles *of* New Telephone Wire!

DURING the past year and a half, in order to meet the rapidly increasing requirements for telephone service, this company has added to its wire facilities alone *more than half a million miles of wire!*

THIS NEW WIRE represents an investment of nearly *seven million dollars* and is sufficient to encircle the earth at the Equator more than *twenty times!*

THE ADDITION of this telephone wire represents but part of a tremendous amount of work this company has done to prepare your telephone system for war-time service.

Your cooperation to prevent damage to your telephone apparatus will help to conserve equipment difficult to replace at the present time.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

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UNION SUITS FOR MEN
The coolest, newest and most comfortable warm-weather undergarments that any man can wear. Simple in construction, perfect in fit and supremely satisfactory from every standpoint. Try them to-day—your money back if you don't like them.
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125th Street at 3rd Avenue—Open Evenings

THIS MAN DESERTED FROM THE GERMAN ARMY!
HE was sick at heart—appalled by the accumulating horror of it all!
DO soldiers shoot their own officers in the back? This book is the only book that tells.
ARE officers' revolvers trained on soldiers to drive them forward? This book tells you.
A German Deserter's War Experience
is the cold-blooded recital of a soldier who crossed Belgium with the first columns. He was in the Marne retreat. He was at Verdun.
AND—concerning the terrific facts you *must* know about war—the brutalities of it—the fraternizing between enemy soldiers—the drab existence in the trenches—
THIS German deserter tells the vivid truth.
WITH American soldiers on their way to the battle-line you *cannot* —you *must not*—fail to read
A German Deserter's War Experience
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Get it at your nearest book store today. One dollar.
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The National Drink

THIRSTY? Tired? Want something soothing and cooling? Just pour out a sparkling, inviting glass of Welch's.

You never tasted anything more refreshing nor could you select a drink more beneficial than Welch's.

Take it "straight" or with water—plain or charged. Doesn't matter, you always get that natural flavor of sun-ripened Welch Premium-Quality Concord grapes.

Welch's is in an ever-growing sense the National Drink. Absolutely pure and delightfully satisfying. Fine for the children—always welcome in the home and a comforting friend at the soda fountains.

Order Welch's for home use from grocer, druggist or confectioner. In big and little bottles, 10c up.

Write for free booklet, "Welch Ways." Ninety-nine ways to serve Welch's

The Welch Grape Juice Company, Westfield, N.Y.

BELGIUM INSPIRED BY OUR WAR ACTION

Baron Moncheur Asserts Our Entrance Into Conflict Makes Certain an Early Peace.

EXPRESSES THANKS FOR AID

And Gives Special Praise to Hoover for Relief Work—Will Address the Senate Tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Baron Moncheur, head of the Belgian War Mission, today expressed to the American people, through the Washington correspondents, Belgium's deep gratitude for America's "generous outpouring of material assistance and sympathy." He paid a special tribute to Herbert C. Hoover for his Belgian relief work.

"The purpose of our visit to this country," said the Baron, "is to express to your Government and people the heartfelt gratitude of Belgium for the generous outpouring of material assistance and sympathy which have gone so far to save my stricken countrymen from the horrors of famine and to maintain their unshaken courage in this hour of trial.

"Our warm gratitude to you for this help will never cool, but you are now adding still more to our great debt. Our people, saved from famine, still groan under the yoke of a merciless invader. Of all the peoples of the world none have ever had a more flaming love of liberty than those of Belgium, and this makes their suffering the more acute. Your entry into the war not only brings to us the satisfaction of finding in an old friend a new ally, but fires us with complete confidence in an early and victorious issue of the great struggle which has brought to my country so much of misery and suffering.

"Our admiration for your decision in entering the war is all the greater because we know that you did so in full knowledge of all its horrors, and realized fully the sacrifices you will be called upon to make, the tears that will flow, the inevitable heartache and sorrow that will darken your homes. This shows us, as nothing else could, the determination of your country to see that when peace comes it shall be an honest peace, one that can last, and one that will bring freedom and happiness to all nations.

"In voicing my country's gratitude I am happy to be able to pay a tribute of admiration and affection to Mr. Hoover, under whose able and untiring direction the great work of feeding Belgium was carried on. We rejoice for you that a man so eminently fitted by ability and experience should be at your service in handling the great food problems that confront you.

"From being one of the foremost industrial nations of the world, ranking fourth among exporting countries, Belgium for the time being has been ruthlessly wiped out. Her factories are closed. With cold calculation for the ruin of the country, the invader has even removed the machinery from our factories and shipped it to Germany as part of a far-sighted and cynical program of economic annihilation. And, worst of all, a part of Belgium's unoffending laboring class has been torn from their families and sent to toil in Germany under a system that would have offended the moral sense of the Middle Ages.

"But this is only a passing phase. Belgian confidence and courage has never wavered. On the day of deliverance sounds of industry will again be heard. And on that final day of victory the friendship of our two peoples, purified in the fire of suffering, will emerge greater and stronger than ever and unite us in even stronger bonds that shall, God willing, never be broken."

Baron Moncheur will address the Senate Friday to express gratitude for what the United States has done for Belgium. The invitation was extended to him by Vice President Marshall and accepted as an opportunity to give a message to the American people. The mission spent a quiet day today and visited the training camp at Fort Myer.

NEW BELGIAN EXILES STYLED 'VOLUNTEERS'

Germans Establish a Brussels Recruiting Bureau for War Industries and Farming.

HAVRE, June 20.—Information reaching the Belgian Government daily from occupied territory confirms the fact, officially denounced by the Belgian Government, that the Germans have begun again to carry off by force Belgian civilians and compel them to perform work useful to the enemy.

According to forms for classification of the inhabitants of Mons, prepared by the German authorities and in possession of the Belgian Government, Belgians have been divided into five categories: Men from 18 to 40, from 15 to 17, and 41 to 60; women from 15 to 35, and from 36 to 60. In each category information must be furnished as to the identity of the person, his or her profession, and place of employment.

An American who had occupied an official position in Ghent, who was recently expelled from Belgium, informed the Belgian Government that the German authorities about April 15 demanded of communal administrations new lists of unemployed workmen, members of the middle and upper classes without occupation, and in addition those of persons in regular employment. These facts taken together justify, in the opinion of the Belgian authorities, the liveliest apprehensions as to the designs of the enemy.

COPENHAGEN, June 20, (via London.)—A German Industrial Bureau has been established in Brussels for the purpose of recruiting Belgian labor for German war industries and Belgian women for farm work. The official announcement mentions the "voluntary" nature of the recruiting, but does not specify the conditions. The details are available only on application to a local trade bureau, and laborers can return to Belgium only with the permission of the military authorities.

The Belgian provinces have refused to meet the increased war contribution of 60,000,000 marks monthly which the Germans have no wimposed upon them. In the same fashion as formerly the Germans have now imposed upon them the banks. The banks receive the security of two-year bonds, for which the provinces are responsible, the amount covering six months' contributions.

AIR RAID VICTIMS BURIED.

Bishop of London Conducts Services for Children Killed by Germans.

LONDON, June 20.—Sixteen children, only two of whom were over 5 years of age, the victims of the last German air raid on London, received a public funeral this afternoon, and their bodies were laid in a common grave in an East End cemetery, over which a monument will be placed.

Seldom, if ever, in the history of the country have children been accorded such a funeral. The Marquis of Crewe attended in behalf of the Government, while Major General Sir Francis Lloyd, general officer commanding the London district, represented the army. There were messages from the King and Queen, while the Bishop of London, assisted by the Bishop of Stepney, conducted the services in the church, which was a bower of flowers sent by children from all parts of the country.

Most of the floral offerings contained perfunctory words of sympathy, but others did not mince matters. These nearly all bore the inscription: "To our children murdered by German aircraft."

NO SLIGHT TO SPRING-RICE.

Curzon Explains the Business Nature of Northcliffe's Mission.

LONDON, June 20.—Earl Curzon in the House of Lords today, replying to a question by Lord Buckmaster regarding Lord Northcliffe's mission in America, said that Lord Northcliffe had gone thither as the representative of the Government, but that there was no analogy whatever between the functions which Mr. Balfour discharged on his mission and those of Lord Northcliffe.

The latter, he said, had been appointed by the War Cabinet to co-ordinate and supervise the work of the departmental missions in the United States and to maintain friendly relations between the allied representatives and the American authorities. His duties were in no sense diplomatic, and they would in no way conflict with those of the British Ambassador or derogate in the smallest degree from the position of the Ambassador.

In so far as business ability and energy were involved, Earl Curzon did not think that in any quarter there was suspicion that Lord Northcliffe was not supremely qualified for the work he had undertaken. When his appointment was suggested, Earl Curzon said, in no quarter was it received with more friendliness than by the Ambassador, who so ably represented the United States in this country.

IRISH CHOOSE DELEGATES.

O'Brien Faction, However, Refuses to Recognize Convention.

LONDON, June 20.—Irish Unionists and Nationalists held a meeting in Westminster today and selected delegates for the Irish convention. The names of the delegates, however, will not be published until after they have been submitted to Premier Lloyd George.

William O'Brien, in a letter to the Premier, declined the invitation to send delegates in behalf of the "All for Ireland party." He refuses to participate in the convention, which, he says, can only inflame and intensify Irish discontent, and throw on the Irish people the blame for the Government's own failure.

Recent experience, said Mr. O'Brien in his letter, had convinced him that only to a small round table conference of thoughtful, competent Irishmen, not a heterogeneous assembly, mostly composed of pre-committed partisan politicians, can Ireland look with confidence for judgment, and he urged a referendum as the only means of ending the controversy.

Bomb Outrages Stir Buenos Aires.

BUENOS AIRES, June 20.—In the last few days bombs have been exploded in several places in the capital, but so far no one has been killed. A bomb exploded today near the tramway and did considerable damage. The campaign of terror is attributed to anarchists.

CITY GREETS ENVOYS FROM ITALY TODAY

Welcome to be on Same Scale as Accorded to British and French Commissions.

WILL REMAIN THREE DAYS

Public Ceremonies Will Be Supplemented by Private Entertainment —Fellow-Countrymen to March.

New York City will be in gala attire today to welcome the Royal Italian War Commission, which is due to arrive this afternoon and remain until Saturday. Adopting the suggestion of the Mayor's Reception Committee, many business houses and private residences will display the Italian colors, while public buildings will be suitably decorated. Italian residents of the city have made elaborate plans to give the distinguished visitors a royal welcome.

The main reception will be at the City Hall. A court of honor has been erected there, and there will be appropriate ceremonies when Mayor Mitchel welcomes the mission on behalf of the city. The Reception Committee plans to give the visitors the same sort of welcome the British and French Commissioners received.

Headed by the Prince of Udine, who is a cousin of King Victor Emmanuel, the mission will reach a point in New Jersey during the afternoon and be met by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, and Lloyd C. Griscom, formerly Ambassador to Italy. They will be taken to the Battery on a fireboat, reaching there at 3:30 o'clock. The main Reception Committee will receive them and a squadron of mounted police will escort them to the City Hall. The party is due there at 4:30 o'clock. The reception ceremonies will be held in the Aldermanic Chamber. Mayor Mitchel will make the speech of welcome and the Prince of Udine and Marquis Luigi Borsarelli di Riefreddo, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, will reply on behalf of the commission.

Leaving the City Hall at 4:45 P. M. the visiting party, which numbers about twenty, including State Department officials, will proceed up Lafayette Street in automobiles to Fourth Street, to Washington Square, where a halt will be made long enough for a wreath to be laid on the Garibaldi statue. From Washington Square the party will proceed up Fifth Avenue to the home of Pembroke Jones, 5 East Sixty-first Street, where the visitors will stop while in the city. At 7:15 tonight the party will be entertained at dinner at the Hotel Plaza, with Governor Whitman present. At 9:30 P. M. there will be a reception at the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Admission will be by invitation only. The reception will last until 11 P. M., when the party will return to the Jones mansion.

At 12:15 P. M. Friday afternoon the visitors will be entertained at luncheon at the Hotel Astor by the Merchants' Association. The route to the hotel will be down Fifth Avenue to Forty-fifth Street. Leaving the hotel at 2:30 P. M. the party will proceed to Broadway, to Fifty-seventh Street, and west on Fifty-seventh Street to the North River, where it will embark on a steamer for a trip to Staten Island. There will be a wreath laying ceremony at the Garibaldi memorial and a visit to the old Garibaldi home at 4 P. M. Friday evening there will be a dinner to the Commissioners at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. Mayor Mitchel will preside.

At 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning the Commissioners will go to the College of the City of New York, where elaborate ceremonies will be held at the stadium. Italian societies will march, and there will be a musical program. The route will be from the house of Mr. Jones to Fifth Avenue, to 110th Street, to St. Nicholas Avenue, to the college. Leaving the college at 1:15 P. M. the Commissioners will go to 60 Morningside Heights, where they will be entertained at a private luncheon given by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler. The visitors will be left to enjoy themselves in their own way the rest of the day.

ARGENTINA MAY JOIN US.

Impression Grows That the Government Will Abandon Neutrality.

BUENOS AIRES, June 20.—The impression that the Government Party intends to bring about abandonment of Argentina's neutrality in the war, created by the article yesterday in El Diario, which always has upheld President Irigoyen, is strengthened by the fact that several members of the President's party have taken a stand in favor of adhesion to the policy of the United States.

It is probable that a bill dealing with the question of Argentina's neutrality will be introduced in Parliament.

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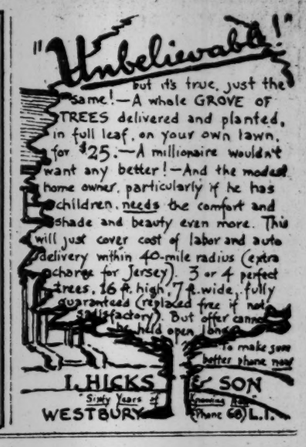
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but it's true, just the same!—A whole GROVE of TREES delivered and planted, in full leaf, on your own lawn, for $25.—A millionaire wouldn't want any better!—And the modest home owner, particularly if he has children, needs the comfort and shade and beauty even more. This will just cover cost of labor and auto delivery within 40-mile radius (extra charges for Jersey). 3 or 4 perfect trees, 16 ft. high, 7 ft. wide, fully guaranteed (replaced free if not satisfactory). But offer cannot be held open long. Better phone now to make sure
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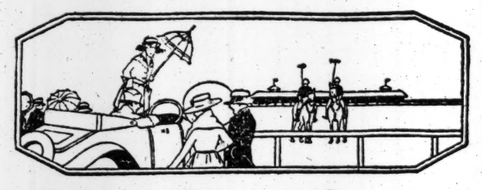

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for
Town, Country, Mountain and Seashore

Made from reserve stocks of Summer materials
AT MUCH LESS THAN USUAL PRICES

STORE CLOSES THIS SATURDAY AT ONE P. M. DAILY AT 5 P. M.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Important Sale TO-DAY

Women's Scotch Gingham Dresses

Of imported Anderson Scotch Gingham
With wide patent leather belt

Two distinct models of blocked or checked gingham in desirable colorings; white organdie or cotton gabardine collar and cuffs.

Reduced to 14.50

NONE SENT ON APPROVAL.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Fifth Floor, B'way Front

Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Fifth Floor, B'way Front

Quality and Variety Mark This
SALE of SUITS
For MEN and YOUNG MEN

$17.50 Suits that were $19.75 and $22.50

$21.50 Suits that were $24.75

Not a special purchase but every suit taken from stock and re-priced at a figure lower than our usual "Lowest-in-the-City" price.

If you have been thinking of getting a new suit—ACT NOW—while the range of sizes, styles and fabrics is complete—and consider yourself one of the fortunate few—for if we were to purchase these clothes to-day they would cost you from 15% to 20% more than the original prices.

All Sizes Including Longs, Shorts and Stouts.

English Sack Coats Conservative Styles Fancy Mixed Cheviots
Norfolks and Pinch Backs Double Breasted Models Unfinished Worsteds
Cassimeres and Flannels Homespun Mixtures

Direct Elevators on 35th Street Side

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only

Your Red Cross subscription:

The heart of a woman will tell you how much

You bought your Liberty Bond. But you made a profitable investment—and you did it with your head.

Now comes a problem your heart must decide.

It isn't whether you will give, but how much. Not a son or a daughter or a parent who will not have some part in this. And when you give, it's gone. None of it ever comes back to you—principal or interest.

One thing sure—there won't be enough. Somebody's broken man will die miserably out under the stars solely because aid did not reach him.

Ever have a severe toothache? We and our toothaches! Soft pillows and warm beds and sympathy, and the dentist on the other end of the telephone!

It's hard to visualize a thousand tragedies of suffering;—think of *one:* just such a chap as you were when you were twenty-one, just such a fellow as your son would be today if you had a son, lying helpless in a shallow hole with his face in the mud, drenched and cold and torn, groaning through the interminable hours of night; or under the broiling sun, unable even to brush the flies from his eyelids, parched with thirst and racked with pain—

—If $50 did nothing but carry a tin cup of water to that one boy it would be well spent.

It is the fearless men of the Army ambulance corps who go out to him with first aid and stretchers, and carry him back, not only tenderly but skillfully, to the base hospital. And it is there, as in thousands of other ways, that your Red Cross money goes to work, insuring him at least a measure of relief and a certainty of all the healing and comfort that the devoted care of trained men and women can give him.

If he has to die after all, he passes out sweet and clean, and not in the wretchedness of loneliness. If he can be healed, he comes back to usefulness and happiness—certainly well worth the price!

Can you make up your mind how much to give? All right, you man: You ask your wife, or your mother. Trust her woman's heart—she will know.

AMERICAN RED CROSS
War Finance Committee
42 Wall Street Telephone 5073 John

I want to subscribe $..... to the American Red Cross. I enclose my check in full.

I want to subscribe $..... a month to the American Red Cross. I enclose my check for $..... for first installment.

Name .....
Address .....

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PRESIDENT CALLS FOR ARMY RECRUITS

Issues Proclamation Asking 70,000 Men to Join the Colors Next Week.

ARMY MEN PROMPT ACTION

Concerned Over the Slow Rate of Recruiting—121,363 Enlisted Since April 1.

A Proclamation by the President.

I hereby designate the period June 23 to June 30 next as Recruiting Week for the regular army, and call upon unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 40 years, who have no dependents and who are not engaged in pursuits vitally necessary to the prosecution of the war, to present themselves for enlistment during the week herein designated to the number of 70,000.

(Signed) WOODROW WILSON.
June 15, 1917.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—President Wilson has put his shoulder behind the wheel of army recruiting in an effort to have the regular army brought up to the full war strength of 293,000 men by July 1. He issued a proclamation today designating the week of June 23 to June 30 as recruiting week for the regular army and calling upon unmarried men without dependents to enroll for war service in order that the ranks of the regulars might be filled promptly.

The President's action was taken at the request of army officials who have been seriously concerned over the slow rate of recruiting for the regular army. It had been hoped that the regular service could be brought to its whole war strength by June 30, which would have permitted the War Department to carry out its plans in regard to the training of all the forces to be raised, and also as to the dispatch of armies to France. For several days, however, the average enrollment for the army has been little more than 1,000 men a day, instead of the 5,000 or more the department hoped to obtain.

On April 1, the army needed 183,898 men to raise it to war strength. Since that date, a total of 121,363 men have been recruited. Owing to losses of one sort or another, since that date, it is necessary to raise about 70,000 men to bring the army to war strength.

The cavalry, engineer, coast artillery, signal, and quartermaster corps of the army have been raised to war strength. Forty-five thousand recruits are needed at once to complete the new regiments of infantry and field artillery which the Government wants to organize and train as quickly as possible for service in Europe. Twenty-five thousand additional recruits are desired at the earliest possible moment to fill vacancies to maintain the army at war strength. Facilities are in readiness for placing these 70,000 men under proper training. The delay in obtaining this number will cause the loss of valuable time. It was to avoid this delay, if possible, that the President issued his proclamation.

Recruiting was at low ebb again Tuesday when only 1,178 men were obtained. New York led with 187, and Pennsylvania was second, with 140. Nebraska fell off on its previous daily average, only eight men having been obtained. The daily recruiting statement issued by Adjt. Gen. McCain follows:

State.	Obtained June 19.	Total to Date.	State.	Obtained June 19.	Total to Date.
Alabama...	8	1,273	Nebraska..	8	2,251
Arizona ...	..	178	*Nevada ..	5	618
Arkansas..	9	741	N. Hamp..	..	280
California..	34	4,042	N. Jersey..	59	3,792
Colorado...	6	1,141	N. Mexico.	..	188
Connecticut	18	901	N. York...	187	12,305
Delaware..	7	167	N. Carolina	9	956
D. of Col.	2	261	N. Dakota.	6	440
Florida ...	5	940	Ohio	66	5,344
Georgia ...	20	2,966	Oklahoma..	21	1,603
*Idaho	4	694	*Oregon ..	13	2,167
*Illinois ...	99	11,809	Penn. 140		13,711
*Indiana ..	32	6,793	R. Island..	8	448
Iowa	33	3,467	S. Carolina	4	729
Kansas	18	2,753	S. Dakota.	5	700
Kentucky..	23	2,219	Tennessee..	17	1,650
Louisiana..	15	1,229	Texas	30	4,389
Maine	..	533	*Utah	13	1,236
Maryland..	16	557	Vermont ...	..	71
Mass.	59	4,852	Virginia ..	5	990
*Michigan..	62	5,758	Washing'n.	6	1,416
Minnesota..	30	2,475	W. Virginia	8	1,152
Mississippi.	7	772	Wisconsin..	4	1,512
Missouri ..	54	5,539	*Wyoming..	3	426
*Montana...	..	968			

*Quota obtained.
Total quota, 183,898.
Total obtained June 19, 1,178.
Total obtained since April 1, 121,363.

The navy obtained 422 recruits on Tuesday, bringing its total enlisted strength up to 121,350 men. This is being raised to 150,000 men as fast as the navy is able to care for new men obtained.

SHOWERS AT MADISON CAMP

Students Take Long Hikes, Some Tramping Fifteen Miles.

Special to The New York Times.

SACKET HARBOR, N. Y., June 20.—With storm clouds hovering overhead and occasional dashes of rain, the reserve candidates at Madison Barracks today went out on extra long hikes in the morning, some of the companies covering fifteen miles. At noon the student officers enjoyed steaming hot dinners. Through a special arrangement the Commissary Department procures the best of vegetables and meats, and despite the arduous and trying drills the men are showing the effects of good plain living.

Colonel Sample today denied that Morgan T. Coakley of Buffalo had been discharged from the reserve camp. Press dispatches stated Coakley was discharged because he was said to have written a letter prior to his entrance at Madison Barracks Camp "protesting against the sending of American troops to France." He was a former member of the Sixty-fifth Regiment, Buffalo, and also served an enlistment in the Marines. The War Department declined, according to the dispatch, to make public the reason why Coakley was honorably discharged from the camp. Colonel Sample said today that Coakley left the camp with the student engineer candidates on Sunday evening, bound for Washington, and that if dropped he received the discharge on arrival there.

BELL GOING TO PLATTSBURG

General Will Open Y. M. C. A. House and Address Students.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., June 20.—Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commander of the Department of the East, is expected at the camp here Friday night. Saturday afternoon he will open the hostess house, which has been built by the Young Women's Christian Association at the post, with rest rooms and reception rooms, where students may meet their relatives and friends. Saturday evening he will address the students.

It is expected that the Plattsburg Chamber of Commerce will confer with General Bell concerning the advisability of establishing a second officers' training camp at Plattsburg at the end of the present one. Should the Government require more land Plattsburg citizens are prepared to make a gift of three square miles between the post and Bluff Point. The cost of equipping the present camp will total more than $500,000. If a second camp is not held at Plattsburg, it is pointed out, a similar amount must be spent to provide for quarters elsewhere.

Infantry instruction at Plattsburg is becoming more varied, involving both trench and open field warfare. The students are now taking up terrain exercises. Companies are deployed in the open country, and a student is called unexpectedly from the ranks. The tactical problem involved is explained to him, and the man is required to manœuvre his company, utilizing the conformation of the ground in the best possible manner.

RECONSIDER PLAN FOR NEWSPAPER TAX

Senate Committee Discusses Levy on Advertising Receipts Instead of on Net Profits.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Senate Finance Committee today reconsidered its action of last week in levying a tax of 5 per cent. on the net profits of newspapers and periodicals in the War Revenue bill. The committee took up an earlier proposal to increase the cent-a-pound second-class postage rate and to levy besides a tax of 1¼ per cent. on advertising receipts in lieu of the tax on net profits, but no decision was reached.

An amendment was also discussed to tax all net earnings of newspapers and periodicals above $4,000 from 3 to 10 per cent. This was Senator Smoot's idea. Under this scheme no earnings below $4,000 would be taxed. While this met with the approval of many of the committee, no vote was taken on it.

The newspaper and periodical tax went over for further decision, along with the excess war profits tax, which occupied half the committee's day. The committee talked for a long time over a proposal to include individuals operating their own business in the corporation tax. An exemption was considered for concerns whose profits do not run above $5,000 a year.

The committee had before it an amendment to exempt from the excess profits tax new corporations which had subnormal pre-war incomes. A suggestion was made to tax these corporations 6, 7, or 8 per cent. of the net war earnings. This tax will be voted on later in the week.

Undistributed surplus of corporations and partnerships as an item of war tax was discussed. Senator Penrose favored putting a tax on the year in which the surplus was earned. This, too, went over.

Later in the week the committee will take up Senator La Follette's substitute for the entire War Revenue bill, with the provision for the levy to be put wholly on excess corporation war profits, alcoholic drinks, and tobacco.

URGES NEWPORT CLEAN-UP.

Daniels Tells Local Authorities Naval Recruits Must Be Protected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Secretary Daniels today issued a statement containing the allegation that conditions at Newport were in certain respects so immoral that they seriously imperiled the young recruits sent to the Naval Training Station.

According to the Secretary, today, the matter was some time ago brought to the attention of the Governor of Rhode Island, who referred it to the Mayor of Newport, from whom a report was forwarded, denying the allegations and defending Newport as having "no unusual degree of immorality." After receiving this report the Navy Department made an investigation. Agents of the Department of Justice were employed, with the result that Mr. Daniels says that he has now sent to the Governor a complaint containing details of alleged lax conditions.

In the course of his statement Secretary Daniels said:

"At Newport and other places are gathered several thousands of the finest youth of the land, who have offered their lives for the service of their country at a time when this sacrifice is no figure of speech. Most of them have come from carefully guarded homes, and their parents have given them to their country in sacred trust that the Government will safeguard them from unnecessary perils.

"I am charged with the duty of training these young men for service in the navy. State and local officers are charged with the duty of seeing that the laws of their States and of the United States are faithfully executed. There lies upon us morally, to a degree far outreaching any technical responsibility, the duty of leaving nothing undone to protect these young men from that contamination of their bodies which will not only impair their military efficiency, but blast their lives for the future and return them to their homes a source of danger to their families and to the community at large.

"I am determined that, so far as this department is concerned, nothing shall be left undone that is possible to discharge the duty of protecting these lads who have been committed to our care."

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 20.—The complaint from the Secretary of the Navy to Governor Beeckman relative to conditions in Newport was not unexpected, as it was known that the Governor, whose wife is President of the Newport Chapter of the American Red Cross, had received complaints from relatives of members of the Naval Reserve force here.

Last week Louis Howe, private secretary of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Franklin D. Roosevelt, came from Washington and had a long consultation with the local committee of the Red Cross, interviewed naval officers, and investigated conditions himself.

Four thousand five hundred and ninety men are enrolled for naval duty here, three-quarters of whom are college men.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt is expected to come here tomorrow night from Boston. He will be the guest of Governor and Mrs. Beeckman, and will look over the training and torpedo stations, naval hospitals, and reservists' camp.

Governor Beeckman gave out the following statement tonight:

"I fail to see why Secretary Daniels should give to the press an account of a communication which he says that he sent to me before I had received the same and given an opportunity to answer it. I resent his action extremely."

Fireman Receives Gold Medal.

Sergeant William S. Cashman of Fire Patrol 3 received the fire underwriters' gold life saving medal yesterday in the rooms of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters, 123 William Street. This is the highest honor that can come to a member of the fire patrol. Only fourteen of the medals have been awarded since the incorporation of the board in 1867.

CARE AND KNOWLEDGE

"That valor which is not founded on prudence is rashness."
DON QUIXOTE.

THAT is why, before insuring titles, we get the best law and the most careful examination possible.

It is too dangerous a business to take any more risks than we have to take.

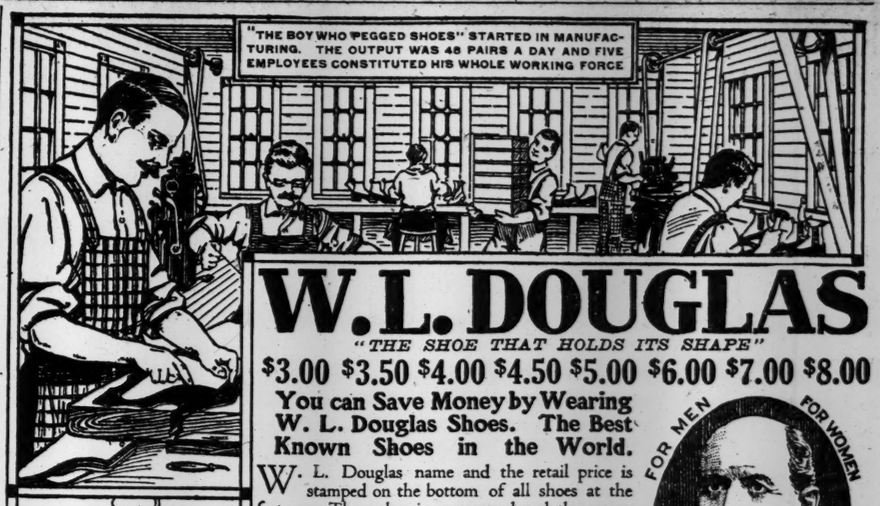
The unavoidable risks are bad enough but it is we who take them—they are off your shoulders.

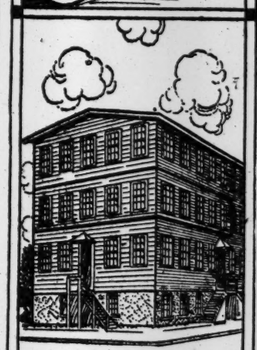
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co
Capital $ 5,000,000
Surplus 11,000,000
176 B'way, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

NATURE
THE BALANCING POWER

IT is a known fact that Nature in her wonderful compensatory balance provides an antidote for every ill. Just as she endows France with a remarkable richness of soil and climatic conditions for the production of the finest wines, so also she produces from the inner depths of her soil the most perfect mineral—an exact corollary—in the beautiful, clear, pure, sparkling tonic Digestive

Perrier
"The Champagne of Table Waters"
OF FRANCE—FROM FRANCE
DRINK TODAY


"THE BOY WHO PEGGED SHOES" STARTED IN MANUFACTURING. THE OUTPUT WAS 48 PAIRS A DAY AND FIVE EMPLOYEES CONSTITUTED HIS WHOLE WORKING FORCE



Factory showing 30x60 room in which he began manufacturing, July 6, 1876

W.L. DOUGLAS
"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"
$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 $8.00

You can Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W.L.Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 103 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to order shoes by mail, postage free. W. L. Douglas, President, W.L.Douglas Shoe Co. 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS SHOES
Best in the World
$3.00 $2.50 $2.00

BEWARE OF FRAUD
None genuine unless W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

W. L. Douglas Stores in Greater New York:

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th St.
847 Broadway, near 14th St.
*1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Square)
*984 Third Avenue.
*1452 Third Avenue.
*2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
*2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
347 Eighth Avenue.
*250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton.
*1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
*478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
*859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
*HOBOKEN—120 Washington St.
*UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
*NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
*PATERSON—192 Market Street.
*TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

*Stores marked with a * carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women.*

Some Success!

Lucky Strike cigarettes

Toasted tobacco That's why!

YOU cigarette smokers are strong for a new idea—when it's a good one.

You've certainly shown that—the way you've all joined the Lucky Strike smoke circle. The tobacco is toasted—that's why. There's a new idea that represents the only big advance in cigarette making in 20 years.

Toasted tobacco appeals to your imagination and your good sense.

It makes you think of delicious hot buttered toast, of broiled steak, of coffee (roasted)—all sorts of things that taste better cooked. You know that 95% of your food is cooked—and, consequently has more flavor. We toast the Burley tobacco for Lucky Strike Cigarettes to give it more flavor and seal it in. In almost any store you can see this "demonstrated." We show you why we toast the tobacco.

The Lucky Strike cigarette is a new creation—a new idea because the tobacco—

How to open the package
Tear off part of the top only, as shown

Cigarettes in paper packages of 20 are carried more handily this way, and keep better; less likely to spill into your pocket.

20 for 10c

If your dealer does not carry them, send $1 for a carton of 10 packages to The American Tobacco Co., New York City

It's toasted

Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.
INCORPORATED

Copyright by The American Tobacco Company, Inc., 1917. 6C

What Happened Yesterday in Western Business?

Read C. B. Evans, editor of the Economist, in the Business Section of today's Public Ledger. His dispatch from Chicago gives not merely the customary figures of trading, but the undercurrent of commercial thought and the trend of business affairs that accurately show what the West is thinking and doing.

Westerners in New York will find in C. B. E.'s articles the consensus of opinion of the leading manufacturers, business men and bankers of all the mid-western centers.

In addition to C. B. E.'s letter, there are complete reports of all financial and commodity exchanges, special dispatches, reports from Washington, and pertinent NEWS OF BUSINESS from every section of the United States.

The Public Ledger is the only daily newspaper issuing a special Business Section.

PHILADELPHIA
PUBLIC LEDGER

On Sale at Leading Hotel Newsstands in New York

TO SEE HISTORY IN THE MAKING.

The MID-WEEK PICTORIAL of THE NEW YORK TIMES is the only 24-page rotogravure illustrated publication issued anywhere in the United States. It appears every Thursday, presenting what is most historic, most beautiful, most thrilling, and most interesting on land and sea in Europe, Asia, Africa, and America! What a privilege to see History in the Making, to possess as priceless souvenirs the precious mementos of the most eventful episodes of history in the incomparably soft tones of rotogravure! All news stands. Every Thursday—24 pages, 10 cents a copy. Mailed, postage prepaid, to any address, one year, $5.00.

ANTI-DRAFT CASE GOES TO JURY TODAY

Judge Mayer Orders Acquittal of Miss Parker, Who Was Not Active After Bill Was Signed.

PARENTS WARNED STUDENTS

Prof. Cattell Testifies That He Told His Son to Avoid the Conspiracy Law in Writing Pamphlet.

Dr. James McK. Cattell, professor of psychology in Columbia University, took the stand in the Federal District Court, yesterday, as a witness for his son, Owen Cattell, who is on trial for conspiracy to obstruct the operation of the selective draft law.

"Is it not true that you came to my office the day following the arrest of your son and the other defendants in this case?" asked Harold A. Content, Assistant United States District Attorney.

"It is," Dr. Cattell answered.

"Now, is it not also a fact that while in my office you told me that the Government of the United States was making itself ridiculous in this case?"

Before Professor Cattell could answer, Morris Hillquit, counsel for young Cattell and his co-defendants, objected to the question and was sustained.

"And is it not true that you told me that you knew President Wilson and the members of his Cabinet, and that you were certain that they would not approve of the Government's action in this case?" Mr. Content asked.

Again Mr. Hillquit was ready with an objection and Judge Mayer sustained him.

The trial of Owen Cattell, Charles Francis Phillips, and Miss Eleanor Wilson Parker was resumed before Judge Mayer yesterday afternoon. The defense rested its case at 4 o'clock, and Judge Mayer ordered the jury to acquit Miss Parker, the evidence so far as she is concerned showing that she did not take any active part in the anti-conscription propaganda after President Wilson signed the Selective Draft bill on May 18 last. In the case of the two young men the jury will have to decide.

Tried to Stay Within the Law.

Phillips and Cattell testified on Tuesday, and both swore that they had intended to bring the no-conscription pamphlet, of which they, with Miss Parker, are joint authors, within the law, but that before they could make the necessary alterations the Federal Secret Service stepped in and seized the originals of the anti-draft documents. Both swore that they had not intended to violate the law, although several days later Phillips refused to register in his election district, stating that he would decline to live up to the law.

On the stand Miss Parker said that she had attended the meeting of the Collegiate Anti-Militarist League on May 8, and had aided in the preparation of the pamphlet the Government contends is evidence of a conspiracy to defeat the purposes of the law. She did not see the document after the President signed the draft law, nor did she have anything to do with the activities of Phillips and Cattell in getting the pamphlet printed.

"I really did not know whether it was legal or illegal," said Miss Parker in answer to a question by Mr. Content. She said that on Saturday, May 26, which was eight days after the President signed the draft law, Phillips called her on the telephone and said he was nervous for fear they had exceeded the authority granted them at the May 8 meeting, in regard to the composition of the pamphlet. Miss Parker told him he had better consult a lawyer, and it was after that Phillips consulted Harry Weinberger, who is the attorney for Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman.

"All of us," added Miss Parker, "wanted to make the pamphlet legal before distributing it."

Miss Parker said that she realized that it would be unlawful for a man of conscript age not to register, but said she did not know it was a crime for a third person to advise a man of the stipulated ages not to register.

Phillips Warned by Father.

Harry Phillips, a manufacturer of clothing, father of the defendant Phillips, followed Miss Parker on the stand. He testified that he had advised his son not to violate the laws of the United States and that his son had promised to keep within the law.

Mr. Content asked him if he knew that subsequent to the date on which he advised his son to obey the law the latter had refused to register as required by law. Mr. Hillquit objected and was sustained. The elder Phillips is known to have no sympathy with the propaganda of which his son was a part.

Professor Cattell testified that on May 26 and again on May 27 he had warned his son to stay within the law and had pointed out that the signing by more than one person of a document such as was planned would constitute a conspiracy.

Mrs. Cattell, the mother, and Miss Quinta Cattell, the sister of the defendant, corroborated the testimony of Dr. Cattell.

The last witness called was E. R. Brimhall, an instructor in psychology at Columbia. He said that Owen Cattell had told him that his father had advised him against violating the law and had informed him what constituted the crime of conspiracy.

Mr. Content and Mr. Hillquit will sum up this morning and the case is expected to go to the jury about noon.

LAST CHANCE TO REGISTER.

Slackers May Escape Jail by Going to District Headquarters.

Men of conscript age who have violated the Selective Draft law by failing to register for service still have a chance to keep out of jail if they go to the Assembly District Headquarters in the district in which they live and offer themselves for registration. Word to that effect was telegraphed to the Federal authorities in this city yesterday, by Brig. Gen. E. H. Crowder, U. S. A., the Provost General of the United States. It is estimated that there are several thousand men in New York who have failed to observe the law and General Crowder's warning may be the last that will be given.

Philip Lavine, 128 Second Avenue, and Herman Woscow, 79 Division Street, who were arrested at an anarchist meeting on the east side last week, for failure to register and who refused when the chance was given to them, were sentenced to prison by United States Judge Julius M. Mayer yesterday. Lavine was sent to jail for one month and Lavine for four months. William Herrguth, who was also arrested at an anarchist meeting, was ordered returned to the Kings Park Insane Asylum from which he recently escaped.

John X. Ducastos, a Greek, who tried to change the record of his birth in order to escape registration, was sentenced to one month in prison by Judge Mayer.

Havana Dock Strike Spreads.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, June 20.—The cart and wagon strike has become general, the stevedores and other harbor workmen having joined it. The Government tried to relieve the congestion of the wharves today by using the wagons of the army and the Department of Public Works, driven by policemen, with a squad of two policemen to each wagon.

The Government Needs Marine Engineers, and Will Teach Likely Candidates Free

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20.—You will help your country in a direct and telling way by publishing in THE TIMES the fact that the United States Shipping Board is seeking the name and address of every man in the United States who can qualify, with or without special training, for a position as an engineer officer on an American merchant ship.

The Merchant Marine will need within eighteen months 5,000 additional engineers in all grades. To start in training those not yet qualified to secure United States inspection papers, the Government will open on July 2 a chain of free schools in marine engineering, at some of the best known technical colleges in the country, for which marine engineers of all grades, oilers, and water tenders, also stationary engineers, are eligible. Duration of term, one month.

After passing examinations of steamboat inspection service students will have opportunity for further training under service conditions until wanted on ships of the new merchant marine. The designated free engineering school for your section is Stevens Institute, Hoboken, N. J. Candidates for admission should apply to Professor F. L. Pryor, in charge of the course.

There are also needed for the merchant service 5,000 Captains and Mates. Candidates for this service may obtain free preliminary training in navigation at Government schools being established on the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific Coasts.

Further information regarding the service in both branches may be had from Henry Howard, Director of Recruiting for the shipping board, Custom House, Boston.

WILLIAM DENMAN,
Chairman United States Shipping Board.

BEGIN BIG ROUND-UP OF CENSUS SHIRKERS

Six Subpoenas Issued and 100 Other Cases Under Investigation by the Director's Staff.

POLICE HAVE CHECK SYSTEM

Those Who Gave False Names and Addresses Must Appear at Headquarters for Examination.

Men and women who are trying to evade the State Military Census by giving false names and addresses are to be systematically hunted down and brought to the courts, it was announced yesterday at the office of the Director of the Census, at 261 Broadway. Director E. P. Goodrich issued subpoenas for six persons during the day and about 100 other cases reported from registration stations are under investigation.

Two of the persons for whom subpoenas were issued are said to have given false names and addresses in attempting to register. They have been investigated and reported "not found." Service of a subpoena was made by proxy on another census offender, a member of his family accepting it, but Mr. Goodrich ordered that the man be served personally and be required to appear today at the census headquarters for an examination.

"We have a very good record of the number of people who are liable through the work of the Police Department in its check-census," said Director Goodrich. "For example, in City Island the people there estimated the total population within the military age limits at 800, and yet the police found 1,400 eligible persons living there. Many persons may believe they have escaped the police census, but they will find that their neighbors or dwellers in the same apartment house have furnished the necessary data by which we will be enabled to reach the shirkers."

The registration yesterday was less than 90,000, the lowest daily registration thus far reported. It is believed that approximately two-thirds of the registration has been taken. Additional registration places were opened on the east side and in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn. Through the co-operation of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society forty additional stations were opened on the east side, and the Educational Alliance assisted in providing for the registration of several thousands. The League of Foreign Born Citizens has opened its headquarters at 138 Second Avenue for registration daily, from 7 to 10 o'clock.

One lot of census takers who have never ran short of supplies is that of the women of Westchester County, entrusted by Mark D. Stiles, County Census Director, with the entire work. Mrs. William Belknap of Oscawann, acting as Chairman, sent to Albany by automobile for the county supplies in advance and each of her leaders was instructed to keep 700 blanks of every kind ahead to be ready for emergencies.

"I am delighted with the way the suffragists have stood the test of this work," said Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip yesterday. "All of the 4,000 women workers have had a large vision of the magnitude and importance of the work, but they have at the same time grasped the details of the work and carried out complex orders like professionals. The success of the Westchester suffragists in the organization and machinery of their work shows that women can put through big jobs."

Arrest 19 Slackers; 16 Register.

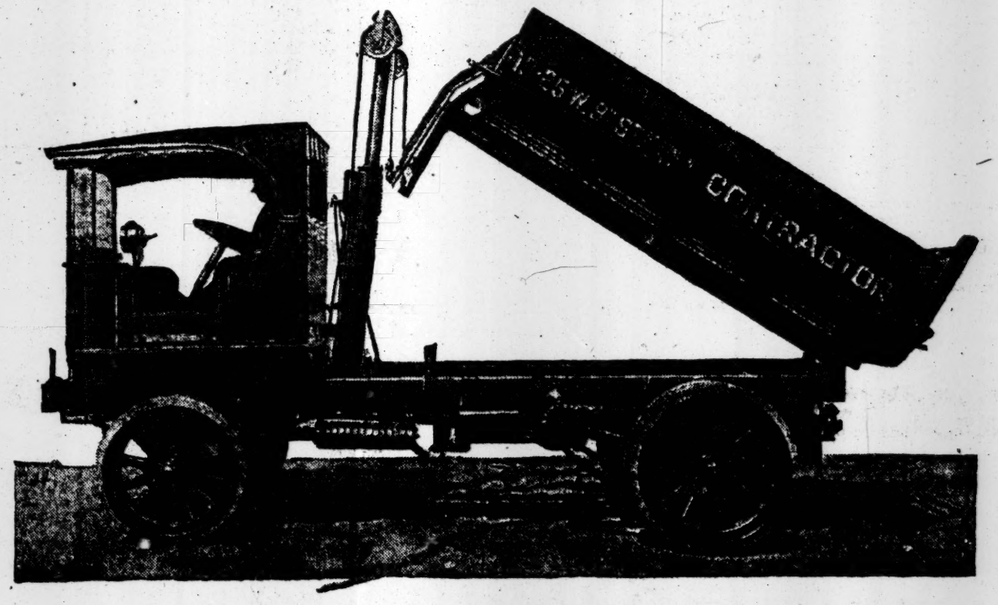
ELIZABETH, N. J., June 20.—Nineteen slackers, sixteen of whom are employes at the Singer Sewing Machine factory, were arrested today. Three refused to register when Sheriff Otto gave them the chance. They said they had enough experience with army life in Europe and did not come to this country to fight. The sixteen who registered were released, but those who refused were taken into custody. The prisoners are John Rosteck and Joseph Barkosk, Poles, and John Rios, a Spaniard.

It helps one to keep in good condition to have a daily ration of

Grape-Nuts
FOOD

The entire nutriment of wheat and barley, and the mineral salts of the grain, all combine to make a *delicious food,* easy to digest, and a wonderful upbuilder of body, brain and nerves.

"There's a Reason"



"I Have Standardized on Garfords"

John Muldoon

"Enclosed find signed contract for *five more 6-ton Garford Dump Trucks.*

"This order, together with the fact that in the past three years I have purchased *thirteen other Garfords,* is a good indication of what I think of your trucks and your service.

"As a large subway contractor, *power* is my first consideration in a truck, *ability to keep in service* comes next, and *low operating cost and upkeep* are also very important.

"After a careful analysis of my experience with motor trucks, I have found that *Garfords stand first in each of these requirements.*

"I have therefore *standardized on Garfords.*"

Garford Motor Trucks

There's just one thing we can add to John Muldoon's enthusiastic endorsement — our *complete* line of trucks ranging in carrying capacity from 1 to 6 tons makes it possible for *you* to operate Garfords in *your* business —whatever it is—just as profitably as John Muldoon does in his. We can prove it.

Garford Motor Truck Co., Inc.

NEWARK, N. J.
Show Rooms and Service Station,
330 Central Ave.
Tel. 7030 Market.

NEW YORK CITY
Show Rooms and Service Station
427 W. 42nd St.
Bryant 8330.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Show Rooms,
1264 Bedford Ave.
Tel. 9938 Prospect.
Service Station,
407 Third Ave.
Tel. South 5900.

The Garford Motor Truck Company, Lima, Ohio

Manufacturers of Motor Trucks of 1, 1½, 2, 3½, 5 and 6 ton capacity
4½, 7 and 10 ton Tractors
The Garford Road Builder

Distributors and Service Stations

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Chicago, Minneapolis, Salt Lake City, Seattle, St. Louis, Denver, El Paso, Houston, Portland, San Francisco, Columbus, Cincinnati, Los Angeles, Indianapolis, Harrisburg, Newark, Brooklyn, Spokane, Toledo, Birmingham, Louisville, Richmond, Chattanooga, Kansas City, Cleveland, Akron, Canton.

Eighty-eight Per Cent.

The manufacturer of a high-class motor car wrote to owners of that car in the vicinity of New York asking what New York newspapers they read.

Of 1,180 replies received, 1,044, or 88 per cent., replied:

The New York Times

Call Out the "First Line of Defense"

WHEN enlistments and training camps start to deplete your office staff: when the executives who are left are struggling each to take care of two men's correspondence, don't get the idea that retreat and demoralization are ahead of you

Because:—A word on the telephone will call out the *first line of office defense*—the Seely Office Appliance Company—Edison Correspondence Engineers. We will make an initial survey of your office without charge. We will show you how—even under the altered conditions—you can produce a

Far Bigger Volume of Correspondence for the Same Money

This correspondence engineering service of ours is based on the famous rapid-firing

EDISON Dictating Machine

the genuine dictating machine built by a group of engineers that work under the master engineer, Thomas A. Edison.

Don't wait. Phone Rector 3598 for appointment *now.* Or pin this coupon to your letterhead.

Seely Office Appliance Co.
116 Liberty Street, New York

Branch Office: 207 Market St., Newark, Phone 8053 Market

Metropolitan Distributors for Thomas A. Edison, Inc.

Read This COUPON Carefully

EDISON, 116 Liberty St., New York

I'm interested in increasing my output of correspondence without increasing costs. If you've got *proof* to give me instead of *talk,* send your man in.

Name .....

Address .....

(*Telephoning* will save 6 to 24 hours. Call Rector 3598.)

PATRIOTIC RALLY AT CIVIC CONCERT

3,000 Sing National Anthem, with Anna Case, at Orchestra's Summer Opening.

'FIGHT FOR ART,' SAYS KAHN

Col. Chatfield, U. S. A., Pleads for Recruits — Monteaux's 80 Players Give Music of High Class.

Three thousand persons welcomed the Civic Orchestra last evening at the St. Nicholas Rink in West Sixty-sixth Street, and when they caught sight of an American flag moving to the front of the brightly lighted stage, they sprang to their feet while Anna Case sang "The Star-Spangled Banner," with Pierre Monteux's eighty players. On the second round, the prima donna suddenly raised the flag in both arms and cried "Sing!" which the enthusiastic crowd did in a shouting chorus.

The patriotic demonstration, occurring midway in an international program, was followed by brief speeches by Treasurer Otto H. Kahn of the Civic Orchestra Society, and Colonel W. H. Chatfield, U. S. A. Mr. Kahn, in introducing the military guest, emphatically lined up the Summer concerts in New York with some of the bigger undertakings now in the mind of the nation.

"We are all Americans," exclaimed Mr. Kahn, "whatever blood flows in our veins, and we can say, as was once said long ago, that it is not for honor, glory, or interest that we fight, but for liberty alone, the most precious of those high and noble things that make life worth living. Another of those things is art, and in time of war it is our duty to see that the sacred flame of art is not extinguished. The flag of art is a neutral flag, and, please God, it always will remain so. I want to add a word of the appreciation with which all our hearts go out to sublime France [Applause] and to a distinguished son of France, Pierre Monteux, soldier and conductor.

"The keynote of everything at this time is patriotism,'" Mr. Kahn added, "and we have arranged that at each one of these concerts a speaker on national issues will appear."

The house cheered as he then presented Colonel Chatfield, who congratulated the society on its stand, not only for patriotism, but for music, which, he said, such an enterprise was able to pass on for the enjoyment of all. Then he told about the army recruiting.

"The facts speak loudly for themselves," Colonel Chatfield said. "The quota for New York is 10,000 men, two men in each thousand of population, to be obtained by June 30. There are ten days left, and we lack 3,000 men. General Pershing is waiting in France for this first regular army. Every corporation, every household, every club, every church can help, and we beg of them to it.

"New York never yet took a large order but what it executed it," he continued. "There is no person in this house but can use his influence to produce recruits, and we beg of them to do it. We look to you to place this country where it may remain safe for democracy. When the war is over—and, God helping, it will be over soon—your country will still have trained men. I am calling on you to help us and help yourselves," he concluded, amid great applause.

Last night's music, as a beginning of the ten weeks' series, was of high class, including compositions of Bach and Beethoven, the first of these with solo by George Barrere, flutist of the Symphony Society; also French works of Lalo, Cesar Franck, and Charpentier, and others by the Russian, Rimsky Korsakoff, and the Rumanian Enesco. At the first violin's stand sat Gino Nastrucci of the Metropolitan Opera. Miss Case sang with rare charm the familiar air of "Louise" and a number of songs and encores, besides the patriotic airs, ending with "America."

Next Sunday a second concert will be given.

HELD FOR SHOOTING FLAG.

V. E. Macy's Butlers Alleged to Have Mutilated Stars and Stripes.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, June 20.—Charged with shooting the American flag at the country home of V. Everit Macy in Ossining, two Scandinavian butlers employed there were arrested and held in $100 bail each in Judge Theodore C. Sherwood's court today. The prisoners asked time to obtain counsel, and the case was adjourned until Monday.

The defendants, George Petersen and Ordano Wallen, Norwegian and Dane, respectively, were arrested by Constable N. C. Tuttle on complaint of Joseph McGrath, another employe of the Macy estate, who told the Judge he witnessed the mutilation of the large silk flag that hung from the front porch.

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19, Cleric and Bambi.
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139, Blue Sprocket Garage.
411, Express Garage.
EAST 37TH ST.
238, 37th Street Garage, McCook & Co.
EAST 39TH ST.
150, Lexington Auto Garage.
EAST 40TH ST.
27, Murray Hill Garage.
32, McDermott Garage.
EAST 41ST ST.
Commonwealth Garage.
142, Boylston Garage.
EAST 47TH ST.
Biltmore Garage, Inc., 205 to 213.
EAST 54TH ST.
126, Monmouth Garage.
218, Mercedes Garage.
226, Monmouth Garage.
414, Knickerbocker Garage.
EAST 55TH ST.
418, C. W. Cavenagh.
EAST 57TH ST.
156, 57th Street Garage, J. J. O'Hara.
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416, Olegar's Garage, C. A. Olegar.
EAST 63D ST.
418, Central Garage.
EAST 64TH ST.
209, Ritz Garage.
226, Terrace Garage, Inc.
EAST 65TH ST.
226, Halcyon Garage, Inc.
242, Tuxedo Park Garage.
EAST 67TH ST.
61, J. McEwen.
EAST 72D ST.
E. River Auto Club of America.
EAST 73D ST.
182, Brooks Garage.
EAST 75TH ST.
112, Urban Garage.
116, Spengler Auto Company.
178, Nathan Garage.
EAST 76TH ST.
436, Lind & Co., Gus.
EAST 77TH ST.
159, Ardsley Garage.
EAST 81ST ST.
208, Avon Garage.
EAST 84TH ST.
115, Belmont Garage.
157, 84th St. Garage Corp.,
327, Yorkville Garage.
EAST 86TH ST.
205, Yorkville Central Garage.
EAST 88TH ST.
56, Wm. Pollock.
196, Watson Club Garage, Inc.
EAST 89TH ST.
Niagara Garage, 57 East 89th St., New York
EAST 90TH ST.
431, Arfman's Garage
EAST 91ST ST.
492, Fisher's Garage Co., Inc.
EAST 96TH ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Parkview Garage.
EAST 99TH ST.
51, Healy's Taxi Company.
EAST 102D ST.
400, Wicke's Garage, A. G.
EAST 104TH ST.
435, Eagle Garage.
437, Market Auto Garage.
EAST 105TH ST.
55, Lyons' Garage, M.
402, Saratoga Garage Co.
EAST 130TH ST.
154, Strathmann Auto Company.
165, Corinthian Garage.
EAST 126TH ST.
135, Kahn's Garage.
EAST 133D ST.
447, Byrnes Garage.
EAST 137TH ST.
252, 137th St. Garage Corp.
EAST 139TH ST.
270, Mott Haven Garage Co., Inc.
EAST 147TH ST.
430, Hub Garage Co.
EAST 149TH ST.
437, Hub Gasoline Station.
EAST 152D ST.
Cor. Bergen Ave., Bronx Centre Garage.
EAST 163RD ST.
770, Woodstock Garage.
EAST 103D ST.
490, Melrose Garage.
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412, Hewson's Garage.
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EAST 200TH ST.
Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
EAST 215TH ST.
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2408, Holland's Gasoline Station.
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647, St. Nicholas Garage.
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662, Cirkers, George.
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155, Casino Garage.
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1780, Kolbe A.
3645, R. Bentley's Garage.
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220, Hudson Garage.
236, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
WEST 42D ST.
348, 42d Street Garage.
431, N. Y. Auto Packard Bearing Co.
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307, Astor Garage.
WEST 45TH ST.
Interboro News.
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228, Carlened Co.
WEST 48TH ST.
315, Forty-eighth Street Garage.
WEST 49TH ST.
147, Forty-ninth Street Garage.
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218, Mason Bros., Inc.
235, People's Garage.
345, Caron Garage.
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125-131, Parker's Garage.
139, O'Toole's Garage.
141, Ritz-Carlton Garage.
215, J. A. Ryan.
223-234, Postal Garage.
WEST 52D ST.
113, Joscelyn Garage.
115, 52d Street Garage, Blake Luke.
146, M. W. Smith Co.
551, McNulty Bros.
680, Buick Motor Co., Thos. A. Cowan.
WEST 54TH ST.
114, Proud Taylor Elec. Co.
124, The Obrvan Garage.
147, Webb's Garage.
155, S. S. Garage, Inc.
238, Norman Garage.
247, Auto Club of America.
Cor. B'way, Reo Motor Car Company.
WEST 55TH ST.
139, Aero Garage.
411, Hotel Rental Service.
417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y.
419, Mitchell Motor Car Company.
WEST 56TH ST.
107, Park Garage.
114, Great Northern Garage.
122, Lotos Garage.
133, Gem Garage.
152, Newport Transfer Co., M. Buckley.
155, Flint Garage, L. H. Cornish.
160, Day and Night Garage.
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515, Clinton Garage.
518, Eagle Garage.
631, White Company.
Cor. B'way, Colt-Stratton Company.
WEST 60TH ST.
20, Lewis, S. H.
25, Locomobile Co. of America.
40, St. Paul Garage.
WEST 62D ST.
S. Detroit Cadillac Motor Company.
42, Marmon, N. Y. Company.
WEST 64TH ST.
203, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly.
205, Colonial Garage.
Cor. West End Ave., International Motor Company.
302, Acme Garage.
WEST 65TH ST.
214, Long Acre Motor Company.
218, Pyramid Garage.
306, New York Auto Garage.
WEST 67TH ST.
52, West 67th St. Garage.
WEST 68TH ST.
142, Joseph A. Ryan.
230, Modern Garage.
241, Thomey Auto Service.
252, Economical Garage.
WEST 69TH ST.
244, B. & B. Garage.
246 Hetzer Bros.
265, Continental Garage.
WEST 70TH ST.
320, W. B. Thom.
340 Edson Garage, M. Edson.
WEST 75TH ST.
207, 75th St. Garage.
WEST 76TH ST.
208, Superior Motor Garage Co.
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145, Cathedral Park Garage, Inc.
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65, Alhambra Garage Co.
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532, University Garage.
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208, Normal Automobile Station.
WEST 125TH ST.
2959 B'way, Martin Taxi Service Co.
WEST 127TH ST.
552, Olympic Garage.
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554, Washington Heights Garage.
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14, Mount Hope Service Station.
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602, Laird Bros. Garage.
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WHITE PLAINS ROAD.
Gasoline Station Inc., 2231.
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NEAR PELHAM PARKWAY.
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Pitkin Auto Co., 2130.
Elmwood Garage, 603.
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Alvyn Garage, 363.
BUTLER ST.
Buick Motor Co. 324.
CHAUNCEY ST.
Marquis Garage, cor. Patchen Ave.
CHURCH AVE.
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St. George Garage, 53.
CLERMONT AVE.
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Kensington Garage, 712.
Nonpareil Garage, 794.
Prospect Park South Garage, 433.
Rapp's, 1201.
COOK ST.
Cook Garage, Inc., 168.
COOPER ST.
Cooper Garage, 288.
Cypress Garage and Repair Co., 1714.
CORNELIA ST.
Cornelia Garage & Repair Corp., 2319.
CORTELYOU ROAD.
Lewis D. Hewitt.
CRANBERRY ST.
Cranberry Garage, 23.
CRESCENT ST.
Foot of, C. J. Wellman.
Adelphi Garage, 200.
CROPSEY AVE.
Bath Beach Garage & Machine Co., 1907.
CUMBERLAND ST.
Hill Garage, 370.
DE KALB AVE.
Goldstein Garage, 796.
Star Garage & Machine Shop, 836-890.
DUFFIELD ST.
Extension Garage, 60.
EASTERN PARKWAY.
I. Goodman, 1700.
The Silverman Garage, cor. Sterling Pl
H. Tarnow, 1917.
Waitmon Garage, Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
EAST NEW YORK AVE.
E. E. Stewart, 1730.
EAST 28TH ST.
Glenwood Garage, W. O. Baur, 635.
EAST 29TH ST.
Clarendon Garage, 253.
Goodwin's Garage, Cor. Tilden Ave.
EAST 92D ST.
and Flatlands Ave., Canarsie, Geo. Krier.
ECKFORD ST.
Eckford Garage, 75.
ELTON AVE.
Garage Colony, Inc., 8296.
Kenmore Garage, 4440.
11TH ST.
Thomas Pitbladdo, 478.
EMERSON PLACE.
Emerson Place Garage, 94.
5TH ST.
Monadnock Garage, 1061.
54TH ST.
Sunset Garage, 314.
53TH ST.
Bay Ridge Garage, 359.
59TH ST.
Blythebourne Garage, 1339.
FLATBUSH AVE.
Bklyn Riding & Dri. Club, Cor. Plaza St.
Supreme Gas Station, Flatbush Ave. Extension and Prince St.
Regenhard & Koster, 1437.
Extension Garage, 81 Flatbush Ave. Extension.
Victor Selling Co., 103 Flatbush Ave. Extension, cor. Tillary St.
Michael T. Watts, Flatbush Ave. Extension.
B. F. Stephen's Flatbush Ave. and Stephen's Court.
FOREST AVE.
F. J. Reiss, 47.
Plaza Bros., 67.
FORT HAMILTON AVE.
R. A. Hill, 6250.
James Quigley, 6520.
FOSTER AVE.
Eisenhauer, Mario, Cor. E. 21st St.
Liptrott & Allen, 902.
FOURTH AVE.
Fischer & Fischer, Fourth Ave. & 39th St.
Crescent Garage, 6317.
G. Ferrigne, 280.
FOURTH ST.
Cross Garage, 331.
44TH ST.
West End Garage & Auto Co., 1342.
FULTON ST.
Geo. Pool & Son, 73.
Fulton Park Garage, opposite Lewis Av.
GATES AVENUE.
Elbram Garage, 661.
Kaufman's Garage, 614.
GREENE AVENUE.
Royal Garage & Machine Co., 1005.
HALL STREET.
Sloan Engineering Co., 240.
HAMILTON AVENUE.
Frank Sears, 128.
HANCOCK STREET.
Hancock Garage & Repair Co., 940.
Pupki Auto Co., 488.
HARMON ST.
Irving Garage, 379.
HENRY STREET.
Henry Garage, 546.
HERKIMER STREET.
Herkimer Garage, 240.
American Auto Service, 681.
Beach-Knowles & Hill, y.
HIGHLAND BOULEVARD.
E. Siegman, Cor. Bushwick Ave.
HOPE ST.
Nassau Garage, 120.
HOWARD AVENUE.
Howard Garage, Cor. Eastern Pkway.
HUMBOLDT STREET.
Leaky Motor Car Co., Inc., 58.
HURON STREET.
Oakland Garage, 183.
IRVING AVENUE.
Irving Ave. Garage, 25.
JEFFERSON AVENUE.
P. M. Marko, 102.
JAMAICA AVE.
Forest Park Garage, 1077.
JUNIUS ST.
Junius Garage, 238-242.
KINGS HIGHWAY.
Geo. Doyle, 33.
Fred. Hommel Garage, Cor. Snyder Ave.
KNICKERBOCKER AVE.
Campbell's Garage, Cor. Moffat St.
Knickerbocker Garage, 118.
KOSCIUSKO ST.
Mitchell Garage, 29.
LAFAYETTE AVENUE.
Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co., 3.
S. & M. Garage, 431.
LEXINGTON AVE.
L. A. Disbrow, 259.
Lexington Garage, 411.
Quincy Garage, 334.
LENOX ROAD.
Private Owners' Garage, 21.
LIBERTY AVE.
L. Mlichman, 1108.
LOTT STREET.
Bentley Garage, 140.
MADISON STREET.
Sylvan Garage, 623.
MANHATTAN AVE.
Manhattan Ave. Garage, 582.
Greenpoint Garage.
MARCY AVE.
Big Four Garage, 633.
MAUJER STREET.
Maujer Garage, 264.
McDONOUGH STREET.
McDonough Garage, 406.
METROPOLITAN AVE.
109, Richard Schnibbe.
Neuman's Metropolitan Garage, 1439.
MONROE STREET.
C. B. Crossman Garage, 107.
J. H. Waite, 493.
MORGAN AVE.
Morgan Ave. Garage, Cor. Meserole St.
MYRTLE AVE.
Cor. New Fresh Pond Road, Ridgewood, Auto Garage.
NEW UTRECHT AVE.
H. M. Dickson & Son, 5905.
NOSTRAND AVE.
Hawthorne Garage, 1137.
NORTH 6TH ST.
Yacenda's Garage, 137.
NO. 9TH ST.
Roebling Auto Supply Co., 235.
OCEAN AVE.
Ocean Ave. Garage, 2042.
OCEAN PARKWAY.
Shelbourne Garage, foot of Ocean Pkwy.
Circle Garage, 4.
Morris Levy, Ocean Parkway & Neptune Ave.
Cor. Prospect Ave., F. R. Welch.
OSBORN ST.
237, Osborn Garage.
Central Garage, 167-169.
PACIFIC ST.
Portland Garage, 670.
W. C. Quinn, 161.
PARK AVE.
Park Ave. Garage, 804.
Tompkins Garage, 756.
Park Ave. Garage, Park & Clinton Aves.
PARK PLACE.
Elmer Garage, 500.
PENNSYLVANIA AVE.
East New York Garage, 65.
Penn Glen Garage, Glenmore Avs.
POWELL ST.
Cor. Sutter Ave., Sapir's Garage.
PROSPECT PLACE.
Healy, Prospect Garage, 731.
PUTNAM AVE.
United Motor Co., 100.
Kohlmeyer's Garage, 1726
Brooklyn Auto Delivery Co., 101.
PRESIDENT ST.
Joseph D'Esterre, 1229.
RALPH AVE.
Ralph Garage, 199.
RIDGEWOOD AVE.
Ridgewood Ave. Garage, 393.
REID AVE.
Putnam Garage, 200.
ROEBLING ST.
Quick Service Garage, cor. Division Ave
ROCKAWAY AVENUE.
Rockaway Garage, 536-538.
ROGERS AVE.
Flatbush Auto Service Co., 1345.
ST. JOHN'S PLACE.
P. C. O'Neill, 1424.
SCHOLES ST.
Graham Garage, 162.
SENATOR ST.
Senator Garage, 416.
ST. MARKS AVE.
Armstrong Garage Co., Inc., 201.
Court Garage, 233.
Pratt Hendricks Co., 239.
60TH ST.
Sunset Garage, Inc., 1535.
STAGG ST.
Stagg Garage, 130.
STATE ST.
Daniel F. E. Leary, 203.
75TH ST.
Shore Road Garage, 316.
SHEEPSHEAD BAY ROAD.
Bayside Garage, 1787.
SIXTH ST.
Dennis Garage, 282.
16TH ST.
Unique Garage, 543.
SNYDER AVE.
Brooklyn Motor Car Co., 44.
J. J. Snyder & Sons, 85.
Snyder Ave. Garage, 34.
STERLING PLACE
Voll's Garage, 109.
Eagle Garage, Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
STONE AVE.
Lux Garage, 34, near B'way.
STUYVESANT AVE.
Stuyvesant Heights Garage, 93.
TILDEN AVE.
Flatbush Auto Co., 2222.
20TH ST.
Hollender Garden Garage, 20th St. and Railroad Ave.
Hosch Bros. Co., 231.
24TH AVE.
T. H. Joyce, 8627.
UNDERHILL AVE.
Standard Garage Service Co., 105.
UNION ST.
Hurwitz Garage, Cor. Sutter Ave.
McIntosh Bros., 811.
Park Plaza Garage, 920.
Union Garage, 784.
Academy Garage, 839.
VANDERBILT AVE.
Vanderbilt Garage, 267.
VERNON AVE.
M. Reichelsohn's Garage, 230.
Hohweismer & Son, 378.
WASHINGTON AVE.
Consumers Park Gasolene Station, Montgomery St.
WATKINS ST.
Watkins St. Garage, 852.
WAVERLY AVE.
J. J. Hillis, 22.
Waverly Garage, 384.
WEIRFIELD ST.
Fred Brugel's Garage, 399.
WEST 8TH ST.
F. A. Kelsey, 2862.
WEST 37TH ST.
Seagate Garage, W. 37th St. & Mermaid Ave.

LONG ISLAND.

ASTORIA.
Astoria Garage, Willow & Franklin Sts.
Charles Amann, 79 Fulton Ave.
Brust Bros. Garage, 288 8th Ave.
Falconer Garage Co., 183 Jamaica Ave.
Private Auto Rental Service Co., 22 Grand Ave.
Herman's Garage, 270 12th Ave.
Sachse & Marks, 177 Vandeventer Ave.
Uhl & Metz, 383 Lockwood St.
Michael T. Watts, Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
BAYSIDE.
Auto Repair & Machine Works.
Otto's Gasoline Station.
COLLEGE POINT.
Geo. Duer.
Horn & McCracken.
CONEY ISLAND.
West End Garage, Cook's Lane and Railroad Ave.
CORONA.
Palace Garage, 10-12 Jackson Ave.
Chatfield Garage, Jackson Ave., nr. 41st St.
Corona Motor Car Co.
Jackson Garage.
Chuck's Garage, Jackson Ave.
Haines Gaso. Station, J. W. Haines, Prop., Jackson Ave.
ELMHURST.
Elmhurst Bridge Garage, Kingsland Ave.
W. A. Pulis Garage, Jackson Ave. & 25th St.
Schmidt Bros. Garage, Jackson Ave. & Trainsmeadow Rd.
FLUSHING.
Flushing Auto Garage, 110 Broadway.
John Geddes.
Mold's Garage.
Queensboro Garage, 69 Broadway.
Dunn's Gaso. Station, B'way & 23d St.
Excelsior Motor Cycle Garage, 53 B'way.
Upper Flushing Garage, 49 Murray St.
Fielitz Bros., 5 Jaeger St.
New Broadway Flushing Garage, Sanford Ave. & Broadway.
FOREST HILLS.
Continental Garage, Continental Ave.
Forest Hills Garage, Queens Blvd.
Fred Frey, Metropolitan & Cooper Aves.
GLENDALE.
A. Geier, 2904 Myrtle Ave.
Wm. Rupp, Cooper Ave.
F. Schoenseigel & Co., Cooper Ave.
Myrtle Garage, Cooper & Myrtle Aves.
HOLLIS.
Hollis Gaso. Station, Fulton St., Russell Yeaple, Prop.
W. Stafford, Hillside & Flushing Aves.
HOWARD BEACH.
Andersen & Sierk.
H. Paulson.
JAMAICA.
Baker Bros. Garage Co., Inc., 19 No. Washington St.
Frank Berman, 134 Rockaway Rd.
Disbrow Bros., Hillside Ave.
Franklin Garage, 5 Franklin St.
International Garage, Smith St.
D. Koster & Son, Hillside Ave.
C. Higgins, Locust Ave. & Merrick Road.
Mott Bros., Hillside, Ave.
Palm Garage, Hillside & Flushing Aves.
Wiegel's Garage, Union Hill St.
Strang Auto Garage Co., Inc., Fulton at Smith St.
Quinlan Gasoline Station, Merrick Rd.
Mrs. Schmidt, Hillside & Columbus Aves.
Unity Garage, Queens Boulevard.
LITTLE NECK.
Cornell's Garage.
LONG ISLAND CITY.
C. J. Brown, Bridge Plaza.
Burke's Gaso. Station, Thompson Ave. & Hulst St.
Crescent Garage, 324 Jackson Ave.
Ford Motor Co., Jackson Ave.
Model Garage, 10 Poynter Pl.
Perrine's Garage, 207 First Ave.
Richensteen Bros., Bridge Plaza.
Taft's City Garage, 1170 First Ave.
Wade's Gasoline Station, Bridge Plaza.
Webster Ave. Garage, 4th & Webster Avs.
MIDDLE VILLAGE
H. Jacob.
NORTH BEACH.
Wiener Motor Works.
OZONE PARK.
L. F. Mellere, Jerome Ave.
A. Schaempp, Rockaway Road.
QUEENS.
Queens Auto Repair Shop, Hempstead Road.
Mrs. C. Kammerer, Hempstead Rd.
RICHMOND HILL.
Apex Garage, Lefferts, nr. Jamaica Ave.
Kew Gardens Garage, Metropolitan Ave.
K. & S. Garage & Repair Co., Lefferts Av.
J. J. Lake & Son, 3313 Jamaica Ave.
Park Garage, Lefferts & Jamaica Ave.
Richmond Hill Garage & Machine Co., Hillside Ave. & Vine St.
Jerome Garage, Jerome & Greenwood Aves.
John Johnson & Son, 2804

URGES US TO RUSH A BIG AIR FLEET

Baron Sydenham Says That Is Quickest and Most Effective Way to Aid Allies.

INDORSES COFFIN'S PLAN

British Expert Thinks Overwhelming Power in the Air Would Soon Win in the West.

By LORD SYDENHAM
British Expert on Military Science.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 20.—It is reported that Congress will be asked for $600,000,000 for the air service and a Department of Aeronautics will shortly be created. Howard Coffin, in urging the provision of such a formidable fleet of airplanes as would "so blind the eyes of the German armies as to throw the balance of power completely and permanently into the hands of America and her allies," has shown a rare grasp of the situation on the western front.

The co-operation of a large American army cannot be expected for many months. The difficulties of finding transport for even a quarter of a million men with guns, horses, and stores and keeping them supplied subsequently are necessarily great. Such a feat has never been accomplished. In the South African war the total forces transported over sea were somewhat less, but the process was spread over many months, and the whole surplus tonnage of Great Britain was available. Moreover, there was no submarine menace to be encountered and conditions at sea, thanks to the navy, which frustrated the scheme Germany endeavored to engineer, were those of peace. Her vast resources and the inherent capacity of accomplishing great undertakings will enable the American Government to solve this problem of transport, as well as that of organizing, training, and equipping a great national army, but the time element enters deeply into all operations of war.

We can no longer expect a great Russian offensive, which, combined with those of the Allies in the west and on the Italian front, would have ended the war this autumn. More German and Austrian troops will be brought from the east to the western and southern theatres of war, and if internal conditions in Germany permit we must face a prolongation of the war. Meanwhile, the greatest service America can render is to send the largest possible force of airplanes into the field in the shortest possible time.

If the Allies were possessed of an absolute sufficiency of aircraft the enemy could be expelled from France and Belgium quickly with certainty. It would be practicable, as Howard Coffin pointed out, to blind and storm their strongest positions with minimum loss. But a scientific sustained attack on their lines of communication would compel a retreat which might be converted into a rout. Air power had given indication of what it was capable of before the battle of the Marne. Ever since its importance has grown by leaps and bounds, and it is known that there are no limitations, except those arising from a shortage of machines and trained men to use them or impossible weather conditions. On land it has been the determining cause of victory and life-saving. If its use at sea had been well developed earlier little would have been heard of Zeppelins. It has actually proved a formidable antagonist to the submarine, and an adequate number of machines, employed to the best advantage, could largely reduce the number of victims of German piracy.

Air power has, therefore, proved capable of exercising a dominant influence in the war, but this was realized too late to permit of the provision of the huge number of aircraft required to produce a decisive effect. One lesson has been learned in America and will now be applied without stint.

While numbers are essential, the human factor alone can command success, the Germans have produced a limited number of expert fighters, but their airmen as a whole have fallen far short of the Allies in qualities of individual initiative and almost reckless daring, which characterizes the Anglo-Saxon race. Our psychology is better suited to the service of the air than that of the Teuton. American pilots have greatly distinguished themselves already, and the service which is now being built up will be peculiarly formidable.

For the rapid construction of machines America possesses unrivaled resources and organizing power. With wise discretion it may be possible to place a large number of soldiers in the field within a few months and rapidly to reinforce them. Until such a time as an American army corps can be thrown into the battle line no form of help to the allied armies in France and Flanders would be comparable to that which 1,000 airplanes would afford, and no other arm would be nearly so effective. The Allies are now strong in artillery, and if the most rapid possible construction of airplanes entailed some reduction of guns this condition might be accepted without misgiving.

YALE SENDING AVIATORS.

Prominent Athletes Join the Lafayette Flying Corps in France.

Eleven more American aviators have sailed recently to join the Lafayette Flying Corps with the French Army. Their names are George C. Moseley of Highland Park, Ill., who was the left-end in the Yale football team for two years; Dumares Spencer, also of Yale and Highland Park; Alan F. Winslow, River Forest, Ill., Yale football team; Curtis B. Munson of New York and Yale University, Harry P. Carlton of Buffalo and Yale, Gorman De F. Larner, son of the late Robert M. Larner, founder of the Gridiron Club at Washington, and an athlete of Columbia University; John F. Rolph of Centreville, Md., John H. Baugham, Washington, N. C.; Robert B. Hoeber of Nutley, N. J.; Clarence W. Bosworth, New York, and John T. L. Jeffries of Boston.

One hundred and seventy-five Americans under 21 years sailed for France on the same steamship with the aviators to join the American Field Ambulance Service. There were also many surgeons and nurses.

GOETHALS URGES BIG AIR NAVY

Advocates Concentration of Control Under Cabinet Minister.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—General George W. Goethals urged upon the Senate Sub-Committee on Aeronautics today the importance of organizing a huge air navy as a means of winning the war. The General favored the Sheppard-Hulbert bill now in Congress to create a department of aeronautics, with a Cabinet Minister at its head.

"Aviation is a very important element in this war," said General Goethals. "Every week emphasizes its potency. Control of the air, with artillery, will be the two determining factors of the war. Aeronautical authority now is distributed through various branches of the service and it ought to be concentrated. We need responsibility focused under one head. I am convinced that the air service would work much better by holding some one man responsible and vesting him with ample authority. This bill is working along the right direction. Division always weakens. Concentrate power and hold one man to results. If you do that and build up as complete an air service as you can, the outcome of this war will not be in doubt."

Frederick H. Allen of New York, who helped organize the Lafayette Escadrille, said aeronautics were enough of a factor in the war to warrant the entire time of one department.

"At the beginning of the war," he said, "the British Admiralty was slow in regard to airplanes. Many sea dogs of the navy kept saying, 'Ships are good enough for me.' The airmen in the British Navy were held back. They could not get what they wanted, but now, under the Air Ministry, they are getting it. Before the British Air Ministry was created there was always conflict of authority and competition between the Admiralty and the War Office for machines. The same was true of France, but now they have a Deputy Minister of War for Aviation, who does nothing but handle aeronautics, and does it for the navy as well as for the army. That is what we must do in our own country."

WILLYS IN AIRPLANE WORK.

Automobile Manufacturer Will Direct Production of Curtiss Machines.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, June 20.—John N. Willys, head of the Willys-Overland Company, who recently became a Director of the Curtiss Aeroplane Company, has taken over the production end of the Curtiss factories. He will have supervision of the finances also.

By this arrangement Mr. Willys will, from time to time, as the expected war contracts develop, transfer the purchasing and like departmental heads of his automobile interests to the Curtiss plants. The system of production will be reorganized according to the plan of the standardized automobile plant. Parts or the whole of seven factories for producing metal and wooden parts, castings and the like will also be taken over, and when need arises new factories will be built. A production of more than 5,000 planes a year is planned.

Glenn H. Curtiss will continue as President of the Curtiss Company, but he will be relieved of the production and sales duties so that he may devote his entire time, with that of his engineers, to research and experimental work on new types which, it is promised, will mark a new era in aerial warfare. This is as far as the guarded statement of the company will go.

MANNING ASKS NEW TRIAL.

Counsel Tells Justice Cropsey Charge Turned Jury in O'Brien Case

Martin W. Littleton told Justice Cropsey in the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday that he believed the jury was influenced by resentment created by the justice's charge to the jury in giving Honora May O'Brien a $225,000 verdict against his client, John B. Manning, the 84-year-old broker for his failure to marry her. The statement was made in the argument of a motion to set the verdict aside on the ground that it was grossly excessive. Attorney Stephen Baldwin, who represented Miss O'Brien, responded that he considered the verdict inadequate considering the reputed wealth of Manning an in view of the accepted practice of the higher courts in this State of affirming judgments in breach of promise actions for 16 per cent. of the wealth of defendants.

Justice Cropsey said he was going over the testimony very carefully before he gave a decision, and he particularly wanted a transcript of the testimony of Manning. This was furnished to him by Mr. Littleton.

Neither Manning nor Miss O'Brien was in court during the argument of the motion.

Mrs. Hyman, "Financier," Indicted.

The Grand Jury yesterday returned four indictments charging grand larceny against Mrs. Ray Hyman, whose get-rich-quick scheme netted a few investors from 50 to 100 per cent. a month for a time before she went bankrupt. Mrs. Hyman will not be arraigned in General Sessions to plead to the indictment until a disposal has been made of the bankruptcy proceedings in the Federal courts. More than thirty of Mrs. Hyman's alleged victims testified before the Grand Jury.

Actress Kills Herself with Gas.

Elsie Clarus, 36 years old, an actress, committed suicide yesterday in a furnished room at 47 West Forty-seventh Street by inhaling gas. A maid, detecting an odor of gas, called Patrolman Gaimer, who forced the door. No letters assigning any cause were found.

PROJECT BIG FLEET OF BATTLE PLANES

Continued from Page 1.

tions plants now making shells, but the relative number needed will not interfere with the production of shells.

"The whole answer to the problem before us is standardization. American development of the airplane motor will be a standardized motor. If necessary, parts exactly alike can be turned out in quantity in one factory and shipped to a different place to be assembled. As the work develops our engineers can be engaged constantly in further developing the motor, and as the industry expands in quantity it can also improve the quality of its output.

"A large percentage of the first machines of course, will be training planes, both because we need them and because it will take time to turn out the tools and dies necessary to manufacture in quantity the battle plane models which nearly three years of war have developed. Four to six months, however, will find us building in quantity motors serviceable for battle machines.

"We have no intention at the beginning to attempt the manufacture of the very speediest, highly specialized, light fliers which the Allies are now turning out. We can produce in vast quantities the training planes and the heavier and less speedy battle types, which are just as essential, and which will leave the British and French free to turn more of their attention to the development of the fastest types."

FRENCH WAR FLIERS START FOR CAPITAL

Eleven Battle-Scarred Veterans Here to Instruct American Aviators in Art of War.

ALL ARE SURE OF VICTORY

Many Machines and Big Force Needed to Sweep Germans Out of the Sky, They Assert.

Captain Boyriven and the eleven other officers of the aviation section of the French Army who arrived here on Tuesday left at midnight last night for Washington where they will present their credentials today to the Secretary of War and discuss with him the plans by which the greatest use may be made of their experience as flying fighters in training the thousands of war pilots which the United States is to send to the aid of the Allies. The Frenchmen made no secret of the great need abroad for more airmen and more aircraft although, they said, there were already more than 400 air squadrons in the French Army alone, each squadron compfising from twelve to eighteen fliers and the usual organization of mechanicians and other assistants which brings the personnel of each squadron close to 100.

It requires about five machines a year to keep a single flier in the air, exclusive of the aircraft which are irretrievably damaged by gunfire, so that more than 30,000 airplanes are needed yearly on present basis of the French army organization and 100,000 machines would be none too many for the 20,000 fliers which the Frenchmen hope to see sent from this country.

"With 20,000 Americans we could sweep Germany out of the sky and make immediate and decisive the victory we are now slowly winning," was the assertion of the French officers.

Besides Captain Boyriven the aviators include Lieutenants Montariol, Lemaitre, Laffly, Beausyre de Seyssel, Maudrot, Gautier, Ducas, Prevost, Mairesse, Marquisan, and Tabuteau. All of them speak English, having been selected from the ranks of French air fighters partly because of this accomplishment, since their work is to be one of instructing American pupils. Only Prevost has visited the United States before, however, all the others having learned their English abroad and speaking it therefore, with an accent that would do credit to London.

Bear Scars of Air Fights.

Lieutenant Ducas is fresh from the Saloniki field, but the others are all from the western front. Nearly all are battle-scarred, and nearly all wear decorations for bravery and for conquests in the air. Without exception, they are a modest group, however, the stipulation of each being that no especial mention be made of him or his exploits. They were enabled to enforce this request by maintaining an extreme reticence concerning their army work, but they couldn't keep men and women from staring at them wherever they went.

In their French army uniforms of sky-blue, each with several decorations pinned on his chest and each wearing the red and gold officer's cap of the French Army, they presented a picture which held every eye. They are a slender, tanned, and hardened looking lot, apparently in the very pink of condition and heavy-girthed citizens gazed enviously after them as they strode about the Belmont Hotel, where they had passed Tuesday night.

On the plea that their first official statements must be reserved for Government officials, they excused themselves from much discussion of the aviation situation in France, but they declared that machines even of a heavy training type would be acceptable abroad, since only about 20 per cent. of the motors actually engaged at the front are individual fighters, known as pilots d'avions de chasse. The other 80 per cent. compose the force from which are drawn the men who do reconnaisance work, photography of enemy positions, and spotting for the artillery. The pilots d'avions de chasse are needed to clear the air of Germans so that the other airmen may operate in comparative safety, and it is in this first group that the American members of the famous Lafayette Flying Corps have distinguished themselves.

Inspect American Training Camp.

Well as this work has been done it has nevertheless become the custom, the visitors said, to conduct bombing operations at night to avoid the fire of anti-aircraft batteries and the attacks of the German battle fliers for whose courage and daring the French airmen expressed the highest respect.

As the guests of officers and members of the Aero Club of America the French fliers visited the army aviation field at Mineola, L. I., yesterday morning, motoring there from the Aero Club and afterward taking luncheon at the Garden City Hotel.

In the escorting party were Captain W. G. Kilner, U. S. A., in command at the Mineola station; Captains Ira D. Rader and Shpeler W. Fitzgerald, U. S. A., veterans of the Pershing campaign in Mexico; Alan R. Hawley, President of the Aero Club; Henry Woodhouse, Evert Jansen Wendell, Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U. S. N., retired; Charles Jerome Edwards, Chance M. Vought, William Hawley, Captain Jean Herck, member of the French Commission in the United States; A. A. Dashwood Lang and Lieutenant Anthony M. Naser, U. S. Flying Reserve Corps.

The visitors were shown over the flying field and through the hangars and were introduced to the officials there. They refrained from commenting on what they had seen, however, although they evinced the greatest interest in the work of training which they are presently to undertake themselves.

NEPHEW OF JELLICOE JOINS BRITISH FLIERS

Young Man Comes from Nassau to New York to Enter the Royal Air Service.

H. V. Jellicoe, a nephew of Admiral Jellicoe of the British Navy, walked into the British Recruiting Mission at 280 Broadway yesterday and enlisted in the Royal Flying Corps. He is 23 years old and the son of Colonel Jellicoe of the Royal Engineers. He arrived yesterday on a steamship from Nassau, where he was in the employ of the Texas Company.

It was not until he had filled out his application blank in the recruiting office that Lieutenant Denton, who has charge of recruiting for the Flying Corps, was attracted to the name. He asked the young man more in jest than earnest whether he was related to Admiral Jellicoe, and the applicant promptly replied:

"Yes, Sir; I am his nephew."

Lieutenant Denton drew up at attention and saluted. After being enlisted young Jellicoe left with some twenty-five other cadets for the flying camp at Borden, Canada.

Brig. Gen. W. G. White returned yesterday from Washington after spending a week there in consultation with the War Department. General White declined to discuss the object of his visit, but admitted that it was concerned with the recruiting of British and Canadian subjects in this country.

General White and the other members of the British mission were invited yesterday to be the guests at the first public appearance of the Scotch Kilties, who are now organizing a regiment in this city for service in France if the War Department approves. The appearance will take place on the first Sunday in July in the Scotch Presbyterian Church, Ninety-sixth Street and Central Park West, of which the Rev. Robert Watson is pastor. He is also Chaplain of the regiment.

RECRUITS TURN TO GUARD.

New York Organizations Rapidly Nearing War Footing.

With the exception of the National Guard, all branches of the service had a dull recruiting day yesterday. The Army, Navy, and Marine Corps suffered equally. In the National Guard, however, there was very lively activity, and Major Gen. O'Ryan issued a statement declaring that the guard was very rapidly approaching a war footing.

"The regiments and other units comprising the division," said General O'Ryan, "are with a few exceptions approximately at war strength. The latest addition to the column of fully recruited regiments is the Third Infantry, whose home stations are in the Central part of the State. The details connected with the raising of regiments to war strength are considerable. The amount of paper work connected with the formal enlistment of one man, the physical examination and the administration of the typhoid prophylaxis all involve time. Furthermore, regimental commanders have not accepted all the applicants who have or could have passed the necessary physical examination.

"Less than thirty days now remain before the division will enter upon active service. Every unit of the New York division will be filled before the call. It is desirable that young men who have served ahead and who have registered under the Conscription act should file their applications now for enlistment if they wish to go with a unit of the New York division.

"We need only the men who are fit physically and who wish service abroad. The Twelfth and Sixty-ninth Infantry Regiments in Manhattan and the Fourteenth and Twenty-third Infantry Regiments in Brooklyn each have some vacancies. Application should be made to the recruiting officer at the armory.

"A new unit is being organized at Division Headquarters. It consists of two troops of military police. Enlistment in these two units now being organized is limited to men of special qualifications. Preference will be given to college men, expert horsemen, and men who speak French fluently. Moreover, a limited number of cooks, saddlers, horseshoers and mechanics will be accepted. Service in these headquarters troops will furnish exceptional opportunity for young men to see the war in a comprehensive manner. Their duties will require them to cover quite completely the sector occupied by their divisions."

The United Board of Business Agents of the Building Trades yesterday entered into co-operation with the Recruiting Battalion of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense. As other labor organizations have done, the building trades will arrange meetings to be addressed by men who have worn or now wear the uniform of some branch of the national service.

NO LIMIT TO FUNDS IN PALESTINE RELIEF

Mr. Morgenthau Will Be Able to Care for All Destitute Jews.

VOTED BY JOINT COMMITTEE

Official Mission Will Have Entire Discretion as to How Money Shall Be Spent.

Jacob H. Schiff, Felix M. Warburg, Louis Marshall, and thirty other members of the Joint Distribution Committee of Funds for Jewish War Sufferers voted yesterday to give the Morgenthau commission "unlimited funds" for the relief of the Jews in Palestine. A meeting of the committee, which represents the three allied Jewish relief committees, was held in the office of the Chairman of the committee, Felix M. Warburg, at 52 William Street, yesterday afternoon following an announcement by the State Department that ex-Ambassador Henry Morgenthau and Professor Felix Frankfurter of the Harvard Law School would constitute an official mission to be sent to the relief of the Jews in Palestine.

In making the announcement that the allied relief committees had given their joint committee power to guarantee Mr. Morgenthau unlimited funds for the relief in Palestine Albert Lucas, Secretary of the Committee, said that the relief committees would not only renew their efforts to have medicines and hospital supplies forwarded from Egypt and other countries where they are held, but that they would continue to send relief in the hope that the commission would be able to open up avenues of relief to the Jews of Jaffa, Jerusalem, and other stricken cities.

Mr. Lucas said that about $800,000 had already been sent to the relief of the Jews in Palestine, and an attempt would be made to send millions should the avenues be opened. It was decided that Mr. Morgenthau and his associates should have entire discretion in the disbursement of the relief funds, and that the committee would see that he had ample money from America to use in the work in any way he saw fit. It is believed that the committees will have no difficulty in raising money needed for the work beyond the $10,000,000 for the relief of Jewish war sufferers in all parts of Europe.

Mr. Morgenthau was present at the meeting, and told the committees of the plans of his commission for the relief of the Jews in Palestine and in other countries where the Hun and the Turk have passed. He was Chairman of the committee in charge of the campaign to raise $10,000,000 for the relief of the Jews in Europe, and said that several persons who contributed large sums had said they would be willing to give more if the committees were able to reach Jews in the stricken lands.

The Chairmen of the three relief committees are Alexander Kahn of the People's Relief Committee, Leon Ramiky of the Central Relief Committee and Mr. Warburg of the American Jewish Relief Committee. Others present were Dr. Cyrus Adler, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Dr. M. L. Margolis, Judge Julian W. Mack, and Miss Harriet B. Lowenstein.

GERMAN AIR TRAFFIC PLAN.

Routes Mapped Out to Constantinople Via Vienna and Budapest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 19.—The Tagliche Rundschau publishes the program of the International Aerial Traffic Company, which has been put before the Central Powers. The memorandum points out that over certain distances America already has an aerial postal service, and urges that what the New World found possible should not be delayed in the Old World.

The Federal Council is working out a traffic law and providing police regulations for passenger traffic, the examination of luggage when crossing the aerial frontier, the question of mails, &c.

The scheme provides for three main routes, all three running to Vienna, respectively, from Hamburg, Strasburg, and Dresden. From Vienna all three run via Budapest to Constantinople. There are five feeding lines running across country and Berlin, and a further eight lines to other parts of the route, also three cross-country routes. There is also one huge circular route running practically around the whole Central Powers. The scheme provides stopping places at every 250 kilometers and an average speed of 100 kilometers per hour.

Count zu Reventlow, in an article entitled "Mister Wilson," dealing with what he calls the President's iniquities, stated that among interesting articles the Tageblatt was publishing by former contributors it would not dare to publish Dr. Dernburg's former articles on America. Whereupon the Tageblatt states its intention of doing so.

MANAGERS BRAVE THE WAR.

Elliott, Comstock & Gest Are to Produce Seven New Plays.

The prospectus of another theatrical firm for the coming season issued yesterday indicates faith in the ability of the American theatre to weather the storm of war. The firm, Elliott, Comstock & Gest, has mapped out its most ambitious season, and in explaining this optimism Morris Gest said that he and his partners believed the prosperity the London stage had enjoyed since the beginning of the war would prevail here.

Most of the firm's new productions have already been announced. These include a musical version of David Belasco's drama, "Sweet Kitty Bellairs," made by P. G. Wodehouse, Guy Bolton, and Rudolf Friml. It will be called "Kitty Darlin'," and Alice Nelison will be the prima donna. The piece will reach Broadway about Oct. 1. Another is a musical comedy version of George Ade's comedy, "The College Widow," by Mr. Wodehouse and Mr. Bolton, with music by Jerome Kern. It will be produced at the Longacre Aug. 6 with a cast that will include Oscar Shaw, Robert Pitkin, George Graham, Dan Collyer, Carl Randall, Georgia O'Ramey, and Anna Orr. About Labor Day "Chu Chin Chow," the Oriental fantaisie current at His Majesty's, London, will be presented at the Manhattan Opera House.

Other plays scheduled for production are a Russian drama, entitled "The People's King," two plays by George V. Hobart, one a sequel to "Experience," the other, "What Twenty Years Will Do," and a dramatization by Mr. Wodehouse and Mr. Bolton of the former's story, "Piccadilly Jim," "The Wanderer," four "Oh, Boy!" companies, two "Experience," and two "Very Good Eddie" companies will be sent on tour.

Joseph Santley to Wed Ivy Sawyer.

A marriage license was issued yesterday in the office of the City Clerk to Joseph Mansfield Santley and Iva Winifred Sawyer. Mr. Santley is a well-known musical comedy actor and Miss Sawyer is an English actress, who made her American début last Fall in "Betty," in which company Mr. Santley was one of the principals. Mr. Santley lives at 231 West Eighty-ninth Street. The wedding will take place tomorrow. The bride and bridegroom will begin an engagement in the principal rôles of a second "Oh, Boy!" company in Chicago next month.

Importer Adopts Mexican Boy.

John Henry Rolker, an importer, of 200 West Seventieth Street, got permission from Surrogate Fowler yesterday to adopt a nine-year-old Mexican boy, Charles De Priggs, whose father, Carlota A. De Priggs, is a resident of Mexico City. The boy, who will be known as Charles Henry Rolker, has been living in the Rolker home for some time, and was entirely happy there, Mr. Rolker said.

NOTES OF MUSIC.

Frieda Hempel, the Metropolitan soprano, will leave today for a six weeks' automobile tour of New England.

Community Chorus, under Harry Barnhart, announces a "patriotic sing" every Tuesday night through the Summer, beginning next week, at the High School of Commerce, 155 West Sixty-fifth Street.

Columbia University will give three festival concerts at its Summer session, presenting on Aug. 8 Handel's "The Messiah"; Aug. 9, an orchestral concert under Walter N. Hall, and Aug. 10, Saint Saens's "Samson and Delilah."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Billie Burke, Pauline Frederick, and Mrs. Vernon Castle are the latest entrants in the Automobile Fashion Show that will be held Saturday afternoon at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway for the benefit of the Actors' Fund.

Between now and Aug. 27, when it will reopen with "Peter Ibbetson," the auditorium of the Republic will be redecorated.

The stage of the Eltinge is being enlarged. The alterations will be completed by the time the theatre reopens in August with the new Montague Glass comedy, "Potash & Perlmutter Film Company."

An entertainment for the benefit of the American Red Cross will be given Saturday afternoon at the Country Life Permanent Exposition by the Henderson Players. No admission will be charged, but a collection will be taken up.

Harry Askin, who for the last two years has been the manager of the Hippodrome, has been engaged to fill a similar capacity at the Century next season.

The Fox Film Company is producing a series of films for children based on familiar stories. The first of these, a ten-reel version of "Jack and the Beanstalk," will be placed on exhibition soon in a Broadway theatre.

The food situation, which is the subject of Congressional debates at the present moment, is the theme of a movie called "The Public Be Damned," that will be shown next week at the Strand.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY & 50TH. Evgs. at 8. MATINEE TO-DAY. 50c to $1.50
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Eve. World: "Dazzled Blinking New York."

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way.—Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
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DREW MANY A GOOD HAND. —SUN.
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"MY LADY'S GLOVE" A HIT. —Eve. Journal.
FLOWING MELODIES, PRETTILY COSTUMED. —Tribune.

NEW BIJOU 45th St., just off B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Phone 430 Bryant. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE KNIFE Eugene Walter.
NOTE: See "The Knife" and become familiar with conditions underlying the Ruth Cruger Case.

ASTOR THEA., B'way & 45th. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
HIS LITTLE WIDOWS
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LAST 2 WEEKS "Pluck & Plunder" & "Another Way Out," & (new) "Pariah."

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Saturday & Wed. at 2:20.
OLIVER MOROSCO Presents THE BRAT "Better Than 'Peg o' My Heart'."

LONGACRE West 45th St. TONIGHT, 8:20.
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NEW YORK: THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1917.

THE GERMAN BALANCE SHEET.

Some crumbs of comfort, perhaps half a loaf, the Germans will find in the somewhat higher total of British ships destroyed by submarines during the past week. Unrestricted submarine warfare was their last throw, the Germans said when it was begun. The weekly totals were at first large, then there was a falling off, and another rise in the figures was followed by totals lower than any announced since Feb. 1. Now there is another slight rise, which will give some encouragement to the Germans. They will learn, however, that, notwithstanding the ravages of the U-boats, the number of arrivals at and sailings from British ports goes on undiminished, that the supply of foodstuffs in Britain is adequate, and that no apprehension is felt for the future. That they will not believe.

Let us look at the other side of the account. The German armies have suffered serious reverses on the western front. Messines was a disaster for them. The Austrians were severely punished and driven back by the Italians, who won a good deal of ground. Now there is a lull on both fronts, but that has been noted in the orderly succession of events hitherto. First the Germans are driven from their trenches with heavy losses; they attempt to regain their positions and are repulsed with still heavier losses. Then comes a time of quiet while the British and French forces are bringing up their guns and materials for a new attack. The attack is delivered and the Germans are further driven back. That has been the history of operations for more than a year.

In the field of diplomacy and intrigue the Germans have suffered even more reverses. They made a mighty effort to reduce Russia to a state of innocuous desuetude by persuading the radicals and Socialists at Petrograd to make a separate peace. They came perilously near to success, but the effort miscarried, the real Russian people have asserted themselves, KERENSKY has displayed marvelous energy in reorganizing Russia for war, the radicals and the self-appointed leaders of the proletariat have abated their impudent intentions. German intrigue has been more than offset by the President's note and by the labors of the Root Commission. Germany sees herself forced to keep a large number of troops on the eastern front, while it is rather more than possible that she may have to do a good deal of actual fighting there before many months have passed.

What may prove to be even a greater blow has been delivered in Athens, where the Allies have compelled the abdication of CONSTANTINE, the false, pro-German King. That is a disastrous upsetting of imperial plans long ago laid, much depended upon, and hitherto fruitful. The new King is yet an uncertain quantity, but if it is his purpose, as he is said to have declared himself the other day, to continue the royal policies and follow in the footsteps of his father, he may find that his pledge will have a much more literal fulfillment than he had intended. There is every reason to believe that VENIZELOS will now be the controlling power in Greece, and VENIZELOS is the enemy of Germany.

With Germany's immediate allies things are not going well. Turkey is doing nothing, Bulgaria is merely holding her own and with many signs of weariness. But in Austria there is actual trouble. An astonishing symptom of the difficulties there is the position taken by the Frankfurter Zeitung, which argues that the ten million Germans living in Austria cannot be good Austrians and good Germans at the same time, that they must become politically and geographically actual Germans; that Austrian Poland should be restored to the new Polish Kingdom, Germany, of course, retaining her part of the old spoils. Discussion of the annexation of a chief part of an ally's territory is something new in modern warfare. The Poles in Austria-Hungary are showing dangerous signs of discontent, also. They are the first parliamentary group to vote as a body against a war budget. There is talk of bribing the Polish and Slav leaders with ministerial posts in order to secure from them support which would make it possible for a Ministry to carry on the business of the Government.

Now come stories of threatened disaster to German crops, not very promising at the best. A period of drought and almost unprecedented drying heat threatens to produce a crop failure that would be a calamity for Germany. On very short rations already, the German people depend upon the promise of the new crop to keep up their flagging spirits. Another menace confronts them. They have been receiving large volumes of foodstuffs from neighboring neutral countries to which we have hitherto exported freely. President WILSON, using the powers conferred upon him in the Espionage act, will appoint a board to control all our exports, and it will be the first duty of that board to prevent the exporting of many foodstuffs that might go to Germany or might serve to keep up the public stock of food in neutral countries sending their own products to Germany.

That is only one of the consequences of the entry of the United States into the war. Very nearly ten million Americans have been enrolled for war service, more than three million Americans have subscribed to the Liberty Loan, which was something like 50 per cent. oversubscribed. These figures and the activity in war preparations which stirs the American people from one ocean to the other are evil portents for Germany. The weekly totals of submarine destruction will have to mount much higher before they will in any measurable degree offset the reverses Germany has suffered in the last few months in the field of arms, in her relations with other countries and with her own allies, and in her internal conditions, where the untoward course of events is reflected in the continued fall of the German mark.

WELCOME TO ITALY.

Arriving in New York, the Italian Mission finds itself in a city which has a greater Italian population than Genoa, Florence, Venice, or Messina. The largest of these cities, Genoa, had a population in 1911 of 272,000, but there are 341,000 Italian-born people in New York, or the same as Palermo had in 1911. Naples has 723,000, Milan 599,000, Rome 543,000, Turin 427,000, but no other Italian city outranks New York.

But the welcome New York gives the Italian Mission will not be confined to the mission's compatriots. New York welcomes not so much the country from which many of her citizens come as the country which, in this war, has set such a heroic standard for America to attain. American eyes have followed with wonder, almost with incredulity, the deeds of the Italian Army, which has had to fight against three allies, Austria, Germany, and nature. These new Romans perform feats which the ancient Romans did not surpass.

The loyalty, valor, and self-sacrifice with which Italy has gone about her work are as astonishing and revealing as the war spirit of France. The parallel holds further. The world, which had visualized France as a light, giddy, volatile nation, was dumfounded to see in her all the virtues which had been supposed to be specifically characteristic of other nations—gravity, silence, determination, method. Well, these same virtues have been displayed in the same measure by Italy, which also had been visualized as a pleasure-loving nation. The so-called Teutonic virtues were never displayed by any Teutonic nation as they have been in this war by France and Italy; beside them other nations seem almost light and giddy. It is evidently time to revise theories about national character.

Italy fights to redeem the prisoner peoples which were torn from their motherland by Austria, as France fights to redeem those who were kidnapped by Germany. Her object in this war is freedom for the captive countries of Italia Irredenta. This nation, which has gone into war for liberty, welcomes a comrade who went into it for the same cause and who has shown her so nobly how to fight.

USE FOR THE WATERWAYS.

The Department of Commerce has issued an overlooked circular regarding assistance to the railways by development of water routes. It is a forward-looking circular, intended to promote preparedness for the greater tasks which soon are to be thrown upon the overworked railways. This year there will be unusual additions to the traffic, which customarily is very large in the later months of the year. The crop movement will be unusually heavy, and on top of that will come the war business. There are sixteen military cantonments to be built, for each of which it will be necessary to move 1,300 carloads of lumber and the workmen necessary to erect the buildings for a city. Then come the assembling and the distribution of 600,000 troops. If the war continues, the outlook for next year is for even greater congestion of traffic.

When the railways are so clearly overburdened, and when it is so difficult to increase their capacity speedily, it is plain that every possible means of transportation should be developed. The natural routes along our rivers, and the artificial routes along the canals, are obvious reinforcements, but they are being neglected in the manner to which Secretary REDFIELD's circular calls attention.

This is not the fault of the railways. They have buried the hatchet in their war against their natural competitors, now their natural assistants. The President of one of our greatest railway systems, speaking for all, has said: "So long as the war lasts the "railroads of the United States "will co-operate to the fullest possible "extent with the waterways of the "country in order that the needs of "the country may be served." That concerns the boat owners of the river and canal systems and the shippers who may have an option to direct their business over either railways or canals. It is necessary that they should co-operate with the railways. The Interstate Commission already has moderated its antagonism to the ownership of boats by railways competing with water routes. Also it has forbidden rates higher by water and rail than all rail, and has directed through route and joint rate arrangements between railways and water routes.

Nowhere would such arrangements be more useful than in this State. The Barge Canal has been opened at a time when it is of the greatest need, and can render greatest service. It has a capacity for 18,000 carloads per day of grain alone, which could be moved faster than on the rails under present conditions. There are no sidetracks or switches on the canal, and boats can move continuously for twenty-four hours. There is a deficiency of boats, for the canal is ready before the vessels. But the old boats can be put to better use than ever before. The British canalboats have met the same emergency by the use of a detachable motor like that used on rowboats, but of seventeen horse power! Only a few days ago Governor WHITMAN signed the bill providing for a supply of towing facilities for this season by the State. The Governor also signed the bill giving the Public Service Commission powers similar to that mentioned above as recently exercised by the Interstate Commission.

Co-operation between the railroads and the canals does not mean that either shall be used as a club against the other. It is necessary to say so because it has been done, with detriment to the public interest. With this point safeguarded, hundreds of boats can use the canals and the Hudson all the way from tidewater to Chicago, Milwaukee, Duluth, Superior, Cleveland, and Detroit. There is no question of capacity. The only question is of using capacity and of extending the use of the canal to back-country shippers.

RESISTANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT.

The fact that no rebellion will come about in this country is no reason why the Government should pass over efforts to incite rebellion. That is, in fact, the direction toward which the activities of the so-called pacifists are tending. The Socialist Party's resolutions calling for "mass resistance" to the draft may be interpreted as meaning only passive resistance, except that any rebel who chooses to interpret them in a different way can do so. A month ago Senator OVERMAN reported to the Senate that

> the Senator from Louisiana had some letters circulated in his State urging the colored people of that State—and, I suppose, all through the South—to rise up against the white people during the war.

Mr. OVERMAN at the same time put in the Record some anti-draft literature circulated in the West, a few extracts from which will suffice:

> Workers, refuse to take up arms against the workers of any country. If the Government forces you into the army, use their guns against them to overthrow their power and to emancipate yourselves from slavery.
>
> Comrades! Is it possible that even one of us will join the army to protect this dirty rag?

Passive resistance to the Government of the United States already has in its grip one State of the Union, North Dakota, where a Populist organization, called the Non-Partisan League, is in control. This league is headed by A. W. TOWNLEY, who has stumped the State calling on the farmers to defeat the Liberty Loan and thus cripple a "rich man's war." His speeches and the work of his organization were so effective that North Dakota, whose allotment was $10,400,000, raised only $2,500,000 for the loan, while Montana, the adjoining State, which was called on for only $7,500,000, raised $15,000,000.

In Washington yesterday, as the Russian Mission arrived at the White House, two suffragettes flaunted in their faces a banner reading in part: "To the Russian Mission: President "WILSON and Envoy ROOT are deceiving Russia!" Even Mr. KITCHIN ought to blush to see his name used in a seditious advertisement in this way: "CLAUDE KITCHIN said: 'This is a rich man's war and a poor man's fight.'" Was it from that speech that TOWNLEY got the phrase which he used with such effect in North Dakota?

The purpose of these and a hundred other activities is to incite rebellion, either active or passive, and to hamper the Government in prosecuting the war. Since either Germany or the United States must win, the effect of them, if successful, would be to help Germany to win and the United States to lose. In New York EMMA GOLDMAN and ALEXANDER BERKMAN have been arrested for preachments neither so violent as those of the Western Socialists whom Senator OVERMAN cited, so artful as those of the pacifists, nor so effective as those of TOWNLEY's North Dakota Non-Partisan League. The Government must not palter with attempts to incite rebellion, nor can it much longer ignore them.

SOUTH AMERICA AND THE WAR.

There is additional evidence almost every day that South American countries are in sympathy with the United States and the Entente Allies. And there are some indications that they will eventually show hostility toward Germany by concerted action. They see the cynical insincerity of Germany's official messages. Some time ago the Berlin Government sent to Buenos Aires an expression of regret on account of the sinking of an Argentine ship. But on the 6th inst. the submarines sank another. Such treatment does not tend to confirm Argentina's neutrality, and it is now expected that when our warships, so gladly received by Brazil, arrive at Buenos Aires they will be heartily welcomed and have all the privileges of nonbelligerents. There is no room for doubt as to the attitude of Brazil. She has seized forty interned German ships, and probably they will be used, by agreement with our Government, to release others which are required for service between our ports and Europe. "Germany," her Foreign Minister says, "has declared war on all neutrals."

Uruguay, in full sympathy with Brazil, has decided to open her ports to our warships. Her Government seeks a war union of all the nations of this hemisphere. In its note to Brazil, expressing approval of that country's course, it said:

> The Government of Uruguay reiterates its very earnest desire to see the American countries, in collective and actual co-operation, adopt a joint policy which will find expression in lawful forms or in practical methods, to the end that these countries, united as they are by everlasting bonds of democracy and identical conceptions of justice and liberty, may achieve a solidarity beneficial to all. The principles and the interests involved logically demand, for the efficiency of the forms and methods above referred to, and the free development of the countries—in the light of the appalling events which move the world—a close union of action, so that any act perpetrated against one of the countries in violation of the precepts of international law as universally recognized, shall constitute an offense against all of them, and consequently cause a common reaction in all.

By forming such a union as Uruguay suggests, the South American nations can shorten the war. We hope to hear that statesmen in the southern continent are moving to secure concerted action. The opportunity waits for leadership.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Ancient Precedent Is Broken.

Though it is only by a temporary appointment, the fact that Vice Admiral SIMS has been placed in general charge of the allied naval forces operating against the German submarines in Irish waters is nevertheless a remarkable illustration of the thoroughness with which Great Britain, France, and the United States have joined in the accomplishment of a common task.

Of course several nations have combined before now, and often, in the attainment of an end desired by them all, but only in the rarest of instances have they so trusted each other, so forgotten that in the war they were waging they had individual interests and ambitions as well as those shared by all, as to let the command of their armies or their navies pass out of their own immediate control. The very thought of that inspires a natural hesitation when questions of life and death are involved, and almost always this hesitation has led to refusal to carry co-operation so far as to put their military forces of any kind under the orders of foreigners.

Even Austria and Turkey have not done quite this, though the difference is nominal rather than real, perhaps, because the alliance of which they are a part is not between equals, but rather that between a master and his servants. The relation betweeen the four western Powers is not of that kind. Of unlike strength and dissimilar resources, they yet are thoroughly independent in everything except their present aims, and that is what makes so notable the raising by Admiral SIMS of his flag as senior officer over a fleet that certainly contains more British vessels than he himself took across the Atlantic. The compliment thus paid to him, and through him to his Government and his country, is about as great as could be conceived. It involves a violation of precedent that is really startling, and as a demonstration of confidence and esteem it could hardly be surpassed.

Kings Are Learning a Lesson.

Great Britain's royal personages, in deciding that they will no longer bear German names and titles, have made a most serious fracture in the solidarity which hitherto has characterized the class to which they belong. All its members have viewed themselves, and have expected others to view them, as a caste apart from ordinary mortals. Within that circle they have lived and married until they are all more or less closely related by blood, and though they have had not infrequently bitter quarrels among themselves, the quarrels have been of the family sort, and they never involved any admission that the objects of enmity were not superior beings, as compared with other people.

Princes and Princesses—especially Princesses—have been expected to hold lightly the nationality to which they happened to be born, and to be willing to change it at a moment's notice whenever by doing so caste interests could be advanced. Never till now have the British seemed to mind at all the fact that their rulers were German in blood and affiliations. But times are changing, royalty is everywhere on the defensive, and its representatives, when wise enough to see the only conditions on which for a while longer they are likely to retain their rather absurd powers and privileges, are hurrying to comply as fully as they can with the spirit of the new age.

King GEORGE does not share the illusions of the Kaiser, and he wishes to make it as easy as possible for his subjects to forget that the Kaiser is his close relative. This he does by dropping himself, and ordering the members of his immediate circle to drop, all German names and honorifics. This is a repudiation of ties till these days held little less than sacred, and an admission that a British monarch must be as distinctively and thoroughly British as the humblest of his subjects. The result can hardly fail to be a breaking down of the old bars that have hedged royalty around. Its members will have to seek their mates at home, and that will mean an abandonment of the theory that royalty must marry royalty, or else renounce all claims to recognition as in the line of royal inheritance.

Whether reverence for royalty will long survive such a change remains for the future to decide, but there is no doubt that the royal Princes and Princesses will find certain consolations in the consequent enlargement of their liberties in the matter of marriage.

Disclosure Strangely Postponed.

Between the Cruger case in this city and the Piper case in New Brunswick, N. J., there is one curious similarity — in both there was an astonishing failure to find the body of a person, presumably the victim of murder, by looking for it in the place not only where it was but where it was most likely to be. Here it was members of the police force that manifested this mystifying negligence; there still higher representatives of the law, as well as the police, for a while refrained from doing what it now seems natural they should have done first.

And PIPER's body was not even buried! Apparently it remained for four months in various parts of the house, most of the time in a cellar to which he was known to have gone and from which nobody saw him emerge. One man did report its presence there, but his news excited no real interest and was dismissed after an investigation admittedly of the most perfunctory sort.

Yet there is a proverb to the effect that murder will out! That it does sometimes is true, but episodes like these more than hint that it does so by no means always. And certainly murderers are not always apprehended, while a good many that are escape the penalty allotted to their crime.

A UNITED IRELAND.

Conspicuous Examples of Co-operation in the North and South.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a Belfast man and a Nationalist I wish to congratulate the Rev. Dr. Walker Gwynne on his excellent timely reply to Dr. Darlington in your columns. What he says is true; most Irishmen know it and proclaim it, but coming from one in Dr. Gwynne's position it is impressive and should bear fruit. Would that we had a few more like him! The Irishmen who united in '98 and who in response to an appeal to defend Ireland's liberty are now dying together in France, will yet come together as brothers and work at home for Ireland. I know the North, I know the South and West, and they recognize that a prosperous Irish nation will demand a North more prosperous than ever—agricultural prosperity in the South, industrial in the North—neither can be hindered without injuring the nation as a whole. With self-government established, whatever its ultimate form, all Irishmen will work shoulder to shoulder for Ireland. The roll of illustrious Protestants mentioned by Dr. Gwynne is being continued in Irish public life today. Douglas Hyde, founder of the Gaelic League, like Swift MacNeill, M. P., and Hugh Law, ex-M. P. for Catholic Donegal, are sons of Episcopalian ministers; Stephen Gwynne, son of the Regius Professor of Divinity, Trinity College, Dublin; Vesey Knox, K. C., son of the Protestant Primate of Ireland, and Samuel Young, father of the House of Commons, a Belfast Nonconformist; Captain Donellan, "whip" of the Irish Party, have been chosen by the most Catholic parts of Ireland as their parliamentary representatives.

While men like these and their coreligionists, Lords Dunraven, Castletown, Pirrie, and Sir Horace Plunkett, Lady Gregory, A. M. Carlisle, and T. W. Russell, to mention but a few in our intellectual and commercial world, are working hand-in-hand with their Catholic countrymen, one suspects that there are ulterior motives behind cries like "rum and religion." Of these I venture to point out the principal one: A united, prosperous, industrial, and agricultural Ireland would prove injurious to British commerce. With her natural resources Ireland, aided by her geographical position and her splendid harbors, could more than duplicate the record of Belgium and Holland, whose combined area is smaller than Ireland's—and the ante bellum trade of Belgium and Holland was a marvel. But, please God, Ireland's day will soon come; we want every Irishman for the work ahead of us, the poetic, pastoral, intellectual element of the South leavening the mechanical and industrial element of the North, all members of the one active body. Legislating together, the too long purposely divided parties will learn to know, esteem, and love one another, all working for one another and for Ireland. If the lesson of the South is learned, and each one strives to live up to his own religious ideals, aiming at his own perfection and not worrying over the benightedness of his brother who kneels at a different shrine, all will be well, and the day that poets sang of, that patriots died for, that the oppressed of ages sighed for will have dawned.

ANDREW A. MACERLEAN.
New York, June 18, 1917.

A High Note.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few years ago it was said by some one and repeated by many that "The Star-Spangled Banner" is not singable. He who started that objection must have had an awfully poor voice. I should hate to hear him try to sing anything. I sang "The Star-Spangled Banner" as solo and in chorus, day and night, in public and in private, all through the war of the rebellion, and so did everybody with a fairly good voice. A chorus can reach anything. The weak ones can squeak to the high notes and growl to the low ones, supported and covered by the good voices, and not spoil it. We used to soar with "the rocket's red glare" and think nothing of it. We had not then heard how difficult it was, and we loved it.

Now, people are afraid of it. At a memorial service in May, where the body of the church was filled with men in khaki, who sang other patriotic songs lustily and would have tackled manfully our national hymn, it was played through once on the organ, all standing, but nobody singing! Wasn't that cowardly?

They say the range is too long for the ordinary voice. It has exactly the same range as "Die Wacht am Rhein," and curiously begins somewhat similarly. I have yet to meet the German who would dare to object to his national song. "Off with his head," if he did. The upper notes are arranged a little more awkwardly in our song, but they are no higher. If you pitch it on B flat instead of C, the usual key, any good voice can sing it, and we of a high voice used to go you one better on the last verse, pitching "the land of the free-e-e" to a third higher yet, while the chorus stuck to the usual note. It was inspiring.

New Haven, June 18, 1917. J. W. G. S.

GERMAN EDUCATION.

Does It "Tower High Above That of All Other Countries"?

Oberlin College,
Department of Psychology,
June 19, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES of June 17 there appear excerpts from an article in the Berliner Kreuz-Zeitung criticising a recent speech of President Wilson. As quoted the criticism consists largely of abuse of conditions of life in America. The Kreuz-Zeitung states, in effect, that freedom, justice, and financial morality are at a low ebb in this country. "Let Wilson remember," the article goes on to say, "that Germany's popular education towers high above that of all other countries, and that this by itself justifies Germany in requiring to be allowed to manage her own affairs."

This statement concerning the school system of Germany is typical of much wholesale laudation (chiefly by Germans) of German education, both elementary and advanced. There is some reason for questioning the superlative excellence of German schools, if one judges them by their product. Much has happened to make it seem quite certain that elementary German education does not always give to its recipients the ability to weigh alternatives judiciously, nor correctly to apprehend the trend of logic. Perhaps in this respect the German system falls more signally than any other. The complete ascendency of the Junkerthum is the final criticism of the German popular educational scheme.

But other evidences are at hand which make it seem obvious that the education so highly adulated by the Kreuz-Zeitung does not in all cases convey even rudimentary information to its pupils. In his "Prinzipien und Methoden der Intelligenzprüfung" Professor Dr. Th. Ziehen, Direktor der Psychiatrischen und Nervenklinik der Kgl. Charité in Berlin, in discussing the criteria of feeble-mindedness refuses to give weight to the matter of "Schulwissen." For, says he, (s. 6:)

> Viele vollsinnige Berliner Arbeiter wissen vom Krieg 1870-71 fast nichts mehr. Von den Hauptstaedten der einzelnen Laender haben manche keine Ahnung. Geschichtliche Personen werden in Unglaublicher Weise verwechselt. [Many mentally normal Berlin workmen know almost nothing of the war of 1870-71. Many have no idea of the capital cities of other lands. Historical personages are confused in an unbelievable manner.]

And a few lines lower down Professor Ziehen says:

> So habe ich mich z. B. zu meinen groessen Erstaunen ueberzeugen muessen, dass einzelne vollsinnige Berliner Arbeiter, die schon jahrelang in Berlin leben, nicht wissen, an welchem Fluss Berlin liegt. Sehr viele wissen nicht, in welchen Fluss die Spree muendet. [I have myself been convinced, to my great astonishment, that certain mentally normal Berlin workmen who have lived in Berlin for years do not know on what river Berlin lies. Very many do not know into which river the Spree empties.]

Can one imagine an analogous situation in America? Is there an American workman in New York who has attended school who knows nothing of the civil war? Is there one in St. Louis who does not know where the Mississippi empties, or in Philadelphia who does not know the name of the river which flows through it?

It seems probable that no representative American psychiatrist would make statements concerning the American workmen which would compare with these made by Professor Ziehen. With all its defects American education probably insures the possession of rudimentary information on the part of its pupils of a sort which, it seems, the German system sometimes fails to convey.

Assuming that Professor Ziehen's statements are accurate, it is evident either that popular education in Germany is not after all overwhelmingly superior to that of the United States, or else that men who would be accounted feeble-minded in America are assumed to be perfectly normal in Germany.

The Kreuz-Zeitung should take Professor Ziehen to task for his unpatriotic and un-German candor.

GEORGE R. WELLS.

Thoreau on Mythology.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Henry Seidel Canby (in the July Yale Review) calls Thoreau the founder of the American tradition in literature. In the year of his centenary and of continued controversy over the classics some may be interested in an opinion from this intimate of beans and wild apples, ("Excursions," Riverside Edition, Page 284:)

> Where is the literature which gives expression to Nature? * * * I do not know of any poetry to quote which adequately expresses this yearning for the wild. Approached from this side the best poetry is tame. I do not know where to find in any literature, ancient or modern, any account which contents me of that Nature with which even I am acquainted. You will perceive that I demand something which no Augustan or Elizabethan age, which no culture, in short, can give. Mythology comes nearer to it than anything. * * * Mythology is the crop which the Old World bore before its soil was exhausted, before the fancy and imagination were affected with blight, and which it still bears, wherever its pristine vigor is unabated. All other literatures endure only as the elms which overshadow our houses; but this is like the great dragon tree of the Western Isles, as old as mankind, and * * * will endure as long.

L.

Kenwood, N. Y., June 19, 1917.

The Tin Box Fund.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On March 16 last THE TIMES published a letter from Dr. Charles L. Dana giving an account of the Three Cent Children's Tin Box Fund, which was then securing money through boxes placed in restaurants, hotels, shops, &c., for the midday meal given in the schools in Belgium and Northern France. Owing to that letter, many of your readers from States as widely separated as Vermont, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, and North Dakota have sent requests for boxes, which they have placed in various towns.

Since the United States Government, on June 1, provided a loan to Belgium and Northern France sufficient to feed the children in these areas the signs on the boxes now read as follows:

> "For the destitute children of our allies in the war zone. Put in 3 cents. This will help to feed a child."

Since November last to June 1, during which time the money from the boxes went to the Commission for Relief in Belgium, almost $16,000 was collected.

The Children's Tin Box Fund is established in eighteen States and has nearly 1,700 boxes in use. Bristol, R. I., is the headquarters, and the money from this fund will be administered by the Children of America's Army Relief in Boston. E. O. H. LARNED.

Bristol, R. I., June 18, 1917.

More Food and Daylight.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There seems to be no good reason why the Lever Food Administration bill and the Daylight Saving bill should not immediately become laws. The one protects the people against food-price extortion and the other would conserve and increase the food resources of the nation by giving more daylight for farm workers. JULES GOLDBURG.

New York, June 18, 1917.

THE CROWNED REPUBLIC

By ROBERT UNDERWOOD JOHNSON.

I.

Forgive us, Italy, who have loved thee long,
Daughter of Beauty, Cynosure of Song,
That we who knew thee fair should not have known thee strong.

For Beauty is no weakling, taking odds
From earthly Power and cringing at its nods,
But giver of sovereign laws to immemorial gods.

She is no mere contriver of design,
Of thrilling color or uplifting line;
She sings within the soul a music all divine.

And when she sets the ardent youth aflame
With duty, brooking no unworthy aim,
She is but Justice honored by another name.

II.

We should have read the roster of thy great
Who from mismated fragments inchoate
The fair mosaic made of thine harmonious state;

Alike in nothing but in love of thee
While thou wert yet a dream of Liberty,
They gave thee all they were and all they hoped to be:—

He of Savoy, first man and then a king;
He of Caprera, armed with David's sling;
He of Turin, who won with wise imagining;

He of the Tuscan vineyards, firm as steel;
And he of Genoa, priest of the common weal,
And he whose voice to Venice was a tocsin-peal.

O land for whom thy sons were fain to die
As lovers are to live! No obloquy
Their secrets could unlock, their purpose turn awry.

In thy deep dungeons Freedom grew to might,
Nourished by darkness as the rose by light.
Would tyrants conquer Thought: they must abolish Night.

Behind the bars where Settembrini dwelt,
Beside the chains whose scars Poerio felt,
Above the beds bereaved where dauntless women knelt,

Thine image, as in Dante's vision, shone—
The Italy that some day would be one,
When alien yoke was cleft and cruel sands were run.

III.

Now, when the old oppressor of thy land
Had weakly chosen by his side to stand
Who holds the torch and bribe in either treacherous hand,

Thought they to fright thee by war's awful price,
Or silence thee by lure of paradise—
Thee, with thy glorious ancestry of sacrifice?

Forgive us—we were over-slow to scan
The incredible cunning of the monstrous plan
Whereby the spider State has set its web for Man;

But fallen are the scales, and now our heart—
That with thee stormed the startled Alps—takes part
With glad and welcome aid from mint and mine and mart.

And, haply, on thy waves our ships may dare
The iron shark within his stealthy lair
Till the freed seas forget what late was their despair.

Oh, fortunate if our torn flag be found
Comrade of thine on some embattled ground
Thenceforth by Garibaldi's memory made renowned.—

What name in all thine epic history
But his to summon us and trumpet thee—
Who found his foster land what thou wert born to be.

Pillar of cloud and fire, his spirit soar'th
Above thy eager legions pressing forth
And cheers them on to save their brothers of the North.

O Crowned Republic, let us be of those
Who know and conquer all the people's foes—
Without, within—that dare the gates of Freedom close.

THE GERMAN PEOPLE.

Why They Do Not Protest Against the Acts of Their Rulers.

New York, June 19, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A number of leading newspapers of this country and many public men have expressed their disapproval of President Wilson's oft-repeated declaration that the United States is making war upon Prussian autocracy and not upon the German people. These dissenters assert that the German people as a whole are responsible for everything the House of Hohenzollern has done, for, otherwise, they would have denounced their Government for its atrocious acts and stood firmly for freedom, justice, and mercy.

Now, it is generally conceded that Kaiser Wilhelm comes nearer being an absolute monarch than any other ruler on earth today, notwithstanding the so-called constitutional guarantees and privileges of the German people so inadequately and inequitably represented in the Reichstag. That being granted, is it not plain that the German people would not dare to condemn the policy, the plans, and the acts of the Kaiser for fear of subjecting themselves to the charge of lèse-majesté or even high treason, with the penalties of imprisonment or death? Can we expect any free expression from the German people with such a menace, worse than the sword of Damocles, hanging over their heads?

We all know what happened to the German students at Bonn University in the revolution of 1848 when they dared to take up arms against absolutism in government. Some were put to death, many were imprisoned, and others, Carl Schurz among them, to escape punishment, sought refuge in America.

It is true that now and then some German leader like Maximilian Harden, the editor, or Dr. Liebknecht, the Socialist, ventures to indulge in criticism of the Prussian Government, but we know that Harden has been punished more than once by having his paper suspended and that Liebknecht is now serving a long term in prison because of his strictures on the Kaiser's ambitions for world conquest.

Is it any wonder, therefore, that the German people do not openly denounce the outrages and cruelties for which their tyrannical Government is responsible, such as the sinking of the Lusitania and the dropping of bombs from airships upon undefended towns, killing and maiming noncombatants, men, women and children, when the German subjects know that to speak in condemnation of their Government's acts means condign punishment, possibly an ignominious death?

The idea of making war upon the German people everywhere, the abhorrent doctrine of race hatred, is totally repugnant to the nobler doctrine of the universal brotherhood of man and fatherhood of God impressed upon the minds of the American people from youth to old age in school, church, and in fraternal lodge. Both England and Germany have their "Song of Hate," but let us hope and pray that America, a cosmopolitan nation, blending in one composite people of all races, will not become so lost to reason and good sense as to cultivate and encourage such malignant passion toward any people on earth. The doctrine of race hatred in this war would lead to hopeless chaos, crime, and disaster. In the United States at least one-fourth of the population has a strain of Teutonic blood. If race hatred were to prevail, this one-fourth would be hated and ostracized by the majority three-fourths, and there would be internecine strife and carnage in every community of this broad land.

It would seem to the writer, who, in spite of his outlandish German name, antedating the revolution in this country, is only of one-fourth Teutonic blood, that race hatred in this Republic is a very dangerous doctrine. In this melting pot of all nations and races, combining the blood of all into one typical American race, having the virility and virtues of all, the wisest and safest course is to eschew race hatred entirely and stand as one man for the vindication and triumph of democracy over autocracy the world over now and forever.

WALTER LINGENFELDER.

Russian Prison Conditions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You favor my letter on Russian prison conditions with editorial comment, and as this shows that you take considerable interest in the matter, and also because I believe that your comment somewhat misinterprets (unintentionally, of course) my letter, I take the liberty to return to the subject again.

First, I wish to state that my letter was a protest, and not a defense, as, according to my opinion, there was nothing in the action of the Russian revolutionists toward the monarchists that had to be defended.

The Associated Press correspondent brought before the American public charges of cruelty on the side of the revolutionists. One of the cruel things he finds is the "faulty construction of the prisons," and it was only natural that I found it necessary to remind the American public of the "well-known fact that the revolutionists were not to blame" for this.

The second "horror" that The Associated Press correspondent finds is the food. But it must be remembered that throughout the breadth and length of Russia the same kind of food and often worse is being used by over 100,000,000 peasants.

Now, I ask you, where are the horrors about which the correspondent hastened to inform the American public? Maybe he found them in the mere fact that the monarchists were imprisoned at all. Here I must remind you that only those who actually participated in the crimes of the old regime, and only those who took part in the treacherous negotiations with the Kaiser about a separate peace, were put in prison.

In conclusion I wish to say that I fully agree with you in your demand for a higher standard of conduct from the revolutionists. And I am glad to say that they meet this demand successfully. On the same day on which your editorial appeared I read in the Russkaya Vedomosty of Moscow (not a revolutionary paper) a description of the correspondent's voyage through Russia, in which he says: "During all my voyage of a thousand miles I have not seen a single instance of quarreling or cursing people. All were quiet, courteous, and full of hope. Our nation has changed entirely." Yes! It has changed.

MARK WEINBAUM,
Editorial Staff of the Russky Golos.
New York, June 14, 1917.

The Main Strength of the British.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The British victory at Messines and the vivid account by Philip Gibbs of the consequent demoralization of the Germans recalls what Emerson said sixty years ago in his "English Traits" of the fighting ability of Englishmen:

> But conscious that no better race of men exists, they rely most on the simplest means, and do not like ponderous and difficult tactics, but delight to bring the affair hand to hand, where the victory lies with the strength, courage, and endurance of the individual combatants. They adopt every improvement in rig, in motor, in weapons, but they fundamentally believe that the best stratagem in naval war is to lay your ship alongside of the enemy's ship and bring all your guns to bear on him, until you or he go to the bottom. This is the old fashion, which never goes out of fashion, neither in nor out of England.

Good old Emerson! What finer tribute could there be to the courage with which battles are won, or what clearer warning can be given to us Americans of the course we must pursue to do our part in this war for democratic freedom.

LAWRENCE F. ABBOTT.
Cornwall, N. Y., June 13, 1917.

As a Curious Story.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It may interest some of your readers to hear a curious story of how peace has come to one spot in Washington since the departure of the German Ambassador.

Continually during the last two years an evil-looking and more evil-sounding crow has perched upon the top of the flagstaff on the German Embassy and droned out his ominous threat, "Caw, caw, caw!" What bird could have been so appropriate in the place?

At one time he was the only American who dared to crow over von Bernstorff, but he did it with a vengeance, as the said gentleman crowed over the victims of the Lusitania.

There must have been times when the Ambassador would have liked to be rid of him, for to a superstitious German his threatening cry, which has always been said to forebode famine and death, must have been disconcerting. He took to the woods about the time of the Ambassador's departure, and is seen no more about the embassy.

K

CHAS. D. WETMORE WEDS MRS. WATRISS

New York Architect Marries Former Wife of Frederic N. Watriss, at Rosemont, Pa.

PHILIP LYDIG IS BEST MAN

Ceremony in Home of Brother Is Attended by Philadelphia and New York Society.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20. — Mrs. Sarah Thomson Watriss, daughter of the late Dr. and Mrs. William Thomson of this city, was married to Charles Delevan Wetmore of New York this afternoon at the home of the bride's brother, Walter S. Thomson, at Rosemont. The ceremony was performed at 1 o'clock by the Rev. C. W. Kitte, and was witnessed by a gathering of society from New York, Washington, and this city.

The bride was unattended. Dr. Archibald Thomson gave her in marriage. Philip M. Lydig of New York acted as best man.

The wedding attracted attention on account of the social prominence of the bridal couple. On March 27 last, the former Mrs. Watriss obtained a divorce from Frederic N. Watriss, who, a fortnight later, married Mrs. Helen Barney Alexander of New York, daughter of Mrs. Charles T. Barney, and widow of Colonel Archibald F. Alexander.

Mr. Wetmore is a prominent architect of New York, and a partner of Whitney Warren. He will bring his bride to New York to reside.

Among the guests at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bacon, Whitney Warren, W. Forbes Morgan, Alfonso de Navarro, Winthrop Chanler, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wetmore, Miss Beatrice Wetmore, Mrs. Lawrence Thomson, William T. Watriss, and the Misses Martha and Frederica Watriss.

BRIDE OF HENRY SCHROEDER

Miss Annetta Weaver Married in All Souls' Unitarian Church.

The marriage of Henry Schroeder, a son of Mrs. Francis Schroeder of 20 East Sixty-sixth Street and Miss Annetta Weaver, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George S. Weaver of Rich Hill, Kew Gardens, L. I., was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in All Souls Unitarian Church, Fourth Avenue and Twentieth Street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William Laurence Sullivan of the church.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a gown of old point lace with an over drapery of satin that formed points at the sides and came almost to the lower flounce of point lace at the back of the skirt. The low cut point lace corsage was also partially covered with the satin and the lace sleeves came down over her hands. The long satin court train fell from the shoulders and her point lace veil, also worn by her grandmother, was held in Juliet fashion with a wreath of orange blossoms. Her ornaments were a long bar pin set with diamonds and a huge diamond dependent from a slender chain.

The attendants, the Misses Vera Onativia, Barbara Barreto, Bessie Martin, and Jessie Boyd, wore yellow and lilac colored chiffon frocks, with lilac satin girdles.

Mr. Schroeder's best man was Robert B. Parker and the ushers were Clifford Smith, Henry Munger, Walter Powers, Frederick Baker, and Louis T. Toussaint. Little Miss Theodora Toussaint and Master Townsend Toussaint were the flower girl and page.

A reception for several hundred people followed in the Louis XVI. suite at the St. Regis, which was decorated throughout with June flowers. The honeymoon will be spent South and on their return Mr. and Mrs. Schroeder will live at Kew Gardens.

MISS SUSAN COLGATE WEDS.

The Bride of Dr. Mather Cleveland, Lieutenant in Reserve Corps.

Special to The New York Times.

BENNINGTON, Vt., June 20.—The marriage of Miss Susan Everett Colgate to Dr. Mather Cleveland of New York took place today at Ben Venue, the Old Bennington home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Colby Colgate of New York. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Edward Dudley Tibbits, rector of All Saints' Church, Hoosac, and an uncle of the bride.

Owing to the war the wedding was simple. Invitations were sent only to relatives of the bride and bridegroom and a few intimate friends.

The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. James S. Dennis, as matron of honor. Newcomb Cleveland of Denver, Col., father of the bridegroom, acted as best man.

Dr. Cleveland, who is house surgeon at the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, holds a commission as First Lieutenant in the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, and is subject to call at any time.

JOHN S. KEITH MARRIES.

Lawyer Weds Mrs. Fay M. Campbell, Author of Children's Stories.

Mrs. Fay Miller Campbell, widow of Don Campbell of Fort Worth, Texas, o'clock, in the North Presbyterian was married yesterday afternoon at 4 Church, 155th Street and Broadway, to John S. Keith, a corporation lawyer of this city. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. John R. McKay, pastor of the church.

Mrs. John D. Buhrer was matron of honor, and Miss Millicent Horton the maid of honor.

Captain Edwin W. Moore of the Seventh Regiment and Chief of Staff of Major Gen. O'Ryan acted as best man.

The bride is the author of many children's stories, and has been active in children welfare work in this city. Mr. Keith is a member of the firm of Armstrong & Keith, 40 Wall Street.

MRS. RALPH THOMAS NOW PRINCESS VLORA

Former Wife of Frank J. Gould Surprises Friends by Marrying an Albanian in Paris.

The former Mrs. Helen Kelly Thomas is now Princess Vlora of Albania, according to a dispatch received here from Paris, where the wedding of the former wife of Frank J. Gould took place very recently.

No particulars of the wedding were given in the dispatch, the publication of which yesterday came as a surprise to the bride's friends in New York.

Her engagement, however, was known to her family here, as the pair have been engaged for several months. Her mother, Mrs. Edward Kelly of 116 East Sixty-third Street, would make no comment upon the match. But the bride's sister, Mrs. Al Davis, formerly Eugenia Kelly, said that she knew of her sister's engagement, and that she was to be married about this time. Mrs. Thomas met the Prince at St. Moritz last December.

This is Mrs. Thomas's third marriage. She was married to Frank J. Gould when only 17 years old, and subsequently divorced. Their two daughters, Helen and Dorothy, have been looked after by their aunt, Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, with whom they spend much of their time.

A year after the former Mrs. Gould obtained her divorce she was married to Ralph Hill Thomas of this city, who died in 1914, leaving his wife an estate of $2,000,000. Since that time she has spent considerable time abroad.

Albania is a mountainous country of European Turkey and is now mostly occupied by Italy. The inhabitants speak a language of their own, which is not clearly allied to any other known tongue. Its population numbers 1,000,000.

MAY ARREST THOMPSON.

Senator Persists in Refusal to Sign State Census Blank.

Special to The New York Times.

MEDINA, N. Y., June 20.—Senator George R. Thompson's refusal to sign his State census blank resulted today in a hearing in the Niagara County Court House, at Lockport, before Census Director Charles F. Foley on the matter and a statement tonight by the Niagara Census Director that if Senator Thompson insisted tomorrow on refusing to sign the blank a warrant would be issued for his arrest.

Senator Thompson did not attend today's hearing, being absent in Washington and New York, and the matter was held pending his return tomorrow. Senator Thompson is said to take the position that it is not obligatory under the census law to sign an enrollment blank, and that no one need do so unless voluntarily.

Should the Thompson contention prevail, it will materially affect the balance of the State enrollment hereabout, which is already being regarded upon State authority as anything but seriously. Those testifying today were the officials who unsuccessfully sought to secure the Senator's signature. It developed at the hearing that Middleport, the town in which Senator Thompson lives, had many eligibles who had not as yet filled their State census blanks.

HELP IN LONDON ROSE SALE.

American Women Active in Work for Benefit of Hospitals.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 20.—Sixty-seven women of the American colony took a leading part today in London's annual rose festival, selling artificial blooms in Haymarket Square in honor of Queen Alexandra for the benefit of hospitals. Mrs. Walter H. Page, wife of the American Ambassador, was in charge of a stall. Mrs. Curtis Brown, President of the American Women's Club, headed another band of flower sellers. Lady Harcourt and Mrs. Kendal Johnson were in charge of the office.

Miss Laidlaw loaned an automobile for the day decorated with the Stars and Stripes and the Union Jack. Queen Alexandra noticed it in her drive through the streets and called Princess Victoria's attention to it. Mrs. Lloyd Rowland and American nurses lately at the front formed one of the most popular groups. The receipts were large, many half sovereigns being dropped in the collection boxes.

Fitch-Hotchkiss Betrothal.

Mr. and Mrs. Winchester Fitch of 960 Park Avenue, gave a dinner at their Summer home at Greenwich, Conn., last evening, at which they announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alida Jane Fitch, to Horace Leslie Hotchkiss, 3d.

Miss Fitch attended Miss Spence's School, also the Misses Masters' School at Dobbs Ferry. She was to have made her début in November, but on account of the war this plan was changed.

Mr. Hotchkiss is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Horace L. Hotchkiss, Jr., of Rye, N. Y., and is a brother of Miss Adeline Hotchkiss, whose engagement to Richard Temple Keogh was recently announced.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Gilman Bride in Rose Arbor.

Miss Leah Gilman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Gilman, was married to Irving H. Bernstein of this city yesterday at the Summer home of her parents, Fort Solonga, Northport, L. I., the Rev. Dr. Aaron Eiseman officiating.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Sadie Gilman, as maid of honor, with the Misses Hortense and Mina Auerbach as flower girls. Mortimer B. Bernstein acted as best man.

The ceremony was performed underneath a rose arbor on the lawn, and the wedding breakfast in a marquee. A special train carried the guests to and from the city.

Miss Gladys Hollingsworth Engaged

The engagement of Miss Gladys Hollingsworth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. F. Hollingsworth of Paris, France, to Frederick J. Atwood has been announced, Mr. Atwood is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Atwood of this city.

Miss Hollingsworth is organizer and Chairman of the American Girls' Aid in this city, which is for the families of the French soldiers and is a part of the Paris organization of which Mrs. Gaston Pinto, Miss Hollingsworth's sister, is head.

No date has been arranged for the wedding.

War Taxes in Canada

The present Canadian War Tax on Profits amounts to 25% on all net profits exceeding 7% in the case of companies, and 10% in the case of firms and individuals. By a bill now before Parliament, the tax would be increased to 50% of profits in excess of 15%, and 75% of profits in excess of 25%.

For any of our clients or friends who would be interested in comparing the Canadian War Taxes with the Tax Measure now pending in Washington, we shall be glad to supply further details.

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GRADUATION AT YALE HAS FLAVOR OF WAR

Many Students Clad in Khaki, Tardieu Honored, and "Marseillaise" Played.

PADEREWSKI GETS DEGREE

Class at 217th Commencement Numbers 703 — Phipps' Fund for Hospital Unit.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 20.—Degrees to the number of 703 in course, and seventeen honorary, were conferred by Yale University at its 217th commencement today. As one-third of the candidates for degrees of bachelor of arts and of philosophy are in national service, their garb of khaki indicated that they were on furloughs from various training camps.

There was an international touch to the conferring of honorary degrees, for among the recipients were André Tardieu, High Commissioner of the French Republic in the United States; Sir Ernest Rutherford, a physicist at the University of Manchester, who is cooperating with the French scientific mission, and the Rev. John Kelman of Edinburgh, Scotland, who is with the British mission.

At the exercises the Polish National anthem was played as a prelude in honor of Ignace Jan Paderewski, who received a degree, while in honor of M. Tardieu and his country the "Marseillaise" was played immediately after he received his degree.

The honorary degrees were conferred as follows:

MASTER OF ARTS.—Robert Melville Danford, U. S. A., commandant of the Yale batteries; William T. Hornaday, director of the New York Zoological Park; Pierre Jay of the Federal Reserve Board, New York; Frederick N. Pease, chief chemist of the Pennsylvania Railroad; Martin A. Ryerson, President of the Board of Trustees of the University of Chicago; Frederic C. Walcott, New York; Julian A. Weir, President of National Academy; Arthur Whiting, composer.

DOCTOR OF SCIENCE.—Theobald Smith, director of the department of animal research of the Rockefeller Institute; Sir Ernest Rutherford, University of Manchester, England.

DOCTOR OF DIVINITY.—Shirley Jackson Case, professor at the University of Chicago; John Kelman, pastor of Free St. George's Church, Edinburgh.

DOCTOR OF MUSIC.—Ignace Jan Paderewski, pianist.

DOCTOR OF LAWS.—Dr. Le Baron R. Briggs, President of Radcliffe College; Justice John Proctor Clarke, New York Supreme Court; Myron Herrick, former Ambassador to France; Andre Tardieu, editor of the Revue des Deux Mondes, Paris.

President Hadley announced at the Alumni Luncheon this afternoon that John S. Phipps, Henry C. Phipps, and Howard Phipps of New York had offered the money necessary up to $200,000 for the equipment of the Yale Mobile Hospital Unit. They made the offer on request that the identity of the unit be conserved as far as military necessities will permit, that the unit be sent to France at the earliest possible moment, to be used by the French military authorities until such time as the French and American governments desire its transfer for use by the United States forces, and that other conditional subscriptions previously made to the unit be conserved as an emergency fund for transportation, maintenance or other purposes connected with the unit or for other needs of the Medical School.

An additional total of $65,000 has been subscribed by various foundations and individuals toward the purposes of the unit.

President Hadley told the alumni that the money gifts to Yale during the year were $1,154,837. The offer of Mrs. Stephen V. Harkness of New York to erect dormitories on the proposed new square was unlimited in amount. Whether the dormitories would be erected immediately was undecided, he said. The $2,000,000 endowment for the reorganized medical school has just been received, concluding the most successful material year in the university's history.

HOOVER HONORED AT BROWN.

Tells Alumni America Must Keep Wolf from World's Door.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 20.—Brown University, at its 149th commencement today, awarded degrees to a class of 197, fully one-fifth of whom were absent on war service. The list included thirty-four graduates of the women's college.

Herbert C. Hoover was invested with the degree of Doctor of Laws, conferred in absentia last year. Speaking at a luncheon to Brown alumni Mr. Hoover declared that the wolf was at the door of the world, and that the United States, more than any other nation, must keep it away. This country must help keep the other allies "constant in war," he said, or else become Germany's sole enemy. Mr. Hoover declared the nations food supply was gradually decreasing, and that there would be a still greater decrease a year hence.

Other honorary degrees, including the degree of Doctor of Laws, were conferred on Lindley M. Garrison and Samuel H. Ordway of New York.

$100,000 DARTMOUTH GIFT.

H. L. Moore of Minneapolis Founds Alumni Lectureships.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., June 20.—H. L. Moore of Minneapolis, a member of the Dartmouth College class of 1877, has given to the college the income of $100,000 to be applied to the establishment of two lectureships. The gift was announced today. The foundation is to be called "The Dartmouth Alumni Lectureships on the Guernsey Centre Moore Foundation," and established in memory of Mr. Moore's son, a member of the class of 1904, who died while he was a student.

Harvard Celebration "Bone Dry."

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 20.—Old Harvard men, returning today for commencement, found that the university was celebrating on a "bone dry" schedule for the first time in its history. The changes, which officers of the university said could not have been brought about in a generation of peace, included the elimination of punch and other drinks at class celebrations. Even the Class of '67, fifty years out of college, will not serve champagne, the custom of fifty-year classes from time immemorial.

DIGBY BELL, ACTOR, DIES IN 69TH YEAR

Comedian and Opera Singer Who Won First Successes in Gilbert and Sullivan's Works.

Digby Bell, the comedian, died late yesterday in Miss Alston's Sanitarium in West Sixty-first Street after an illness of several weeks, during which there was little hope of his recovery. When his illness became critical he was removed from the Lambs Club, where he lived, to the sanitarium.

Mr. Bell was born in Milwaukee, Wis., sixty-eight years ago. In 1872 he went to Italy to study music, and several years later made his stage début at Malta. His first appearance in this country was as a concert singer in Chickering Hall in 1876. The following year he made his début at Montreal as Beppo in "Fra Diavolo," and for a quarter of a century after that he was one of the best-known of American light opera singers.

Some of his best known rôles were in the operas of Gilbert and Sullivan. He sang the rôle of Archibald Grosvenor in "Patience," Dr. Daly in "The Sorcerer," Ko-Ko in "The Mikado," and a rôle in "The Pirates of Penzance." His interpretation of the rôle of Ko-Ko was one of his most popular impersonations, and he was seen in the part as late as 1910.

In the early '80s Mr. Bell appeared at Daly's in "Zamina," "The Passing Regiment," "Needles and Pins," and "Americans Abroad." He played King Charles in "Nell Gwynne," at the Casino in 1884, and the following year became a member of Colonel McCaull's Opera Company. He remained four years with this organization, singing principal parts in "The Black Hussar," "Indiana," "Boccaccio," and "The May Queen." His first stellar rôle was in "Jupiter" at Palmer's in 1892. He was in Lillian Russell's company for a number of seasons, and in 1895 was associated with De Wolf Hopper in "Mr. Pickwick." He toured for several years in "The Educator," by Mr. Fipp. The funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock from the West End Collegiate Church, West End Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street.

NOTED SCIENTIST DIES.

James M. Crofts Was a Leader in Research Work Here and Abroad.

BOSTON, June 20.—James Mason Crafts of this city, a distinguished scientist, and President of Massachusetts Institute of Technology from 1898 to 1900, died today at his Summer home in Ridgefield, Conn. After serving two years as Professor of Chemistry at Cornell, he became head of the Department of Chemistry at the institute, and in later years was identified with it as a leader in research work in this country and abroad.

He received the Rumford Medal in England for original scientific work and the Perkin Prize from the Paris Academy of Science.

Professor Crafts was a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, France, 1885; Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, A. A. A. S.; member of National Academy of Sciences, American Chemical Society, Washington Academy of Sciences, and honorary member of the Royal Institute of Great Britain.

Funeral of Max Holtz Today.

The funeral of Max Holtz, the publisher, will take place from the Funeral Chapel, Broadway between Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh Streets today at 2 o'clock. Dr. Stephen S. Wise will officiate, and the body will be buried in Mount Carmel Cemetery.

The pallbearers will be Messrs. Robert Wolfers, Ira M. Younker, William A. Lindsay, Harry L. Latham, W. A. Watson and R. B. Carey. The honorary pallbearers will be H. M. Swetland, E. Filene, Herman Younker, Charles G. Phillips, C. T. Root, C. H. Ditchett, E. R. Mixer, David Strauss, and Louis S. Posner.

Mrs. Winthrop Rutherfurd.

Mrs. Winthrop Rutherfurd, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Levi P. Morton, died on Tuesday in New York Hospital following an operation. She was the fourth daughter of the former Vice President of the United States and was well known in New York society. One of her sisters, Helen, was married in 1901 to Count de Perigord, son of the Prince de Sagan, and another, Edith, is Mrs. William Corcoran Eustis. Mrs. Rutherfurd is survived by her husband and six children.

Bishop McFaul's Body Lies in State.

TRENTON, N. J., June 20.—The body of Bishop James A. McFaul, who died on Saturday, lies in state in St. Mary's Cathedral today, having been conveyed from the Episcopal residence this afternoon to the cathedral, attended by a procession of priests and school children. The funeral services will be held tomorrow morning in the cathedral, with Bishop O'Connor of Newark officiating. The Right Rev. Patrick Hays, auxiliary bishop of the Diocese of New York, will preach the funeral sermon.

Edouard Charpentier Dies in Paris.

Edouard Charpentier, formerly a member of the New York Coffee Exchange, died yesterday in Paris where he has lived for the last ten years. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Charlotte Helen Harman of New York, and one son, Raoul Charpentier, who is in the steel business in Cleveland.

Rochester Degree for Mitchel.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 20.—The University of Rochester at its annual commencement today conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws on Mayor Mitchel of New York. Mayor Mitchel delivered the address of the day to the graduates, pleading for a democratized efficiency which should defeat and supplant the autocratic efficiency of Prussianism. The degree of Doctor of Literature was conferred upon E. S. Martin of New York.

Degree for John McCormack.

WORCESTER, Mass., June 20.—A class of ninety was graduated today at Holy Cross College. The degrees were conferred by Governor McCall. The honorary degree of Doctor of Literature was conferred on John McCormack, the tenor. At a memorial mass in the college chapel for the deceased alumni, the hymns were sung by Mr. McCormack.

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FAINTS IN SUBWAY, TRAIN KILLS HIM

Lyman C. Butler, Seized with Vertigo in Station, Falls to Track in Front of Express.

FATHER TRIES TO SAVE HIM

Victim of Accident a Sergeant in the Seventh Regiment, Who Saw Service on the Border.

Lyman C. Butler, an associate in the law firm of Butler, Wyckoff & Campbell and a Sergeant in Company K of the Seventh Regiment, was fatally injured yesterday in the subway station at Grand Central when he was seized with vertigo and fell in front of an express train. He died in the New York Hospital.

He was on the way to his law office with his father, William A. Butler, President of the Lawyers' Club, and was standing near the edge of the platform. As the train came into the station he swayed and staggered. His father tried to hold him, but the illness had made him so limp that the elder man could not support his weight and he fell directly to the track.

The motorman saw the man on the track and threw on his airbrakes, but the speed of the train was so great that he was unable to stop it in time. Mr. Butler leaped from the platform as soon as the train stopped and tried to extricate the body of his son from the truck of the car. Policemen and ambulance surgeons came to his assistance, and the injured man was taken to the New York Hospital, where he died while being prepared for an operation.

Mr. Butler, who was 48 years old, was graduated from Princeton University in 1890 and from the Columbia Law School in 1893. He had been an associate in his father's law firm since 1913. For several years he had been a member of Company K of the Seventh Regiment, and during the service on the border at McAllen, Texas, he was a Sergeant and was about to receive a commission in the regiment.

In a letter to Representative in Congress who had challenged William A. Butler to tell how many of his family were in the army or ready to join it Mr. Butler wrote of the record of his son in the Seventh Regiment and of the other members of his family. Thirteen members of the family were in the army or preparing to enter it.

Wing-Williams Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Wing of this city announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Katharine Wing, to Robert W. Williams, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Williams of Brooklyn. Miss Wing was graduated this year from Smith College. Mr. Williams is a graduate of Williams College, class of '16. No date has been set for the wedding.

Anson Wales Hard.

Anson Wales Hard, head of the firm of Hard & Rand, coffee brokers, at 107 Wall Street, and a member of one of the oldest New York families, died yesterday at his Summer home, Lawrence, L. I., in his seventy-sixth year. He first married Miss Brown, a sister of Waldron Post Brown, and after her death he married her sister, Miss Ellen Whipple Brown, in 1907, who died five years later.

Mr. Hard is survived by three sons and three daughters—James M. B., Anson W., and De Courcy L. Hard, and Mrs. Henry von Lengrike, Mrs. William R. Taylor, and Mrs. John Kane Mills. His city home was at 21 East Eightieth Street.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES DE WITT CLINTON, son of Dr. Alexander and Adelaide De Witt Clinton, died yesterday at his home in Ridgewood, L. I., in his eighty-second year. A son survives him.

ALBERT EDWARD BRAINARD, sales manager for a Springfield (Ohio) firm, died yesterday at Roosevelt Hospital following an operation for appendicitis. He was 37 years old, and had lived in New York one month.

Mrs. ETTA M. CASSIDY, wife of John F. Cassidy, Chief Clerk of the First District Municipal Court of Long Island City, died on Tuesday at her home, 59 Hulst Street, in her thirty-sixth year.

Mrs. DOROTHEA WAGNER, 89 years old, died on Tuesday at the home of her son, Charles Wagner, at College Point. She was born in Germany, and had lived here fifty years.

Mrs. EVA MYERS, former President of the Women's Fuel and Aid Society of New York, died on Tuesday at Long Branch, N. J. She was one of the small group of women who organized the charitable society in 1888.

Mrs. JESSIE C. SMIETON, wife of James Smieton, died on Tuesday at her home, 104 Glenwood Avenue, East Orange, N. J., just seventy-two hours after celebrating the fifty-eighth anniversary of her marriage at a family gathering. She was born in Scotland, and had lived in East Orange since 1873.

JAMES W. CHESHIRE, for twenty-five years employed in the Custom House and a former Chief of the Freeport Fire Department, died in the Nameola Hospital on Tuesday after an operation. He was 66 years old.

Mrs. PHEBE HORTON ELLERY, widow of Joseph F. Ellery, a former Port Warden of New York, died on Monday at her home, 522 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 72 years. Mrs. Ellery had been a resident of Brooklyn for half a century. Her husband, who died in April, 1916, was an Alderman of Brooklyn.

Mrs. JANE KENNARD, a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, and widow of Daniel Kennard, died at her home, 63 Oxford Avenue, Richmond Hill, on Tuesday, aged 80 years.

LEO HEPPENHEIMER, 84 years old, in the metal business in Brooklyn, died at his home, 566 Fifth Street, that borough, on Tuesday.

OTTO MUNCH, formerly Secretary of the old Munch Brewery, of which his father, the late Ferdinand Munch, was head, died from pneumonia on Tuesday in the Jamaica Hospital. Mr. Munch was 38 years old and left a widow. His home was at Lynbrook, L. I.

Mrs. JANE REID DILLER, 84 years old, for half a century a member of the Washington Avenue Baptist Church, in Brooklyn, died at her home, 216 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday.

FRANK SCOTT THOMSON, for fifteen years employed by Chubb & Son, marine insurance brokers in Manhattan, died in his office on Monday from heart disease. He was 51 years old and lived at 361 Bridge Street, Brooklyn.

EDWARD FREEDBERG, 39 years old, in the real estate and insurance business in Manhattan, and a member of Tuscan Lodge, F. and A. M., died on Tuesday at his home, 842 Monroe Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. CATHERINE MELIA, widow of P. Francis Melia, a contractor and builder, and for thirty-two years a member of the Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart, died at her home, 45 North Portland Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. She was 66 years old.

FREDERICK W. McKELVEY, 66 years old, a leather goods manufacturer and part owner of the Peerless Leather Belt Company, in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday and the funeral services this evening will be held in the chapel at 1,230 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn.

ALBERT H. FROST, a veteran of the civil war and for many years Superintendent of Station B of the Brooklyn Post Office, died on Monday at his home, 473 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, aged 74 years.

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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KUTSCHER.—To Mr. and Mrs. Harry Kutscher (nee Josephine Harris) of St. George, Staten Island, on June 20, a son, at Lying-in-Hospital.

Engaged.

DODD—CHAPMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tomes Chapman of Montclair, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter Margaret to Edmund Lawey Dodd of Bloomfield, N. J. Miss Chapman was a Vassar student. Mr. Dodd graduated in the class of 1916, Princeton, where he was a member of the Campers' Club. No date is set for the wedding.

Married.

BRALOWER—BARNETT.—Anna Barnett to William Bralower, June 14, 1917.

CARLETON — THORNE.—On Wednesday, June 20, at Orange, N. J., by the Rev. F. C. Todd, Ada Browning Thorne to Guy Osgood Carleton.

CLEVELAND—COLGATE.—Wednesday, June 20, at Ben Venue, Bennington, Vermont, Susan Everett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Colby Colgate, to Dr. Mather Cleveland.

DAVIS—MABOM.—On Tuesday, June 19, by the Rev. Arthur F. Mabom, Rosa Verber, daughter of Mrs. William Mabom, to Dr. Thomas Kirby Davis.

EBERHART—GORHAM.—Miss Ellen Theresa Gorham to Mr. Roy Edwin Eberhart, on June 20, by Rev. Father McQuade, at the parsonage of St. Patrick's Cathedral.

LAMBERT — STANSBURY.—Dorothy Wray Stansbury to Robert Brightwell Lambert, by the Rev. A. Edwin Ridgwin, June 19, 1917.

LOWENSTEIN — STEINHARDT.—Ralphina Steinhardt to Louis Lowenstein, at the bride's home, 245 West 113th St., Thursday, June 21, 1 P. M.

McCOSKERY — LEXOW.—On Wednesday, June 20, at Englewood, N. J., by Rev. Julius Remensnyder, Marguerite von Ritton Lexow, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Allan Lexow, to Dr. Willis Romaine McCoskery.

PICKEL—BRIESS.—On Wednesday, June 20, at St. Peter's Church, Morristown, Isabel S. Briese to Raymond Pickel, by Rev. D. M. Lupton.

PERKINS — THOMPSON.—On Tuesday, June 19, at Trinity Episcopal Church, Princeton, N. J., by the Rev. Ralph B. Pomeroy, Katharine, daughter of Professor and Mrs. Augustus Trowbridge of Princeton, to George Walbridge Perkins, Jr., of New York City.

MOLGAN—GRAY.—June 17, Mabel L. Gray to Alfred Morgan.

SIEGEL—MOSKOWITZ.—June 18, Helen Moskowitz to Charles Siegel.

Brooklyn.

EASTMAN—UNDERHILL.—June 16, Ethel P. Underhill to Robert F. Eastman.

STENECK—STEADE.—June 16, Nellie Steade to Henry H. Steneck.

Hoboken.

MANN—KEARNS.—June 18, Stella Kearns to John Mann.

SPARELICH—GENTZEL.—June 17, Amelia Gentzel to Anthony J. Sparelich.

Long Island.

KIFF—RODMAN.—June 16, Astoria, Esther Rodman to Joel M. Kiff.

Died.

ASH.—Morris, beloved father of Harry and Isidore Ash, on June 20. Funeral services Friday, June 22, at 9:30 A. M., at Marble Park Chapel, 239 Lenox Ave. Relatives, friends, Aaron Lodge No. 20, I. O. F. S. of I., and Kaiser Friedrich Lodge No. 10, O. B. A., invited.

BELL.—On Wednesday, June 20, 1917, at 28 West 61st St., Digby Bell, in the 68th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the West End Collegiate Church, West End Av. and 77th St., on Friday, June 22, at 11 A. M.

BENJAMIN.—Frances, (Lillie,) on Wednesday, June 20, beloved wife of Louis. Funeral from her late residence, 306 Grand St., on Friday, June 22, at 2 P. M.

BIGELOW.—Frank Lewis, of New Haven, Conn., suddenly, on June 20. Notice of funeral later.

BLATH.—On Tuesday, June 19, at his Summer home, at White Plains, Charles A., beloved husband of Marie Blath and brother of William Blath and Selma Schulhafer. Funeral services at Mount Hope Cemetery, Cypress Hills, Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 21, 1917, at 11 A. M.

BLATH.—B'nai Jeshurun Sisterhood.—Members are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services of Charles A. Blath, husband of our ex-Treasurer, Mrs. Marie Blath, at Mount Hope Cemetery, Cypress Hills, Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 21, 1917, at 11 A. M.

BLUM.—Adelaide, on June 20, in her 80th year, at her residence, 434 East 139th. Funeral notice hereafter.
(Signed.) Mrs. HYMAN COHEN, Pres.

BRAINERD.—Albert Edward, Body lying in state, Campbell's "FUNERAL CHURCH," 1,970 Broadway.

BUTLER.—Suddenly, on June 20, Lyman Collins Butler, in the 30th year of his age, second son of William Allen and Louise Collins Butler. Funeral services at Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, Madison Av. and 73d St., on Saturday, June 23, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

CAVAGUARO.—At Wappingers Falls, June 18, George J. Cavaguaro, aged 29. Funeral this morning at his late residence at Wappingers Falls.

CHARPENTIER.—On June 20, 1917, at Paris, France, Edouard Charpentier, beloved husband of Charlotte Helen Charpentier, (nee Harman.)

CLINTON.—At Ridgewood, N. J., June 19, De Witt Clinton, son of the late Dr. Alexander and Adelaide Hamilton Clinton, in the 92d year of his age. Funeral at his residence on Friday, June 22, at 10:30 A. M. Train from Erie Station, Jersey City, at 9:44.

CRAFTS.—At Ridgefield, Conn., on June 20, James Mason Crafts, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral service will be held on Friday, June 22, at 11 A. M., St. John's-in-the-Wood, South Salem, N. Y. Interment Friday afternoon at Lenox, Mass. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

CUNNINGHAM.—Samuel T. Funeral services Friday, June 22, 10:30 A. M., at Creston Avenue Baptist Church, 188th St., between Morris and Creston Aves.

DA COSTA.—Emma M., on June 20. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Friday, June 22, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at Church of Holy Spirite, Burnside and University Avs., at 10 A. M.

DICKMAN.—Suddenly, Fred G. Dickman, son of the late G. Frank Dickman, at the home of his mother, Louise C. Dickman, 781 Westminster Road, Flatbush. New Orleans and St. Louis papers please copy.

DWIGHT.—June 19, 1917, the Rev. Henry Otis Dwight, suddenly, in his 75th year. Services 2:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon from his late residence, 151 6th Av., West Roselle, N. J. Omit flowers.

EICHBERG.—Wednesday, June 20, Maud, wife of James Garfield Eichberg and daughter of Mrs. J. Works, at her residence, 527 West 124th St., where the funeral services will be held Thursday, 2 P. M.

EMDEN.—Theresa Emden, widow of Albert Emden, on June 20. Funeral Friday, June 22, 10 A. M., at her late residence, 315 West 115th St.

HAHN.—On Sunday, June 17, 1917, Charles J. Hahn, in his 45th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at John H. Mieskern's funeral parlor, 355 Bleecker St., on Thursday, June 21, at 1:30 P. M.

HARD.—On Wednesday, June 20, 1917, at his residence, Lawrence, L. I., Anson Wales Hard, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Ave. and 44th St., on Friday, June 22, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

HOLTZ.—Max, on June 19, beloved husband of Edna B. Holtz, (nee Tabor,) father of Harold B. and Irene Holtz. Funeral Thursday, June 21, at 2 P. M. from FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th and 67th Sts. Interment at Mount Carmel Cemetery. Rochester and Chicago papers please copy.

HOLTZ.—The Society of the Genesee announces with sorrow the death of its fellow-member, Max Holtz. Funeral Thursday, June 21, at 2 P. M., from Funeral Church, Broadway and 66th St.
HON. WILLIAM L. RANSOM, President.
GEORGE W. SAGE, Secretary.

HUSSEY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, June 20, 1917, Dr. A. A. Hussey of 167 Hancock St., Brooklyn, in his 45th year. Notice of funeral later.

McADAM.—June 19, 1917, Graham, husband of Mary S. Cone, in his 69th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 17 East 184th St., near Jerome Av., on Thursday evening at 8:30. Interment private.

MACDONALD.—Robert, in his 58th year. Notice of funeral later.

McDOWELL.—On June 19, New York City, William R., beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. P. McDowell. Funeral services at his late residence, 238 West 136th St., Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. Funeral private.

MULLANE.—William, aged 55, of 15 30th St., Elmhurst, L. I., formerly of Hempstead, L. I. Funeral Friday, 1 P. M., at St. Bartholomew's Church, Elmhurst, L. I.

MYER.—Marion Northrup, at 415 Fort Washington Av., June 20, daughter of Robert R. and Grace L. Myer. Services Friday, June

LEADING PROS START IN NATIONAL OPEN GOLF TOURNAMENT AT WHITEMARSH VALLEY

CUNNINGHAM LEADS OPEN TOURNAMENT

Wheeling Golf Pro's, 74, Best Card in First Day's Play at Whitemarsh Valley.

AMATEURS FARE BADLY

Norman Maxwell Only One to Get Under 80 — Dowling First Among New York Pros.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Alexander Cunningham of Wheeling W. Va., led a field of nearly 100 golfers over the links of the Whitemarsh Valley Country Club today in the opening round of the National Open Golf Tournament, which is a substitute for the National Open Championship, the classic in which Chick Evans was the hero a year ago. The card of the West Virginia contestant was 38, 36—74, a highly creditable performance against a par of 72, especially as the strong wind was sweeping the course, causing many erstwhile favorites to grope about in the unfamiliar realm of the eighties.

Only eighteen players turned in cards that were under that mark, and one of those was Norman Maxwell of Aronomink, who led the meagre field of amateur contestants with a splendid card of 79, made of a 42 for the outgoing journey, and a 37 on the return.

The other notable among the amateurs, Max Marston, who was playing with Herbert Strong, was in such discouraging form that he withdrew, no card being turned in by him. This leaves Maxwell to shoulder the task of producing at least one good amateur score in a tournament which the amateurs have dominated with only one exception during the last four years.

Dispute Over Barnes's Score.

Second to Cunningham, came three men in a tie at 76. They were Tom McNamara of Taplow, Elmer Loving of Lockport, and Jock Hutchinson of Glenview. It was Hutchinson who was runner up to Evans in the tournament a year ago, and third place at that time was taken by Long Jim Barnes of Whitemarsh. To find Barnes's name in the summary of yesterday's play one has to go well down the list, for this proficient golfer returned a card of 84.

Barnes claimed that the scorer had made a mistake of one stroke on the fifth hole, giving him five instead of a four. The scorer admitted an error and Barnes's partner vouched for the four, but the committee would not change the card, as it had been turned in some two hours before the dispute arose. Barnes threatened that unless the score was changed he was through with the tournament.

This dispute probably will keep Walter B. Hagen out of the tournament. It had been arranged that he should compete tomorrow, playing two rounds so as to catch up with the field. Many of the professionals at first agreed to his entry after the start of the tournament, but later reversed their decision and protested against his playing. The statement was made that if the committee was going to hold to the strict letter in regard to Barnes, that it might just as well enforce the rules against Hagen, who ordinarily would not be entitled to enter the tournament on the second day. When the substitute tournament was first broached Hagen's absence among the professionals seemed to be at low ebb. It was, therefore, something of a surprise to see such a notable array of professional talent as started over the course yesterday. Generally speaking, it might be said that Gil Nichols, Walter Hagen, and Alex Smith were the only absentees.

Dowling Leads New York Pros.

Of the men from the metropolitan section, Jack Dowling of Scarsdale came through the best. He was a prominent contestant last season, and his 78 from a card of 38 and 40 was the product of at times brilliant golf. He had an excellent opportunity of making a 76, but took a 6 as against a par of 4 on the eighteenth hole.

Cunningham made his mark of 74 by steady golf all the way; with the exception of two holes on the outgoing journey he played par golf. One of his failures, if such a word can be applied to any part of such a score as he turned in, was on the short fourth hole, which is an iron shot to the green. He took another stroke on the 450-yard eighth hole.

Coming in he was threatened with the ruining of his card, when he was two over par as a result of playing only three holes. Brilliant work retrieved these two strokes later on, and he finished the last nine in par figures, 36. This score for the incoming journey came pretty near being the best for that part of the course during the day. The only one to finish it better than par was Jock Hutchinson, who made a 35 on the return trip.

The summaries:

Alex. Cunningham, Wheeling, 38, 36—74; Tom McNamara, Taplow, 39, 37—76; Jock Hutchinson, Glenview, 41, 35—76; Elmer Loving, Lockport, 37, 39—76; Edward Loos, Philadelphia Cricket, 40, 37—77; Charles H. Hoffner, Pittsinont, 39, 38—77; Emmett French, Aronimink, 40, 38—78; F. McLeod, Columbia Country Club, 38, 40—78; Pat Doyle, South Shore, 39, 39—78; J. Burk, Wheaton, 42, 36—78; Cyril Walker, Shackamaxon, 42, 36—78; Jack Dowling, Scarsdale, 38, 40—78; Carl Anderson, unattached, 41, 38—79; Carles Thom, Shinnecock, 39, 40—79; J. H. Thompson, 42, 37—79; Bob MacDonald, Indian Hills, 38, 41—79; Norman Maxwill, Aronimink, 42, 37—79; Otto Hackbarth, Cincinnati, 39, 40—79; Maurice Risley, Atlantic City, 40, 41—81; C. W. Hackney, Atlantic City, 41, 40—81; James R. Thomson, Philadelphia Country, 42, 39—81; J. J. O'Brien, Pittsburgh, 39, 42—81; Tom Boyd, Fox Hills, 41, 40—81; A. J. Sanderson, Sleepy Hollow, 39, 42—81; H. G. Lagerblade, Buffalo, 39, 42—81. Robert White, North Shore, 40, 42—82; Tom Skipper, unattached, 42, 40—82; James West, Far Rockaway, 42, 40—82; Alex. Campbell, Baltimore, 43, 39—82; George McLean, North Hempstead, 42, 40—82; Jack Campbell, Old York Road, 41, 41—82; John G. Burgess, unattached, 42, 41—83; Tom Kerrigan, Siwanoy, 40, 43—83; F. R. Bellwood, Garden City, 41, 42—83; D. M. Cuthbert, Parisloe, 41, 42—84; Joe Mitchell, Ridgewood, 42, 42—84; George T. Gayers, Merion, 42, 42—84; Jim Barnes, Whitemarsh Valley, 41, 43—84; Wilfred Reid, Wilmington, 43, 41—84; James Sullane, Merion, 46, 41—84; G. L. Potheringham, unattached, 44, 40—84; J. Seka, Stenton C. C., 42, 42—84; Donald Morrison, Bon Air, 42, 42—84; Guy Martin, Whitemarsh, 42, 43—85; James Frazer, Leaview, 44, 41—85; David Cuthbert, Huntingdon Valley, 46, 39—85; J. Perie, Richmond County, 43, 42—85; Isaac S. Mackie, Canoe Brook, 44, 41—85.

M. J. Worthington, Surrey, 46, 40—86; F. T. McNamara, Cherry Valley, 42, 44—86; Louis Degal, Detroit, 44, 43—87; J. Edmundson, unattached, 43, 44—87; William Robinson, St. David's, 47, 41—88; James B. Hackney, Aronimink, 43, 45—88; Thomas Robinson, St. David's, 44, 44—88; James J. Dougherty, Overbrook, 45, 43—88; G. R. Buebell, Cobbs Creek, 44, 44—88; Jack Jolly, unattached, 46, 42—88; J. Norton, Deal, 46, 43—89; Ramsey Hunter, Fort Worth, 44, 45—89; John Bredamus, unattached, 49, 40—89; Archie Simpson, Detroit C. C., 42, 47—89; Thomas B. Jones, Caucabus, 46, 43—89; Edward Stiles, North Hills, 48, 43—89; James Starr, unattached, 46, 43—89; Nick Demaine, unattached, 49, 40—89; F. Morasco, Bucks County, 43, 46—89; Frank Adams, Beverly, 49, 41—90; Harry F. Jervis, unattached, 43, 47—90; William S. Hackney, Bala, 45, 45—90.

W. P. Cleveland, Aronimink, 44, 47—91; Herbert Strong, 48, 45—91; William Gourlay, unattached, 48, 45—91; Howard C. Jarvis, unattached, 44, 48—92; William C. Byrne, St. David's, 44, 48—92; Austin Palmer, Fox Hills, 47, 45—92; John Sawyer, unattached, 46, 46—92; W. G. Flynn, Merion, 50, 42—92; J. F. Lawson, unattached, 48, 47—95; J. F. Sylvester, unattached, 45, 48—93; Peter Robinson, Utica, 43, 50—93; G. L. Horn, unattached, 51, 45—96; M. Duffy, unattached, 48, 48—96; J. F. Schnebel, unattached, 54, 44—98; Edward White, Philadelphia Cricket, 49, 50—99.

McCarty Again Injures Leg.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—Lew McCarty, catcher of the Giants, who has been in a hospital here since he broke his leg in a game with Cincinnati several weeks ago, injured the same leg again today. It was necessary to reset the broken bone, and he will be at the hospital two weeks longer than he had planned to stay here.

GRAHAM DEFEATS CORKRAN.

Captures Lynnewood Hall Golf Cup, Winning by 7 and 6.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—S. K. Graham of Greenwich, Conn., won the Lynnewood Hall Golf Cup today by defeating D. Clark Corkran of Baltimore in the final round of the tournament at the Huntingdon Valley Country Club, 7 up and 6 to play. Corkran's wildness was responsible for his defeat, and with a medal of 44 strokes at the turn he was four down to his opponent. Graham then won all the holes to the twelfth and ended the match.

Playing spectacular but erratic golf Corkran defeated his brother, B. Warren Corkran, in the semi-final round, 3 up and 2 to play. F. Graham defeated H. L. Bond of Baltimore in the other semi-final, 4 and 3.

ERRORS HELP BEAT BROWN.

Holy Cross Comes from Behind to Win in Tenth Inning.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 20.—Holy Cross defeated Brown, 4 to 3, in a hard-fought, ten-inning game on Andrews Field today.

Coming up from behind to a tie score in the eighth, the Worcester boys scored the winning tally in the first half of the tenth frame. It was the best game of the year from the spectator's point of view, though occasional poor fielding by both teams detracted a little from the merit of the game as a whole. Both teams made costly errors.

Brown's first run resulted after the visiting first baseman had dropped an easy throw and the third run came in after a bad throw by the visiting third baseman. Captain Ormsby dropped a high fly in the fourth which proved costly, and in the last inning the Brunonians made a misplay at second which allowed the winning run to score.

The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Holy Cross	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1—4	10	5
Brown	1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—3	4	2

Batteries—Donnellan and Spillane; Richards and Feinberg.

MISSES GILLEAUDEAU WIN.

Sisters Advance in Both Singles and Doubles at Hartsdale.

The Misses Grace and Helen Gilleaudeau, playing in the Eastern New York State tennis tournament in progress on the courts of the Country Club of Westchester at Hartsdale, advanced yesterday in the singles competition with victories in the second round. Miss Grace Gilleaudeau scored over Miss Sylvia Russell in straight sets, 6-1, 6-0, while Miss Helen Gilleaudeau defeated Mrs. H. Bassford in straight sets, 6-2, 6-3.

The women's doubles competition reached the semi-final stage. The Misses Gilleaudeau were among the successful competitors, winning from Mrs. H. Hartwell and Miss C. Bass in the second round, and in the semi-final play over Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Bonnett, 6-1 and 6-2. The men's doubles were started yesterday with one match, the successful competitors being A. Bassford and A. Tobey.

The summaries:

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—Second Round—Miss Grace Gilleaudeau defeated Miss Sylvia Russell, 6—1, 6—0; Miss Helen Gilleaudeau defeated Mrs. H. Bassford, 6—2, 6—3.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—Second Round—Miss Grace Gilleaudeau and Miss Helen Gilleaudeau defeated Mrs. H. Hartwell and Miss C. Bass, 6—2, 6—3; Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Bennett defeated Miss Childreth and Miss Gueiton, 6—0, 6—1.

Semi-final Round—Mrs. R. C. Black and Mrs. C. F. Drake defeated Miss Katherine Farrell and Miss McGuire, 6—3, 6—2; Miss Grace Gilleaudeau and Miss Helen Gilleaudeau defeated Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Bonnett, 6—1, 6—2.

MEN'S SINGLES.—Fourth Round—H. Bassford won from W. Wadsworth by default; A. Bassford defeated G. Pelham, 6—0, 6—0; Dr. B. F. Drake defeated W. Osgood, 6—3, 6—1.

MEN'S DOUBLES.—First Round—A. Bassford and A. Tobey defeated Dr. B. F. Drake and J. Watson, 6—3, 6—3.

MIXED DOUBLES.—Second Round—A. Bassford, Jr., and Mrs. Benjamin F. Briggs defeated J. Cuthbert and Miss Theresa Lansdowne, 6—3, 6—2.

DUSK HALTS NET BATTLE.

Anderson and Chambers Each Take a Set in Kings County Tourney.

Considerable progress was made yesterday in the tennis tournament of the Kings County Tennis Club in Brooklyn, but the outstanding feature was the performance in the fourth round of the singles competition, of Fred C. Anderson, the elongated 18-year-old player, in holding Charles Chambers on even terms until darkness set in and called a halt. The players each won a set, the first going to Anderson, 10—8, and the second to Chambers by the same score. Twice in this second set Anderson came within one point of victory. The match will be completed today.

Frank Anderson and Cecil Donaldson, both 15 years of age, scored over William Walker and H. R. Burroughs in the second round of the doubles competition, in straight sets, 7—5, 7—5.

The summaries:

MEN'S DOUBLES.—First Round—Dr. W. H. Ross and J. W. Anderson defeated H. K. Bell and R. M. Beach, 5—7, 6—1, 6—1.

Second Round—Frank Anderson and Cecil Donaldson defeated William Walker and H. R. Burroughs, 7—5, 7—5.

MEN'S SINGLES.—Second Round—Allen Behr defeated Dr. W. H. Ross, 6—1, 6—4.

Third Round—George Throckmorton defeated Allen Behr, 8—7, 6—1; Gerald Donaldson, Jr., won from J. W. Fox by default.

Fourth Round—Fred C. Anderson versus Charles Chambers, 10—8, 8—10, unfinished; R. Howard Voshell defeated Henry Mollenhauer, 7—5, 6—1.

SPECIAL DOUBLES.—Harold Throckmorton and Fred C. Alexander defeated S. Howard Voshell and Henry Mollenhauer, 1—6, 6—2, 6—4.

TITLES IN TANK AT STAKE.

Women's Metropolitan 100-Yard and Fancy Diving Events June 30.

The local outdoor swimming season will get under way on June 30, when the women's metropolitan 100-yard swim and fancy diving championships will be decided at the Pool and Surf Baths, Midland Beach, S. I. These two events will be held in conjunction with a series of other swimming contests which have been arranged to open the new baths, and will be held under the auspices of the National Women's Life-saving League. Miss Charlotte Epstein, Chairman of the athletic branch of the league, will be in charge of the contests, and it is expected that the foremost women swimmers of the district, which includes Newark, Jersey City, and Greater New York, will compete.

Cochran Twice Victor with Cue.

Welker Cochran, the Chicago professional billiardist, defeated George Spear, the Class B amateur, in two matches played yesterday afternoon and evening, at Daly's Billiard Academy. In the afternoon Cochran beat Spear by a score of 250 to 103 in twelve innings. The high runs were: Cochran, 50; Spear, 29. Cochran disposed of Spear in the evening by a score of 300 to 103 in eighteen innings. Cochran made a high run of 73, while Spear registered 21.

To Play Golf for War Fund.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Plans for "Liberty" golf tournaments in this section, to be played on July 4, were started today by Robert A. Gardner, former national champion, who will have charge of the events, which will be held under the auspices of the United States Golf Association. Black Club in the Chicago district is expected to put on a war charity tournament of some sort and charge an entrance fee of one dollar.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3.30 P.M.—N.Y. Amer. Jones vs. Boston. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

MRS. GAVIN DRAWS NEAR GOLF TITLE

Former English Champion Defeats Miss Gates, 7 and 5, in Women's Met. Tourney.

By strikingly steady and superior golf Mrs. W. A. Gavin of Baltusrol, a two time English champion, made another stride toward the women's Metropolitan golf championship at the Piping Rock links yesterday, when she defeated Miss Eleanor Gates of Nassau in the second round by 7 up and 5 to play. The morning play between these two attracted the only gallery, as Miss Gates's golf in the South had impressed followers of the sport with the possibility that she might have enough brilliancy to offset the steadiness of the English woman, even though the latter has had the benefit of many tournament games to give her the self-confidence so necessary in championship matches.

Miss Gates played a fairly steady game until after the sixth hole had been taken by her opponent, in a par 5, Mrs. Gavin following this with a brilliant win at the seventh, as the result of sailing a seemingly impossible putt of thirty feet for a 4, one better than par golf. This seemed to disconcert the Nassau golfer, and thereafter her play was erratic, the contest coming to an end at the thirteenth hole, with Mrs. Gavin 7 up and but five holes left to play.

Both women were weak in getting away from the first tee, and halved at 6, each getting into the rough as the result of slicing their drives. Mrs. Gavin was able to get the second hole through the clever use of her iron in a par 4, which put her 1 up, a score which was evened at the next hole, when Mrs. Gavin landed in a bunker and needed a couple of strokes to get out of trouble and on the green, where she missed a six-foot putt and picked up, giving Miss Gates the hole.

For the long seventh Mrs. Gavin again played par golf, her third shot landing on the edge of the green, but in a safe position, from which after overrunning the cup she then holed out in 5, Miss Gates giving up the hole.

That put Mrs. Gavin one in the lead and getting the seventh in 4—one better than par—rather took the heart out of her younger competitor, though the latter did manage to halve the eighth, after Mrs. Gavin had overrun the green on her approach shot and so penalized herself as badly as had Miss Gates when she found the bunker on her iron shot, after a pretty 170-yard drive into the middle of the fairway.

The score:

Mrs. Gavin—										
Out	6	4	6	5	4	5	4	5	3	—42
In	5	3	4	5	*	*	*	*	*	
Miss Gates—										
Out	6	5	4	7	3	6	5	5	4	—45
In	7	4	6	6	*	*	*	*	*	

*Bye holes not played.

Mrs. Wimpfheimer of the Century and Miss Lounsberry of Bedford had one of the best matches of the morning, the former finally winning 2 up after the pair had halved the first five holes and then alternated in the lead until they were even up at the sixteenth. By playing par golf the next two holes Mrs. Wimpfheimer secured her place in the semi-finals to be played this morning.

The summaries:

CHAMPIONSHIP SIXTEEN.—Second Round—Mrs. Thomas Hucknall, Forest Hill, defeated Mrs. G. M. Heckscher, Piping Rock, 6 and 5; Mrs. L. A. Wimpfheimer, Century, defeated Miss Beatrice Lounsberry, Bedford, 2 up; Mrs. H. C. Phipps, Piping Rock, defeated Mrs. Gouverneur Morris, 2 up; Mrs. W. A. Gavin, Baltusrol, defeated Miss Eleanor Gates, Nassau, 7 and 5.

Beaten Eight of First Sixteen.—First Round—Mrs. S. Rossin, Century, defeated Mrs. William Rivers, Dunwoodie, 2 and 1; Miss Helen Hitchcock won from Mrs. D. C. Geddes, Nassau, by default; Mrs. S. A. Herzog, Fairview, won from Mrs. L. C. Stockton, Raritan Valley, by default; Miss Marion Hollins, Westbrook, won from Mrs. F. B. Ryan, Cranford, by default. Second Round—Miss Hollins defeated Mrs. Herzog, 4 and 3.

SECOND SIXTEEN—Second Round—Mrs. C. D. Smithers, Nassau, defeated Mrs. W. G. Loew, Piping Rock, 1 up, (21 holes;) Mrs. J. W. Wise, Piping Rock, defeated Mrs. A. C. Sumner, Nassau, 1 up, (19 holes;) Mrs. Constance Robertson, Knollwood, won from Mrs. G. Weber, Great Neck, by default; Mrs. C. T. Russell, Ardsley, defeated Mrs. M. H. Frayne, Dunwoodie, 5 and 4.

Beaten Eight of Second Sixteen.—First Round—Mrs. G. K. Morrow, Great Neck, defeated Mrs. G. D. Boschen, Spring Lake, 6 and 4; Mrs. T. H. Thomas, Hackensack, defeated Mrs. Lester Ketcham, Dunwoodie, 7 and 6; Mrs. A. B. Gilkes, Siwanoy, won from Mrs. L. L. Blake, Cranford, by default; Miss Irma Waterhouse, Ardsley, won from Mrs. H. F. Whitney, Nassau, by default.

Third Sixteen.—Second Round—Mrs. F. E. Donohoe, Montclair, won from Mrs. H. J. Bartholomae, Ardsley, by default; Mrs. C. F. Uebelacker, Hackensack, defeated Mrs. C. S. Waterhouse, Ardsley, 5 and 4; Mrs. C. M. Fair, Piping Rock, defeated Mrs. Ira Hill, Great Neck, 6 and 5; Mrs. Sidney Well, Fairview, drew a bye.

Beaten Eight of Third Sixteen.—First Round—Mrs. Dodge Ridge won from Miss Julia Bredt, Essex County, by default; Mrs. C. D. Dannen, Dunwoodie; Mrs. J. C. Barclay, Hackensack, and Miss Grace Wood, Englewood, each drew a bye.

Pairing for Semi-Finals.—Mrs. W. A. Gavin and Mrs. H. C. Phipps; Mrs. Thomas Hucknall and Mrs. L. A. Wimpfheimer.

PIRATES AND CARDS IN TIE.

Game Called After Six Innings by Agreement with Score 4 to 4.

ST. LOUIS, June 20. — Pittsburgh played St. Louis six innings to a 4-4 tie today, the game being called to allow the visitors to catch a train. The wildness of three St. Louis pitchers forced in each of Pittsburgh's four runs, yet not one was earned, errors by Miller intervening in the third and fifth.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Carey,cf	2	2	1	5	1
Pitler,2b	3	1	0	2	1
Bigbee,rf	1	0	0	1	0
J. Wagner,3b	2	0	0	0	0
Brief,1b	3	0	0	5	0
Hinchman,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Ward,ss	3	0	2	2	4
W. Wagner,c	2	1	0	8	0
Carlson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Steele,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	20	4	3	18	6

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Baird,cf	4	0	1	0	0
F.Smith,3b	1	1	0	1	1
Miller,2b	3	1	1	5	4
Hornsby,ss	2	0	1	0	4
Cruise,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Long,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Paulette,1b	3	0	1	8	0
Gonzales,c	3	1	1	1	0
Doak,p	1	0	0	0	3
Horstman,p	1	1	0	0	0
Packard,p	0	0	0	0	2
aBescher	0	0	0	0	0
bStewart	0	0	0	0	0
Total	23	4	7	18	12

a Batted for Packard in sixth.
b Ran for Bescher in sixth.

Pittsburgh	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	—4
St. Louis	2	1	0	1	0	6	0	0	0	—4

Called by agreement.

Two-base hits—Gonzales, Horstman. Stolen bases—Carey, (2.) F. Smith. Sacrifice hit—W. Wagner. Sacrifice fly—Cruise. Double play—Hornsby, Miller, and Paulette. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 7; St. Louis, 6. First base on error—Pittsburgh. Base on balls—Off Carlson, 3; Steele, 3; Doak, 4; Horstman, 3; Packard, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Carlson, 2 hits, 2 runs in 1-3 inning; Steele, 5 and 1 in 5 2-3; Doak, 1 and 0 in 2 2-3; Horstman, 1 and 0 in 1 2-3; Packard, 1 and 0 in 1 2-3. Struck out—By Carlson, 1; Steele, 1; Doak, 1. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

RACING AT JAMAICA LONG ISLAND TODAY $3,000 Youthful Stakes AND 5 OTHER GOOD RACES BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M. SPECIAL RACE TRAINS leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., also from Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:50, and at intervals up to 1:55 P. M. Course also reached by Trolleys. Admission $2. Lady's Ticket $1.50.

ERROR FATAL TO INDIANS.

Wambsgans's Misplay Lets White Sox Win by 3 to 2.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Eddie Collins's triple and Wambsganss's error gave Chicago a 3 to 2 victory over Cleveland today in the first game of the series. The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Leibold,rf	3	1	1	2	0
Weaver,3b	4	1	1	3	0
E.Collins,2b	3	1	2	0	1
Jackson,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Felsch,cf	4	0	0	5	0
Gandil,1b	3	0	0	8	1
Risberg,ss	3	0	0	3	1
Schalk,c	2	0	0	8	2
Williams,p	2	0	0	1	0
Total	28	3	4	27	5

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Graney,lf	4	0	0	4	0
Chapman,ss	1	1	0	1	3
Speaker,cf	4	1	1	4	0
Roth,rf	2	0	0	3	0
Wams'ns,2b	4	0	2	2	1
Guisto,1b	4	0	0	8	0
Evans,3b	2	0	0	1	1
Billings,c	1	0	0	0	0
O'Neill,c	3	0	1	1	1
a Allison	0	0	0	0	0
Turner,3b	0	0	0	0	0
Coveleskie,p	2	0	0	0	2
bHarris	1	0	0	0	0
Klepfer,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	28	3	4	24	8

a Ran for O'Neill in eighth.
b Batted for Coveleskie in eighth.
Errors—Leibold, Chapman, Wambsganss, Evans.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	—3
Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2

Two-base hits—Wambsgans, 2. Three-base hits—Leibold, E Collins. Stolen bases—Leibold, Weaver. Sacrifice hit—Williams. Sacrifice fly—Roth. Double play—Risberg, Gandil and Williams. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Cleveland, 4. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Cleveland, 1. Base on balls—Off Williams, 4; Coveleskie, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Coveleskie, 8 hits, 2 runs in 7 innings; Klepfer, 1 and 0 in 1; Williams, 4 and 1 in 9. Struck out—By Williams, 4; Coveleskie, 1. Time—2 hours 5 minutes. Umpires—Nallin and Connolly.

SENATORS OUT OF CELLAR.

Beat Athletics, 5 to 3, and Mack's Men Go to Bottom of Standing.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—By defeating Philadelphia today 5 to 3 Washington climbed out of last place in the pennant race and forced the Athletics to the bottom.

The score:

WASHINGTON, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Judge,1b	3	0	0	8	0
Foster,3b	3	0	0	1	2
Milan,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Rice,rf	4	1	2	0	0
Morgan,2b	4	1	0	2	1
Jamieson,lf	2	1	0	5	0
Shanks,ss	2	0	2	2	1
Henry,c	3	0	1	7	2
Shaw,p	0	0	0	0	1
Gallia,p	3	1	2	0	0
Total	28	5	7	27	6

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Witt,ss	3	0	1	0	5
Strunk,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Bodie,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Bates,3b	5	1	1	1	2
McInnis,1b	4	0	1	14	1
Schang,c	4	0	1	3	0
Schauer,2b	4	0	0	0	6
Bilingsley,p	4	0	0	0	0
Total	34	3	10	24	14

Errors—Witt, Gooch.

Washington	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	.—5	
Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hit—Milan. Stolen bases—Grover, Morgan. Sacrifice hits—Shanks, Grover. Judge. Sacrifice fly—Foster. Double play—Judge, unassisted. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 10; Washington, 4. First base on error—Washington, 1; Bases on balls—Off Shaw, 3; Gallia, 2; Schauer, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Shaw, 4 hits, 2 runs in 5-3 innings; Gallia, 6 and 1 in 7 1-3; Schauer, 7 and 3 in 3. Struck out—By Shaw, 1; Schauer, 3; Gallia, 5. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

SPENCER'S MISPLAY COSTLY

Browns Collect a 3 to 2 Victory Over Tigers in Eighth.

DETROIT, June 20.—Spencer's error on a throw to the plate in the eighth inning permitted Miller, running for Severeid, who had doubled, to score with the run that gave St. Louis a 3 to 2 victory over Detroit today.

The score:

ST. LOUIS, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Shotten,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Austin,3b	4	0	0	0	1
Sisler,1b	3	0	2	12	1
Jacobson,rf	4	1	2	1	0
Severeid,c	3	1	1	7	0
Hale,c	0	0	0	0	0
Marsans,cf	3	1	1	4	0
Pratt,2b	3	0	0	4	3
Johnson,ss	4	0	0	4	0
Plank,p	3	0	1	0	6
aMiller	0	1	0	0	0
Total	31	3	8	27	11

DETROIT, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Bush,ss	4	1	1	4	2
Young,2b	3	0	1	1	3
Cobb,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Veach,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Crawford,1b	4	0	0	8	1
Vitt,3b	4	0	0	3	1
Spencer,c	3	0	2	7	1
Mitchell,p	2	0	0	0	0
Boland,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	31	2	7	27	10

a Ran for Severeid in eighth.

Errors—Austin, Johnson, Vitt, Spencer, (2.)

St. Louis	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	—3
Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Sisler, Bush, Spencer, Severeid. Three-base hit—Heilman. Stolen bases—Johnson, Marsans, Pratt, Mitchell, Shotten. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; St. Louis, 9. First base on error—St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mitchell, 4; Plank, 1; Boland, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Mitchell, 7 hits, 1 run in 7 innings; Boland, 1 and 0 in 2; Plank, 7 and 2 in 6. Hit by pitcher—By Mitchell, (Plank.) Struck out—By Mitchell, 2; Boland, 1. Time—1 hour 54 minutes. Umpires—Moriarty and Evans.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT RICHMOND.

									R.	H.	E.
Richmond	0	4	0	0	0	1	—5		7	3	
Buffalo	2	0	0	0	0	—4			2	1	

AT BALTIMORE.
(Eleven innings.)

											R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2	9	1	
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1	7	1	

AT PROVIDENCE.
(First Game.)

								R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	0	2	0	3	0	1	2	—8	10	2
Providence	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—4	10	1

(Second Game.)

								R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	—6	12	1
Toronto	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—2	8	0

AT NEWARK.
(First Game.)

									R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3	9	1
Montreal	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—5	11	0

(Second Game.)

									R.	H.	E.
Montreal	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	—6	10	0
Newark	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3	4	3

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Pc.
Newark	38	19	.635
Providence	33	21	.611
Baltimore	31	22	.585
Rochester	29	24	.547
Toronto	29	25	.537
Buffalo	21	35	.375
Montreal	18	32	.360
Richmond	20	36	.357

WHERE THEY PL

CHAMPION WINS AT NET

MOLLA BJURSTEDT FORCED TO LIMIT

Norse Girl Defeats Miss Zinderstein, 6-4, 7-5, in Women's National Tennis Tourney.

NEW YORK PLAYERS WIN

Miss Vanderhoef and Mrs. Rawson L. Wood Among the Victors on Courts of Philadelphia C. C.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20. — Miss Marion Zinderstein, the young player from West Newton, Mass., was defeated today in straight sets by Miss Molla Bjurstedt, the national champion, in the third round of the women's national lawn tennis tournament at the Philadelphia Cricket Club, but in defeat Miss Zinderstein won her share of glory, for she forced the famous Norwegian to go at her best to win at 6—4, 7—5.

Miss Bjurstedt soon discovered that she could not trifle with her young opponent, for upon each occasion that she let down in her speed, Miss Zinderstein was quick to force the attack. The match was easily the best of the tournament to date and the points were won on speed and hard hitting.

It was when she advanced to forecourt and shot the ball sharply across the court that Miss Bjurstedt proved her superiority. At such times the girl from Norway played as she did when she won her title from Mrs. Wightman in 1915.

Among other things Miss Zinderstein uncovered an amazingly swift and severe backhand stroke, a stroke that vied with the champion's own. Her forehand drive was also a formidable weapon and she whipped these shots so swiftly down the side lines that Miss Bjurstedt was often caught out of position.

In the first set the West Newton girl led at 4—3 on games and had her opponent a bit worried as she scored points by a session of brilliant volleying shots. But Miss Bjurstedt steadied and won the next three games and the set at 6—4, by a furious attack at the net.

Still maintaining her irresistible rally in the second set, the champion went into a lead of 5—2 on games and the match seemed as good as won with the next game on Miss Bjurstedt's service. Right there, however, Miss Zinderstein surprised Miss Bjurstedt and the gallery by the manner in which she rose to the emergency.

She broke through the Norwegian's service, won the next and again broke through in the tenth, passing her opponent with low drives to the deep corners and turning back the champion's own shots by stop volleys. This served to put Miss Bjurstedt on her mettle and she came back impressively, scoring the next two games, the set, and the match.

Miss Marion Vanderhoef advanced to the semi-finals round this morning by defeating Miss Susanne White, the Southern star, at 3—6, 6—2, 6—2, and is a bracket ahead of all the other players. The New York girl did not strike her real game until the second set and in the third she simply outdid herself, outplacing Miss White two to one.

Mrs. Rawson L. Wood went into the fourth round by defeating Miss James Nathan at 6—1, 6—1. The former Florida champion outclassed her opponent, both off the ground and overhead, and soon settld the issue.

Mrs. Gilbert Harvey did not get a single match today, nor did Miss Phyllis Walsh, a club member, who faces Miss Bjurstedt tomorrow. Unless something utterly unforeseen should happen, it is almost a certainty that New York will be represented in the final bracket of the lower half, with Miss Bjurstedt and Mrs. Wood to rely upon.

Mrs. Knud Dahl, champion of Switzerland, came through in the upper half by vanquishing Miss Helen Bernhard of New York, at 6—4, 6—3. Miss Eleanore Sears of Boston had her own time in taking the measure of Miss Dorothy Disston of the Philadelphia Cricket Club. She and Mrs. Dahl will meet tomorrow.

Paired with Miss Bjurstedt, Miss Sears won a stirring double match from Miss Disston and Miss White by a score of 8—6, 9—7.

The summaries:

WOMEN'S NATIONAL SINGLES.—Third Round—Mrs. Knud Dahl defeated Miss Helen Bernhard, 6—4, 6—3; Miss Eleanore Sears defeated Miss Dorothy Disston, 6—4, 6—3; Miss Molla Bjurstedt defeated Miss Marion Zinderstein, 6—4, 7—5; Miss Phyllis Walsh won from Miss Sarah C. Nelson by default; Mrs. Rawson L. Wood defeated Mrs. James Nathan, 6—1, 6—1.

Fourth Round—Miss Marion Vanderhoef defeated Miss Susanne White, 3—6, 6—2, 6—2.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—Second Round—Miss Gertrude Hollis and Miss Marjorie Taylor won from Mrs. and Miss Cortlandt D. Barnes and Mrs. Arthur H. L. Buren by default; Miss Leslie Bancroft and Miss Marion Zinderstein defeated Miss Anne Townsend and Miss Rebecca Thomson, 6—2, 6—1; Miss Dorothy Newbold and Miss Mary Thayer defeated Mrs. John E. Bailey and Miss Gertrude Henry, 6—3, 6—4; Miss Elizabeth Thompson and Miss Mildred Ward won from Mrs. Gilbert Harvey and partner by default; Mrs. Robert Le Roy and Miss Phyllis Walsh defeated Miss Helen Bernhard and Miss Helene Pollak, 6—7, 6—4.

Third Round—Mrs. Kane Green and Miss Jacquelyn Green defeated Miss Gertrude Hollis and Miss M. Taylor, 4—6, 6—3, 6—3.

Mixed Doubles—Second Round—Mrs. J. Saunders Taylor and C. B. Jennings defeated Miss Isabelle Wadsworth and C. F. De Long, 6—0, 6—1; Miss Dorothy Newbold and W. B. Dinsmore, defeated Miss Mary Law and William Kingsley, Jr., 7—5, 6—0; Mrs. Gilbert Harvey and E. C. Cassard defeated Miss Sarah C. Neilson and H. B. Endicott, 6—4, 6—1.

Second Round—Mrs. J. F. Kerbaugh and A. J. Battey defeated Mr. and Mrs. Roland Evans, Jr., 7—5, 4—6, 6—4; Miss Mary D. Thayer and J. T. Thayer won from Mr. and Mrs. B. Edmunds, Jr., by default; Mrs. Robert Herold and P. S. Osborne defeated Miss Elizabeth Strubing and H. P. Phelps, 6—2, 5—7, 6—1; Miss Florence Ballin and William T. Tilden, 2d, defeated Mrs. Gilbert Harvey and E. C. Cassard, 6—3, 6—3.

Fourth Round—Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Irving C. Wright defeated Mrs. J. F. Kerbaugh and A. J. Battey, 6—0, 6—2.

PENN ATHLETES ENLIST.

Crew and Track Among Those to Undertake National Service.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Eighty-six students at the University of Pennsylvania, including some of the institution's star athletes, have enlisted in the Ordnance Enlisted Reserve Corps of the army. They will be assigned to base depot work.

Among the athletes were Adolph Walsh, Captain of the 'Varsity crew; Frank Dorsey, Captain of the track team; Charles Henning, star football guard; Thomas Pope of the relay team, Charles Barrett, a member of the football squad; William Connolly, a member of the track team, and Robert Wessman, a member of the soccer, lacrosse, and tennis teams.

GREEN TO LET CUBS PLAY.

Dartmouth Abrogates Three-Year Rule for Time Being.

HANOVER, N. H., June 20.—The Dartmouth College Athletic Council decided to waive the three-year rule and permit freshmen to participate in 'Varsity contests. With the freshmen eligible to the places left vacant by upper classmen who are in Government service, Dartmouth will carry out its usual athletic competitions.

It was decided to go ahead with the usual football schedule, although no coach for the eleven has been named as yet to succeed Frank Cavanaugh, who resigned last year.

Pastime Team for Dual Meet.

The Pastime A. C. has selected its team to meet the athletes of the Glencoe A. C. in a dual track meet at the Glencoe Oval, 126th Street and Second Avenue, next Sunday afternoon. Among the wearers of the Blue Brazilian Cross will be Myles McHugh, J. L. Aronson, Harry Correl, Matt Skea, Al Voellmeke, Dan O'Shea, Leo Leiberman, K. F. Hearns, Mark Brann, Nick Yahannis, J. S. Oliver, and G. E. Swartz.

CLEMATIS WINS MONTAGUE.

Lewisohn's Entry Beats Bayberry Candle by a Head at Jamaica.

There was a larger mid-week attendance than usual at the Jamaica Race Track yesterday, many casual visitors being attracted by the naming of Omar Khayyam for the Montague Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth. Wilfred Viau, who recently purchased the Kentucky Derby winner, decided not to start his great three-year-old against the many good handicap performers, but this did not prevent a good race among the ten left in the handicap.

Oscar Lewisohn was represented by two imported horses and his entry was made an equal favorite with J. W. May's Bayberry Candle, which carried the top weight of 126 pounds. A dangerous contender was practically put out of the running when Flittergold was pinched off at the start and crowded back. The fleet-footed Whimsy cut out the running with Bayberry Candle, running outside of him round the first turn and along the back stretch.

On turning into the home stretch, it was evident that the top weight had Whimsy well beaten and the race looked to be in her grasp. Robinson, who had the mount on Mr. Lewisohn's Clematis II., had been outrun in the early stages, but found an opening near the rail and, moving up with determination in the last eighth, managed to catch Bayberry Candle at the line and win by a head. Whimsy took third money from Flittergold, which also closed fast.

There was an upset in the Garden City Selling Stakes in which the Kentucky Stable's Nightstick was a 1 to 2 favorite in a field of four. Nightstick got away well for the journey of a mile and a sixteenth, but was soon displaced by Wooden Shoes. Going along the back stretch Spear Lance, the outsider of the quartet, cut off both Nightstick and Wooden Shoes and sailed into the lead.

Around the last turn, Nightstick passed Wooden Shoes and Spear Lance, but Troise, who had saved ground all the way with Wooden Shoes, came on again and he fairly ran over Nightstick in the last eighth to win by a length and a half. By winning this event for the Marrone Stable, Wooden Shoes repeated his victory of last year in the same stake when he carried the colors of the Quincy Stable.

M. L. Schwartz continued his winning streak by capturing the first race for two-year-olds with Meredity. John Sanford's Starlike had such a reputation for early morning gallops that he was made an even money favorite in a field of sixteen for the third race. He never was up with the pace, the winner turning in another son of Star Shoot, W. Hogan's Starfinch. Mr. Sanford's Achilles made amends for the defeat of Starlike by winning the last race for maidens in handy fashion.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; by subscription of $5, with $1,102.50 added; five furlongs. Time—1:01.

Heredity, M. L. Schwartz's br. c., 112 pounds, by Sain-Traditional, 18 to 5, 7 to 5 and 1 to 5. (Mr. Burton) 1½
Corydon, W. H. Travers's, ch. c., 112, by Hamburg-Sylvan, even and 2 to 5, (R. Troxler) 2
June Bug, J. W. McClelland's ch. f., 106, by Burgomaster-Mary Morris, 2 to 1, third, (A. Shuttinger) 3
Ballast, Coral, Paganini, Elizabeth H., Fragonard and Marmont also ran. Stitch in Time, Vocabulary, Scabbard, Wetona, and Josie A. scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; by subscription of $5, with $1,102.50 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:47 2-5.

Old Broom, C. Buxton's b. g., 5 years, 110 pounds, by Broomstick-Rose of Dawn, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and even. (R. Troxler) 1
Jem, B. Matheny's ch. g., 5, 114, by Ogden-Fair Catherine; 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, (M. Rose) 2½
Eagle, Emil Herz's b. g., 5, 108, by Yankee-Miss Kearney; 4 to 5 third, (M. Buxton) 3½
Traction, Sam McMeekin, Brickley, Madame Herrmann, and Fairweather also ran. Tener, Armament, Ed Bond, Libyan Sands, Princess Janice, and Preston Lynn scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; non-winners of two races in 1917; by subscription of $5, with $1,102.50 added; six furlongs. Time—1:13 2-5.

Starfinch, W. Hogan's ch. c., 112 pounds, by Star Shoot-Unterock, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, and even. (R. Troxler) 1
Master McGrath, W. H. Travers's br. g., 112, by Hamburg-Greyhound, 3 to 1 and even. (W. Collins) 2½
Genesis, Gifford A. Cochran's ch. f., 103, by Star Shoot-Orpington, 5 to 2, third, (L. McAtee) 3½
Sir Richards, Starlike, Cachet, Bond, Kalmia Park, Dunga Din, Rebel, Riverside, Teetotal, Polonium, Wonderful, Infer, and Pierre-A-Feu also ran. Robin Goodfellow, Rosanne, Hickory Nut, and Photo scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Garden Selling Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward; by subscription of $15, starters $25 additional; guaranteed value, $1,500; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:47 1-5.

Wooden Shoes, Marrone Stable's ch. g., 6 years, 108 pounds, by Burgomaster-Breakdown, 5 to 1, even, and out, (R. Troise.) 1½
Nightstick, Kentucky Stable's ch. g., aged, 122, by Broomstick-Handspun, out for place, (A. Collins) 2
Spear Lance, D. S. Dryer's b. g., 3, 100, by Spearmint-Snoot, out for third, (M. Garner.) 3
Blue Thistle also ran. Kilmer, Nigel, and Riverdale scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—The Montague Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $10, with $700 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:47 2-5.

*Clematis II., Oscar Lewisohn's ch. f., 4 years, 107 pounds, by King's Proctor-Bonny Creeper, 13 to 5, 6 to 5, and 3 to 5, (F. Robinson) 1
Bayberry Candle, J. W. May's ch. m., 6, 126, by Cunard-Tower of Candles, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, (J. Lotus) 2
Whimsy, Cleveland Stable's br. f., 4, by Burgomaster-Whimsical, 7 to 10, third, (A. Collins) 3
Flittergold, Lucius, *Bella Desmond, Air Man, Judge Himes, and Gillies also ran. Chiclet and Omar Khayyam scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden three-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $6, with $1,102.50 added; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:45 3-5.

Achilles, John Sanford's b. c., 3 years, by Star Shoot-Veil, 7 to 10, 7 to 20, and out. (W. Knapp) 1½
Duettiste, J. E. Widener's b. g., 115, by Ethelbert-Dulelbella, even and 3 to 5, (F. Keogh) 2½
Gunrock, L. Pratt's ch. c., 3, 110, by Ballot-Almadie, 3 to 1 third, (J. McTaggart) 3
Muckross, Buckboard, Rockport, Melodrama, Bar of Phoenix, Meadoworth, Saturn, and Black Eagle also ran. Russian Princess scratched.

Weather clear; track fast.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-old fillies; selling; five furlongs. Dusban II., 112 pounds; Irish Harp, 112; Local, 112; High View, 112; Adele, 112; Wakeneck, 112; Portia, 112; *Lady Longfellow, 107.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-old fillies, conditions; six furlongs. Sea Wave, 111 pounds; Queen of the Water, 107; Pleasant Dreams, 101; Sandale, (imp.,) 101; Swan Song, 101; Sunset II., (imp.,) 101.

THIRD RACE.—For mares and geldings; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Nigel, 116 pounds; *St. Isidore, 116; *Canon Bridge, (imp.,) 108; Queen of the Sea, 98; *Sea Wave, 91.

FOURTH RACE.—The Youthful; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Luculite, 120 pounds; Green Gold, 115; Bughouse, 105; Recount, 105; Papp, 105; Little Devil, 102; Debadou, 101; Drastic, 101; Chief Lally, 101.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-old maiden fillies; selling; five furlongs. Miss Peep, 119 pounds; Rough Weather, 112; Bright Angel, 112; Peace and Plenty, 112; Scumanger, 112; Queen Margot, 112; *Josie A., 107; *Aileen O., 107.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Carlton G., 110 pounds; *Ambrose, 107; Armament, 107; *Preston Lynn, 107; Dancer, 107; Stalwart, Helen, 102; Plumose, 102; *Ed Bond, 102; Stellarina, 102.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

DATE FOR RACE MEET SET.

Five-Day Event at Dongan Hills t Start Aug. 1.

The dates for the running race meet to be held at the Fair Grounds, Dongan Hills, Staten Island, have been announced. The meeting will last five days, beginning Aug. 1, and will be held under the auspices of the Staten Island Agricultural Society. Henry J. Morris will be the presiding steward and Luke A. Cassidy the racing secretary. The half-mile track is banked and considered one of the safest of its kind in the country.

Sale at Durland's Tonight.

Many foreign-bred youngsters are included in the sale of Arthur B. Hancock's Ellerslie and Claiborne studs, which will take place at Durland's Riding Academy tonight. The Claiborne stock represented are the Derby winners, Polymelus and Sunstar, Adam Bede, Santry, Spanish Prince, and Black Sand. Some of the American stallions contributing to the sale are Celt, Plaudit, Fair Play, Vulcain, and Rabelais.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 227, 2d floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Penn RR<Tug Salutation.
Crew<Tug Morristown.
Dittmar<Barge Solon.
Dean<Clonin.
People Bread<SS J L Luckenbach.
Acti Excelsior<Prince Line.
Union Wharf Co<Etruria Co (6.)
Ayervais<SS Colon.
Dunbar<By-Products Chemical Co.
Gerakis<Stamadopulo.
NY & Cuba Mail SS Co<Tug J S Packard
Packard Dredg Co<SS Antillia.
Taylor-Armitage Co<Comp Gen Trans.
Pendleton Ship Bldg. &c. Co<East Transp.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—Room 837, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Guaranty Trust Co<McCabe.
Austin<Booth SS Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 9:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Building.—Naturalizations.

Equity at 11 A. M.

Case on—Burt<Ritchie.

ASSIGNMENTS—For the Summer, 1917:

General motions—July 6, 11, 18, 25. Bankruptcy—July 6, 11, 18, 25. Naturalization—July 5, 12, 19, 26, 31. All ex parte matters and equity—July 5, 6.

General motions—Aug. 1, 8, 15, 22, 29. Bankruptcy—Aug. 1, 8, 15, 22, 29. Naturalization—Aug. 2, 7. All ex parte matters and equity—Aug. 1.

General motions—Sept. 5, 12, 19, 26. Bankruptcy—Sept. 5, 14, 19, 28. All ex parte matters and equity—Sept. 5, 6, 7.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Clarke, P. J.; Dowling, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.

Wise<Alpha Portland Hoisting Machinery Co<Federal Terra Cotta Co.
Speck<Maduro Mercantile Co.
Northern Bank<Sproessig.
Weil<Globe Indemnity.
Steinberger<Simon.
Witner<Davidowitz.
Henkel, Jr<Rudolphy.
Perlman<Donohue.
Hughes<Chadwick & Co.
Hirsch<Kaplan.
Newschaerer<Miller.
Oppenheimer<Curiel.
Skolnik<Albany B Co.
Sinnott<Sinnott.
Little & Ives Co<Cupples & Leon Co.
N E Con Co<CNY.
Jouger<Nerone.
Neudorf<Pungatch.
Weir<Hobson.
Leavitt<Lamborn.
Kiernan<O'Connor.
Maas<Wm Hughes Co
McClure Pub<Peek Bros & Winch.
Kelley<Marceau Co.
Joyce<Schmeider.
Sperer<Plotke.
H T Alexander & Co<Jonson.
Metzger<Ashkinaze.
Kenney<Newark Fed League Ball Club.
Spencer<CNY.
Gucker<CNY.
Rogers<Frear, (2.)
Lang<Harrison.
Steinbach<Kanowitz.
Lail<Ketchum.
Fidelity & Cas Co of NY<Croisic Rty Co.
Morrison<Smith.
Meyer Goldberg & Sons<Hofferman.

PART XV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Held by Appellate Term room. Case on.

PART XVII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVIII.—Not in session.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Wills for probate: Charles E McMurch, Mary Gargioff, John W Dillingham, Kate Sullivan, Susan Mount, Emanuel S Kuh.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—Room 508, at 10:30 A. M.

No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Helithaler<Excelsior Sav Bank.
Rosenberg<Magidoff.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Murray<Stark.
Morales<Lichtenhein.
Mantano<Jeffers.
Cross & Beguelin<Hall.
Crowther<G Schirmer.
Meshman<Cross & Brown Co.
Schwartz<Greenberger.
Mintz<United Elec, &c, Co.
Irving Nat Bank<Goldman.
Dickstein<Am Sugar Ref Co.
Esposito<Hartung.
Cuccio<Schrank.
Esposito<Hartung.
Kennedy<Colon.

PART II.—Strasbourger, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Monaco<Hudson Nav (2.)
Loraine<Cort.
Reardon<Rankin.
Ostheim<Astena Mort.
Carmody<Int R T Co.
Sass<Jacobs.
Cohen<Lefkowitz.
Klein<Gelband.
Golden<Duklauer.
Feller<Levay.
Strauss<C H Heer Dry Goods Co.
Korolsky<Mandel, (2.)
Rubin<Einhorn.
Delvany<A M Schwartz Silk Co.
Marino<N Y Rys.
Goldberg<Schwarz.
Louzon<42d St. &c RR
Lehti<Rodgers & H.
McGraun<Host.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Autograph Time Lock Co<Chatham & Phenix Nati Bank.
Bernstein<Deutsch.
Roger<Baumeister.

PART II.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART III.—McAvoy, J.—Case on.

PART IV.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Samarelli<Samarelli.
Ware<Fluegelman.
Kingsley<Kingsley.
Cichitto<Cichitto.
Livingston<Folsom.
Kosofsky<Kosofsky.
Kindlund<Kindlund.
Strachan<Strachan.
Van Tuyl<Van Huele

PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.,—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

Hull<Muller.
Weber<Davies.
Senn<Senn.
Rafkin<Levitas.
Stein<Franklin Kalbfleisch Co.
Baff<Jaffe.
Cummins<Reid.
Onaw<Perry.
Booth<Hudson Mill & Lumber Co.
Henderson<Henderson.
Seelenfreund<Seelenfreund.
Searing<Saxon.
Stark<L I RR.
Dougherty<Hoy.
Nowakowski<North Shore Co.
County of Orange<Storm King Co.
Babeus et al<Eagle Loan Co.
Logan<same.
People<Title Co.
Barnhart<Am Steel

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—All causes on this calendar are deemed ready and will be assigned as the various trial parts for trial are reached. Calendar will be called at 10 A. M.

Star Crayon Mfg Co<Am Cradle Works.
Bamberger<Ehrich.
Rosenfield<Epstein.
Lefrak & Goldsmith<Southern Surety Co.
Ponce De Leon Beauty Prep<White.
Hershcopf<Cutler.
Dun at Life Ins. Case on.

PART IV.—Page, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.—Causes on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.

Ing—Ner Ventures Co<Middleton.
Lewis<Ocean Accident, &c, Corp.
Kraus<Bleekman.
Kronish<Eisenburg.
Dalwyn<Walker.
Safe Cabinet Co<Newberg.
Durlen<Kaufman.
Healey<Kriskey.
Carpentier<Carpentier.
Stockum<Lambert

Existing Eng.

Sabolnoski<same.
Wilkin<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Scannell<White Hod Elevator Co.
E M Scan<CNY Rys
R M Scanlon<same.
Keating<Kuper.
McCann<Jacobs & Davis, Inc.
Doyle<Bklyn H RR.
Blume<Nassau El RR.
Florie<Int R T.
Harris<NY Rys.
M Kravitz<Goldsmith.
R Kravitz<same.
Ebbetts<Union Ry of NY.
Warhig<same.
Levinson<Sulzberger & Sons.
Berger<Plinn (2.)
Healy<Hallenback-Hungerford Rity (2.)
M Kozinsky<Bursch.
R Kozinsky<same.
Spector<Barrett.
Stern<5th Av Coach.
O'Connor<Gaffney.
Florin<Reynolds.
Dalsberg<Taylor.
Unity Iron Wks<Edison El Illum of Bkn.
Grushawsky<Mischel.
Kahn<Palmer.
Amatucci<same.
Maria<Lusch.
Bystrom<Villard.
Garfia<Loretta Corp.
Berman<Slifka.
Hamill<Johnson.
Naylor<same.
Caspar<Lawson.
Kantar<Leh Val RR.
Cellers<Dollard.
Hoppel<Blanner.
M Tramontano<Nicoll
H Tramontano<same.
Case on.

PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Murphy<McGrath.

PART VIII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IX.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.

Walsh<Borden's Cond Milk Co.

PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.

Smith<Irion.

PART XII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XIII.—Not in session.

PART XIV.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.—Causes on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.

Sabolnoski<same.
Wilkin<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Scannell<White Hod Elevator Co.
E M Scan<CNY Rys
R M Scanlon<same.
Keating<Kuper.
McCann<Jacobs & Davis, Inc.
Doyle<Bklyn H RR.
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Morales<Lichtenhein.
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Meshman<Cross & Brown Co.
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Dickstein<Am Sugar Ref Co.
Esposito<Hartung.
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TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Monaco<Hudson Nav (2.)
Loraine<Cort.
Reardon<Rankin.
Ostheim<Astena Mort.
Carmody<Int R T Co.
Sass<Jacobs.
Cohen<Lefkowitz.
Klein<Gelband.
Golden<Duklauer.
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Strauss<C H Heer Dry Goods Co.
Korolsky<Mandel, (2.)
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PART III.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Samarelli<Samarelli.
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Kindlund<Kindlund.
Strachan<Strachan.
Van Tuyl<Van Huele

PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.,—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

Hull<Muller.
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Senn<Senn.
Rafkin<Levitas.
Stein<Franklin Kalbfleisch Co.
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Onaw<Perry.
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Seelenfreund<Seelenfreund.
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M Tramontano<Nicoll
H Tramontano<same.
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PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.,—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

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Hoppel<Blanner.
M Tramontano<Nicoll
H Tramontano<same.
Case on.

PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.,—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

Hull<Muller.
Weber<Davies.

Desirable Public Utility Preferred Stocks

Issued by successful companies.

Protected by earnings that are ample and of a dependable character.

Offered at prices that provide a most attractive income.

Circulars describing several Preferred Stocks of this type will be sent on request.

Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co
Incorporated
Securities for Investment
14 Wall St., New York

How Investments May be Made Tax Exempt
In New York State

For the convenience of investors we are preparing a pamphlet containing a synopsis and digest of the new tax law signed by the Governor on June 1, 1917. By compliance with the provisions outlined, certain investments may be made exempt from taxation in New York State.

As a feature of our Investors' Service we shall be pleased to attend to the necessary details in exempting your investments.

Send for this tax booklet AG-121

The National City Company
National City Bank Building
New York

Exempt from Federal Income Tax and from Personal Taxation in New York

$100,000
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New York
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Boston San Francisco Chicago

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Principal and interest payable in New York

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14 Wall St., New York
Toronto Montreal London

Legal for Savings Banks in New York and the New England States

Chicago, Indiana & Southern R. R. Co.
Gold 4s
JANUARY, 1956

Direct closed mortgage on 330 miles of road.

Assumed by the New York Central and prior in lien to New York Central Refunding 4½s, 2013.

Tax exempt in Pennsylvania.

To yield 4.90%

Blodget & Co.
34 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST., Boston.

Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co.
1st Mtge. 5s 1937
Stamped perpetually tax-exempt in New York.

Estabrook & Co.
24 Broad Street New York

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Have Another Irregular Session—Two Markets for the Liberty Bonds.

The stock market continues to be influenced mainly by the call money situation, which has not yet reflected any influence upon rates of the arrival of $44,000,000 gold in the last three days. Call money loaned throughout the day yesterday at 6 per cent. Prices fluctuated with great irregularity, a general decline in the morning being partly offset by recovery in the early afternoon, but the close was irregular, with a few issues showing rather striking gains and a larger number of small losses. Steel common declined to 125½, but closed 1¼ points above that price. Activity centred very largely in the several steel issues, all of which showed substantial losses at one time on the renewed discussion of Secretary Daniels's plan for forcing manufacturers to accept a lower price than they are disposed to make.

The weekly reviews of the steel trade pointed out that while the question of Government prices is being debated the markets, both for iron and steel, continue to advance, with no signs of control. The Iron Age says that efforts at Washington to depress prices on steel for this Government and the Allies have had no quieting effect on the market. On the contrary, now that it is known that consolidated buying will be on a large scale, there is more excitement among private buyers, as shown by the new quotations. Pig iron quotations lower than $50 at the furnace have almost disappeared, according to The Iron Trade Review, and further advances are promised.

Announcement of the forthcoming sale of $55,000,000 of New York City bonds to pay 4½ per cent. interest had an immediate depressing influence upon the market for other city issues. The closing price of the 4¼s and 4½s showed net losses of from ½ point to 1½. The sale will be held on July 12, by which time conditions in the money market should be much easier, and with the distribution of the Government loan pretty well accomplished, the city should receive a fair premium on the offering, although the Controller is not unmindful of the competition the new securities will have to meet, as he shows in making the interest rate on the new issue ¼ of 1 per cent. above that paid on the $55,000,000 sold a little more than a year ago. Improvement in the railroad situation was evidenced in the monthly bulletin on the freight car supply, which showed a net shortage of freight cars on June 1 of 105,000, as against 148,000 a month earlier.

Fear of public censure has so far prevented the growth of a real market on the Stock Exchange for the Liberty bonds. Less than $6,000 sold all day on the board, owing to the moral obligation to which brokers felt subject not to sell the bonds under par. The result is that considerable business was done privately outside at concessions running to 12 cents on $100 par. How long brokers will feel under restraint is uncertain, but the sooner a freer market is established on the Exchange, where it should be, the better it will be for succeeding loans.

LONDON MARKET IS STRONG.

$25,000,000 Credit Is Arranged for Italy.

LONDON, June 20.—Money was in strong demand today. The discount market is adjusting itself from yesterday's changed conditions and lower Treasury bill rates stimulated the demand for exchequer bonds. An Italian credit of £5,000,000 has been arranged to provide funds for the payment of Italian purchases here.

On the Stock Exchange speculative stocks were neglected, while industrials were supported. American stocks were inclined to harden.

Prices Irregular on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, June 20.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 60 francs 12 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 88 francs 15 centimes.

HAS $408,770,000 IN GOLD.

Japan's Store Reaches Record Sum, Largely Kept Overseas.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Japanese gold reserve is increasing at a rapid rate, according to a dispatch to the Bureau of Domestic and Foreign Commerce, from Consul General G. H. Scidmore, at Yokohama. In November it was $320,000,000, the largest supply of gold ever held by Japan. Now it is $408,770,000, and is growing at the rate of $6,000,000 a week. The Government's share is $171,484,000, while that of the Bank of Japan is $237,286,000.

"The greater amount of this record sum is kept overseas," says Mr. Scidmore. "There is $287,634,000 deposited invested in London and New York, while only $121,135,500 is kept at home."

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	6	Last	5½
Low	5½	Renewals	6

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5@5¼	Thirty days	5¼
Sixty days	5@5¼	Sixty days	5¼
Ninety days	5@5¼	Ninety days	5¼
Four months	5@5½	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5@5½	Five months	5¼@6
Six months	5@5½	Six months	5¼@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3@4
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	5
4 to 6 months	5¼@5½
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	5¾@6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75 40	$4.75 00	$4.75 40	..
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.76⅝	5.76⅜	5.76⅜	..
Cables	5.77⅜	5.77⅛	5.77⅜	..
Rubles—				
Demand	23.00	23.15	23.00	+ 0.50
Cables	23.70	23.25	23.70	+ 0.50

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Demand or Checks.	Close. Cables.
4.8665 London	4.7540	4.76¼
5.1825 Paris	5.76⅜	5.77⅜
China—		
Hongkong	59.50	59.60
Peking	96.00	96.25
Shanghai	89.50	90.00
19.295 Greece	4.29½	4.40
32.44 India—	19.85	19.90
Bombay	32.75	33.00
Calcutta	32.75	33.00
5.1826 Italy	5.14	7.27
49.84 Japan—	7.28	
Kobe	51.25	51.37½
Yokohama	51.25	51.37½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.85 Russia	41.18½	41.25
23.70 Scandinavia—	23.60	23.70
Copenhagen	28.80	29.00
Stockholm	30.00	30.20
Christiania	29.20	29.40
19.295 Spain	23.10	23.30
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	44.25	44.37½
42.44 Rio	26.62½	26.75
5.1826 Switzerland	5.94¼	5.92½

TIMER BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¾	$4.71	$4.69

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $613,633,947; balance, $44,665,727; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,587,735; Federal Reserve credit balance, $20,303,807.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 25@10c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 30½d, unchanged; in New York, 77½c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 60½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$10,476,988	$217,741,086
Ord. Inter. revenue	44,738,390	437,431,340
Income tax	144,911,410	300,362,357
Miscellaneous	8,906,913	77,742,006
Total receipts	$209,123,702	$1,042,266,730
Excess of ord. rec'ts over ord. disburses.	129,799,012	55,610,973
Exc. of total rec'ts over total disburses.	$5,208,537	75,881,806
	79,334,549	899,655,733

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1917.

Day's sales	1917. 889,260	1916. 576,137	1915. 384,024
Year to date	95,613,591	80,943,885	60,432,914

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
13⅜	15⅝	100	Advance Rumely	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	– ⅝
5½	6	100	Alaska Gold Mines	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
4⅜	5	100	Alaska Juneau	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
27⅛	27½	900	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	27¼	27½	27	27½	+ ½
84	85	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	84½	84⅝	84	84¼	– ⅛
91½	92¼	200	Am. Agri. Chemical	91¾	91¾	91¾	91½	– ¼
47⅛	47½	4,400	Am. Beet Sugar	94⅝	94⅝	94	94	– 1
73	73½	1,300	American Can	48⅛	48⅛	46⅜	47⅛	+ ⅛
37½	38	200	Am. Car & F'dry	73½	73⅝	73	73⅛	+ ⅛
14½	15	500	Am. Cotton Oil	37⅞	37⅞	37⅝	37⅝	– ¼
61½	62	200	Am. Hide & Leath	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	– ¼
23⅜	23⅝	3,200	Am. Hide & L. pf	60	61	60	61	+1⅝
50½	51	700	Am. Linseed	23⅞	24⅛	23	23½	– ⅛
69½	70	2,600	Am. Linseed pf	60⅝	60⅝	59½	59½	– ⅝
104	105	100	Am. Locomotive	70½	71	69	69½	– ⅝
113½	113⅝	100	Am. Loco. pf	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	– ⅛
61	62	100	American Malting	11½	11½	11½	11½	– ⅛
104⅞	105	700	Am. Malting 1st pf	61	62	60⅜	62	+1⅛
69	70	10,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	106⅛	106½	104⅛	106	– ⅛
118½	118¾	1,200	Am. Steel F'dries	70¾	70¾	68	69	– 2
33¼	33⅝	5,500	Am. Sugar Ref	119⅝	120	116½	119	– ⅛
121½	122	600	Am. Sumatra Tob	32⅝	33½	32¾	33½	+ ⅛
100	105	300	Am. Tel. & Teleg	121⅞	121⅞	121½	121½	– ⅛
52¼	52½	100	American Tobacco	102½	102½	102½	102½	+ ¼
29	30	3,100	American Woolen	52⅝	53	51½	52¾	+ ⅛
81⅜	81⅞	1,200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	31	31	30	30¼	– 1
100⅜	100⅝	11,300	Anaconda Copper	82	82⅝	81	82	– ⅛
13½	13⅝	4,000	At., Top. & S. F	101	101	100¼	100⅜	– ⅛
100½	110	200	Atlanta, Birm & At	15½	15½	15½	15½	– ⅛
60	61¼	2,200	Atl. Gulf & W. I	116⅞	112	108	109	– ⅝
62¼	62⅜	1,600	Atl. G. & W. I. pf	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜	+ ⅜
72¼	72½	5,000	Baldwin Locomotive	64	64	63	63⅝	– 1¼
111	113	1,300	Balt. & Ohio	72½	72⅝	72⅜	72⅜	– ⅛
⅞	1	200	Barrett Co., x d	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	– ⅛
137½	137¾	82,600	Batopilas Mining	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	– ⅛
59⅜	60	100	Beth. Steel. Class B	140½	141¾	135	137⅝	– 2⅜
71¼	72	100	B'klyn Rap. Trans	50	50	59	59	+ ½
11¼	11¾	500	Brown Shoe	72	72	72	72	– 1
97½	99	300	Bruns'k T. & R. Sec	11½	11½	11½	11½	– ⅛
41½	41¾	300	Burns Brothers	99	99	98	98	– ⅛
13	15	100	Butterick Co	41¾	41¾	41⅝	41⅝	– ⅛
37½	37⅝	200	California Packing	14	14	14	14	– ⅛
20	20½	100	Cal. Petroleum	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	– ⅛
51	52	100	Cal. Pet. pf. x. d	20½	20½	20½	20½	– ⅝
77½	83	100	Calumet & Arizona	51⅝	51⅝	51⅛	51⅜	– ⅛
130½	160¼	400	Canadian Pacific	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	– ⅜
92½	92⅝	11,800	Central Leath. Co	160	160½	160	160	– ⅛
36	36½	600	Cerro de Pasco	36	36	36	36	– ⅛
90	92	100	Chandler Motor	36	36	36	36	– ⅛
59½	60	700	Chesapeake & Ohio	91	91	91	91	+2
111⅛	111½	400	Chi. Great Western	60	60	59½	59½	– ⅛
33	33½	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	– ⅛
74	75	500	Chi., Mil. & St. P	34	34	34	34	– ⅛
109½	110¼	400	Chi. & Northwest'n	74	74¼	74	74¼	+ ⅛
64⅜	65½	700	C.,R.I.& P. cfs. f. p	110¼	110¾	110	110	+ ⅛
34⅞	35¼	800	C., R.I. & P. w. i	65⅜	65¾	65	65	– ⅛
68½	68¾	2,300	C.,R.I.& P. 5% pf. w.i	64½	64½	64½	64½	– ⅛
77⅞	78	900	C.,R.I.& P. 7% pf. w.i	35	35	35	35	– ⅛
		60	Do., odd lot	67¼	68¾	67¼	68¾	+1½
21⅜	21⅞	200	Chile Copper	78	78	77¼	77⅝	– ⅛
55⅜	56⅛	1,400	Chino Copper	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	…
37	39	200	Chi. C., G. & St. L	56½	56½	55¾	55¾	– 1⅛
50¼	51¼	2,600	Colo. Fuel & Iron	38½	38½	38	38	+1
26	27	100	Colo. Southern	51½	52	50	50¼	– 1¼
38⅞	39¼	2,500	Colum. Gas. & Elec	26	26	26	26	– 1½
107½	108½	200	Consolidated Gas	40	40	38¾	39	– 1⅜
…	…	500	Continental Insur	108	108	108	108	– ⅛
33½	33⅝	57,600	Corn Products Ref	52	52	52	52	– ⅜
104½	105	1,000	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	33	34¾	32¼	33⅝	+1¼
82⅞	83	54,900	Crucible Steel	104⅝	105	104½	105	+ ⅛
102	103	100	Crucible Steel pf	80⅝	83	79½	83	+3¼
43¾	43⅞	7,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	102	102	102	102	– 3
89¼	90	400	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	44	44	42¼	43¼	– ⅜
180	190	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	90½	90½	90	90	– ½
112	112½	300	Delaware & Hudson	183¼	183¼	183¼	183¼	+1¼
24	24½	14,000	Distillers Securities	112½	112½	112¼	112¾	+3⅜
36	36⅛	400	Elk Horn Coal	21⅝	24⅛	21	24¼	+3⅜
25½	25⅝	1,300	Erie	36½	36½	36	36	– 1
43½	44	100	Erie 1st pf	26	26	25⅞	25⅞	– ⅜
157	157½	400	Gen. Mining & S. pf	44	44	44	44	– ⅜
…	…	400	General Electric	157⅜	157⅜	156⅞	156⅞	– ⅝
114	115	16,000	Gen. Mot. tp. cfs	115	116½	113⅝	114¾	– ⅛
…	…	1,500	Gen. Mot. pf. tp.cfs	83½	88½	83½	88¼	– ⅛
…	…	1,500	Goodrich (B. F.)	51½	51½	50⅜	50⅜	– ⅛
…	…	200	Gt.Nor.Cfs.for O.P.x.d	32	32	31¼	31¼	– ⅛
…	…	200	Greene-Cananea	42	42	42	42	– ⅛
…	…	700	Greene-Cananea rights	123	123½	123	123½	+ ⅛
…	…	2,600	Gulf States Steel	82¾	83¼	81⅝	82¼	– ⅝
…	…	6,500	Inspiration Copper	63¾	64⅛	62½	62½	– ⅝
…	…	1,600	Interboro Consol	9¼	9⅜	9	9	– ⅛
…	…	100	Interboro Cons. pf	54¼	54¼	53⅜	53⅜	– ⅝
…	…	100	Int. Harv. N. J. pf	116¾	116¾	116¼	116¼	– ⅛
…	…	100	Inter. Harv. Corp	68	68	68	68	– 1
…	…	4,000	Inter. Mer. Mar.	28¼	29	27½	28	+ ⅛
…	…	11,700	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	83	84⅝	82½	83	+ ⅛
…	…	7,500	Inter. Nickel	39¼	40¼	39	40	+ ⅛
…	…	1,800	Inter. Nickel pf	103	103	103	103	– ⅝
…	…	100	Intern'l Paper	38	38½	36½	37	– 1½
…	…	500	Jewel Tea	49	49	47	47	– 1
…	…	100	Jewel Tea pf. x. d	104	104	104	104	– 3
…	…	5,200	Kan. City Southern	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	– ⅛
…	…	5,500	Kennecott Copper	45	45⅞	44¾	44⅞	– ⅛
…	…	…	Kress. (S.H.) pf.x.d	106	106	106	106	– ⅛
…	…	6,800	Lackawanna Steel	96¼	96¼	93¾	94⅜	– 1⅝
…	…	500	Lehigh Valley	64½	64½	63¾	64	– 1½
…	…	1,900	Maxwell Motors	73	74½	72¼	74½	+6½
…	…	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	51	51½	49⅝	50	– ⅝
…	…	800	Max. Motors 2d pf	65¼	65½	65½	65½	– 2½
…	…	100	May Dept. Stores	54	54	54	54	– 3
…	…	6,600	Mexican Petroleum	96½	96¾	93¾	94⅜	– ⅝
…	…	1,600	Miami Copper	41	41	40¾	40¾	– ⅛
…	…	4,400	Midvale Steel	62¼	62⅞	61⅝	62	– ⅝
…	…	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	106	106	106	106	– 2
…	…	1,000	Missouri Pacific w i	29	29¼	28	29¼	+ ¼
…	…	100	Mo. Pacific pf. w i	56	56	56	56	…
…	…	100	Do., odd lot	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	– ⅛
…	…	2,300	Montana Power pf	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼	+ ⅛
…	…	100	Nat. Conduit & C	35½	35⅞	34½	34⅝	– ⅝
…	…	1,200	Nat. Cloak & S. pf	107	107	107	107	…
…	…	100	Nat. Enam. & St	39	39	38¾	38¾	– ¼
…	…	200	National Lead	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	– ⅛
…	…	100	Nevada Con. Cop	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	– ⅛
…	…	1,100	N. Y. Central	91	91	90¼	90¼	– ⅝
…	…	100	N. Y. Dock pf	38	38	38	38	…
…	…	1,400	N. Y., N. H. & H	38¾	38¾	37¾	37¾	– ⅛
…	…	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	22¾	22¾	22¼	22¼	– ⅜
…	…	1,200	Norfolk & Western	123½	123½	123½	123½	– 1⅞
…	…	400	Northern Pacific	103⅜	103⅜	103⅛	103⅛	– ⅝
…	…	7,000	Nova Scotia S. & C	109	109	108½	108½	– ⅝
…	…	400	Ohio Citieu Gas	128½	128½	122	126⅛	– 1½
…	…	…	Ontario Mining	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
…	…	100	Pacific Mail	27	27	26¾	26¾	+ ⅛
…	…	1,000	Pacific Tel. & Tel	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	…
…	…	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	90	90	90	90	– 1
…	…	1,000	Penn. R. R	52⅝	52⅝	52⅜	52⅜	– ⅛
…	…	100	People's Gas. Chi	71½	71½	71½	71½	– ½
…	…	100	Philadelphia Co	33¾	33¾	33⅜	33⅜	– ½
…	…	7,800	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d	54½	54⅞	52	53⅜	– 1
…	…	5,500	Pitts. & West Va	34	34¼	33¾	33¾	– ⅛
…	…	700	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	65¼	65¼	64½	64½	– ⅛
…	…	200	Pressed Steel Car	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	– ⅛
…	…	1,750	Pullman Co	140	140¼	136	138	– 4
…	…	600	Quicksilver pf	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1¼	– ⅛
52½	…	100	Railway Steel Sp	52½	52½	52½	52½	– ⅝
285	…	2,700	Ray Con. Copper	285	285	285	285	– ½
90¼	…	19,700	Reading	90¼	90¾	89¾	89¾	…
104¼	…	14,900	Rep. Iron & Steel	80½	90	88¾	90	– ¾
63	…	300	Rep. Iron & S. pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	– ¾
17½	…	400	Royal Dutch cfs	64	64	63¼	63¼	– 1
101	…	300	St. Louis-San Fran	17⅜	17⅜	17¼	17⅝	…
27	…	1,100	Savage Arms	103¼	104¼	100¼	102	– ½
29	…	1,200	Saxon Motor	30	30	28	28	+⅜
27	…	200	Shattuck-Arizona	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	…
50¼	…	18,300	Sinclair Oil & Ref	52	52	49½	49⅞	– 2⅜
59	…	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I	57¼	57½	57¼	57¼	– 1
93¼	…	1,900	Southern Pacific	93½	93½	93	93¼	+ ¼
27¼	…	2,300	Southern Railway	27¾	27¾	27	27¼	+ ⅛
56	…	33,100	Southern Ry. pf	56¼	56½	56¼	56¼	+ ⅜
84¼	…	200	Studebaker Co	83½	86¼	83⅞	84¼	– 1⅛
46	…	500	Superior Steel	48	48	48	48	…
71⅞	…	1,400	Superior Steel pf	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	– ⅛
104⅝	…	100	Wilson & Co	72⅛	72⅛	71	71⅛	– ⅝
22¼	…	16,700	Willys-Overland	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	…
124	…	100	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	32⅝	33½	32	32½	…
34	…	100	Worthington Pump	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	– 1¾
				33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	– ⅞

STEEL TRADE EXCITED.

Feels Effect of Washington's Effort to Lower Prices.

The steel situation in Washington has engrossed the attention of manufacturers this week to the exclusion of many matters having to do with the market for commercial products. The Iron Age says:

The efforts at Washington to depress prices on steel for the Government and its Allies have had no quieting effect on the general market. On the contrary, now that it is known that the consolidated buying for war needs will be on a large scale, there is more excitement among private buyers, and price movements reflect it.

The worldwide famine in plates, which has sent their price up twice as far as that of other steel products usually sold on the same level, and the fact that the Government wants more plates than anything else, have complicated the price-fixing problem. While there is clamor at Washington for a price below cost to plate mills which must pay $50 for basic iron, Japan was gladly paid 9 cents and 10 cents per pound for plates, and is crowding shipbuilding to the utmost. Japanese buying has caused some sharp bidding up on plates in the last two weeks.

Until the appropriation is determined, the proposed Government purchase of 100,000 railroad cars waits. Not unless it becomes clear that Washington will not be a buyer are the railroads expected to take the initiative; but the one certain thing is that cars will be bought, and on a large scale.

Manufacturing conditions as a whole

tent are trying to get mill protection on finished steel for 1918, but as yet with little success. Such efforts seem to be no more retarded by present prices than they were one year ago, when the market was more than 50 per cent. lower.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Powerful forces over which producers and consumers have little or no control continue to direct the course of the iron and steel market. In raw materials, particularly pig iron and scrap, a demand which far exceeds the supply is producing a kaleidoscopic development of record-breaking prices each week. In finished steel the domination of Government requirements is so far-reaching that virtually all buying and selling has become completely subject to war considerations. The prospect of the Government needs growing by leaps and bounds is leading a growing number of iron and steel makers to abandon all open quotations.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	63.50	64.50	62.50	64.00
Lead	11.87½	12.12½	11.87½	12.12½
Spelter	9.50		9.50	
Antimony	19.00	20.00	19.50	20.50
Quicksilver	$83.00	....	$83.00	....
Aluminium	*80.00	....	*80.00	....
Iron, No. 2X f'dy	46.75	47.75	46.75	47.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 23¾@23¾c. for carload lots, spot delivery, 23¾@23¾c. for quarter, 23¾@23¾c. for eighth, 23¾@23¾c. for fourth

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	71.39	71.00	71.19	– .18
25 industrials	93.08	91.22	92.12	– .20
50 stocks	82.23	81.11	81.65	– .19

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
June 20	82.23	81.11	81.65	– .19
June 19	82.30	81.34	81.84	+ .05
June 18	83.04	81.68	81.79	–1.23
June 16	83.40	82.77	83.02	– .02
June 15	83.70	82.42	83.04	– .51
June 13	84.45	83.34	84.05	+ .31

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

June.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	84.45	June 13	81.11	June 20	81.65
†1916	89.60	June 12	83.56	June 26	86.03
1915	72.28	June 23	66.48	June 1	70.41
1914	66.64	June 9	66.82	June 25	68.18
1913	69.28	June 2	63.09	June 26	66.44
1912	82.79	June 6	80.03	June 1	81.84
1911	84.43	June 14	81.48	June 1	82.79

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	90.46	Jan. 4	75.77	May 9	81.65
†1916	91.83	Jan. 3	80.91	Apr. 22	86.29
	Full Years.				
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.18	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	78.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	69.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

June 20	83.55 –.02	June 13	81.50 –.02
June 19	83.55 –.02	June 12	83.52 –.15
June 18	83.87 +.19	June 11	83.67 –.04
June 16	83.38 –.02	June 9	83.71 –.03
June 15	83.40 –.09	June 8	83.74 +.01
June 14	83.49 –.01	June 7	83.73 +.01

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	89.48	Jan. 20	83.27	May 21	83.55
†1916	87.43	June 17	86.19	Apr. 22	87.37
	Full Years.				
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 22	88.64
1915	87.82	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	86.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	83.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*

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LIBERTY BONDS GO UNDER PAR AGAIN

Small Sales Outside the Exchange Are Reported at 99.88.

BUYERS EXPECT A PROFIT

Some Subscribers Willing to Take Trifling Loss to Relieve Themselves of Obligation.

The tacit understanding among Stock Exchange houses not to sell Liberty Loan bonds under par has not had application to dealings in the market outside the Exchange, as sales of the new 3½s were reported yesterday in "over the counter" transactions at prices running from 100 down to 99.88. The lowest quotation in the decline on the board last Friday was 99.96. The outside dealings under par, it was learned, have been small in amount and represented the desire of some subscribers to the Liberty Loan to relieve themselves at a trifling loss of the obligation to take up the bonds allotted to them.

From what could be learned through inquiry in bond trading circles the sales over the counter have been a product of the limited market on the Exchange. Numerous Stock Exchange firms have not only decided not to put through transactions at prices under par, but are unwilling to handle Liberty bonds at all until the bonds are delivered or until sufficient demand springs up to carry the quotations to a good premium. Persons inclined to let their contracts go have shopped around among bond dealers, and made sales at the best bid obtainable.

Bond men who have obtained the "when issued" Liberty Loan contracts under par have bought with the expectation of selling later at a fair profit. They believe the heavy oversubscription to the $2,000,000,000 indicated that many wealthy men and corporations who subscribed heavily will receive only a part of the bonds sought, and that the tax exemption feature will cause the disappointed subscribers to buy bonds in the open market. A free market is looked for after the allotments are announced, when the sentimental restrictions now hedged about dealings on the Exchange will be removed.

A price of 99.88 means a discount of 12 cents on a $100 bond, or $1.20 on a $1,000 bond. If extensive amounts had been sold at this level, a substantial loss would have been sustained by the sellers, but fr quarters where bonds are bought under par emphasis was laid on the statement that the sales had been small. Applying the quotation to ordinary bonds, dealt in in eighth, quarter and half points, the decline mentioned would be less than one-eighth of a point. On the Stock Exchange the day's turnover comprised only $5,600 Liberty bonds, most of low denominations, at a price range from 100 to 100.08.

The New York City bond market was adversely affected by news of the pending sale of $55,000,000 new 4½s. The existing 4½s declined more than a point and the 4½s lost a point. Despite this rather cold welcome of the announcement of a fresh supply, bond dealers predicted thta the issue would be easily absorbed, particularly because of the current demand for high-grade investments which are free of income tax imposition.

URGES WORK NOW FOR NEXT LIBERTY LOAN

Federal Reserve Governor Says Wage Earners All Over Country Should Start Saving.

Immediate work for the subscription of the next Liberty Loan, of $3,000,000,000, which will be announced early in September, was advocated by Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and Chairman of the Central Liberty Loan Committee, at a dinner of the members of the National Advertising Advisory Board at the Advertising Club, 45 East Twenty-fifth Street, last night. Mr. Strong urged that associations of wage earners in all parts of the country begin saving now to subscribe, and he called attention to the work done by such organiations in England and France, where he has made a study of the raising of war funds. He said that 2,700 loan associations in England raised $90,000,000 a week for war purposes. He said that it was urgently necessary that this Government get subscriptions from a larger number of the population.

Mr. Strong spoke with the deepest feeling of his joy at the success of the first Liberty Loan, because, he said, "my son is tonight on the seat of an ammunition wagon on his way to the French front, and I feel that the success of this loan will bring him home to me sooner." He declared that the railroads and other great employers of labor should encourage their employes to have a part of their pay stopped at the source every week for the raising of funds to buy bonds. He thought the Government might sell loan associations short-term obligations, interest-bearing, and redeemable in Liberty bonds. This plan, he pointed out, would greatly relieve the danger of a banking strain, always present in the floating of large loans.

Collin Armstrong, who presided, said that the loan had shown Wall Street to be not only the financial centre of the country, but perhaps the patriotic centre. He said that the advertising men could be justly proud of the success of the loan and their part in it, because the only way to appeal to the American people was through the press.

Robert W. Woolley, publicity director for the Liberty Loan, said that the Government had made a mistake in not appropriating money to pay for advertising space and that the experience of England and France had showed this to be a wise course. He said that in the first loan, the farmer had not been reached and pointed out that when it was floated the farmer's son had not been called, but that by the time of the next loan, the farmer's son would have answered the draft call and his father would feel a personal interest he didn't have at first.

Herbert S. Houston, Chairman of the New York Committee of the National Advisory Advertising Board, said there was no more reason business men should give their advertising space to the Government than that manufacturers should give shoes or the material for cannon. He criticised the Government for not making provision to buy advertising space.

"Let us remember," he said, "that we are enlisted for the war. We are aiding the Red Cross now that the first Liberty Loan is floated, and when the time comes we will be ready to help make the next Liberty Loan a success."

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil..	32	34	Iron Cap.t.	17	17½
Bay S Gas.	8	9	Do pf....	16½	..
Bingham...	12¼	12¾	Iron Bloss.	1¼	1½
Bohemia...	1½	1¾	Jer Verde..	1½	1⅝
Begole ..	50	75	La Rose....	40	45
Boston Ely	40	50	Majestic....	40	45
Bost & M.	62	63	Mex Metals	27	30
Butte & L.	16	20	Moj Tung..	42	47
Butte & D.	50	62	New Baltic	1½	1¾
Bost & Ar.	1⅜	3½	New Boug..	1¼	1⅜
Calaveras..	3¼	4	New Ut B.	..	50
Chief Cons.	2⅜	2⅝	Nixon	40	42
Crown Res.	20	32	New Corn.	17¾	18¼
Con Ariz..	2¼	2⅝	Nat Z & L.	60	62
Cortez	20	30	Oneco .:..	50	70
Champ Cop	7	9	Ohio Copp..	1⅛	1⅜
Cal Corbin.	1½	2	Onondaga..	35	40
Eagle & B.	2⅜	2½	Pio Con....	1⅜	1½
Earl-Eagle.	21	24	Rilla	2	3
Fortuna ..	8	9	Ray Herc..	3¾	4
Gold Lake.	5	7	S W M f p	2⅜	2¾
Houghton..	90	99	S W M p p	2	2¼
Hona Oil..	2¼	2⅜	Trans Bor..	1¾	2
Humbird ..	25	35	Tu Rod....	2¼	2⅝

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN for May—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross revs.....	$1,114,621	$940,771	$173,849
Op. expenses...	687,223	545,575	141,648
Net revenues..	427,397	395,196	32,201
Taxes	58,054	48,376	9,678
Op. income ...	369,342	346,820	22,522
For the five months ended May 31—			
Gross revs.....	5,315,781	4,343,635	972,146
Op. exp.....	3,206,918	2,680,076	526,841
Net revenues..	2,108,863	1,663,558	445,304
Taxes	290,273	241,881	48,392
Op. income ...	1,818,589	1,421,677	396,912

Public Utilities.

AMERICAN PUBLIC UTILITIES year ended April 30—

	1917.	June 30, '16.	Increase.
Gross	3,703,326	3,309,586	393,740
Net aft. tax...	1,626,902	1,466,785	160,127
Other income..	97,195	81,744	5,451
Total net.....	1,724,098	1,548,528	175,570
Net aft. chgs.	462,741	395,073	67,668
Pref. divs.....	247,619	234,840	12,779
Balance	215,122	160,233	54,889

CUMBERLAND COUNTY POWER & LIGHT CO. and subsidiary companies for May—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross	236,728	223,429	13,299
Net aft. taxes.	62,010	86,992	*24,982
Bal. aft. chgs.	*5,975	20,767	26,742
Sur. af. pf.div.	*17,475	9,267	26,742
12 mos. gross.	2,973,215	2,736,122	237,093
Net aft. taxes.	1,041,236	1,125,823	*85,587
Bal. aft. chgs..	228,805	331,669	†102,864
Sur. af. pf.div.	90,805	193,669	†102,864

* Deficit. †Decrease.

CITIES SERVICE CO.—

May gross	1,585,426	709,085	856,341
Net aft. exp..	1,537,085	688,973	848,112
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,536,850	644,852	891,998
Bal. af. pf.div.	1,237,726	473,497	764,229
12 mos. gross.	15,218,278	6,012,969	9,205,304
Net aft. ex....	14,931,235	5,811,625	9,119,610
Sur. aft. chgs..	14,888,610	5,308,171	9,580,439
Bal. aft. pf.div.	11,850,442	3,548,624	8,301,818

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
May gross ...	3,511,497	3,231,908	2,904,773
Net aft. tax...	1,798,857	1,805,901	1,624,659
Total income..	1,860,362	1,866,868	1,098,324
Sur. aft. chgs.	836,583	873,561	786,463
Queens sub....	17,735	12,625	.....
Total surp.....	854,317	886,187	786,463
Pass. carried..	67,471,430	61,798,491	56,307,020
11 mos. gross.	36,608,909	32,983,752	30,744,300
Net aft. taxes.	18,837,691	17,955,332	16,907,887
Total increase.	19,385,900	18,483,791	17,474,517
Sur. aft. chgs.	8,292,489	8,067,913	7,470,966
Queens sub....	176,961	168,678	.....
Total sur.....	8,469,450	8,231,591	7,470,966
Pass. car'd.	702,236,801	627,294,178	595,417,855

LINDSAY LIGHT CO. receipts for the fiscal year ended May 31, 1917, net profits amounting to $431,005, an increase of $228,883 over last year.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO. for May—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross	$515,250	$478,601	$36,649
Net from op...	251,853	237,348	14,505
*Sur.af.tax.,chg.	108,987	98,930	10,057
11 mos. gross.	5,518,718	5,160,949	357,769
Net from op..	2,840,285	2,729,725	111,560
*Sur.af.tax.,ch.	1,264,275	1,220,416	43,859

*Depreciation is written off at end of each fiscal year.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Julia	.02
Alta	.03	Justica	.02
Andes	.08	Mexican	.13
Best & Belcher....	.02	Occidental	.65
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con....	.01	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.06	Savage	.07
Confidence	.10	Seg. Belcher.....	.02
Con. Imperial....	.01	Sierra Nevada..	.16
Con. Virginia.....	.22	Union Con.....	.20
Gould & Curry...	.01	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross..	.03	Mexican dollars..	.60¾
Jacket	.06		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.00	Goldfield Con....	.51
Halifax	.25	Goldfield Merger	.05
Jim Butler.....	.73	Great Bend.....	.06
McNamara	.21	Jumbo Ext.....	.34
Midway	.11	Jumbo Junior...	.06
Mizpah	.06	Kewanas	.13
Monarch Pitts...	.09	Silver Pick.....	.10
Montana	.20	Spearhead	.07
North Star.....	.10	MANHATTAN.	
Rescue	.22	Manhattan Con..	.33
Tonopah Ext....	2.40	Morning Glory...	.16
Tonopah Nev....	6.00	Union Amal....	.17
West End.....	.06	White Caps.....	1.27½
West Tonopah....	.21	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Big Jim.....	.70
Atlanta	.11	Nevada Hills....	.79
Booth	.07	Packard	.34
Daisy	.03	Rochester	.52
Florence	.21	Round Mountain	.35
Fraction	.04	United Mines...	.50

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson ..	4½	5	Granite ..	45	50
Dr. Jackpot	5	6	Isabella ..	9½	10
Elkton ...	6¾	8	McKinney..	19	20
El Paso..	30	32	Portland ..	145	150
Fanny R.	4	5	Vindicator.	75	80
Gold.Cycle.	219½	220	U. Gold M.	20	20½
Gold Sov..	3½	5			

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

A further break occurred in the wheat market yesterday under the influence of increased offers of new cash wheat from the Southwest. Minneapolis said that Texas and Oklahoma were offering very fine quality of wheat in that market in considerable volume and the Minneapolis cash prices declined 6¼ cents, making a net decline of 41 to 46 cents since the close of last week. The news on the crop situation was again promising. Winter wheat has extended as far north as Southern Missouri and Kansas and in most sections where harvesting has progressed yields have been in excess of expectations. In the local cash market new No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $2.26 free on board forward shipment.

RYE.—Market weaker; No. 2 Western, $2.44, cost, insurance, and freight New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$2.04	$2.00	$2.01	$2.05	$1.03⅝
September ...	1.81	1.75	1.80	1.81	1.05½

CORN.

There was heavy liquidation in the corn market, and after a slight early advance prices experienced a perpendicular break of 4c to 5¾c. Rumors regarding political developments in Europe also exerted more or less influence on the market, and, while there was a partial recovery from the lowest, final prices were 1⅝c to 4c net lower. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $1.83½, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.52⅝	1.47¼	1.51¾	1.54⅜	73¼
September ..	1.45⅞	1.40¼	1.41½	1.45¼	73¼
December ...	1.10	1.05¾	1.06⅞	1.08⅝	63⅝

OATS.

The oats market felt the influence of the decline in corn, and prices during the day were heavy, closing with net losses of ⅝c to 1¼c. Crop accounts were satisfactory, and reports were to the effect that harvesting operations will be in progress in the Ohio Valley in a short time and that the outlook is for heavy yields. The local cash market was weaker; standard quoted at 72½@72¾c; No. 2 white, 73c; No. 3 White, 72@72½c; No. 4 white, 71@71¾c; fancy clipped white, 73½@74¼c; ordinary clipped white, 71¼@73c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	63¾	60	61⅞	63	39¾
Sept.	53	51¼	52	52¾	39½
Dec.	54⅝	53¼	53⅝	54¼	40½

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was comparatively heavy early under scattered selling, prompted by the weakness in grain, but toward the close prices rallied and more than recovered the early loss. It was said that packers in the West were buying against sales of cash product to the Government, and were anticipating new business with the Belgian Relief Commission, which was said to be in the market for lard, bellies, and backs. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 25,000; estimated for Thursday, 21,000. Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 10,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	21.70	21.55	21.65	21.82	13.17
September ...	21.90	21.75	21.85	21.82	13.35
Ribs—					
July	21.30	21.20	21.30	21.15	13.67
September ...	21.50	21.37	21.47	21.37	13.77
Pork—					
July	38.80	38.60	38.80	38.65	24.65
September ...	39.15	38.85	39.15	39.00	24.15

COTTONSEED OIL.

Underlying sentiment in the market for cottonseed oil was decidedly nervous and the market as a whole was unsettled. Longs sold early on the break in cotton despite the fact that the market had not responded to the recent upturn in that market. Closing prices were irregular, ranging from 5 points higher to 11 point net lower. Total sales were 20,800 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	16.40	16.30
June	..	..	16.35	16.30
July	16.35	16.31	16.35@16.40	16.43
August	16.26	16.25	16.25@16.32	16.38
September	16.35	16.24	16.28@16.30	16.38
October	16.32	16.16	16.23@16.24	16.34
November	16.08	15.97	15.99@16.01	16.07
December	15.99	15.89	15.90@15.92	15.98
January	15.94	15.94	15.91@15.95	15.98

COFFEE.

There was a further decline in the market for coffee futures yesterday. There was not as much business as there was on Tuesday, and July liquidation was less in evidence. Reports of an easier tone in the Santos market seemed to promote some scattered selling, however, while there were few buyers around the ring and December delivery closed at 7.88c, with the general list closing at a net decline of 5@8 points. Sales were reported of 22,000 bags, including exchanges of July for March at 35 points, and of July for December at 19 points. The spot market, however, remains very quiet so far as fresh buying is concerned, prices yesterday being nominally unchanged at 10c for Rio 7s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	7.67@7.69	7.72
July	7.75	7.71	7.76@7.71	7.75
August	..	..	7.74@7.75	7.79
September	7.78	7.78	7.78@7.79	7.83
October	..	..	7.81@7.82	7.86
November	..	..	7.84@7.85	7.89
December	7.94	7.85	7.88@7.89	7.94
January	..	..	7.92@7.93	7.98
February	..	..	7.96@7.97	8.04
March	8.10	8.01	8.01@8.02	8.09
April	..	..	8.08@8.07	8.13
May	8.12	8.12	8.11@8.12	8.18

SUGAR.

The market opened 3@6 points higher on actual business, but later an easier tone developed in the trading, prices falling to the close of the previous day. There was a fair amount of July liquidation, with considerable switching of July to later mogths. Little attention was paid to the advance in raw sugar with steadier conditions, and the contract market closed 1 point net higher to a decline of 4 points, with sales for the day 11,100 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	4.98@5.01	5.02
July	5.10	5.00	5.00@5.01	5.04
August	..	..	5.08@5.10	5.10
September	5.20	5.15	5.15@5.16	5.17
October	..	..	5.17@5.19	5.19
November	5.24	5.23	5.20@5.22	5.20
December	5.09	5.08	5.08@5.09	5.07
January	4.85	4.85	4.83@4.85	4.82
February	..	..	4.61@4.63	4.60
March	..	..	4.59@4.61	4.58

The only change in the refined sugar market was the re-entrance of another refiner who was making fairly prompt shipment at 7.50 for fine granulated. Other refiners quoted the same figure. Business was of moderate proportion, prompted by the continued favorable weather. The local market for raw sugar was firmer and prices were 4-16c higher. Business included 25,000 bags of Cubas, afloat and prompt shipment, at 4 15-16c. cost and freight, and 15,000 bags for July shipment at the same figure to local refiners, and moderate quantities of full-duty sugars were sold to Canadian refiners at 4¾c, cost, insurance, and freight, delivered. The market closed firm at 4 15-16c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 5.96 for centrifugal and 5.08 for molasses.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 17,635 pkgs. Under increased speculative buying the market recovered a little more than was lost on Tuesday, and the feeling was steady to firm at the close. This applies to the better grades of creamery, as these comprise the larger part of current offerings. Secondary grades are steady. Renovated quiet and fairly sustained. Ladles moving a little better, and there is quite active demand for packing stock. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 38½@39¼c; extras, (92 score,) 39@39½c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 37@37¾c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 35¼@36½c; thirds, 34@35c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 38½@39c; firsts, 37¾@38c; seconds, 36@37c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 37¼@38c; good to prime, 35@37c; common to fair, 32@34½c; renovated, extras, 37c; firsts, 35½@36½c; lower grades, 32@35c; imitation creamery, firsts, 34@35c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33@33½c; seconds, 32½c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32@32½c; No. 2, 31½c; lower grades, 30@31c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 19,818 cases. Arrivals continue on a smaller scale than last week. The proportion of high-grade fresh gathered is small and there is a continued good demand for such, including some out-of-town buying. There is also some further momenet to storage space previously engaged, although most receivers are unable to obtain any storage accommodations for new business. The market continues firm, with some further improvement established on sales reported. Good medium qualities are meeting a moderate demand, but seriously defective goods still drag at relatively low prices. The fair demand for high-grade fresh dirties, a few of which have sold a little above previous quotations, although the top figure appears to be rather extreme. Nearby eggs in slightly better supply, but the offerings are still comparatively light and are clearing promptly at still firmer prices. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 36@36c; storage packed, firsts, 33½@34½c; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 33½@34½c; firsts, 32@33c; seconds, 30@31c; thirds and poorer, 26@29c; dirties, No. 1, 27¼@28½c; No. 2 and poorer, 25@27c; checks, good to choice, dry, 27c; under grades, 22@26c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 39@40c; ordinary to good, 37@38c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 36@36c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 34@37c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 37@38c; gathered brown and mixed colors, ordinary to good, 35@36c.

THE COTTON MARKET

October Contracts Lose $11 a Bale from Tuesday's High Record, Reaching 24.40.

Cotton prices, which have had a phenomenal rise in the last ten days, with March and May deliveries selling at 27 cents, and all other months at 26.46 cents or over, sustained a sharp break yesterday following the announcement that the Liverpool market had been closed pending conferences between the Cotton Association officials and the British Board of Trade. There was very active and excited selling. October contracts declined to 24.40c, making a loss of 173 points from Tuesday's closing figure and 220 points, or $11 a bale, from Tuesday's high record. It looked as though long contracts disturbed by the Liverpool news had been pretty well absorbed during the progress of the decline, however, and there was a recovery of approximately a cent a pound during the afternoon, with October closing at 25.43c, and with the general list closing steady at a net loss of 66 to 82 points.

Many traders in the New York market had felt it illogical that the market here should have been influenced by the excited advances abroad, but there was evidently doubt as to just how far recent buying had been inspired by the expectation of still higher prices in the English market. This may have accounted for the heavy selling on the early decline here, while the decline itself, necessitating heavy margin calls, helped to dislodge scattering long accounts. At the same time it was quite fully realized that the mere closing of the Liverpool future market did not lessen the actual requirements of the cotton trade abroad, and a hope is expressed that coming conferences between the Government and the cotton trade will result in the placing of increased tonnage at the disposal of cotton importers with a consequent improvement in exports from this country. These latter considerations may have had some influence once the first excited selling movement subsided, and trade buying as well as covering was reported on the afternoon rally.

The weekly report of the Weather Bureau was considered rather bullish, and rumors of favorable political developments helped the rally.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues.
June				25.45@25.50	26.26
July	25.90	25.97	24.65	25.54@25.55	26.36
August	25.85	25.95	25.32	25.48@25.53	26.27
September	25.40	25.40	24.95	25.53 Bid	26.21
October	25.75	25.75	24.40	25.43@25.45	26.13
November				25.47 Bid	26.15
December	26.65	25.84	24.53	25.54@25.56	26.25
January	25.65	25.88	24.61	25.59@25.62	26.28
March	25.88	26.07	24.90	25.79@25.81	26.45
May	25.83	25.78	25.23	25.91 Bid	26.57

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 115 points lower at 25.80c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 25.25c; New Orleans, 25.19c; Savannah, 26c; Augusta, 25.38c; Memphis, 25c; Houston, 25.10c.

The day's cotton statistics follow:

	Wednesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts.....	10,882	8,944	20,469
Exports		2,400	23,697
Port stocks	820,217	859,740	890,323
New York arrivals...	6,424	4,495	7,470
New York stocks.....	96,848	110,210	171,730

The Liverpool market being temporarily suspended, no quotations were received from that centre yesterday.

German Bank Statement.

BERLIN, June 20, (via London.)—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany, issued June 15, shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Total coin and bullion increased..	8,699,000
Gold increased	33,000
Treasury notes increased.....	44,833,000
Notes of other banks increased..	302,000
Bills discounted increased.....	224,038,000
Advances increased	420,000
Investments increased	940,000
Other securities increased.....	47,412,000
Notes in circulation decreased....	81,100,000
Deposits increased	306,892,000
Other liabilities increased.....	50,549,000

BUY—SELL

MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
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ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
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SAPULPA REFINING CO.
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TIDE WATER OIL CO.
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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The Stockholders of the American Car and Foundry Company are hereby notified that the regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company will be held at its offices, No. 243 Washington Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, June 28, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

H. C. WICK, Secretary.

$2,250,000
Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company
Two Year 6% Gold Notes

Dated June 15, 1917 — Due June 15, 1919

Callable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part upon thirty days' published notice, at 100¼ and accrued interest. Coupon notes of $1,000, $500 and $100 denominations. Registered notes in denominations of $1,000 and multiples. The New York Trust Company, N. Y., Trustee.

Free from Federal Income Tax Not in Excess of 2%

For information concerning this issue of notes we summarize as follows from a letter signed by Mr. J. J. O'Brien, Vice-President of the Company:

Business — The Company owns and operates modern and efficient plants for the manufacture and distribution of electricity and gas.

Purpose of Issue — The proceeds of these notes will retire the outstanding Six Per Cent. Debentures of the Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company and the floating indebtedness, including the cost of new properties, and furnish funds for extensions and additions.

Earnings — Net earnings of all properties for the year ended April 30, 1917, after deducting the annual prior interest charges exceed four times the annual interest requirements on these notes. Net earnings for the same period are twice the total charges, including interest on these notes.

Territory — Territory served comprises Oklahoma City and environment, to which Muskogee, Sapulpa and other towns will be added by contracts now closed.

All legal matter in connection with the issue of these notes will be passed upon by Messrs

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 American Chick Com.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
50 Empire Steel & Iron Com. & Pfd.
25 Hanover Fire Insurance
50 Independent Lamp & Wire
50 Manhattan Refrigerating Com.
25 Mercantile Trust & Deposit Stock
100 New York Rubber "Rights"
200 R. J. Reynolds "Rights"
100 Remington Type. 1st Pfd & Com.
50 Thompson-Starrett Com.
25 White Rock Min. Springs Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 Barrett-Nephews Co.
50 Empire Steel & Iron Com.
100 Federal Sugar Com.
100 Great Northern Paper
25 Guaranty Trust Co. Stock
25 Liberty National Bank "Rights"
250 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
25 Manhattan Refrigerating Com.
100 New York Rubber "Rights"
65 National Fuel Gas
200 Penn. Coal & Coke
200 Ward Baking Com.

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7% Cum. Preferred Stock

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200 U. S. Worsted 2nd Pfd.
50 U. S. Envelope Com.

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100 Gray Davis Common

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200 Charcoal Iron	2 South. Pub. Utilit's 5s
100 Clinchfield Coal	55 Fed. Dyest'ff & Chem.
300 Paige-Detroit Pfd.	10 Del., Lack. & W. Coal

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Nor. States Pr. Com., Pfd. & War.
Republic Railway & Light Com.
Western Power Com. & Pfd.

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30 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Broad 6911

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Western Md. 1st Pfd.
Chic. & E. Ill. Com. & Pfd.

William C. Orton
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 7160-1-2 Broad.

Crocker-Wheeler Pfd.
Amer. Light & Traction
Republic Railway & Light
Pacific Gas & Electric

H.F.McConnell & Co.
25 Pine St. Tel. 0064 John New York

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	20½	20¾	20½
Atlantic Refining	900	925	900
Borne-Scrymser	410	440	410
Buckeye Pipe Line	95	99	95
Chesebrough Mfg.	390	410	390
Colonial Oil	50	70	50
Continental Oil	480	500	480
Crescent Pipe Line	38	40	38
Cumberland P. L.	100	110	100
Eureka Pipe Line	200	225	200
Galena Signal Oil	147	151	148
Galena S. Oil pf.	139	142	139
Illinois Pipe Line	205	210	205
Indiana Pipe Line	92	96	92
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	12¾	13¼	13¼
National Transit	14	16	14
N. Y. Transit	188	195	185
Northern Pipe Line	95	98	98
Ohio Oil	848	852	848

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Aetna pf	20	23	14
American Brass	321	326	326
Atlas Powder	148	152	148
Dupont pf	99	101	99
Babcock & Wilcox	128	130	128
Bliss	500	550	450
Do pf	73	78	73
Can. Explosives	330	450	350
Do pf	104	110	104
Can. F. & F	155	160	155

Canadian Municipal Bonds
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National Casket

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	95½	97
2s, coupon, 1930	95½	97
3s, registered, 1918	98½	99½
3s, coupon, 1918	98¾	99½
3s, registered, 1946	..	99
3s, coupon, 1946	..	99
3s, conversion, 1947	..	99
4s, registered, 1925	104½	106
4s, coupon, 1925	104½	106
2s, coupon, 1938, reg	93½	97
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	95½	97
3s, Panama, 1961, reg	85	90
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	85	90

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
6s	Sept., 1917	100¼	100⅜	100⅜
4½s	June, 1965	101⅛	102	101⅛
4½s	Mar., 1963	101⅛	102	101⅛
4½s	Nov., 1957	101½	102	101⅜
4½s	May, 1957	101½	102	101½
4½s	1917	99⅞	..	100
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	98	99	98½
4½s	April, 1966	98	99	98⅝
4½s	Mar., 1964	98	99	98⅝
4½s	Mar., 1962	98	99	98⅝
4½s	Sept., 1960	98	99	98⅝
4s	May, 1960	96	97½	96
4s	Nov., 1958	96	97¼	96
4s	Nov., 1955	95	97	95
4s	Nov., 1936	95	98	95
4s	May, 1919	99½	..	99½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1930	4.50	4.25	4.25
4½s	1918-1923	4.50	4.25	4.25
4½s	1924-1931	4.50	4.25	4.30
4½s	1921-1927	4.60	4.25	4.30
4½s	April, 1926	4.50	..	4.50
4½s	1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50
3½s	1940-1953	4.50	4.25	4.40
3½s	1930-1939	4.50	4.25	4.40
3½s	1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.40
3s	1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.40

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10,000	‡AetnaExplo.	5⅝	4¼	4¾
1,500	‡Aetna ctfs. of deposit	5	4⅜	4½
600	‡Air Reduc.	92	83	83
700	Am. Int. Corp.	..	..	..
	($50 paid)	51	50½	51
3,000	‡Am. T. & T.	½	½	½
2,000	‡Boyd Mots., (a pros.)	4¼	3¼	4
75	‡CarbonSteel.	102¼	102½	102¼
11,500	‡Cart Lt. & P.	3½	2⅞	3⅜
2,745	Carwen Steel	11⅞	11¼	11⅞
100	‡Cent. F'dry	34¾	34¾	34¾
200	‡ Do pf	54¾	54	54
800	Charcoal Iron	9¼	9¼	9⅛
1,675	Chevrolet M.	98	93	95
700	‡E. Antiline Ch.	5¾	5⅜	5⅜
100	East'n Steel.	125	122	122
200	Em'sonPhon.	6⅜	6	6
700	Everett Heaney, Inc.	22¼	21⅞	22½
100	H. & B. Car	38¼	38¼	38¼
600	‡Int. Trading	⅜	⅜	⅜
400	‡ Do pf	1	1	1
300	Katho. Br. pf.	2½	2	2

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

7,000	Anglo-Am. O	21	19¾	20¼
28	S. O., N. J.	600	590	590
30	S. O., N. Y.	283	279	279

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

7,900	‡Allen Oil	60	57	60
1,400	‡Am. V. O.	20	17	19
2,000	‡Bar. O & G	2½	2½	2½
300	‡Con. M. Oil, (a pros.)	59	59	59
1,000	‡Cos. & Co., (oil ref.)	12½	12¼	12¼
1,000	‡Cos. O. & G.	12⅜	12¼	12⅜
700	‡Cos. O. & G. ctfs	12½	12⅜	12⅜
5,500	‡Crosby E. (a pros.)	55	50	55
4,000	‡El. O. & G., (a pros.)	⅜	⅜	⅜
	‡People's Oil	1	⅞	⅞
15,300	‡Eagle O.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4,500	‡Federal Oil	5¼	5⅛	5⅛
200	‡Houston Oil	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜
300	‡Int. Pet'm	13	13	13
1,000	Ken. Oil (a pros.)	¼	¼	¼
2,900	Key'e Con	8½	8⅜	8½
500	‡K.-Wyo. Oil pf	9¼	9¼	9¼
1,600	‡Mer. O. Cp.	26⅜	25⅜	25⅜
	‡New St. Pet	⅞	⅞	⅞
300	‡Mohican C.	75	65	65
	900 Mon. Silver	¾	¾	¾
1,000	Mons. Chief	⅞	¾	¾
3,500	‡Mother L.	28	27	27½
400	‡Nancy H. Montana	1	⅞	1
7,000	‡Nat. Z. & L.	70	64	70
3,000	‡New. Rand (a pros.)	10	9	10
	100 New Cor.	18	18	18
2,400	‡Newray M.	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,100	‡N. Y. Zinc (a pros.)	½	½	½
	500 Nicklas M.	1	1	1
26,000	‡O. Cp., new, when issued	56	56	56
	200 Nip. Mines	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
2,400	‡Nixon Nev.	50	44	50
5,700	‡Port. C. C.	39	37	37
1,100	‡Red W. Min	1¼	1	1
5,500	‡Rex. Con.	26	24	25
1,800	‡Rich. Cop.	55	54	55
4,700	‡Roch. Mines	55	52	54
900	‡Santa R. D.	⅞	⅞	⅞
	‡Scratch Gra. Gold M.	40	37	38
6,800	Sen. Cop.	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛
	500 Sag. Min.	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	Sil. K. A.	¾	¾	¾
4,000	‡St. N. Zinc	20	18	20
	500 Stand. S.-Ld.	⅜	⅜	⅜
6,000	Stewart	⅛	⅛	⅛
5,000	‡Success M.	38	32	37
	300 Sup. Copper (a pros.)	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	Ton. Ext	2⅜	2⅜	2½
1,000	‡Sur. G. M.	38	37	38
500	Tri-Bullion	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000	‡Troy-Ariz.	26	26	26
900	Un. Cop. M.	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,000	Un. Eastern	4⅝	4½	4½
1,100	‡U. Magma	20	18	18
1,800	Un. M., Ar.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,800	‡U. S. Tung.	23	21	22
200	U. G. M. Co.	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
3,780	‡Utica Mines	25	22	24
2,000	‡Utah N.M.	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,800	‡W. E. Con.	67	66	67
700	‡W. Cross C.	¼	¼	¼
7,500	Wil. Copper.	24	22	23
5,500	‡Ter. M. Cop	26	25	25
	‡Mexican Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛

MINING STOCKS.

4,300	A. C. Hills	1⅞	1½	1⅝
1,600	A.-B. Col. M.	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,450	A. M. Corp.	1⅜	¾	¾
3,600	‡A. S. Cop.	37	37	37
800	‡A. B. C. Co.	6	5⅝	5⅝
1,500	‡Atlanta	11⅝	11	11½
500	Ariz. Cr'dge	..	..	..
200	Bed Rock	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
4,500	B. L. C. Co.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
6,000	Boston & M.	60	60	60
2,100	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,400	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	11¼	10⅝	11
1,000	Butte Det't.	⅞	¾	¾
3,700	‡Caledonia	57	56	57
12,000	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2,500	Can. Copper	2½	2½	2½
2,500	‡Cashboy	8	7½	8
200	‡Coco R. M.	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
1,500	Con. Ariz. S.	2¼	2¼	2¼
300	Con. Cop. M.	6	5⅞	5⅞
700	‡Con.-Home	⅞	⅞	⅞
800	Cresson C. G.	6⅛	6	6⅛
3,000	Crystal C. G.	1¼	1	1
75	Dundee-Ariz.	1⅝	1¼	1⅜
2,200	‡Eastern Cop	56	55	56
16,160	‡Emma Con.	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛
3,500	‡Ferber Cop	62	61	62
200	First Nat. C.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
2,000	Globe Dom.	2	2	2
1,500	‡Gold. Con.	51	50	51
2,500	‡Gold. M'r.	6½	6	6
1,000	‡Green. M'g.	1¼	1	1
6,000	‡Har. Min'g.	12	11	12
500	Hecla Min'g.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
600	Howe Sound.	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
2,000	H. B. Z. M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
7,500	‡Ind. Lead.	13	12	12
100	Iron Blos'm.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
20,000	‡J. Verde. (a pros.)	1¼	1¼	1¼
500	Josvig-K. (a pros.)	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,500	‡Jumbo Ext.	36	35	36
5,700	Louis'a Con.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,300	Magma Cp.	44	43	43
850	‡Mar'c Cop.	24	22	23
4,000	‡Mag'e Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
8,000	‡Marsh Min	16	15	15
5,000	Mason Valley	6⅝	6¼	6⅜
2,500	‡McKinley-D	49	48	49
1,000	‡McNamara	22	22	22
1,660	‡Milford C.	1½	1½	1½

BONDS.

$17,000	‡Am. S. 5s	92¼	92	92
10,300	‡Beth S. 5s 2-yr. notes	98¼	98⅛	98⅛
$28,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	71	69	69
2,000	Rus. G. 6½s	82	82.	82

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

***

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
INDUSTRIALS.				
Am.-Brit. Mfg.	6	10	6	10
Do pf.	30	35	30	35
Am. Drug. Syn.	10	15	10	15
Am. Stores	35	37	35	37
Am. S. 1st pf.	96	98	96	98
Am. W. Paper	4	4¼	4	4¼
Atlantic Steel	123	140	125	140
Br.-A. T. ord.	16½	17⅜	16½	17⅛
Do ord. bear.	17⅝	18	17⅝	18
But.-Judson	43	47	43	47
Cal. P. Corp.	35¾	38½	35¾	36½
Can. Nat. Gas	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
Chal. Motors	10	12	10	12
Charc. Iron pf.	6⅜	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝
Cramp Ship.	85	89	85	89
Electric Gun.	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
Elite Plan S.	⅛	⅛	⅛	650
Freep. Texas.	610	640	625	650
Do new	43	44	44½	45½
Grant'm Co.	4¾	5¼	4⅝	5⅛
Hendee Mfg.	30	34	30	34
Holly Sugar	42	45	42	45
Do pf	99	101	99	101
In. Con. Mot.	11⅜	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞
Int. A. & F.	27½	..	27½	..
Keyst'e T. & R.	17	17½	17	17½
Key. T. & R. pf.	17¼	17⅞	17¼	17⅞
Lake Tor. Boat 1st pf.	8½	9¼	8½	9¼
L. Val. C. S.	76	81	76	81
Lima Loco.	54	55	54	55
Lukens Steel	42	..	42	..
Do 1st pf.	102	104	102	104
Man. E. Sup.	40	47	42	48
Do pf.	90	97	98	99
Marconi of A.	2⅜	2¾	2⅜	2½
Mitchell Mot.	48	55	48	55
Nat. Auto Cp.	15	25	15	25
N. Y. Transp.	16½	17	16½	17
Peerless T. M.	16	18	16	18
Penn.-Mex. F. Co.	45	50	45	50
Prairie O. & Gas.	495	510	490	500
Prairie Pipe Line	268	273	270	273
Solar Refining	330	345	330	340
Southern Pipe Line	150	155	150	160
South. Penn. Oil	280	285	280	285
Southwest. Penn.	107	112	107	112
Stand. Oil of Cal.	257	260	258	260
Stand. Oil of Ind.	740	750	740	750
Stand. Oil of Kan.	450	475	450	475
Stand. Oil of Ky.	345	355	345	355
Stand. Oil of Neb.	510	520	510	520
Stand. Oil of N. J.	595	605	598	605
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	279	283	280	283
Stand. Oil of Ohio	425	445	425	445
Swan & Finch	95	105	95	105
Union Tank	92	94	92	94
Vacuum Oil	340	350	340	350
Washington Oil	30	34	30	34

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
American Cigar	108	112	109
Do pf.	95	99	95
Conley Foil	235	325	250
J. S. Young	160	170	160
Do pf.	105	110	105
Johnson T. F. & M.	100	125	100

quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
MacAndrews & F.	205	215	205
Do pf.	98	103	99
P. R.-Am. Tob.	215	230	215
R. J. Reynolds	520	540	510
Do pf.	100	112	109

GREAT WRITERS ON THE WAR.

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE gives the richest literature from the most gifted and illustrious writers of all countries involved in the war, chief diplomatic papers, essential official documents and utterances, and international interchanges bearing on the war. 25c—$3.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
1,410	Cities Service	283	276	280	282
808	Cities Service pf	86⅞	85⅜	85⅜	86¼
700	Cities Service new	31⅝	31½	31⅜	31⅝
125	Pacific Gas & Electric	58¼	58	58½	59
595	Republic Ry. & Light	38	35	35½	36

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	20	28
Adiron. Elec. Pow. pf.	75	78
American Gas	118	120
Am. Gas & Electric	118	121
Am. Gas & Electric pf.	49½	50
Am. Light & Traction	328	332
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	110	112
Am. Power & Light	67	69
Am. Power & Light pf.	87¾	89¾
Am. Public Utilities	30	35
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	65	68
Am. Water W. & Elec.	8	9
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	75	80
Am. W. W. & E. part.	24	27
Carolina Power & Light	36	37½
Carolina P. & L. pf.	99	101
Colorado Power	30	32
Colorado Power pf.	99	102
Columbus Electric pf.	79	83
Commonwealth P. & L.	48	50
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	75	77
Conn. Power pf.	92	94
Consumers' P. pf.	98	99
Dayton Power & L. pf.	85	88
Duluth Edison	..	80
Eastern Texas Electric	57	60
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	82	86
Electric P. & S. pf.	99½	100
Electric Properties	66	69
El Paso Electric	103	107
El Paso Electric pf.	97	100
Empire Dis. Elec. pf.	90	94
Empire Gas & Fuel	99	100
Federal Light & Trac.	13	15
Fed. Light & Trac. pf.	44	48
Galv.-Houston Electric	20	25
Galv.-Houston Elec. pf.	..	75
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	310
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	94	100
Interstate Elec. Corp.	32	42
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Miss. River Power	10	12
Miss. River Pow. pf.	32	34
New Eng. Power pf.	100	105
New England Co.	50	53
New Eng. Co. 1st pf.	95	99
New Eng. Co. 2d pf.	65	69
Northern Ohio Electric	..	53
Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	70	75
North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
North. Ont. L. & P. pf.	61	65
Northern States Power	96	98
Northern States P. pf.	98	100
North. Texas Elec. pf.	78	82
Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	89	90
Pine Bluff T. p. c. pf.	97	100
Puget Sound Traction	20	25
Puget Sound Trac. pf.	71	73
Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	67	70
Southern Cal. Edison	88	90
South. Cal. Edison pf.	103	105
Southwest. P. & L. pf.	97½	100
Stand. Gas & Electric	11½	12½
Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	36	37
Tri-City R. L. pf.	90	94
Tampa Electric	122	127
Tenn. Ry., L. & Power	3½	6½
Tenn. Ry. L. & P. pf.	25	27
Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	90	94
Un. Gas & El. 1st pf.	70	75
United Gas Improve.	89	89¼
United Light & Rys.	40	41
Un. Light & Rys. pf.	70	72
West. P. Tr. & W. P.	14	17
W. P. Tr. & W. P. pf.	65	70
Western Power	15	16
Western Power pf.	54	56
West. Penn. P. pf.	98	106
Wisconsin Ed.	48	50
Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	101

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. W. W. & E. cl. 5s	70	73
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	76	80
Cent. P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98
Central Ill. Light 5s	96½	98
Cin. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	99	101
Col. G. & E. 1st 5s, '27	87	89
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	80	83
Com'wealth P. (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	94	98
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½
Defiance G. & E. 5s, '42	89	92
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	95	97
East. Ohio 1st 5s	99	102
East. Tex. Elec. 5s	89½	92½
Empire Gas & F. 6s	98½	100
Empire ref. 6s, 1927	98	100
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½	90
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '46	88	91
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	95	99
Kan. Pub. Svc. 5s, '41	93	96
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	88	93
L. G. & E. 1st 5s, '41	90	94
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99
Middle West U. 6s, '25	98½	99
Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Miss. River Pow. 5s	98	100
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	88	92
Nat. Cond. & Cable 6s	99	100
Nat. Sec. p. l. 6s	89½	92
Nat. Sec. deb.	48	53
Nat. Sec. income	10	13
New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	97	100
N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	80	86
Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	98	99
Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	94½	96
Nor. Tex. El. col. tr. 5s	88	92
Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939	100½	102
Omaha & Council B. 5s	90	95
P. G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '31	95	100
Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Puget Sd. Trac. notes	98	100
Seattle Elec. con. 5s	88	92
Stand. Gas & Elec. 6% notes, 1935	..	90
Stand. G. & E. 1st 5s	90	96
So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939	95	97
Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	89	92
Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	85	91
Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99
United Util. cv. 6s, '43	95	98½
U. S. S. R. & M. 6s, '26	111	113
Utah Sec. 6s	91½	92½
W. W. Light 6s, 1925	96	98
Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
West. P. 1st 5s, '46	95	98
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	93	97
Yadkin River Pow. ctfs.	83	87

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

While the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was under a good deal of pressure at times during the day, the closing tone reflected a degree of improvement. Dealings for commission-house account in the market were on a broad scale and commission brokers handled a heavy business in odd lots. Liberty Loan bonds were dealt in at 100.3.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Allis-Chal	27	27	27
150	Am. Can	47⅜	47¼	47⅜
100	Am. C. & F.	73½	72¾	73½
100	Am. C. & F. pf.	114⅜	114⅜	114⅜
490	Am. Loco	71	69	70¼
390	Am. S. & R.	106⅜	104½	104⅞
200	Am. Sugar	120	116⅝	119½
50	Am. Woolen	82	82	82
50	Am. Zinc	31⅝	31½	31½
2,340	Ana.

HIGH COTTON CLOSES LIVERPOOL BOARD

Association in England Takes Action in View of Sensational Movements.

STOPS TRADING IN FUTURES

Market Here Suffers Severe Break, with Partial Recovery, but Will Remain Open.

LIVERPOOL, June 20.—The Cotton Exchange was closed temporarily today, after a short period of trading.

LONDON, June 20.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Liverpool says the Cotton Association decided to close the market in view of the sensational movements of the last few days. The high prices on Tuesday showed gains of 148 to 182 points.

The New York Cotton Exchange received yesterday the following cable message from A. K. Barnes, President of the Liverpool Cotton Association:

Pending consultation tomorrow with President of the Board of Trade and in accord with his wishes, the Directors have decided that the futures market, both American and Egyptian, be closed temporarily.

Private advices received from Liverpool stated that the English exchange would probably remain closed only a few days, and that trading in futures for the purpose of liquidation would be permitted until Friday, the prices being fixed. Trading in spot cotton, it was reported, would continue as heretofore. Announcement of the temporary closing of the Liverpool Exchange did not surprise local traders, for the recent sensational advances had made it clear that drastic action would have to be resorted to. The news from Liverpool was the signal for very active selling here, and the local market sustained a severe break, October contracts declining 220 points, or $11 a bale from Tuesday's level. Later the market recovered part of the early loss, but the closing prices showed declines of 66 to 82 points.

Quotations on the Liverpool Exchange have been advancing for the last few days, and on Tuesday the gain amounted to from $15 to $18 a bale, while spot cotton sold around 30 cents. The difficulty in Liverpool has been the scarcity of cotton, and the very uncertain movement of imports from the United States. Stocks of American cotton at Liverpool on Friday amounted to 333,000 bales, compared with 528,000 a year ago, and 1,521,000 bales in 1915. Normally, the British spinners take some 80,000 bales a week, so that the present stocks would represent only a month's spinning supply. Although the spinning industry is running at a greatly reduced rate, continental buyers have been heavy takers in Liverpool for the last two weeks.

The suspension of future trading is the culmination of several restrictions that had previously been imposed upon the Liverpool market. For some time past the exchange has made Saturday a holiday, and several months ago, at the request of the British Government, the Exchange stopped all "straddling" operations. The Board of Directors of the Exchange also passed a resolution requesting that members desist from speculative commitments and restrict their transactions in future for hedging purposes.

The British cotton trade has had to contend with not only the submarine hazard, but with the shortage of tonnage, which has compelled the British Board of Trade to fix limitations as to the cargo space that may be devoted to cotton shipped from the United States.

It was said yesterday that the New York Cotton Exchange would not be closed. The Board of Managers decided that it would even be inadvisable to grant a petition requesting a ballot on the proposal that the Exchange be closed Saturdays.

It was reported that the Liverpool Cotton Association had fixed the following prices at which the outstanding contracts would be liquidated from now until Friday afternoon: June, 18¾d; July, 18.30d; October, 17¼d; January, 16.60d; March, 16.42d, and May, 16.26d. Spot cotton in Liverpool was 3 points higher, at 19.39d per pound, which is equivalent to 38¾ cents in United States currency.

AUCTION SALES.

Sale To-Day, 2 P. M.
Also To-Morrow and continuing each day next week, At the Galleries of
FIFTH AVENUE Fourth Ave. Corner 25th St. AUCTION ROOMS 333-341
VERY DESIRABLE
Home Furnishings
The property of Individuals, and including over 500 catalogue numbers of objects received from a Family of Prominence who are discontinuing their Suburban Residence, and consisting in part of
ANTIQUE AND MODERN
FURNITURE
Including specimens of the Louis XV., XVI., Empire, Hepplewhite, Sheraton and Colonial periods.
A quantity of elaborately carved
TEAKWOOD FURNITURE
Renaissance Torcheres, Andirons, Fenders and Fire Sets
in Bronze, Steel and Brass.
A Painted Tapestry Ceiling Piece, Ivers & Pond Upright case Pianos, Oil Paintings, Etchings, Engravings, European Porcelains, Oriental Rugs, Floor Electroliers, and also a quantity of Furnishings suitable for
Bungalows and Country Camps
On view till hour of sale.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auct'r.

LIQUIDATION SALE
In the matter of Maison Belle, Inc.,
Charles Shongood, Auctioneer,
will sell on Friday, June 22, 1917, at 2 P. M., at 12 East 33rd Street, the entire assets of the above, consisting of
DRESSES, SILKS, SATINS, VOILES, CREPONS, COTTON GOODS, TRIMMINGS, etc.,
also up-to-date plant, comprising
96-1 SINGER MACHINES, WILCOX & GIBBS MACHINES, SINGER HEMSTITCH MACHINES, MOTOR, POWER TABLES, FORMS, CUTTING TABLES, OFFICE FURNITURE, FIXTURES, etc.

AUCTIONEERS.
LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures. Van Praag & Co., 15-17 Greene St. Spring 2248.
David W. Biow Co., 520-522 B'way
AUCTIONEERS TO THE TRADE
Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc., 388-341 Fourth Avenue at 25th St.
SAMUEL MARX WOOLWORTH BUILDING. Tel. 6911-12 Barclay. 13-15 Liespenard St. Tel. 497 Franklin.
HIRAM H. PARKE, Art Auctioneer
Galleries, 924-926 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way,
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.
Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, 549 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers. D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise, 10 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4290.

LITTLE TRADING IN WOOL.

Government Buying Is Nearly Completed for the Present.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 20.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"Transactions in wool have been fewer than the week before, and the market seems to be devoid of any particular feature. Conditions are quiet, but the inherent strength remains. There is very little speculation. Most of the wool sold is South American because there is more of that kind on the markets. In the West the growers' prices seem to be increasing daily. Over 60 cents has been paid for Montana, Idaho, and Oregon wools.

"The woolen goods market has continued to improve in the week under review, and there is every indication that the situation, from a manufacturing standpoint, will become stronger. Government buying, it is said, has been largely completed for the present unless plans are changed.

"New high prices have been made in the cotton goods market, and at these levels they remain strong. Comparatively few expect any reaction of importance. With quotations advancing buyers have been more interested in their actual need of goods. Prices are more likely to advance than they are to decline."

PACIFIC MAIL PAYS DIVIDEND.

Fifty Cents a Share on Common Stock Goes to 900 Stockholders.

Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company declared yesterday a dividend of 50 cents a share on the common stock, payable July 16 to holders of record on July 2. This dividend is being paid on the original stock of the company, and it will result in a distribution of earnings to about 900 stockholders, some of whom have held their stock since the early days of the company's activities, which began in 1848.

Although the company had been a great earner in its early years, both on the Panama Route and in the China trade, for the last twenty-five years the dividends paid were practically negligible until it was taken over by the American International Corporation and allied interests, in February, 1916.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday by Adrian H. Muller & Son at the Exchange Salesroom:

1¼ shares Block Manufacturing Co., $5,000 each, $26,500 lot.

46 shares Brandreth Co., $100 each, $920 lot.

All right, title, and interest in and to the following, viz.: "The Little Rock Lode," Survey 820, Mount Sneffels Mining District, Ouray County, Col.; "The Little Rose Lode," Survey 544, Mount Sneffels Mining District, Ouray County, Col.; "The Little Mandi Lode," Survey 471, Mount Sneffels Mining District, Ouray County, Col.; "The Bessie Bascom Lode," Survey 470, Mount Sneffels Mining District, Ouray County, Col.; "Buckeye Lode," Lode Survey 477, Mount Sneffels Mining District, Ouray County, Col. There will be offered a bargain and sale deed, together with any papers necessary in New York State to transfer, and the sale will be "as is," the whole being offered in one lot, $100 lot.

300 shares the McNaull Tire Co. of Ohio preferred, $1,230 lot.

280 shares Sinclair-Central American Oil Corporation, $7 per share.

110 shares Semaj Realty Co., Inc., $250 lot.

$20,000 the North Augusta Land Co. first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds, May, 1917, coupons on, $100 lot.

4,000 shares Alpha Oil and Gas Co., $1 each, $60 lot.

300 shares National Cash Voucher Corporation preferred, $5 each; 500 shares National Cash Voucher Corporation common, $3 each, $2,500 lot.

$100 Park Club of North Plainfield, N. J., first mortgage 4 per cent. bond, due 1922, interest annually March 1, $35.

210 shares Parshelsky Bros., Inc., $100 each, $63.

$12,000 Broadway Building Co. Series A 5 per cent. participation mortgage certificates; $39,000 Broadway Building Co. Series B 5 per cent. participation mortgage certificates, $100 lot.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Among the banks that have made arrangements for the settlement of daily Clearing House balances through the Federal Reserve Bank are the National Bank of Commerce, the First National, and the Importers and Traders' National Banks.

The Equitable Trust Company has issued a booklet on "Foreign Loans as Investments," The London and South-Western Bank, Ltd., with head office in London, announces its special facilities for making payments to American military and naval men in all the allied countries.

John D. Clarke has been elected Treasurer of the Hedley Gold Mining Company. Mr. Clarke had been Secretary of the company.

The Central Trust Company's interim receipts and certificates for United States Rubber Company first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, Series A, due Jan. 1, 1947, will be exchangeable for engraved bonds of the denomination of $1,000 beginning June 25.

The Atlantic Steel Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. and an extra 5 per cent. on the common stock.

John Henry Hammond and Ogden L. Mills have been elected to the Board of Directors of the New York Trust Company to fill vacancies.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Quicksilver Mining Company the retiring Directors were re-elected and subsequently the retiring officers were re-elected.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. are completing the organization of the new Toledo & Cincinnati Railroad Company, the company which will succeed the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad. A temporary Board of Directors will be elected, which will serve until the permanent organization is effected.

The Directors of the Island Creek Coal Company, according to Boston dispatches, have voted that application be made to list the shares upon the New York Stock Exchange.

The Rock Island has asked the Illinois Public Utilities Commission for permission to issue immediately $63,000,000 7 per cent. and 6 per cent. preferred stock.

The Corn Exchange Bank will open another branch at the corner of Fifty-second Street and Park Avenue in the new Racquet Club Building as soon as it is completed.

The shortage of freight cars in the United States was reduced during the month of May, from 148,627 to 105,127 cars.

According to Boston dispatches, the Directors of the Pond Creek Coal Company have voted that application be made to list the shares upon the New York Stock Exchange, and also decided to call as of Dec. 1, 1917, all the bonds outstanding in excess of $1,000,000. The company has declared an initial quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share.

The Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, a subsidiary of the Standard Gas and Electric Company, has issued $2,250,000 two-year 6 per cent. gold notes, the proceeds of the notes to be used to retire the company's outstanding 6 per cent. debenture bonds, the floating indebtedness including the cost of new properties and for extensions and additions.

James McLean of New York has been elected a Director of the Lehigh Valley Railroad to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of William P. Clyde.

At the organization meeting of the Directors of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company the officers were re-elected, with the addition of three new Vice Presidents, as follow: H. D. Shute, who has been Treasurer of the company; H. T. Herr, who has been Vice President of the Westinghouse Machine Company, now merged with the parent company, and Walter Cary, who has been Vice President of the Westinghouse Lamp Company. H. F. Baetz succeeds Mr. Shute as Treasurer and Assistant Secretary.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Stock Exchange rules that contracts for Rock Island preferred stock, "when issued," entitles purchasers to all cash distributed under the plan of reorganization as a dividend, or which would otherwise have accrued as a dividend from July 15, 1916.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia has declared a dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable for the six months period from June 30, 1916, to Dec. 31, 1915, paying the accumulated dividend at the close of 1915.

The Directors of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company have decided to issue $5,000,000 common stock at par. The right will be given to all shareholders of record June 30 to subscribe pro rata. Frank M. Crockard has been elected President to succeed Colonel Thomas Cantley, who becomes Chairman of the board. Mr. Crockard has been Vice President and assistant to the President of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company.

The South Porto Rico Sugar Company has filed with the Secretary of State of New Jersey a certificate increasing its capital from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000.

C. H. Clendenin, formerly of Henry L. Doherty & Co., has become associated with W. H. Sparrow & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Leo. L. Doblin Co.
Factors and Commission Merchants
404-410 Fourth Ave.
Tel. Madison Sq. 1707.

C. H. MACKAY SELLS HIS SUGAR HOLDINGS

Claus A. Spreckels Buys 25,000 Shares of Federal Refining Co. for $2,250,000.

FIGHT FOR CONTROL ENDS

Stock Owners Who Supported Mackay Get Similar Offer to be Held Open Till June 25.

Clarence H. Mackay has settled his differences with the management of the Federal Sugar Refining Company by selling his entire stock holdings, approximately 25,000 shares, to Claus A. Spreckels, President of the concern, for $2,250,000. The arrangement announced yesterday provides that W. W. Cook, Mr. Mackay's attorney and a former officer of the company, shall receive from Mr. Spreckels the same price paid Mr. Mackay, which was $90 a share, for his block of 15,000 shares, while the other stockholders who supported the Mackay faction in the effort to force changes in the management are to receive a similar offer.

If all the stock is turned in, Mr. Spreckels will purchase nearly 50,000 shares of Federal stock, half of the company's outstanding capital. Payment is to be made in installments covering a period of several months. J. Horace Harding, who acted with Mr. Mackay on the Proxy Committee, said yesterday that a letter had been sent to those stockholders who gave their proxies saying that the opportunity to sell their stock would be held open until June 25, by which date the shares are to be delivered to C. D. Barney & Co.

The deal contained an unusual feature, it was learned yesterday. The day before the annual meeting, scheduled for last Monday, both the Mackay and Spreckels factions believed they had enough proxies to control the company. Mr. Harding compared notes with Mr. Spreckels, and when neither could convince the other that he would lose, it is understood, Mr. Mackay was notified of the situation. So close was the vote indicated by the proxy holdings that it was believed certain stockholders had sent proxies to both sides.

Mr. Mackay thereupon offered either to sell his holdings or buy out the stock owned by Mr. Spreckels and his associates, but gave Mr. Spreckels first choice. Mr. Spreckels elected to buy the stock of Mr. Mackay and his party, and next day the annual meeting was postponed until June 26.

When differences between Messrs. Mackay and Spreckels in respect to the Federal Sugar management became public a month ago, the Directors sent a letter to stockholders saying that the stock was ready for dividends, and that a request would be made at the annual meeting to allow full publicity of the corporation's affairs. The shares have since been put on a 6 per cent. annual basis.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 20:—Twenty new corporations, having an aggregate capital of $777,000, were chartered today. They include:

Cayuga Supply Corp'n, Ithaca, general supply store, $5,000; J. W. Murdock, W. H. Knisekern, W. E. O'Neil, Ithaca.

National Rattan and Willow Co., Inc., Manhattan, to weave, make, buy, sell rattan, $10,000; J. W. Warnecke, F. J. Meyer, L. F. Dubois, 250 West 94th St.

The Indenture Realty Corp'n, Manhattan, real estate, $100,000; Robert Pennington, S. H. Baynard, Jr., Lillian A. Brownhill, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Increase in capital: Turpan Star Oil Corporation, New York, $1,000,000 to $5,000,000.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20.—Forecasts: N. Car., S. Car., Ga., Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Scattered thunder showers Thurs. and Fri.; gentle, variable winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Thunder showers Thurs. Fri., probably fair, with cooler.

Ind.—Thunder showers Thurs. Fri., probably fair and cooler; moderate, variable winds.

Ohio—Thunder showers Thurs. and probably Fri., cooler Fri.; gentle, variable winds.

Mich.—Probably showers Thurs. Fri. cloudy; moderate, variable winds.

Ark.—Unsettled Thurs., probably showers in n. Fri. fair.

La., Okla., and Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Ill.—Showers and thunder storms Thurs.; cooler in w. Fri., fair and cooler; fresh, shifting winds.

Mo.—Showers and thunder storms Thurs.; cooler in n. Fri., cloudy; probably unsettled in s.

Wis.—Unsettled Thurs., with showers and thunder showers in e. and s.; cooler, except in extreme s w. Fri., fair and cool; fresh n. winds.

Minn.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; cooler in s. e. Thurs.; warmer Fri.

Iowa—Cloudy in n. w.; probably showers and thunder storms in e. and s. Thurs.; cooler. Fri., fair.

N. Dak.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri.; warmer.

S. Dak.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; warmer Fri.

Neb.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri., probably showers in s.; cooler in s. Thurs.

Kan.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri., with probably showers and thunder storms; cooler Thurs.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

BROADCLOTHS AND PLUSHES.—American Kitten-ear; also Kersey. Ritter Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315 or F H., all colors, for cash. Farragut 4962.

CHILDREN'S WEAR.—Boston jobber buying children's, infants' dresses and coats. 54 West 21st.

COATS AND SUITS.—Manufacturer with large shop wants contracting on ladies' coats and suits. Z. S. & O. Cloak and Suit Co Orchard 5644.

COATS WANTED.—Good line of pile fabric and cloth coats for Boston and New England, by a well-known salesman. Z 399 Times Annex.

COATS.—Manufacturer with 12 machines wants to do contracting on medium line children's coats. G 91 Times.

COATS.—Jobber looking at ladies' coats, better grade, 9 to 12 A. M. B. H. Rubin, 142 West 24th.

COATS.—Jobber looking at children's and juniors' coats. New York Coat House, 69 5th Av.

COATS, Suits.—Prominent jobber looking at fall samples. Fourth floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS.—Looking at Fall coats all week. M. Rosenman & Co., 40 West 27th.

COATINGS.—Odds and ends; pieces or less, for cash. Phone Chelsea 7974.

CORDUROY.—Juilliards 9000, white only. Telephone Greeley 6172.

COTTON GABARDINES for spot cash; mail samples and state quantity. E 202 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS.—Will buy for cash, white nainsooks, spots only. Franklin 1097.

COTTON GOODS.—Will pay cash for surplus stocks. G 103 Times.

DRESSES.—Open to look at serge and satin dresses from $5.50 to $22.50; particularly interested in serge dresses that we can sell from $6.75 to $10.50. Call Friday morning up to 1 P. M., Ely Walker Dry Goods Co., 395 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Contractor with 40 machines, out of town, will take work, or will rent the factory, including foreladv and help. X 216 Times Annex.

DRESSES.—Contractors, taffeta and serge dresses; bring samples. M. Weissman & Sons, 118 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Contractors call with samples; ready to place immediate business. Apply Spira & Kuner, 1,395 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Contractor on serge dresses; submit samples; will place order. Simon, 137 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at silk and serge dresses. Call with samples, 2 to 5, 244 5th Av., fourth floor.

DRESSES. — Contractors taffeta and serge dresses bring samples. Excel, 145 W. 30th.

KERSEY.—13 to 18 oz. green and blue. A. Rich & Co., 779 Broadway.

LINENS, Repps, Poplins, Shantung Silks, and other fabrics suitable for men's and boys' wash suits. We are open to purchase for cash. Submit samples and best prices to M. Esar, care Hotel Wallick, 43d and Broadway.

MOIRES.—Open for jobs of colored moire and satins. Spring 7934.

PETTICOATS.—Silk, contractors; large quantities. Liberty Skirt Co., 456 4th Av.

PLUSHES.—Wanted, any quantity of plush for spot cash. Moyses & Dreyfus. Phone 9220 Farragut.

POM POM.—American, wanted plum green and chestnut. Morrison Square 2947.

SATEEN, fast black, shirting finish; send samples and state quantity and price for spot cash. E 201 Times Downtown.

SILKS.—Will buy all kinds of silks, up to 50c a yard; any quantity. Mad. Sq. 3867.

SUITS.—Jobber placing orders for misses' and ladies' suits; call with samples, between 12 and 5 P. M., 7 Madison Av.

SUITS.—Looking at Fall line, better grade only. 131 W. 28th St., 4th floor.

SUITS AND COATS.—Better grade, 5th floor, 109 West 26th.

SUITS.—Will look at suits from 9 to 12. 145 West 30th, 11th floor.

TRUNK.—Wanted 50-inch sample wardrobe trunk in good condition. Trunk, 145 Times.

WAISTS, DRESSES.—Chas. B. Levy, Findlay, Ohio, Mr. C. B. Levy for John Ben. F. Loeb, Resident Buyer, 72 Madison Av.

WASH GOODS.—Will buy for cash unlimited quantity cotton piece goods, white or colored; will take garment manufacturers' surplus stock. Bed Linen Annex.

WHITE GOODS—Will buy for cash, fancy white goods; will take manufacturer's surplus stock. B J 212 Times Downtown.

WOOLENS.—Will buy any quantity mixtures, light and heavy weights; also navy blue and black serges; all makes; spot cash. Elias Surut, 19-21 Greene St. Tel. 9697 Spring.

WOOL JERSEY CLOTH.—Phone Gramercy 2684. R. & S., 19 West 21st.

Offerings to Buyers

AMERICAN No. 0310, all shades, $1.55 net. K 160 Times.

AMOSKEAG SERGE, 7301, $1 net. Botany $20,000; 8301, Green, L. M. Moore, G. W. Bailey, Watertown, Mass.

D. R. Weed & Son, Inc., Beacon, manufacturing pianos, organs, and talking machines, $5,000; D. R. Prescott, G. J. Jennings, R. H. Tracy, Boston.

A. O. Anderson Trading Co., Ltd., Manhattan, construction, contracting, and mercantile business; V. Reimann, W. P. Parker, L. E. Anderson, Winnipeg, Canada.

The Howden Co., Inc., Manhattan, marine engines and boilers, $500,000; J. Reid, A. J. Michel, W. S. Reynolds, 348 West 48th St.

New Home Gas and Electric Supply Co., Inc., Manhattan, gas and electric appliances, supplies, $50,000; E. London, H. Kupferberg, L. Ruderfer, 598 Van Sicien Av., Brooklyn.

Novelty Mirror Parts and Show Case Co., Inc., Manhattan, shows cases and mirrors, $20,000; A. Mettler, M. Tolmach, F. Yoselowitz, 552 Broadway.

Capital increases: Frederick J. Dudley & Co., Inc., Manhattan, to $60,000, 3,000 shares common stock, no par value, and 750 shares preferred stock at $100 each; Columbian Maritime Co., Ltd., Manhattan, $5,000 to $100,000; Automatic Fire Detector Co., Manhattan $250,000 to $375,000; the Home Building Co., Inc., Hammondsport, $15,000 to $75,000; Warner Library Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Authorizations: North American Motion Pictures, Inc., Delaware, moving pictures, $60,000. Representative, L. R. Thomas, 729 7th Av., Manhattan.

Kingman Zinc Mining Co., Inc., Arizona, mining, milling, smelting, $100,000. Representative, B. X. Dawson, 505 5th Av.

Diesel Engine Sales Co., Inc., Albany; Henry Gerber Co., New Jersey; North American Motion Pictures, Ltd., Manhattan; Frederick W. Hoffman Co., Albany; H. C. Wall Perfect Motor Co., Manhattan; Farer-Wagner Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 20.—Charters filed: Crystal Lunch, Inc., Newark, conduct restaurants, $5,000; William Panak, S. S. Silver and Peter George, all of Newark.

New Jersey Slag Products Company, Dover, buy and crush slag from furnaces, $50,000; E. G. Lewis, of Dover, F. K. Sheesley of Johnstown, Penn., and A. D. P. Janney of Baltimore, Md.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 20.—Charters filed: Phoenix Shipbuilding Company, Incorporated, build and operate boats of all kinds, $2,000,000; Herbert E. Latter, Henry M. Robinson, Clement M. Egner, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

World Harvester Corporation, manufacture apparatus and mechanical devices operated by electricity or other power, $1,500,000; D. Hailey Barber; Herbert E. Monahan, Ruth Frackman, all of New York.

Universal Shipbuilding Co., Inc., build and operate boats and conduct shipyards, &c., $400,000; Herbert E. Latter, Henry M. Robinson, Clement M. Egner, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

New York and Cuba Express Company, carry on a general express and transportation business, $100,000; Robert Pennington, S. H. Baynard, Jr., Lillian A. Brownhill, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Increase in capital: Turpan Star Oil Corporation, New York, $1,000,000 to $5,000,000.

Offerings to Buyers

SERGE.—Juilliard's 54240, navy, for delivery. Phone Gramercy 6552.

SILK BRAIDS, black, (all sizes;) Chenille, (200 colors;) Soutache, (300 colors;) lowest prices. Senor-Wertheim, 13 West 20th.

SILK RIBBONS.—Superior quality, 13,000 yards bright colors; to close. Franklin 1558.

SERGES.—Botany 11433 and Juilliards 54240, all colors. Farragut 3816.

SKIRTS.—Have 500 discarded road men samples, ranging in price up to $5, in silks, all-wool poplins, all-wool serges, plaids, mixtures; will sell entire lot at $1.75 each. Barash, 36 West 20th. Chelsea 5359.

SKIRTS, COATS.—Silk jersey skirts, $3.75, and coats, $5 up. Daily Waist, 8 W. 19th.

SKIRTS.—Fancy silks and taffetas to close, $2.75 up. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

SUITS.—All-wool poplin, Fall model, $10; exceptional value.—Other wonderful values. Arbeit Garment Co., 1,182 Broadway.

SUITS AND COATS of the better kind; sacrifice price. Louis Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d St.

SUITS.—Navy poplin, for immediate delivery at special price. Hirschhorn, 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—Genuine Palm Beach suits and cloth to close out. Sol Levine & Co., 12 W. 27th.

TONKIN.—650 yards natural color, $1.65 per yard; about 1,000 yards assorted shades, fine quality, crepe de chine at $1.10. Phone 3720 Mad. Sq.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Salt's, 25 pieces at price. Berliner, 1,123 B'way. Farragut 3042.

WASH SKIRTS.—500 dozen fancy and white, to close; $5.50 dozen up. Queen, 149 West 36th.

WASH SKIRTS.—Job to close out, cheap. A. Russakow, 136 West 21st St.

WASH SKIRTS.—Better kind, to close out. Pan American Skirt, 5 West 31st St.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday 5¼@5½ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday... 5¼@5½ " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Rubber Prices Still Weak.

No relief appears in sight for the rubber market. Prices continue to be weak because of the unusually light demand, and factors in the trade do not see any improvement in conditions ahead. Prices quoted yesterday were as follows: Crepe, spot, 69 cents; smoked sheets, spot, 69 cents; July to September, 67½ cents; October to December, 66½ to 67 cents. Up River, fine, 69 and 70 cents; Up River, coarse, 49½ cents; Caucho Ball, 44½ and 45 cents.

For Dependents of Enlisted Men.

Attention has been called by the Silk Association of America to the recommendation of the Committee on War Payrolls of the Chamber of Commerce at Washington that, pending action by the Federal Government in the matter and the publication of details of the ultimate plan, employers throughout the country should make only temporary commitments to the dependents of their employes who enlist. The association has received a number of inquiries relative to the allowances of employes who are called to serve their country.

Duty of Women to Wear Silk.

It is quite probable that in the near future an active campaign will be started in the silk industry to promote the use of silk by women during the duration of the war. Attention has been called to the fact that silk is practically the only material that will not be affected by the Government's war-time needs. The point will be made in this campaign that silk is no longer a luxury, but a necessity, and that the duty rests upon the women of the country to conserve other supplies for their men by wearing silk exclusively.

Customs Improvement Sought.

The United States Tariff Commission has asked for recommendations as to desirable changes that might improve the administrative portion of the customs laws, together with such other revisions and additions as particularly affect the silk industry. The commission is now compiling and codifying the administrative laws. In view of the request for recommendations, the Silk Association of America has written to members asking that suggestions be forwarded to the Committee on Legislation for its guidance in the matter.

May Not Be So Bad After All.

A clothier, who is given to reaching his own conclusions regarding conditions, said yesterday that the critical scarcity of woolens predicted for the coming Spring season may not be so critical after all. From his observations, he said, the Government business seems to have been nicely sandwiched between what are the active manufacturing seasons during normal times. If this proves to be the case in the majority of instances, he stated, and the civilian demand shows a slight slump there should not be cause for too much anxiety.

Tams Favored at Coney Island.

Showing what girls of modest means are wearing, the bulletin of the Retail Millinery Association of America reports that velvet tams were worn on Sunday by a considerable number of young women at Coney Island. Military effects in satin were prominent, and white satin hats were much in evidence. Another style hint given out by the bulletin is that the higher class shops in the West End of London are showing scarlet plumes, and the letter containing this information states that Paris has been buying raw ostrich in the London market.

Retail Millinery Meeting.

The Retail Millinery Association of America will hold a meeting this afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Hotel McAlpin. The purpose is to take action on the resolution passed by the wholesalers' organizations which call for the shortening of terms and discounts. This is something that vitally affects the retailers and which, it was stated yesterday, they will attempt to combat with their organization. Those who cannot be present in person have been urged to wire their approval or disapproval of the stand to be taken by the association in meeting the action of the wholesalers.

Hard to Get Cotton Duck.

Expert opinion in the cotton goods market yesterday predicted a rather difficult time for the Committee on Cotton Goods, co-operating with the Council of National Defense, in finding supplies wanted. These include shelter tent duck, twills and gray goods. According to a market authority these goods have been scarce for some time, all available material of the sort having been picked up. The decision of the Government to build wooden barracks instead of fitting out its army with the usual tents does not seem to have had much effect in relieving the heavy demand for duck.

Trading in Drugs and Chemicals.

The price changes in drugs and chemicals, Drug and Chemical Markets says today, were less important this week and about equally divided. Trading has been conservative in most of the commodities, due to the uncertainty regarding proposed taxes. Meanwhile buyers are hesitating. The market presents a firm appearance. The advances were in camphor, antipyrine, denatured alcohol, oil of crude amber, and oil of almond with chlorine traces. The articles that declined were resorcin, thymol crystals, Dutch poppy seed, Tahiti vanilla beans, and various barks, leaves and spices.

Gray Goods Quieter.

Trading in the local gray goods market yesterday quieted down after the strenuous sessions of the last week, owing to the break in cotton prices. There were no large sales, and buying was of a general character, scattered over most of the constructions. Business transacted was at prevailing prices and, although there was not so much doing, prices lost none of their firmness. Quotations follow:

39-inch, 80-85s...11½c; 38½-inch, 64-68s, 10½c
39-inch, 72-76s...12½c; 38½-inch, 64-68s, 10c
39-inch, 68-72s...11½c; 38½-inch, 60-52s, 9½c
38-inch, 56-44s...8½c; 38½-inch, 60-48s, 9c
38½-inch, 64-54s, 10¼c; 27-inch, 64-60s... 7c
*Bid.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

JAMES H. BAILEY, salesman, 718 West 178th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $21,691 and assets consisting of many shares of stocks of no market value. Among them are 200 shares Davenport Clay Manufacturing and Development Company, 150 shares Live Topics Publishing Company, 1,000 shares American Society Magazine, Inc., and 100 shares Texas American Oil Company. Among the creditors are the American Exchange National Bank, $1,000; Dr. Copper & Co., $5,128; George Burnett, $1,675, and the Mercantile Trust Company of Jersey City, $1,157.

ASTOR COSTUME COMPANY.—Judge Manton has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on May 14 against the Astor Costume Company, on a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

NEW ENGLAND SKIRT COMPANY.—Judge Manton has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on May 25 against Greenberger & Green, who did business as the New England Skirt Company, in a settlement with creditors at 80 cents on the dollar.

WEINSTOCK & CO., INC.—Judge Manton has appointed Henry J. Goldsmith receiver for Weinstock & Co., Inc., which had two family liquor stores, at 987 Second Avenue and 982 Amsterdam Avenue. Liabilities are $3,500 and assets $2,500.

MORRIS SCHWARTZ.—Judge Manton has appointed Martin Byrne receiver for Morris Schwartz, furniture dealer, 506 Second Avenue.

BENJAMIN H. COHEN, dealer in furniture, 281 Grand Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $21,275 and assets of $514, besides stock, the value of which is not given.

SCHAFFNER & RUBSTADT.—Herbert E. Schaffner, trading as Schaffner & Rubstadt, manufacturers of clothing, 62 West Fourth Street, has made an assignment to Melville Boyd.

POPE BROS. & CHEPPA CO., LTD.—Theodore C. Wood, assignee of Pope Bros. & Cheppa Co., Ltd., Wall Street, has been granted leave by Judge Ford of the Supreme Court to file a provisional bond of $2,000.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 20.—Charles H. Blohm, a wholesale baker of Farmer City, Ill., filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $3,039, assets $2,982.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 20.—United Express Company of Chicago, involuntary petition in bankruptcy, filed in behalf of Paul Massman and others. United Express Company is a corporation organized a few months ago under the laws of Maine, and capitalized at $2,000,000. Liabilities, according to creditors, amount to about $25,000, while assets consist solely of teams, wagons, and motor trucks.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., June 20.—Harry E. Robinson, no occupation, 296 Commonwealth Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $44,449; assets, $55.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts $100 and over.

Arthur H. Jacobs Photo Plays, Inc.—H. J. Pain $132.61
Bayden, Abram—M. Fishbein 109.32
Beasley, Harriet J.—E. Silverman 232.00
Baum, Yetty, and Ida Zwetsclkenbaum or Baum—S. Cohen 719.20
Blaw, Isador—F. A. Drummond 100.83
Brook, Mordecai—M. Dublin 906.41
Baron, Gustav—Universal Film Exchange of New York 253.00
Bliven, Kate—Westchester Street Railroad Co., costs 107.97
Bracco, Palm and Maria—V. Bracco 1,015.11
Barrett, Wm. M., President—L. W. Ely 289.91
Baldwin Press, Inc.—Henry Lindemeyer & Sons 393.81
Cohen, Edw. A.—New York Edison Co. 105.02
Costello, James—M. H. Marks 563.78
Chemical Products Co—A. O. Olison et al 284.23
Charles Brogan, Inc.—N. Y. Edison Co. 402.24
De Seidlitz, Anna, or Baroness Ranck de Seidlitz—T. C. Hollander et al 1,016.07
Edwards, John A. and Ella E.—W. H. Shields 5,055.80
Empire Carting Co—L. Lahule 1,139.32
Epferth Hotel and Cafe Co., Inc.—Central Trust Co. of New York 290.16
Eissing, Wm. F.—W. & J. Sloane 1,386.05
Engel, Simon, executor—S. Mann 1,466.00
Fry, Raymond—Hencken & Willenbrock Co. 857.09
Foland, Russell—G. J. Gould, costs 142.94
Farrell, Mathew—H. C. Biggi 170.41
Galliani, Antonio—Miller & Brady, Inc. 319.03
Grapeola Corporation—T. B. Brooks 115.24
Glantz, Edward—Adelson & Weinberg Dress Co., Inc. 118.41
Giacobbe Printing Co., Inc.—M. Heitgott & Son., Inc. 248.75
Gilchrist, Elmer E.—Robertson & Gammie 144.79
Goldberg, Meyer, and Abraham Greenberg—E. E. Woodbury 124.74
Greenber

SALE OF CLAFLIN CO. IS EXPECTED SOON

Control of Corporation, Report Says, Will Pass from Mercantile Stores.

MOVE FOLLOWS PROSPERITY

Holding Concern, the Trade Understands, Would Now Confine Its Activities to Retail Business.

Reports that the wholesale business conducted by the H. B. Claflin Corporation is soon to pass out of the control of the Mercantile Stores Corporation, which have been current in dry goods and financial circles for some time, became so definite and persistent yesterday that trade authorities believe the change is imminent. Those in a position to know, however, refused to make any statement.

The financial entanglement of the H. B. Claflin Company in 1914, culminating in a receivership, was followed by a reorganization whereby the wholesale and retail businesses controlled by that company were completely separated. The Mercantile Stores Corporation of 220 Fifth Avenue assumed control of the retail business and held also the $6,000,000 stock of the H. B. Claflin Corporation, which took over the wholesale business.

The Mercantile Stores Corporation, a purely holding concern of which Alexander New is President, was incorporated in December, 1914, in accordance with the Claflin reorganization plan. James S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce in New York, was Chairman of the Noteholders' Committee, which gave its assent to the reorganization of the Claflin property. Seward Prosser, President of the Bankers Trust Company, was another member of this committee. Neither could be reached last night.

The corporation has supervision of twenty-three retail stores, owning their entire share capital, acquired with the other assets at receivers' sale Jan. 14, 1915. The Mercantile's entire stock (1,000 shares, no par value) is held by trustees for the benefit of holders of collateral notes. Under the terms of the agreement, whenever the collateral notes and other obligations of the Mercantile Stores Corporation shall be paid in full this stock is to be turned over to the present, H. B. Claflin Company, (of New Jersey,) which continues to exist. The retail dry goods concerns controlled by the Mercantile Stores Corporation in various parts of the country are the H. Batterman Company, J. Bacon & Sons, the Bedford Company, Castner-Knott Dry Goods Company, M. J. Connell Company, Defender Manufacturing Company, The Fair Company, Hennessy Company, Jones Store Company, Joslin Dry Goods Company, Kline Brothers, Lion Dry Goods Company, Lord & Gage, Inc., MacDougall & Southwick Company, George W. McAlpin Company, Montgomery Fair, People's Store Company, Root Dry Goods Company, Spring Dry Goods Company, Thomas C. Watkins, Ltd., Watt, Rettew & Clay, J. S. White & Co., and the Whitehouse Company.

It was reported yesterday that the Mercantile had for some time been making efforts to dispose of the jobbing business as represented by the Claflin Corporation, as all the other companies held by it are engaged in the retail business. Since the reorganization the H. B. Claflin Corporation has prospered greatly under the administration of Harry P. Bonties, its President. No information of an authoritative character was forthcoming regarding the price to be paid to the Mercantile Stores Corporation for the Claflin business, but it was said unofficially that the figures under consideration were exceedingly attractive for a jobbing business.

Alexander New, President of the Mercantile, was not ready yesterday to throw any light upon the rumored negotiations. "I beg to be excused at this time from being interviewed," was all he would say. Mr. Bonties, President of the H. B. Claflin Corporation, indicated that, while he could say nothing about the prospective sale, he might issue a statement today.

MRS. DIAMOND ADMITS GUILT

Court Accepts Plea in Case of Candy Factory Fire That Cost 12 Lives.

Mrs. Celia Diamond, owner of the Diamond Candy Factory Building at 285 North Sixth Street, Williamsburg, in which twelve persons lost their lives in a fire on Nov. 6, 1915, pleaded guilty to a charge of attempted manslaughter in the second degree yesterday in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn. Justice Callaghan released her on $10,000 bail to await sentence on Monday. On motion of Assistant District Attorney Caldwell an indictment charging Edward L. Diamond, husband of Mrs. Diamond, with manslaughter was dismissed.

Mrs. Diamond was called to trial yesterday. Six men had been selected for the jury when a recess was called for luncheon. During the recess there was a consultation among Mr. and Mrs. Diamond and their counsel, and it was decided to offer a plea of guilty to attempted manslaughter instead of manslaughter in the first degree as charged in the indictment. The plea was accepted by the District Attorney and the Justice. The maximum sentence is five years in prison.

Samuel Barkin, head of the Essex Waist Company, which occupied an upper floor in the building, was convicted last Fall of manslaughter for failing to keep open a trapdoor in the destroyed building. He is now serving a term in Sing Sing.

PRINCE FROM JAVA HERE.

Went to Holland to Solicit Protection from Attack by Japan.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday at an American port from Holland on a Dutch liner was Prince Koesoemodingrat, brother of the Sultan of Surakarta, Java, who is returning with a delegation of Javanese officials from a visit to the Queen of Holland at The Hague. The Prince said that the object of the delegation in going to Holland was to ask Queen Wilhelmina to send out destroyers and submarines to the Dutch East Indies to ward off the Japanese menace. He was received very cordially by the Queen, who sent out a delegation of Dutch officers on the same vessel, headed by Lieutenant J. H. R. Siepkamp, to investigate the conditions at Java and the other islands belonging to Holland in the Far East and see what is best to be done to protect them from attack.

The Captain of the liner said that the voyage from Holland had been calm and uneventful. No submarines or mines had been sighted.

OBJECTS TO ACCOUNTING.

R. A. C. Smith Opposes Executors of Mother-in-law's Estate.

Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith filed objections yesterday to the accounting in the estate of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Mary E. S. Williams, made by her sons, George A. and Granville W. Williams. He contends that his wife and her sister, Clara B. Williams, consented that their brothers should act as executors on their agreement to claim no commissions because their mother had assisted them from time to time, but that they are now asking $17,000 commissions on the estate of about $300,000.

Commissioner Smith also objected to the statement in the accounting that his mother-in-law lived at his home on "his invitation." He said he paid her living expenses in his household for more than twenty-five years and was glad to do so, and also paid various expenses incidental to her last illness and burial, and he believes these latter expenses should be included in the accounting. Mrs. Williams divided her estate equally among her four children.

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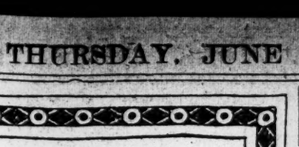

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Modern. Convenient. Moderate Prices. Outdoor Sports. Casino. Boating. Bathing. Headquarters for Motorists. Meals Served. Send for booklet. Jos. H. Graves, Prop.

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White House four blocks; 431 rooms; absolutely new; finest cuisine; room and private bath, $2.50; American plan, $5.00; special monthly rate; two to six rooms, bath, kitchen, furn., china, silver, week or month. Music every evening.

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DYE COMPANY READY TO SUPPLY COUNTRY

National Aniline & Chemical Organizes to Eliminate German Products Here.

W. H. NICHOLS HEADS BOARD

Capacity of Plants in Merger More Than 30,000,000 Pounds a Year —Stock Already Taken.

With the election of officers yesterday, the recently formed National Aniline & Chemical Company, Inc., which was chartered at Albany, took the field with the avowed purpose of supplying all American dyeing requirements, and eliminating Germany for all time as the chief source of colors in the domestic market.

The new concern is an amalgamation of the firms of the Schoellkopf Aniline and Chemical Works, Inc., the W. Beckers Aniline and Chemical Works, Inc., the National Aniline and Chemical Company, the Benzol Products Company, the Barrett Company and the Semet-Solvay Company.

The officers and Directors chosen yesterday were: Chairman of the Board, William H. Nichols; President, J. F. Schoellkopf; First Vice President, William Beckers; Second Vice President and Treasurer, I. F. Stone; Third Vice President, Hugo Schoellkopf, and Secretary, William T. Miller. The Directors are J. F. Schoellkopf, J. F. Schoellkopf, Jr., Hugo Schoellkopf, all of the Schoellkopf Aniline and Chemical Works, Inc.; William Beckers, Eugene Meyer, Jr., Charles J. Thurnauer, of the W. Beckers Aniline and Chemical Works, Inc.; William H. Nichols, Henry Wigglesworth, and J. M. Goetchius of the General Chemical Company and Benzol Products Company; T. M. Riankard and W. N. Mcllravy of Barrett Company and Benzol Products Company; H. H. S. Handy and E. L. Pierce of Semet-Solvay Company and Benzol Products Company. Mr. Meyer and Mr. Thurnauer also represent the firm of Eugene Meyer, Jr., & Co., and I. F. Stone the National Aniline and Chemical Company.

When the capitalization of the new combination is completed there will be outstanding approximately 200,000 shares of 7 per cent. preferred stock of $100 par value, and 350,000 shares of common stock without par value. The company has no bonds outstanding nor any other indebtedness except current liabilities. No public offering of the stocks of the company is contemplated, the total issue having been taken by the constituent companies in exchange for their properties.

The capacity of the company is more than 30,000,000 pounds per annum, and it is rapidly expanding to meet the requirements of the domestic and foreign trade. The plants of the company are at Buffalo, Brooklyn, Wappingers Falls, N. Y., Easton, Penn., Marcus Hook, Penn., and Frankford, Penn.

"The aim of the management," an official statement issued yesterday said: "is to manufacture coal tar dyes and intermediates which can compete successfully, both in quality and variety, with those heretofore imported. As the constituent units of the new company include manufacturers of raw materials, of intermediates and of coal-tar dyes, the company in one organization covers the industry from raw material to finished products."

The offices of the National Aniline and Chemical Company, Incorporated, will be at 244 Madison Avenue after July 1.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24431. —In Bankruptcy.—VINCENZO BRESCIA, Bankrupt.

Vincenzo Brescia was duly adjudicated bankrupt on April 18, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 5, 1917, at 12 noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24682. —In Bankruptcy.—SALVATORE CARDILLO, Bankrupt.

Salvatore Cardillo was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 14, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 5, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24493.—In Bankruptcy—THE CAMP IMPORTATION COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.

The Camp Importation Company, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 15, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 5, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24683. —In Bankruptcy.—HENRY G. ALLEN HAT CO., INC., Bankrupt.

Henry G. Allen Hat Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 7, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 5, 1917, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24580. —In Bankruptcy.—REDPATH CO., Inc., Bankrupt.

Redpath Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 10, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 5, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24423.

Notice is given that EDWARD FINKELSTONE, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 25, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24472.

Notice is given that MAX MEHLSAK, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 25, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24207.

Notice is given that MORRIS BRECHER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 25, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24567.

Notice is given that PINCUS BRECHER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 25, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24568.

Notice is given that CHARLES E. FREEMAN, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 25, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24567.

Notice is given that PINCUS BRECHER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 25, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24.568.

Notice is given that JOHN BOTHWELL, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 25, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Trading in the Manhattan realty market was of a light character yesterday. In the upper west side apartment house centre, the transfer was recorded by Margaret R. French to the Dallieu Realty Corporation of the twelve-story Dallieu apartment house on the southeast corner of West End Avenue and 101st Street, 116.10 by 101, and the dwelling at 28 West End Avenue, 20 by 55, one door to the south. The transfer was made subject to a $546,000 mortgage.

Columbia University Club Plans.

Plans were filed yesterday by Hornbostel & Murchison as architects for remodelling the old Hotel Renaissance, 4 to 12 West Forty-third Street, for the Columbia University Club. The cost is estimated at $70,000. The property was recently leased on a long term by the Columbia Club for its new home.

Tenement Sales.

George W. Sasse resold, for a client to an investor, 2,079 Eighth Avenue, a five-story triple flat on a lot 25.3 by 100. The same broker also placed a new mortgage on the same premises for $24,000 at 5 per cent. for five years.

Wilhelmine Streeter sold to the William F. Kenny Company 51 East 134th Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 99.11.

Bronx Sales.

C. H. Werner, President of the American Metal Cap Company, purchased from Mrs. Hannah T. McLaughlin of Larchmont, N. Y., a tract consisting of about forty lots, just north of Pelham Parkway and west of Eastchester Road, bounded by Astor, Waring, Fenton, Morgan, and Seymour Avenues. Kurz & Uren negotiated the sale.

The Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company sold to a client of Shapiro & Konopolsky 2,299 Crotona Avenue, a four-story double flat on a lot 35 by 80. The R. P. Building Company (Hobert Podgur) sold 1,142 Tiffany Street, a two-story frame dwelling, 20 by 113.2, near 169th Street, to the Delco Holding Company, which resold the property to Levi M. Scoville.

Alexander Selkin & David Mintz have sold for the Aron Realty Co. the plot 46 by 118 on the southwest corner of Lydig and Paulding Avenues, also a lot, 25 by 100, on the west side of Van Nest Avenue, 100 feet south of Williamsbridge Road. They are in the Morris Park section.

Steinman & Steinman sold for a client a plot on the northeast corner of Ely and Adee Avenues, 150 by 100, to a builder.

Brooklyn.

B. J. Sforsa sold for Luigi Esposito the one family frame dwelling, occupying a plot 100 by 100, on the southeast corner of Eleventh Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street.

Charles F. Werner has sold the two family brick house at 1,479 Jefferson Avenue to a client for occupancy.

Steinman & Steinman sold for Hyman Simon 5 and 7 Parkside Terrace, Flatbush, two four-story flats on plot 40 by 100, to an investor.

Long Island.

The Harold Seymour Company has transferred to the Pearl Holdinf Company 276 lots off its development at Jamaica.

The William H. Moffit Realty Co. has sold to K. Jackman a plot 50 by 100 on the southwest corner of North Boulevard and Fourteenth Street, Whitestone.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Glens Falls Trust Company, as trustee, a colonial cottage now being built on Greenridge Avenue, in the Nassau Haven section of Hyde Park, L. I., to William Henty Allen of New York City.

Shields Brothers, Inc., in conjunction with Clifford van Schurman, leased to Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt the Morgan Grace estate at Great Neck, L. I.

Abandon Trolley on Roosevelt Avenue.

Owing to the fact that proceedings were started to secure an injunction restraining the New York and Queens County Railway from operating a temporary line on Roosevelt and Peartree Avenues, Corona, from the terminal of the elevated line at Alburtis Avenue to Jackson Avenue, the company yesterday announced that it would abandon the franchise, although the tracks and ties have been delivered. The suit for an injunction was started by property owners on Roosevelt Avenue who objected to a trolley line on their street.

Westchester County.

Nichols & Hobbie sold for George B. Fowler his farm near Yorktown Heights, consisting of 130 acres of land, with a Colonial house built in Revolutionary days. The purchaser is Edward W. Harden who last week bought through the same brokers the adjoining property, known as the Lounsbury Farm, on which there is a large lake with a water power plant.

Realty Notes.

Thomas J. O'Reilly negotiated the sale of West Eighty-seventh Street for the Saul Estates.

The residence at 307 West Eighty-sixth Street, formerly owned by the late Kate B. Trevor, was transferred as a gift yesterday by Herbert E. Trevor to William Trevor. The plot is 20 by 100.8, just west of West End Avenue.

Among the properties to be sold today by Joseph P. Day is the block front on the west side of Decatur Avenue, between Oliver Place and 199th Street, Bronx, being sold by order of Mayor Mitchel, as executor of the estate of Henry D. Purroy.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

Mott St, 201, w s, 116 ft s of Spring St, 22.1x about 49.9x irregular; three-story building; Georgiana Kendall against Mary Le Vien et al; Merrill, R & T, attorneys; due, $6,605.13; taxes, &c., $266.20; to the plaintiff for $6,000.

6th St, 610 East, s s, 90 ft w of Av C, 20x91, four-story tenement and stores; S D Pringle against Wm Vogel et al; Chalmers Wood, attorney; due, $12,789.86; taxes, &c., $156.30; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr, Co.

Elisabeth St, 257, w s, 20.6 ft s of Houston St, 24x88.2, five-story tenement and store; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co, as agent, &c, against R L Pasinsky et al; action 1; Geller, R & H, attorneys; due, $23,868.30; taxes, &c., $749.81; to the plaintiff for $22,500.

Elizabeth St, 259, w s, 133.6 ft s of Houston St, 24x87.9, five-story tenement and stores; same against same; action 2; due, $28,861.66; taxes, &c., $582.18; to the plaintiff for $22,500.

Elisabeth St, 261-63, w s, 159.6 ft s of Houston St, 34x87.8; five-story tenement & store; same against same; action 3; due, $28,855.80; taxes, &c., $517.11; to the plaintiff for $22,500

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By James J. Donovan.

Walton Av, w s, 172 ft n of 182d St, 25x95, vacant; City of New York against A. H. Herbst et al.; Lamar Hardy, attorney; due, $3,530.83; taxes, &c., $440.53; to the plaintiff for $250.

Walton Av, w s, 197 ft n of 182d St, 25x95, vacant; same against same; due, $2,049.20; taxes, &c., $441.73; to the plaintiff for $250.

Fort Independence St, e s, —n of Giles Place, Block 3,258, Lot 76, 75x124.4 to Cannon Place x76x123.7, vacant; City of New York against Leo Schlesinger et al.; Lamar Hardy, attorney; due, $2,728.35; taxes, &c., $1,806.74; to the plaintiff for $250.

Cromwell Av, w s, 377.64 ft n of 169th St, 100.3x176 to Boscobel Av x100.9x187.8, vacant; City of New York against Elizabeth Stratton et al.; Lamar Hardy, attorney; due, $14,800.68; taxes, &c., $2,239.80; to the plaintiff for $250.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Carpenter Av, s e corner of 235th St, 27x105; Railroad Co-operative Building and Loan Association against W. M. Realty Co., et al.; E. J. Crandall, attorney; due, $12,465.83; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By George Price.

Garrison Av, w s, 38.6 ft w of Whittier Av, 50.3x108.7x irregular; Grant Squires, executor, against F. B. Knight and another; J. M. Rider, attorney; due, $2,703.42; taxes, &c., $31.20; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

42d St, 229 and 231 West, for a six-story office building and theatre entrance; 37.6x100.5; Selwyn Realty Co., premises, owner; G. Keister, 56 West 45th St, architect; cost, $65,000.

Broadway, 1,240 to 1,258, and 31st St, 45 West, for a nine-story hotel; R. W. Goelet, owner; A. M. Gray, 1,400 Broadway, architect; cost, $50,000.

Cross St, s s, 50 ft e of Minneford Av, for a one-story frame bungalow, 18x38; Mrs. L. G. Lemke, 338 East 30th St, owner; Arthur [illegible]

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 177 cans, each containing five gallons of tomato pulp. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 2d, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated June 13, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

E. R. Eisemann, 212 East 31st St, architect; cost, $500.

Jackson Av, w s, 175 ft n of 149th St, for a one-story brick shop, 75x40; Eagle Wrought Iron Works; Gus Schlair, 550 Jackson Av, President, owner; John F. Boyland, 2,626 Webster Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, 335, to a six-story office building; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, owner; M. M. O'Brien, 49 East 90th St, architect; cost, $6,000.

5th Av, 510, to a fourteen-story store and office building; Rowan Realty Co., premises, owner; Seymour & Schnerwald, Grand Central Terminal, architects; cost, $8,000.

86th St, 305 West, to a four-story dwelling; P. Kent, owner; Mrs. M. E. Alexander, 41 West 8th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

44th St, 4 to 12 West, to a seven-story hotel; Columbia University Club, premises, owner; Hornbostel & Murchison, 63 William St, architects; cost, $70,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

GOLD ST, 87, w s, 63.8 ft n of Spruce St, 33.8x79.1x33.2x78.7; City Chevy. N. Ely et al, executors of Smith Ely, to Gertrude Kane, 511 West 145th St, mtg $30,000, all liens, May 29; attorney, E. N. Daly, 32 Nassau St.....$1

WEST END AV, s e corner of 101st St, 116.10x100; West End Av, e s, 45 ft n of 100th St, 20x55; Margaret R. French to Dallieu Realty Corp., 2,211 Broadway, mtg $546,000, all liens, June 18; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway.....$100

1ST AV, 222, e s, 51.9 ft n of 13th St, 25.9x96; Mary Salzstein to Julius Salzstein, 189 Penn St, Brooklyn, all liens, June 14; attorney, Samuel Salinsky, 132 Nassau St.....$1

2D AV, 240 East, n e s, 24.9x105.10; Celia Jokinsky, executrix, to Louis Jokinsky, 61 Jefferson St, mtg $29,000, June 19; attorney, David Sternlicht, 239 6th St.....$100

15TH ST, 132 West, s s, 375 ft e of 7th Av, 25x98.9; George F. Wefer to John A. Weser, 861 West End Av, mtg $50,000, April 1, 1912; attorneys, Spencer & W., 27 William St.....$100

34TH ST, n s, 155 ft e of 3d Av, 25x90.2; Jacob L. Borck to Annie Leicht, 171 West 81st St, mtg $18,000, all liens, May 29; attorney, Edwin Bittiner, 277 Broadway.....$100

53D ST, 548 West, s s, 125 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; Lillie K. Lippmann to Miromont Realty Co., 192 Broadway, mtg $20,500, all liens, June 20; attorney, David Lippmann, 192 Broadway.....$100

61ST ST, 133-135 East, n s, 85 ft w of Lexington Av, 34.1x100.5; Thomas A. Howell to Hy. R. Winthrop, Woodbury, L. I., mtg $65,000, all liens, June 15; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

53D ST, 441 East, n s, 213 ft w of Avenue A, 24.11x102.2, foreclosure May 23, 1917; Louis M. Ogden, referee, to Emily Forbes, 40 Newton St., Newark, N. J., and Hermine Hess, 60 Rockaway Av, Rockville Centre, L. I.; attorneys, Amend & A., 114 Nassau St.....$12,000

56TH ST, n s, 188.6 ft e of West End Av, 20x100.8; Herbert E. Trevor to William Trevor, 307 West 86th St, all title of which Kate R. Trevor died seized, quitclaim, May 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....Gift

111TH ST, 25 East, n s, 270 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Nathan W. Herbst to Anna Newman, 1,915 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, mtg $19,800, all liens, June 16; attorney, Alex Rosenbaum, 200 Broadway.....$1

115TH ST, 258 West, s s, 350 ft e of 8th Av, 25x100.11; Cecilia Weidhaas to Frederick Reifel, 1,358 Stebbins Av, mtg $16,000, June 19; attorney, Joseph F. Feist, 408 West 42d St.....$100

120TH ST, s s, 325 ft w of 7th Av, 25x100.11; S. W. L. Realty Co. and Finance Operating Co. to Samuel J. Jacobs, 561 West 163d St, mtg $21,900, June 19; attorneys, Jacobs & L., 120 Broadway.....$100

134TH ST, n s, 265 ft w of Park Av, 25x99.11; Wilhelmine Streeter to William F. Kenny Co., 841 Broadway, mtg $11,000, May 28; attorneys, Beardsley, H. & T., 64 Wall St.....$100

143D ST, 309 West, n s, 150 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, mtg $13,500; 143d St, 311 West, n s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, mtg $15,000; James C. Crowley to Marie Kahn, 1,493 Edgewater Road, Bronx, June 19.....$1

144TH ST, 267 and 269 West, n s, 200 ft w of 7th Av, 40x99.11; 146th St, 214 and 216 West, s s, 220 ft e of 7th Av, 40x99.11; 146th St, 246 to 256 West, s s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 147.6x99.11; Cooper Realty Co. to Joseph N. Patch, 495 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, June 7; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph N. Patch to Cooper Realty Co., 26 Exchange Place, all liens, June 7; attorneys, same.....$1

Westchester County.

HOME ST, 1,050, s s, at n w s of Stebbins Av, 69.5x8.11x45x54; also Stebbins Av, 1,151, w s, 18.5x irregular; Louis M. Ebling to Winton Holding Corp., 30 Church St, June 15; attorney, J. G. Abramson, 30 Church St.....$100

HONEYWELL AV, 2,120, s e corner of 181st St, 65x83.6; also 181st St, s s, 115.13 ft s of Honeywell Av, 78.1x65.3 to Daly 2d, 175.4x60.8; Ida C. Thorne to Emily C. Thorne and another, 77 High St, Yonkers, N. Y., mtgs $98,000, June 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LORING PLACE, w s, 157.6 ft s of Fordham Road, 37.6x100x12x15.3x100; Charles Beckmann to West 183d Street Building Co., Inc., 2,281 University Av, mtg $4,000, May 22; attorney, John Beckmann, 2,295 University Av.....$1

LORING PLACE, e s, 170.6 ft s of Fordham Road, 124.4x50.1x0.8x29.2x49.4; Beckmann Realty and Construction Co. to John W. Washburn and another, 2,312 Loring Place, mtg $35,000, May 26; attorney, same.....$1

LORING PLACE, e s, 320.6 ft s of Fordham Road, 23.1x114.11; John W. Washburn, Jr., to West 183d Street Building Co., Inc., May 25; attorney, same.....$1

LOTS 128 and 129, amended map Cammann estate; Annie Washburn to West 183d St. Building Co., Inc., May 25; attorney, John H. Beckmann, 2,295 University Av.....$1

LOT 118, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Ely Neumann, referee, to George Christie, 2 High St, White Plains, N. Y., June 6; attorneys, Strang & T., 3 Court St, White Plains, N. Y.....$500

LOT 627, same map; Dora Wilson to George W. Wilson and another, 780 East 229th St, June 19; attorney, Arthur Bell, 891 East 149th St.....$100

LOT 23, Block C, Map of Lester Park; Esther T. McGarry to Julius A. Ackerman and another, 2,764 Grotona Place, mtg $2,500, June 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 380 to 382, Section A, Vyse estate; James F. Donnelly, referee, to William R. Rose, 309 West 81st St, June 13; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway.....$9,000

LYMAN PLACE, e s, 75 ft s of Fremont St, 93.11x25x30x25x123.10x50; Mary A. Grandy to Federal Land Realty Corp., 35 Nassau St, June 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ONEIDA AV, e s, 50 ft n of 235th St, 50x100; Caroline A. Jennings to Helen B. Jennings, 310 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., mtg $1,000, May 15, 1916; attorney, H. B. Jennings, 2 Pinehurst Av.....$1

PLOT begins 375 ft n of Morris Park Av and 274.6 ft e of Unionport Rd, 25x100; Joseph Halbleib to Daisy G. Smart, 237 Adelphi St, Brooklyn, Dec. 20, 1910; attorney, Peter Klein, 253 East 72d St.....$1

TIFFANY ST, e s, 287.2 ft n of 167th St, 30x113.2; R. P. Building Co., Inc., to Delco Holding Co., Inc., 391 East 149th St, mtg $4,000, May 16; attorneys., Kurz & U., 370 East 149th St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Delco Holding Co., Inc., to Levi M. Scoville, 33 West 126th St, June 8; attorneys, same.....$10

ZEREGA AV, w s, at e s of Castle Hill Av, runs s 82.7x w 85.9 to Castle Hill Av x n 112.5x e 18; Alfonso De Salvo to Charles M. Schmidt, 1,713 Castle Hill Av, June 9; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CANAL ST, 121-123, n e corner of Chrystie St, runs n 49.2x e 99.6x s 24.5x w 56.9x s 24.5 to street x w 43 to beginning, June 19; 121 Canal Street, Inc., to Joseph Alexander, 220 Cathedral Parkway, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $99,000, this being co-ordinate and equal with mtg for $12,500; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$7,500

LEWIS ST, 62-64, e s, 100 ft s of Rivington St, 50x100; Lewis Street Garage to David Greenwald, 166 West 120th St, and another, installments, 6 p. c., prior mtg $14,000; attorneys, Grauer & Rothkoff, 140 Nassau St.....$7,500

26TH ST, 238 West, n s, 263.6 ft e of 8th Av, 24.10x98.9, June 20; Thomas McGoey to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond.....$10,000

39TH ST, 30 West, s s, 413 ft w of 5th Av, 22x98.9, June 20; William de L. and Elisabeth Cunningham to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond.....$7,000

60TH ST, 213-215 West, n s, 175 ft e of West End Av, 49.10x100.5, June 18; Richard Carvel to National Gum and Mica Co., 557 West 59th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $20,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

64TH ST, 218-215 West, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.5, June 18; Gretchen Boymann, individually and as trustee, to Andrew J. Onderdonk, Manhasset, L. I., due May 1, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $10,000; attorneys, Wells & S., 34 Nassau St..$10,000

Bronx.

GARFIELD ST, w s, 345 ft s of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Antonie Kratz to Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings, 38 Park Row, June 19, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,800

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, 10, 16.8x80; McAllen Realty Co. to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 179 East 80th St, prior mtg $6,800, June 19, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St.....$1,200

LOT 627, map of Wakefield; George W. Wilson to Dora Wilson, 730 East 229th St, June 19, due as per bond; attorney, Arthur Bell, 391 East 149th St.....$3,000

LYMAN PLACE, e s, 75 ft s of Freeman St, 93.11x25x30x25x123.10x50; Fed-Land Realty Corporation to Mary A. Grandy, 2,118 Avenue Q, Brooklyn, June 15, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,500

WESTCHESTER AV, n e corner of Purdy St, 40x96.2; Daniel J. White to Catherine Heycock, 626 West 145th St, July 1, due as per bond; attorney, William C. Daly, 217 Broadway.....$2,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

CHRYSTIE ST, 230, all; Jonas Weil and another to Marx Viscardi, on the premises, 4 years from Aug. 1, 1916; attorney, Benedict S. Vitale, 132 Nassau St.....$2,400

WILLIAM ST, 227, all; William St, 225, rear loft on ground floor, with outlet to William St and loft above in Herold Building; also two offices on second floor, German Herold Building; North William St, 22 and 24, fourth and fifth floor of the German Herold Building; Amalie Wolfram and Estate of William Mayer to C. J. O'Brien, on the premises, 10 3-12 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Thomas Gilleran, 49 Chambers St.....$12,750

14TH ST, 126 East, w one-half, upper floor in Fox Building, 56x68; William Fox Realty Co. to Monroe Clothes Shop, 1,476 Broadway, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorneys, W. and B. Marx, 257 Broadway.....$5,000

34TH ST, 1 West, w store and basement in Century Building; Frederics, Inc., to Gotham Silk Hosiery Co., from July 1, 1917, to April 29, 1926; attorneys, A. & J. Spiro, 135 Broadway.....$20,000

40TH ST, 300A West, rear part; Fred C. Cruger to Peter Scularekes, 300A West 40th St, 3 years from Aug. 26, 1919.....$1,000

86TH ST, 436 and 438, all; 7th St, 76 East, all; Breinchen Wallach et al., executors, &c., of Karl M. Wallach, to Samuel Lewis, 856 Caulwell Av, 5 years from June 15, 1917; attorneys, Fluegelman & Trosk, 52 Broadway, 67 p. c. of gross rental of $6,690 on No. 76, $5,694 on No. 436, and $5,730 on No. 438, or gross total of.....$18,114

90TH ST, 168 East, all; Annie Viehmann to John Rachow, on premises, life lease, June 18; attorney, Joseph P. Shea, 20 Nassau St.....Taxes, &c., and gift

Bronx.

WALKER AV, 2,503, n e corner of Hone Av, all; Josefa Suchy to Edgar T. Stephenson, 1,723 Zerega Av, 5 years from July 1, 1917; attorney, E. T. Stephenson, 1,723 Zerega Av.....$120

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

WEST END AV, 328 and 330; Empire Carting Co. against Jane Soressi et al., owners and contractors, renewal.....$148

167TH AV, 233; Israel Lazar against Joseph Lurrie, owner; Morris Kramer, contractor.....$600

5TH AV, 1,676; Sexauer & Lemke, Inc., against 1,067 Fifth Avenue Co., Ltd., owner and contractor.....$717

85TH ST, 332 and 334 West; David Feinberg against Aldebaran Co., Inc., owner and contractor.....$1,158

160TH ST, 656 to 660 West; Empire Roofing Co. against Natwil Holding Co., owner and contractor.....$225

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

LENOX AV, s e corner of 145th St; Barrett Co. against Catherine C. Glasser et al., June 15, 1917.....$245

42D ST, 422 West; John J. Burns against Joseph Patton et al., April 3, 1917.....$15

87TH ST, 267 and 269 West; James P. Hinch against James Rosella et al., Dec. 15, 1916.....$400

SAME PROPERTY; Toni Siracusa against Estate of James Rozell, Inc., et al., Nov. 29, 1916.....$1,347

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 90 and 92; Aaron Cohn against David Aronson et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. A. Cohn.

BRADHURST AV, 44; Franklin Savings Bank in the City of New York against Harry Goodstein et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. M. Powell.

CHRYSTIE ST, 218; National Academy of Design against Herman Hanauer et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Phelps, East & Webb.

EAST HOUSTON ST, 119, and Chrystie St, 232; Herman Abramowitz against Frieda Hart et al, action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorney, L. Rosenberg.

LUDLOW ST, 160, and Stanton St, 109 and 111; James A. Trowbridge against Gustave Lieberman et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland.

88TH ST, s s, 325.6 ft w of West End Av, 49.6x102.2; Isidor Schwartz against Alderson Co., Inc., et al, action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorney, L. Rosenberg.

90TH ST, 115 to 119 East, three actions; Broadway Savings Institution of the City of New York against Catherine D. Lantry et al, foreclosure of five mortgages; attorney, R. Kelly.

108TH ST, 288 to 289 West; Frank S. Selick against Harry Shwitzer et al, specific performance; attorney, S. H. Wandell.

134TH ST, 311 West; James Devlin against Simon Nachtigall, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, B. Zwinge.

Bronx.

LOTS 21, 22, 23, and 24, Block 8, map of 96 lots, formerly part of the Sheridan and Segrave tract; Anthony J. Mackey against Etta Billow, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Halsey, Kiernan & O'Keeffe.

WALTON AV, s s, 229.1 ft n of 184th St, 19.8x100; Georgiana Kendall against Liberty Investing Co. et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Merrill, Rogers & Terry.

161ST ST, s s, 71 ft e of Eagle Av, 27x110; Merle Frerck against Carrie Belle Prentice et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, O. E. Davis.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORGENTHAU JR & CO. MORTGAGES 25 PINE STREET

REAL ESTATE.

Building Sale

The BRONX PARKWAY COMMISSION offers for sale to the highest bidder, one building and greenhouses located in the Borough of the Bronx, and nine buildings and outbuildings located in Valhalla, N. Y., for dismantling and removal from the Bronx River Parkway Reservation within thirty days after surrender of same; also a lot of second-hand machinery. All bids must be made on forms provided by the Commission and subject to rules therein set forth and on printed list of buildings. Sealed bids will be received at the office of the Commission, Bondfield Road, Bronxville, N. Y., on or before

2 P. M., Friday, June 29th, 1917,

at which time bids received will be publicly opened. Lists of these buildings and bid forms will be furnished upon application.

Bronx Parkway Commission
West Pondfield Road,
Bronxville, N. Y.

First in Real Estate

In May, 1917, The New York Times published 121,325 agate lines of Real Estate Advertising, a greater volume than any other newspaper. It published 1,545 more separate advertisements in the undisplayed real estate columns than in May, 1916.

The New York Times has an average net paid circulation, daily and Sunday, exceeding 340,000 copies, and it reaches a greater number of possible real estate buyers than any other newspaper in the United States.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Absolute Auction Sale
Next Saturday, June 23,
at 2:30 P. M., on the premises, rain or shine,

12 Dwellings and 49 Lots

LOCATED ON
Bruce Av., Wellesley Av., Landscape Av., Elinor Place and Van Cortlandt Park Av.

Caryl, Yonkers, N. Y.

Write for booklet.

'Phone 744—Cort. 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Joseph P. Day
Auct'r.

To-Day
at 12 o'Clock Noon, at Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., New York City.

Special Sales Day
AUCTION SALE OF
Tenement
Private Dwellings
Suburban Property
Vacant Properties

'Phone for particulars, or, better still, come to the sale.

'Phone 744—Cort. 31 Nassau St., N. Y.City.
Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WEST SIDE PRIVATE DWELLING

to exchange for smaller dwelling in Greenwich Village or in Chelsea district—located on 75th Street between Columbus and Amsterdam Aves. Four stories, 20x102. Equity $12,500 above $17,000 mortgage, due 1921. Samuel

REAL ESTATE.

Private Houses for Sale or Rent.
DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.,
Real Estate and Insurance,
614 Madison Avenue, at 58th Street.
Telephone Murray Hill 5600.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For Sale or Rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND
IS A WISE MOVE."

LOTON H. SLAWSON COMPANY.
REAL ESTATE.
171 MADISON AVENUE.

RULAND & WHITING CO.
REAL ESTATE.
9 BEEKMAN ST. Tel. Cortland 1132.
710 MADISON AV. Tel. Plaza 4951.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Easy housekeeping homes on Crown St., between Bedford and Rogers Avs.; both sides of street built up; two stories, 7 robms and bath; driveway in rear. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE Summer and ALL-YEAR HOMES now ready for inspection at HOWARD BEACH ESTATES, the seaside country home community within the city; 30 minutes from Broadway; all improvements; restricted; water frontage; bathing, boating, fishing; investigate before buying elsewhere. Office, 61 Chambers St. Phone Worth 3556.

Two Jamaica lots, must sacrifice for $200 each; block from station and trolley; bargain; must have some cash. B. Treiss, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SCARSDALE—38 minutes out; new Colonial solid brick dwelling, 9 rooms, 3 baths; wooded plot; near station; opposite golf club; price reduced; 20% cash, balance mortgage; photograph on request. Griffen, Prince & Ripley, Inc., 18 East 41st St., N. Y. C.

$500 and your present monthly rental will buy your home at Mat wah,
N. J. and Larchmont, N. Y.
Country Home League,
40 W. 32d St. Phone 9860 Madison.

RIVER VIEW MANOR.—Established community of homes, every city convenience, high elevation, no malaria, no mosquitoes; designed and developed by owners; $1,000 and up. Hastings Homes Co., 41 Park Row.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Five-room seashore bungalow, all large rooms, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, etc., fireplace, beamed ceilings and paneled walls, modern kitchen and bath, decorated to suit; half block from bathing beach; plenty of fishing and boating; lawn, flowers, hedge, etc.; near trolley and station to N. Y. C.; bargain at price and terms to right, quick buyer. Write for further details. Shore Bungalow, Box 280 Times Downtown.

Gentleman's country home at Amityville, 9 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements, 2 stall stable, 4 car garage, maple and fruit trees, near Merrick Road, 10 minutes' walk to depot, 52 minutes to Pennsylvania Station; plot 165x225, enclosed; fishing, boating and bathing. Great South Bay; sacrifice price; terms to responsible party. Fishel, attorney, 24 West 34th St., Room 2.

OLD HOMESTEAD with 3 acres of fine, cleared farm land, beautiful shade trees, apple and peach orchard, etc., barn, chicken house and outbuildings; on main road in good sized town; stores, schools, churches; commuting distance to New York City. Will sell cheap and on easy terms to a reliable family wanting such a place; write for further information. Hocker, Box 284 Times Downtown.

If you are looking for an old house needing a few repairs, with a half acre of good land for cultivation or vegetables and chickens, near water, and station, complete for $1,425, for $75 down and $10 monthly, answer at once to Johnson, Box 261 Times Downtown.

Must dispose of my country home, with house, barns, and three acres, peach and pear trees, plenty of shade, on main road; need some ready cash and balance easy to good family. Mrs. B. Paton, 131 Ashland Place, Brooklyn.

Small farm with outbuildings, best soil and location for vegetables, chickens, &c., shade trees; will sell cheap on small cash payment and $12 monthly to party wanting a home; in large town, commuting distance to New York. Bryan, 290 Times Downtown.

Long Beach—Desirable corner plot, 100x100 Riverside Boulevard and Walnut St., three blocks to ocean, bargain at $4,500; reasonable amount cash, balance your own terms. Gehring, 1,380 Broadway.

COZY LITTLE HOME with 2 acres of fine tillable land for $4,500, on easy terms; some shade trees, high elevation, near beautiful lake; positive bargain. Inquire B. Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Beautiful homes, with all conveniences; moderate rent; commuting distance; fishing, boating, and bathing; bargain in homes for sale. Phillips, 247 West 34th.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TO ALL CREDITORS OF AND CLAIMANTS AGAINST AETNA EXPLOSIVES COMPANY, INC.:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, in accordance with an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated June 4, 1917, made in a suit in equity in that Court, wherein the Grasselli Chemical Company is complainant and Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., is defendant, all creditors of Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., and all other persons whomsoever who assert any claims against said Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., are required to present and file duly verified proofs of their said claims against said Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., and its estate with George C. Holt and Benjamin B. Odell, as receivers of said Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., at their office, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on or before the 2nd day of August 1917. Said order, dated June 6, 1917, further provides that no creditor of said Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., and no other person whomsoever who asserts any claim against said Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., fails to file such proof of claim on or before the said 2nd day of August, 1917, shall thereafter be permitted to assert any claim whatsoever against Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., or against the assets and property of the said Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., in the hands of said receivers or to share in any distribution therefrom.

Dated New York June 6, 1917.
GEORGE C. HOLT and
BENJAMIN B. ODELL,
as Receivers of Aetna Explosives Company, Inc.

PLEDGEE'S SALE.

To be sold at public auction Wednesday, June 27th, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon at the Providence Stock Exchange, Room 236, No. 49 Westminster St., Providence, Rhode Island, by virtue of a power of sale contained in an agreement of pledge in a certain note made by the United States Mortgage & Realty Corporation, dated December 26th, 1915, the conditions of said pledge having been broken:

$5,400 of the First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds of the Dupont Land Company, due December 1st, 1921.

By order of the pledgee, who hereby gives notice of her intention to bid at said sale or any postponement or adjournment thereof.
GREEN, HINCKLEY & ALLEN,
Turks Head Building, Providence, R. I.,
Attorneys for the Pledgee.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FLORENCE VAN AUKEN, Bankrupt.—No. 23,946.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction under the direction of Clifford G. Ludvigh, Trustee, by Charles Sbongood, United States Auctioneer, on the 21st day of June, 1917, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Ladies' dresses, suits, sweaters, and fixtures, etc.

Said property will be open for inspection at the above premises on June 19th and 20th, 1917, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw from sale any of the above property that does not bring at least 75% of the appraised value.

Dated New York, June 8th, 1917.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Trustee,
277 Broadway, N. Y. City.

The above sale postponed until further notice.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of INDEPENDENT TABLE CO. Bankrupt.—Chas. Sbongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, June 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 71 Goerck St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of tables, manufactured and in the process of manufacture, lumber, office furniture, machinery, fixtures, &c.

EDWARD E. BUCKLEY, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver,
42 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID GREENSPAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Sbongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 3, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of women's coat goods.

[illegible] Receiver.
[illegible] Attorney for Receiver,
[illegible] Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL BARGAIN—$6,500; will sell on very easy terms; delightful country home; grounds 100 by 168 ft., with fine shade trees; high in healthy mts.; house has 9 rooms, 2 tiled baths, very large living room with open fireplace; walls paneled in hardwood; huge verandas and open gallery; superb view of lake; near express station, 48 minutes to city, express trains, Lackawanna R. R.; all city conveniences, parquet floors, electric light; near country club, schools; select neighborhood, house is nearly new. Address E. A. W., owner, Box 29 Times Downtown.

Choice bargain, 6-room house, bath, modern house, for $3,400; $300 cash, balance easy terms; water, gas, electricity; sewers, finished streets, high and dry; large veranda, lawns and gardens; 5 minutes to R. R. station or trolley; commutation $4.85; 30 minutes to Broadway; house is two years old, in fine condition; rental income, $350 yearly. Act quickly. Liberty Bonds taken. Call, write, or phone Owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Tel. Greeley 4335.

TO SUBURBAN HOMESEEKERS.
"RIDGEWOOD."

"The Garden Spot of New Jersey," will interest you. Write for useful illustrated booklet giving full information. Secretary, Business Men's Association, Ridgewood, N. J.

IF SOLD THIS WEEK, $200 down and small monthly payments, like rent, buys my beautiful suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 7c fare; Craftsman design; 6 rooms, tiled bathroom; parquet floors, beamed ceiling, open fireplace, and built-in bookcases in living room; hardwood trim; bedrooms in white enamel, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, sewer; near station and public school; 70 trains daily; trolleys also. JOHN A. BALDWIN, 80 Malden Lane, N. Y. 5047 John.

Exceptional Bargains.—$2,700 to $3,300 buys my modern homes and bungalows; sacrificing $500 under value, as building materials were bought last Fall, when prices were low; buyer gets benefit; six rooms, bath; gas, electricity, steam, beam ceilings; 30 minutes on Erie; near station and trolley; restricted; high elevation; small payment down, balance like rent. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Good value at $6,000; country home, near depot and school; nine rooms and bath; plot 100 by 272 feet; all improvements; variety of fruit; good size garden; also garage; healthy location; 21 miles from city on Erie. E. Schantz, Emerson, N. J.

DANDY FARM.

154 acres, Basking Ridge; two houses, large barns, three wells; splendid views; $4,000 worth timber; bargain. LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

MONTCLAIR.—Will sacrifice $9,000 residence for $7,500; 9 rooms, 2 baths, 6 bedrooms, sleeping porch, instant appointments; only $500 cash required. Frank Hughes Taylor Company, at Lackawanna Ter., Montclair, N. J.

MONTCLAIR.—New, modern residence, delightfully located; large living room, dining room, butlery, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch, sun porch, every appointment; $7,500. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna.

Fruit farm, 62 acres, exceptional level land; 600 bearing trees; good buildings; near village and stone road; price $5,000; half cash. E. F. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Seven-room house and lot 37x125; well water, electricity; good condition; $2,200. $400 down. W. Jahnel, 158 Larch Av., Bogota, N. J.

Rutherford.—Free list of places, sale and rent. Booster, Box 57, Rutherford, N. J.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Fruit and general farm, 128 acres, Hudson River section; charming 10-room house, views; good land; price $7,000, $3,000 cash. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 B'way.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Modern corner residence; White Plains; on large plot; will exchange for Bronx 2 or 3 family. Wasserman, 180th St. and Southern Boulevard.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the vote and due corporate action by the stockholders of the unersigned, Greene Consolidated Copper Company, a West Virginia Corporation, hereinafter called the Company, at the Annual Quarterly General Meeting of said Stockholders, duly held at its New York office in the City and State of New York on the 12th day of June, 1917, and witnessed to the statutes of the State of West Virginia, in such case made and provided, all of the property and assets of the Company, as an entirety, not including, however, its corporate franchise or good will, were sold to Cananea Consolidated Copper Company, a Minnesota corporation, hereinafter called the Cananea Company, at the price and consideration and upon and subject to the terms and conditions specified in a certain proposition and offer, dated May 23rd, 1917, made by the Greene Cananea Company to and accepted by the Company pursuant to such authority and vote of the stockholders of the Company at their said General and Annual Meeting, subject, however, to the express condition that upon not less than three weeks' notice, to be given by publication in at least three daily newspapers printed and published in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, and in one daily newspaper printed and published in the City of Charleston, in the State of West Virginia, the Executive officers of the Company shall forthwith offer all said property and assets, as an entirety, for sale, for cash, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder therefor, and upon the further express condition that if at said auction no higher or better bid or offer for said property and assets is made or received, then, and in such event, the said proposition of the Greene Cananea Company and the sale of said property and assets to it made by the Company pursuant to the authorization and vote of the stockholders of the Company at their said meeting shall be binding and final and be forthwith consummated.

Notice is further hereby given that, pursuant to said vote and action of the stockholders of the Company at said Stockholders' Meeting, and in compliance with but subject to the aforesaid conditions of such sale as imposed by said stockholders at said meeting, Frederick Strauss Tolkette, as the President, and J. W. Allen, as Treasurer, of the Company, will offer for sale, at public auction, on the 11th day of July, 1917, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, on the front steps of the United States Post Office Building, in the City of Charleston, in the State of West Virginia, to the highest and best bidder, all of the property and assets of the Company, as an entirety, not including, however, its corporate franchise or good will.

The said property and assets will be sold as an entirety and for cash only, and the person or persons or corporation or corporations to whom said property and assets may be sold shall and will be required to pay to the Treasurer of the Company, at the time of such sale, in lawful money of the United States or cashier's check, ten percentum of the price at which said property and assets are sold to the successful bidder or bidders, and the balance of said purchase price shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Company upon the execution and delivery of good and sufficient instruments of transfer and conveyance.

No bid will be received by the undersigned from any person or corporation offering to bid for said property and assets, as an entirety, unless such person or corporation so offering to bid shall have first deposited with the Treasurer of the Company, as a pledge that he or it will make good his or its bid in case of acceptance, the sum of $2,000, or $50,000 in cash or certified check or cashier's check.

The undersigned expressly reserve the right to reject said property and assets at such bid, upon like publication, in case any bidder or purchaser shall fail to make good his or its bid upon the acceptance of the same by the undersigned, by failure to make any payment on account of the purchase price as required in the consummation of his or its purchase, then the moneys, if any, paid by such bidder or purchaser, or the amount deposited with the undersigned by any bidder or purchaser bidding for the property and assets as a whole, shall be forfeited to and for the undersigned, by failure, and shall be applied toward the payment of any expense of resale and toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property and assets shall be sold upon such resale, and as and for liquidated damages in the premises.

Such sale shall and will be made without valuation, appraisement, redemption, or extension, and the undersigned reserve the right to reject any bid or bids and may adjourn or postpone such sale, and may, without further notice or advertisement, proceed with the sale on any date to which the same may have been adjourned or postponed.

This notice is given and published by order of the Stockholders and of the Board of Directors of the Greene Consolidated Copper Company.

Dated June 18th, 1917.
L. D. RICKETTS, President.
W. ALLEN, Treasurer.
Room 2027, No. 42 Broadway, New York City, New York.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE UNITED States District Court, for the Southern District of New York, held at the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 6th day of June, 1917.—Present, Hon. Martin T. Manton, District Judge.—SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY, Complainant, against INTERSTATE COAL COMPANY, INC., Defendant.—In equity E13-325.

Upon reading and filing the affidavit of Walter Peterson, verified the 5th day of June, 1917, and after hearing Abram J. Rose of counsel for the Receiver, and on motion of Kellogg & Rose, attorneys for said Receiver, it is

Ordered (1) that the notice of publication as hereinafter directed requiring all creditors of said Interstate Coal Company, Inc., and all persons having claims of any kind against said company to exhibit their claims to said Receiver at a place to be specified in such notice and become parties to the above entitled suit within six months of the first publication of this order, and that in default thereof they be precluded from all benefit of the order or judgment which may be made in such suit and from any distribution which shall be made under such order or judgment, and (2) that this order be published once a week for six consecutive weeks; notice to be published once a week for six months in two [illegible] published in the County of New [illegible] and the

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

STAMFORD, CONN.—Magnificent estate on Strawberry Hill; 8½ acres; large house with every modern improvement; garage; greenhouses, gardener's cottage, &c. Address B. S. H., (Suite 1933.) 80 Malden Lane, N. Y.

Farm, 250 acres, 9-room house, gravity water, practical barn, record corn land, 800 fruit trees, 3 acres berries, river affords boating and fishing; price, $6,500. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 Broadway.

This office specializes in Connecticut inland and shorefront acreage, old houses with histories, big fireplaces, and Dutch ovens; also hilltops with fine views; what you want may be here. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

Couple want to rent house with barn and coop for one year; high elevation; near station. Write to Leo Hopp, 202 Monroe St., Hoboken, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Loft, 247-253 West 19th St., 7,500 sq. ft., modern building, sprinkler system; rent reasonable. Supt., or Reed Realty & Securities Co., owner, 51 Chambers St., or your own broker.

A NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICE; every facility; rent $16.50 monthly, no lease required. Call 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

At 404 4th Av., 9th floor, (corner 28th St.)—Private offices; desk room or mail privilege; excellent service.

Reliable party to share nicely furnished office in Woolworth Bldg. V 344 Times Downtown.

Part of office to let; telephone; all conveniences. Room 4, 600 West 110th.

Bronx.

Attention!—Well lighted factory building, suitable for any purpose, 6,750 square feet, extra lot, and stable, only $135 month. George Price, 301 East 149th.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Westchester County.

RENT, FURNISHED—12 rooms, 4 baths; double inclosed porch; old shade; garden planted; two-car garage; corner plot; over ½ acre; in Beechmont Park, New Rochelle; rent for Summer months.
EGGER, 51 E. 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 2326.

SUBURBAN, FURNISHED.

My little house, New Rochelle, high, cool and comfy, July 15-Sept. 15. Sanders, 120 Mt. Joy Place, N. Y.

Attractive corner; handsomely furnished 9 rooms, 2 baths, stucco home; garage; planted garden; two minutes from station. Larchmont 658. 133 Larchmont Av.

Long Island.

To Let—Bungalow, waterfront, near Rockaway, six rooms and bath, all improvements; use of boat; bathing and fishing. Telephone Springfield 1988, 8 to 5 P. M., balance of week.

Ten-room house, finest street Rockaway Park, half block from ocean, furnished; sale or rent. Farrell, 140 Nassau.

New York State.

Bungalow in mountains, completely furnished, six rooms, lavatory, running water, electric lights, in colony with five other bungalows, on the shore of beautiful Tennanah Lake, Sullivan County; six miles from Roscoe on the Ontario & Western Railroad; elevation 2,500 feet; boating, bathing, fishing; mosquitos unknown. Season $300. George Crowley, Tennanah Lake, Sullivan County, N. Y.

LAKE RONKONKOMA.—New 8-room stucco house and garage, newly furnished, to rent for season; lovely lake, with all privileges of boating and bathing. Joseph Fiala, Lake Ronkonkoma, N. Y.

New Jersey.

AVON-BY-THE-SEA, N. J.

For rent, large, well-furnished Summer homes, to apply now. Phone 246, C. D. Snyder, office adjoining station.

Attractive house, screened porch, flowers; $55 monthly, July, August. Phone 2496, Montclair.

SPARTA.—5-7 rooms, bath, $100, $165 season. Berkan, 575 Riverside Drive.

Connecticut.

Greenwich, Connecticut.—Unusual opportunity for the Summer; attractively furnished home, with large lawns, vegetable garden all planted; tennis court; garage, with chauffeur's room; splendid location; six master's, four baths, 3 servants' rooms; will rent to responsible people for $1,500; must act immediately. Telephone Cortlandt 2083.

For rent, furnished, a bungalow at Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn., can accommodate two families or ten or twelve adults; hot and cold water, two baths, electric light, private sandy beach, garage accommodation; rent very reasonable. Apply to J. A. MacKeown, 26½ East 33d, New York City.

Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted, to lease from July 1, one year, option purchase, well-furnished country house, about ten rooms; must have bath, running water; grounds about fifteen acres, well shaded, near house; property must be within sixty miles New York; preferably Westchester or Putnam Counties; rent $1,000 per year; answer with full particulars. R 92 Times.

Wanted, within commuting distance, near water, small furnished house for months of July and August; must be reasonable rent; state terms, location, &c. X 218 Times Annex.

Small family of adults would like to rent a furnished house near the station, for the Summer, in Bloomfield, Glenridge or Montclair, N. J. Stokes, 180 8th Av., Brooklyn.

Married couple, no children, desire house or bungalow, July, August, commuting distance; low rental; give particulars. G 105 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

19TH, 151 EAST.—Two-room suite, sublet, furnished; shower bath, maid; exclusive, Brownell.

60TH, 18 EAST.—Cool, attractive, two bedrooms, parlor, bath; reasonable rent; restaurant; non-housekeeping. Mrs. Elliot Smith. Plaza 4570.

82D, 129 EAST, (4C.)—Young couple wish sublet their beautiful 6-room (all outside) apartment during the Summer for less than rent unfurnished; rent furnished, $100.

ATTENTION.—Summer rates now; apartments, furnished, 2 rooms, bath; full hotel service; block from subway; $10.50-$15 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

COOL corner seven-room apartment, rent $100 per month till October; near Central Park. Telephone Lenox 2623.

EAST 62D.—Handsomely furnished six rooms, two baths, sixth floor, Sept. 1, $2,500 year. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

GRAMERCY PARK, 31.—To sublet until Oct. 1, furnished housekeeping apartment, five outside rooms, two baths; extra large living room; exceptionally pleasant for Summer; can be seen any time.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Three rooms and bath for housekeeping; gas, electricity, telephone; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 163, (Hotel Rutledge.)—1, 2, or 3 rooms and bath; large, sunny, very modern; telephone, elevator service, electric light; $30 per month and up, or weekly rates; meals optional; extraordinary value.

MADISON AV., 37.—Parlor, four bedrooms and two baths, all outside, southern exposure, to sublet to Oct. 1 or longer. Madison Square Hotel.

MADISON AV., 624.—To sublet, large, bright, attractive studio, grand piano. Studio 107. Plaza 7443.

Furnished—West Side.

12TH ST., 34 WEST.—One to three room apartment; good service; electricity; references.

30TH ST., NO. 1 WEST.—Comfortable two rooms and bath; splendid location. Apartment 22.

36TH, 27 WEST.—Very large room, bath-room; well furnished; bargain until October. Janitor.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator housekeeping furnished apartments, 1, 2 3 rooms; tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; highest references indispensable; $50 up monthly. Tel. Bry. 6255.

46TH, 31 WEST.—Studio, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; artistically furnished; roof garden; monthly; bargain. Apply 12-4 P. M. Miss Daintry.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Apartment, beautifully furnished, 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette; maid service. Circle 4137. Mrs. M. Dwyer.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartments.

56TH, 208 WEST.—Especially attractive 3 big rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. The Thorndyke Apartments.

57TH, 421 WEST.—SIX HANDSOME OUTside rooms; July 1, Sept. 15; floor space, 30x85 ft.; Steinway grand piano; all conveniences; superior maid service if desired; rent moderate. Columbus 4896.

57TH, 320 WEST.—Five attractive rooms, 9th floor, light, cool. Steinway grand; southwest exposure. Apt. 53. Circle 2680.

58TH ST.—Magnificently furnished duplex apartment, 11 roms, 3 baths; immediate possession; $150 month; less than half the unfurnished rent. Particulars, telephone Vanderbilt 1452.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.—Handsomely furnished two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette; monthly or yearly; also doctor's offices.

67TH, 27 WEST.—Completely furnished, attractive [illegible] rooms; [illegible] bath and [illegible]

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

67TH, 39 WEST.—Duplex studio apartment, seven rooms, furnished, $200 monthly. Stiles.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (The New West End.)—One, two, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; Summer rates; $45-$55; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary. Supt., on premises. Open evenings.

70TH, 104 WEST, (Hotel Walton.)—Sublet, 2 rooms and bath, attractively furnished; references.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Handsome kitchenette apt.; all improvements; best equipped house in city.

72D, 322 WEST.—Eight-room apartment, overlooking Hudson; reasonable terms. Inquire 322 West 72d. Columbus 1035.

74TH, 103 WEST.—TWO LARGE STUDIOS; PRIVATE BATHS; ALL LIGHT; NEWLY OPENED; $12.

76TH, 55 WEST.—Cool apartment, two large rooms, bath, kitchen, $100 monthly.

78TH, 230 WEST.—3 rooms, bath, kitchen, for Summer. 4A, Tel. Schuyler 7516.

79TH, 202 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms, well furnished. Crocker.

80TH, (West End Av., 412.)—Six rooms, beautifully furnished; sacrifice. Captain Hunt, Columbus 7627.

81ST, 11 WEST.—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED APARTMENT TO SUBLET, 7 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $200 MONTHLY. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT. OWNER LEFT TO WAR.

81ST, 51 WEST.—Attractively furnished two-room and bath apartment to sublet. Hotel Colonial, ninth floor, apartment 903.

83D, 331 WEST.—Attractive apartment, six rooms; exceptional opportunity for responsible party.

85TH, 208 WEST.—Six cool rooms, near Riverside; piano; reasonable. 5428 Schuyler Jones.

86TH AND BROADWAY, (Belnord.)—Will sublet, July to September, beautiful 7-room, airy apartment; reasonable rental Apply at office.

86TH, 206 WEST.—Hargain; beautifully furnished 5 rooms, rent only; references. Freeman.

86TH, 257 WEST.—Studio apartment; studio, bedroom, kitchenette, and bath; maid service. Superintendent.

86TH, 309 WEST, (6D.)—Two-room apartment, maid service, light, restaurant. Superintendent.

86TH, 257 WEST.—SEVEN-ROOM DUPLEX APARTMENT, $125. SUPERINTENDENT.

91ST, (West End.)—Distinctively furnished seven rooms, new building; bargain. Columbus 3974.

92D, 259 WEST.—SEVEN OUTSIDE ROOMS; elevated; subway; $75. Riverside 6651.

95TH, 251 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Front suite, first floor, suitable for physician; formerly occupied by same. Cowan.

95TH, 251 WEST, Corner Broadway.—Seven large rooms, bath, newly furnished. 3 N.

97TH, 26 WEST.—July and August, six big, cool, outside rooms; complete housekeeping; will sublet, one month, Hull, two front, four back; investigate. Hull.

98TH ST., 60 WEST.—Sublet, furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; light, airy; $35; references. Holton, Riverside 5330.

98TH, 215 WEST.—Summer months; 6 beautiful rooms, elegantly furnished; 2 baths. Engel.

100TH ST., 318 WEST, (Apartment 8 E.)—Rent same, less than unfurnished, eight rooms and three baths; use of good library, Chickering piano, Oriental rugs; southern, western, and northern exposures; view of Hudson River; furnished or unfurnished; June to Sept. 20 or Oct. 1; lease can be continued for unfurnished apartment after Oct. 1. Telephone 3502 River.

100TH, 314 WEST.—To November, 7 beautifully furnished rooms, 2 baths; top floor, elevator apartment; Hudson River view; unobstructed. L. Fountain.

102D, 330 WEST, Corner Riverside Drive.—Sublet July to October, furnished apt., four outside rooms, with bath. Apply Supt.

104TH, 250 WEST.—Five rooms, furnished, $85; unfurnished, $75. Apt. 74.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Three spacious rooms, bath; handsome apartment; hot water, electricity; view of Hudson; moderate; references.

107TH, 220 WEST.—To sublet, high-class elevator apartment, seven large, airy rooms and bath. Apt. 32, Moss.

111TH, 611 WEST.—Attractive apartment, overlooking Hudson and Riverside Drive; five outside rooms, tastefully furnished; piano, telephone; all-night elevator service; rental, $225 for ten weeks. Taylor.

113TH, 307 WEST, (Apt. 1A.)—Special Summer rates; 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms; exquisite apartments; furnished complete, including silver and linen. Phone 8240 Morningside.

113TH, 605 WEST.—Eight rooms, two baths, beautifully furnished, near Riverside and Columbia; $100 monthly, until Sept. 25. Superintendent.

113TH, 617 WEST.—High-class, outside 5-room apartment, three exposures, immediately. Moody.

114TH AND 7TH AV.—Six delightfully cool rooms; modern corner apartment; elevator; daintily furnished; piano, silver, linen; two months or longer. Cathedral 9644, Haltom.

115TH, (corner Broadway; Luxor, Apartment 2A.)—Four good rooms; housekeeping; piano; Summer rates.

115TH, 315 WEST.—Three large rooms, modern, convenient subway, elevator, reasonable. Troutfelt.

141ST, Corner Broadway.—Four-room, furnished, high-class apartment to sublet; reasonable rate to reliable party. Address X 206 Times Annex.

144TH, 560 WEST, Apt. 33.—Sublet, July 1 to Sept. 15, handsomely furnished 4 light, large rooms and bath; electric light, phone, elevator; near Broadway subway; $55 monthly.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner apartments, southern exposure, overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

APARTMENTS—SUBLET,
handsomely furnished; short period. Summer rates, EXCLUSIVE REALTY SPECIALISTS, 176 West 72d. Phone 848 Columbus.

APARTMENT HUNTING unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 836.

APARTMENTS to let; list on request Consult Elite Renting, 25 West 42d.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L;" must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and exceptionally clean apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 W. 69th St., near Broadway, 2, 3, 4 rooms and kitchenette; 1 and 2 baths; $45 and up monthly, $12 and up weekly; linen, dishes, silver, and cooking utensils furnished; phone and elevator service, maid service optional; references essential.

ATTRACTIVE home apartments, furnished, unfurnished; concessions. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, (Broadway.)

BACHELOR WANTS TO SHARE five-room apartment with bachelor or two appreciating good home and surroundings; references exchanged. No. 610 Riverside Drive, Apartment 58.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 424.—Sublet for Summer, eight beautifully furnished rooms, overlooking Central Park; big concession; $50 monthly. Wing.

DESIRABLE five-room housekeeping apartment near Columbia; comfortably furnished; elevator, telephone, shower; reasonable; to October, 1918; possession Sept. 1 or sooner. L. D., 85 Times.

GENTLEMAN wishes to share his six-room furnished apartment with gentlemen or couple; Summer; near drive, subway, and bus; write for appointment. X 211 Times Annex.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS Concessional prices from now until October, $75-$500 month; long, short leases. CLARK REALTY COMPANY, 30 E. 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450

MANHATTAN AV., 540.—Corner apartment, four rooms, bath, all outside; elevator, telephone; handsomely furnished; complete housekeeping; June to October, $80; references. 5770 Morningside. Flack.

MANHATTAN AV., 540, (corner 123d.)—Three rooms, kitchenette; elevator, electricity; $48. Johnston.

PLAZA SECTION, four charmingly furnished rooms, housekeeping; new building; sacrifice. Columbus 3974.

RIVIERA,
720 Riverside Drive.
High-class elevator apartments.
4-5-6 large, light rooms,
with all improvements.
67 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Great sacrifice; magnificent ten rooms, three baths; rare furnishings—Jackson, 9086 Schuyler.

RIVERSIDE, (116th.)—Five delightfully furnished rooms, modern; river view; sacrifice. Columbus 3974.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668.—Sublet 7 rooms; very big concessions. Apt. 24. Weinberg.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Seven rooms, 2 baths, overlooking Hudson, $120. Phone 8096.

SPECIALIST.
Handsomely furnished apartments; wonderful Summer bargains. Gray, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

SUBLET for one month or longer, completely furnished housekeeping apartments, 2 and 3 rooms; rent very reasonable. Apply M. Gilbert, 100 Cathedral Parkway, or telephone Academy 613.

Two to six rooms and bath, with or without kitchen and dining room; completely furnished, including hotel service. $4.50 PER ROOM DAILY.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 326 West 90th St. Phone 6100 Riverside. Modern building; half [illegible]

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 180.—Sublet apt., fully furnished, from July to November. F. Magee.

905 WEST END AV
New building, northwest corner 104th St.; now leasing from plans, 6, 7, and 8 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. Full particulars from Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

WEST END AV.—Five charmingly furnished rooms, two bedrooms; sacrifice. Col. 3974.

WEST END.—Handsomely furnished 6 rooms, 3 baths; 11th floor; $100. Vanderbilt 1453.

7 ROOMS.
Ground Floor Corner.
PRICE, $2,500.
601 West End Avenue.

Unfurnished—East Side.

44TH ST., 141 EAST.—To sublet, two rooms, kitchenette, and bath; highest type apartment; new building. Apt. 9F.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,326, (88th St.)—Five light rooms, all improvements, $30 up.

TO SUBLET, unfurnished, an attractive corner, suite of parlor, bedroom, and bath; present tenant's lease expires Oct. 1st, 1918. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

TO SUBLET, 2 rooms, kitchenette, and bath, highest type apartment; new building. 141 East 44th, Apt. 9F.

Unfurnished—West Side.

20TH, 422 WEST.—Exclusive block, "The Chimes"; 5 rooms, bath, steam; $38 to $44; for people of refinement; no small children.

218T ST., 234-6 WEST.
Four, five, and six rooms and bath.
Elevator, &c.; $510 to $720. See Supt.

72D, 107 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, unfurnished from July 1; $35. Harris, Phone 8349 Columbus.

136TH ST., 615 WEST.—4 and 5 rooms; hall service; electricity; telephone; rent $35-38.

161ST AND 100TH, (Near Riverside Drive.)—3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 rooms; rents $40 to $115. Inquire office, 900 Riverside Drive

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

SIMPLEX LIMOUSINE 1915 36 H. P.; only driven 8,000 miles.

SIMPLEX 1914 50 H. P. 5-passenger touring; enclosed; chain drive; just repainted and overhauled; new slip covers.

Both of these cars can be seen by appointment.
OWEN MAGNETIC CAR CO. OF N. J.,
12 William St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Market 1716.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, eight-cylinder, 1916, seven-passenger touring; two disappearing seats facing forward; Fleetwood paneled body; one-man top; ventilating windshield; Westinghouse lighting and starting; newly painted gun metal gray, satin finish; sold with new car guarantee. Stearns Used Car Department, 417 West 55th St.

STEARNS Silent Knight 1916 7-passenger touring car, with 1917 improvements; practically new; run 3,000 miles. 507 5th Av., Room 801. Murray Hill 9851.

STEVENS DURYEA, seven-passenger limousine; A1 condition. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

STUTZ convertible 5-pass., with Springfield type body; six wire wheels; $1,200. Phone Cortlandt 418.

WINTON, about two years old, seven-passenger touring, electric starter and lights in good condition; driven by owner. Edw. Leisner, care Winton Co.

WINTON, 1914, seven-passenger limousine; like new. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC, PACKARD, PIERCE.—1916 models; monthly, season; reasonable. Koch, Manager, Riverside 6200.

CADILLAC touring for hire by month; owner drives. Experienced, 1,921 8d Av.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars, by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 8318 Riverside.

PACKARDS, OPEN AND CLOSED.
Westinghouse springs; each car driven by owner; hourly, monthly; reasonable. 5337 Columbus.

PACKARD.—Beautiful new Packard touring. $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Morningside 7385.

PACKARD LANDAULET, BEAUTIFUL APPEARANCE, MONTHLY PREFERRED. COLUMBUS 6224.

PACKARD, 48, touring, beautiful, week, month; moderate. Thomas Lynch, Murray Hill 932.

PACKARD.—Beautiful new Packard touring, $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Morningside 7385.

Private landaulets and touring cars for rent by hour, day, or monthly; terms reasonable. Call Wassel, Lenox 9211.

Automobiles Wanted.

WILL trade stock in rubber company for five-passenger light car, with all improvements. W. A. Keener, 146 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

STUTZ or Buick, 1916 model, wanted; L. Merolla, 545 East 116th. Harlem 2683.

MERCER, Stutz, Cadillac, or similar car wanted. Box P 137 Times.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART Booklet explains WHY our AUTO course is BEST. Inspect our SCHOOL, plant and be convinced. Ladies' class W. 57th St. classes. "Founded on Honesty at Broadway." 1909. "Prosperous on Merit."

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 902 W. 57th St. 7920. Spec. classes for ladies.

ATKINSON Superior instructors guarantee to you expert knowledge. Inspect SCHOOL, equipment or write for booklet. 285 West 50th St. Ladies' classes.

COSMOPOLITAN Practical, Thorough, moderate, Reliable. Ladies; 231 C WEST 50TH ST. also Ford. Booklet.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Competent middle-aged woman, assistant bookkeeper or office worker; capable of making herself useful. Mrs. Frank, 966 Amsterdam Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, full-fledged; shorthand secretary; business ability; $18. T 339 Times Downtown.

COMPANION.—Capable, cheerful, cultured, traveled young lady wishes position as companion to lady. R 59 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined lady desires position as useful companion to lady. V 336 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Plain cooking, French, speaks English; some laundry. Call Celina, 253 West 54th.

DRESSMAKER. — Artistic, expert fitter; street, dinner, dancing frocks; remodeling; out, home preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. 1158 Circle.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses, coats, alterations specialty; $2.50 daily; stylish. Phone Hensley, 6724 Morningside.

GOVERNESS, — Visiting, English, good French linguist, desires position with family country; Kent, Surrey preferred; children; references. Write M. W., 616 West 137th. Apt. 12½.

GOVERNESS, &c.—College girl, capable and refined, desires Summer position as governess or companion to lady; references exchanged. X 222 Times Annex.

NURSE, young, practical, desires cases where medical attention is no longer needed or has failed; references; terms, $15 weekly. Address S., 38 East 29th St., city.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, high school training; knowledge bookkeeping and stenography; $9. K 162 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Three years' experience; good penman; accurate; American; $9. V 341 Times Downtown.

PRACTICAL NURSE and trained attendant desires care of invalid in country. Address G., Box 8, Westfield, N. J.

SECRETARY.—A1 stenographer, bookkeeper, possessing tact and initiative, executive ability, capable assuming responsibility, above average ability, seeks good connection; salary, $25. S 253 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Young lady, living home, desires position as secretary; secretarial training received at Columbia University; experienced; Christian. S 262 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - CORRESPONDENT; college graduate; experienced executive, stenographer, bookkeeper; excellent reference. V 330 Times Downtown.

STENO-TYPIST.—High class; familiar mail order; multigraph machine work; permanent or substitute position sought. Phone Harlem 6416.

STENOGRAPHER. Thoroughly competent, conscientious; familiar with all office details; $16. S 244 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Intelligent, American girl, beginner; high school graduate; rapid; $15. S 248 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable, ambitious; $15. Alma Bloch, 3,675 Broadway. Phone Audubon 4223.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' office practice, desires connection with reliable concern. C 467 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, efficient, experienced; operate switchboard; salary $15. V 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid worker; excellent references; $12. S 258 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent; assume responsibilities; excellent references; $16. S 249 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, capable handling busy board; refined American; $9-$10. S 260 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wants busy board; six years' experience; best references. V 335 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

CLERICAL WORKERS, stenographers, bookkeepers; capable. Florence Bloch Agency, 47 West 42d. Vanderbilt 2547.

SOUTHERN HOUSEWORKERS, cooks; investigated references. Augusta Agency, 328 West 58th. Columbus 3128.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Public accountant will conduct audits, examinations, or prepare monthly statements; special arrangements with firms not employing regular bookkeeper. Central, 215 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed, systematized, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

AUDITOR, office manager, competent executive, long experience, desires position with growing concern. A. L., 310 East 21st.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Five years banking, three years in bookkeeping department, one year assistant teller, one year collections, four years my own business, real estate-insurance; age 37; married. T 293 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (32,) married, thoroughly experienced, efficient; modern; full charge. S 93 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 28, long experience, wants responsible position. Reasonable. 1,602 8th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; typist; thoroughly experienced; references; $15. M 375 Times Downtown.

BRAINS, energy, sales and office experience for sale. R 64 Times.

CARETAKER. — Refined couple wish care of residence Summer; references. K 173 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. F. Glanzman, 340 Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 8460.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, city or country; 5 years' experience; first-class mechanic; can furnish reference. Marker, 4244 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, married, 16 years' experience, expert driver, mechanic; excellent private references. Man, 56 West 95d. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position; experienced; city or country; best of references. C. Van Hagen, 205 West 115th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 13 years' experience, white, A1 reference. Phone 5805 Morningside. James Deaton.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position; drive any car; also do own repairs. K 154 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, permanent position with progressive business only. C. O'Brien, 355 East 188d St.

COLLEGE STUDENT wants employment for Summer; experienced stenographer and typist; slight knowledge bookkeeping. V 331 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Japanese wishes position as cook and general work in private family; city or country; long experience. K. N., 80 Sands Street, Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT-TRANSLATOR. Spanish, French, English, German, Italian, Portuguese, whole or part time; first-class man; $40. V 334 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, 3 years' experience in architecture, would like to change to shipbuilding with chance for advancement. K 174 Times.

EFFICIENCY MAN, conspicuously able; widely experienced. Saturnus Sherwood, 775 C. I. Av., Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE, energetic, efficient, capable, wide business experience, well educated, seeks high-class connection where ability really counts. C., 1 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

GENTLEMAN wishes commission involving hazards or traveling; have handled many difficult situations successfully; know every part of the globe; account wounds cannot take part in present conflict. R 90 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—Young Japanese wishes to take care of breakfast or any odd work, half day. Tama, 405 East 57th.

NEED a good man? One that can get and hold business; a salesman of exceptional ability, age 32, married, college education, good habits, fine appearance and wonderful personality; you can depend on this man; let him shoulder some of your burdens and worry; he is qualified to do so; no stock selling, insurance, or real estate replies desired. K 170 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, 26, experienced stenographer, accountant, correspondent, secretary, advertising man, and traveling salesman; salary $35. College. V 332 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER and correspondent, middle-aged American, long experience in office work. S 234 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY,
unusually equipped, experienced executive, college education, excellent credentials, contemplates change. E 200 Times Downtown.

RESIDENT ATTORNEY.—Wanted, position with corporation as resident attorney; admitted 8 years to New York Bar, having business experience; can furnish best of references. S 251 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, American, 35, desires Summer position in country; mountains preferred; available now; highest references. Phone Freeman, 8345 Murray Hill.

SALESMAN.—Southerner, cotton experience twelve years, have sales ability, wide acquaintance cotton trade, now employed; highest references. R 82 Times.

SALESMAN.—Active business man, six languages, A1 references, desires position. R 88 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced, good executive abilities; highest references. V 276 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. Eight years technical experience; capable assuming responsibilities; high school graduate; $18; excellent credentials. V 257 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER. — Eight years' experience; accustomed rapid dictation; high school education, standard operator; references; $15. M 376 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Age 22, high school graduate; four years' experience; good speller, grammarian; references; $12. V 204 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wishes to connect with reliable firm; moderate salary. Lillian Cohen, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2903.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; thorough double entry bookkeeper; long experience; moderate salary. V 338 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent; nine years' experience; highest references. V 342 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high grade, six languages, for important concern; $40. V 333 Times Downtown.

TIMEKEEPER.—Young man, 5 years' experience in drafting room, wants position with builder on construction work. R 95 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, educated, office and business experience, desires good connection; hard worker; excellent references. K 157 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, college trained along general and technical lines, desires position. S 246 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) knowledge of hardware, automobile supply and mail order business. Frank Schwars, 1,917 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school education, business experience, desires position. N. Arenwald, 1,155 Vyse Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, desires position; best references. V 329 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, well educated, aggressive, experienced clerical, shipping, desires position; salary $16. S 250 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, desires position, advancement, wholesale house; hustler. Julius Polack, 1,878 7th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 21, assistant bookkeeper, good at figures, can operate typewriter; desires position. K 172 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 3 years' college education, at anything; office preferred. S 261 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, well educated, desires afternoon employment. R 49 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and office assistant wanted; settled woman; hours 9 to 6. Address, stating experience, references, and salary desired. K 167 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted, 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

ATTRACTIVE young lady, refined in speech and manner, to serve in reception room; previous experience unnecessary. Apply 9 to 10 A. M., Adair, 557 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER for real estate office; state experience and references; salary $16 to start. Write R. A., 3,523 Broadway, advertising office.

BOOKKEEPER and Typist.—Experienced, neat, accurate, intelligent; $15 start; rapid advancement. Burrelle, 1,704 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—$12 START; STATE EXPERIENCE. C 470 TIMES ANNEX.

BOOK SALESWOMAN.—Experienced, for a $50 per week proposition; suited to present national conditions; sales steadily increasing; salary and commission. The Kingsbridge Co., Springfield, Mass.

CASHIER.—Young lady wanted as cashier, assistant bookkeeper, and stenographer for restaurant; experienced; $70 per month and one meal; hours 5:30 to 5:30. G 92 Times.

CLERK.—Young woman, good at figures; preferably experienced in alphabetical or numerical filing; apply by letter, stating experience, if any, age extent of education and salary expected. G 94 Times.

COMPANION, &c.—Young woman to take care of and as companion for two little girls, 8-9 years; exceptional home. Call after 10 today. Mrs. Heiman, 320 West 114th St.

CORRESPONDENT and general office assistant wanted in claim department of company writing workmen's compensation. Insurance. In reply state experience, age, education, and nationality. Address V 311 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER

ON POPULAR PRICED UNDERMUSLIN LINE. WE REQUIRE IMMEDIATELY THE SERVICES OF A COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED DESIGNER; FINE OPPORTUNITY TO THE RIGHT PERSON. APPLY AT ONCE BY LETTER, STATING EXPERIENCE, SALARY, &c.
D. E. SICHER & CO.,
49 WEST 21ST ST.

DRAFTSMAN experienced on machine details; woman, if qualified, acceptable. Telephone Rector 6928.

FILING CLERK wanted by a responsible concern; state race, age, school education, business experience, and salary expected. P 84 Times.

HOUSEWORKER. — American, English, or Scotch; strong, active woman; wash, iron, cook, make herself generally useful; personal reference; country, Summer; small family; good wages. Call between 3 and 5, 260 Riverside, corner 108th St., Apartment A1.

KNITTER AND CROCHETER.—Competent to instruct in art needlework store; steady position; no night work. S. P., 30 Times.

LADY, knowledge of Spanish, for order translation and general office work. W. T., 206 Times Downtown.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER wanted for a hospital in Philadelphia, Penn.; only those with institutional experience will be considered; state salary expected. K 141 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Female.

NURSE wanted. Apply 50 West 77th St., between 9 and 11 mornings.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Woman over 30, possessing more than ordinary tact, ability, to call on our list of mothers and explain successful character-building plan for children; permanent position; straight salary and extra bonuses. Room 711, 110 West 34th.

SECRETARY-Stenographer wanted; knowledge in Spanish translation preferred. Call between 12 and 1, Mr. Carlton, Times Building.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted by large wholesale grocery house thoroughly experienced, proficient and rapid stenographer; must be competent and intelligent, with a knowledge of office detail; particulars as to age, experience, salary expected; positively no beginners or "near-stenographers" need apply. E 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED; NEATNESS AND ATTAINMENT APPRECIATED; ATTRACTIVE POSITION.
CHARLES D. JAFFEE, 906 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, wanted by corporation in Equitable Building; refined surroundings and pleasant working conditions; half day Saturday all year round; $10; advancement assured. E 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST. — General office work, billing, etc.; state experience, references, and salary. Box V 300 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent. Apply by mail only, stating age, experience, salary. D. M. Co., 502 West 25th St.

STENOGRAPHER and translator.—French, Spanish, English; experienced; give full particulars E 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for stock broker; state experience and salary expected. V 343 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, over 25, for Summer work; year's contract if efficient. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

TYPIST.—Rapid, capable Underwood typist; good future with large company; previous business experience not required, but considered in salary; $8-$10 weekly to start. G 95 Times.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY, ROOM 512.
CHAS. H. HASSON, Manager.
Cashier, $1,300; assistant bookkeeper, $20; assistant bookkeepers, (3,) $14; stenographers, (4,) $15-$18; clerks, (3,) $9, $12, $14.

STENOGRAPHERS and dictaphone operators, many permanent and temporary positions open at salaries $15, $18, $20; instruction given if necessary. Call The Dictaphone, 309 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, office boys, free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 47 West 34th.

HIRST EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Bookkeepers, $25-$22; stenographers, several, $20-$18-$15; clerical and typing, $15.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good opportunity; good salary to begin. Florence Bloch Agency, 47 West 42d.

Stenographers, (7,) $12-$15-$18; switchboards; stenographers; bookkeepers, Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerks; permanent. Doyle Agency, 154 Nassau; 39 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, Americans, beginners and experienced. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, good, immediately; free registration. Lynch Agency, 308 5th Av.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-ic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Special Summer rates. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. BOYD'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 537 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

REGISTERED SCHOOL FOR NURSES.
SYDENHAM HOSPITAL, 343 East 116th Street, New York City. A few vacancies exist for women desiring two or three years' training; diploma granted after passing successful examination. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

WOMEN FOR BANK POSITIONS.
Banks will shortly require women to do men's work. Three months' Special Banking Course. Individual Instruction.
PRAT. SCHOOL, Banking Dept.,
62 West 45th Street, N. Y.

$10
this week, day or night, pays for complete course in stenography, typewriting, telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

MOTION PICTURES.—New types, new faces constantly wanted; big salaries; expert instruction; free booklet method; tryout and film test given; moderate fees. E. Brunel Film Co., 1,482 Broadway, (43d.)

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOY Wanted.—Bright, neat, industrious lad wanted in real estate office; good opportunity. V 340 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, export office; $7 weekly to start. Room 802, 29 Broadway.

BOYS.—Press room; opportunity learn lithographing. Pasbach Voice, 210 11th Av.

BRONZE FEEDERS, lithograph establishment; state experience. C 471 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, familiar with costs for large manufacturing concern, City of Buffalo; no application considered unless accompanied by fullest details as to experience, salary expected, &c. Z 391 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS to travel selling space on theatre curtains; commission basis. Wm. S. Emery Co., 118 East 28th St., city.

ASSISTANT Bookkeeper or Ledger Clerk, good penman, accurate and rapid at figures; good opportunity for qualified young man. Apply at once, Metropolitan Electric Mfg. Co., Boulevard and 14th St., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, must be experienced and have best references. Horace C. Gray Co., Room 206, 200 6th Av.

BOY Wanted, about 16 years of age, to operate telephone switchboard in downtown realty mortgage office; must write, rapidly, plain business hand and do general clerical work; good opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter, only, A. W. McLaughlin & Co., 1,118 Broadway.

BOYS for office electrical supply house; excellent chance to learn the business. C. E. Merrill, 17 Park Place.

BUYER wanted; a large New England department store requires a competent buyer and manager for their departments devoted to ribbons, laces, embroideries, collars, neckwear, gloves, and notions; to the man with the knowledge of above lines, who is a business builder and profit maker, a brilliant future is assured. All applications to be treated confidentially. Apply to Box X 221 Times Annex.

CABLE DEPARTMENT, large exporting house, requires services experienced man to handle South American cables; must be familiar all general codes, speak Spanish, and able operate typewriter. Apply in writing to B. A. K., S 259 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEURS.
H. BAUERMAN COMPANY,
BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.
Require experienced gas and electric chauffeurs; must be neat and know how to take care of car; also know the City of Brooklyn thoroughly. Apply all week, Superintendent of Delivery, Debevoise Street entrance, 7:30 to 9:30 A. M.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, married man, American preferred, to operate touring car, care for, and take orders; give full particulars and references; salary $65 per month, (and house rent,) payable twice a month. James D. Stocker, Scranton, Penn.

CLERK, about 30 years of age, to start with old established house offering commercial training in the steel line; moderate salary to start, but early advancement and excellent future for right man; must be ambitious and quick to learn; experience unnecessary; state age, education, experience if any, and salary expected. E 214 Times Downtown.

COLLECTORS.—Four young men with some collecting experience; must come well recommended and furnish surety company bond; salary to start, $2 per day. Call between 10 and 11 A. M., Room 801, 3 West 29th.

COLLECTOR and BOOKKEEPER.—Young man for collection work, with some bookkeeping experience; state age, education, and salary expected. X 207 Times Annex.

CONDUCTORS AND MOTORMEN — Good wages; no labor trouble. Write Employment Bureau, Pittsburgh Railways Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.

CORRESPONDENT and general office assistant wanted in claim department of company writing Workmen's Compensation insurance; in reply state experience, age, education, and nationality. Address V 310 Times Downtown.

CUTTER.—Custom cutter, experienced in high-class military work. Z 387 Times Annex.

CYLINDER FEEDERS wanted. Apply American Graphophone Co., Employment Office, Howard Av., Bridgeport, Conn.

DESIGNER AND PATTERN CUTTER, experienced on boys' wash suits; excellent opportunity. K 141 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DOORKEEPER.—Young man, with clothing experience, in institution. Apply by letter only, giving education, references, and salary expected, to Sailor's Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical designer and detailer on light machinery; state age, nationality, education, and salary expected. G 87 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical designer or tracer on light machinery and ordnance. Apply 2,605 Broadway, New York City.

DRAFTSMAN.—Capable man, on machine details; sugar machinery experience preferred. Rector 9928.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

Technical graduate of 1917 wanted by leading industry of nation for testing and research on battery development. A new line of action offering unusual opportunity to a bright young man; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. E. L., Box 235 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN CARPENTER wanted with shipyard experience; excellent opening for active, sober man; give full experience, age, nationality, salary expected. S 247 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN of good address, with a circle of acquaintances, is offered excellent opportunity of making money by promoting private automobile tours during the Summer; attractive rates; commission. S 256 Times Downtown.

HOUSEFURNISHING BUYER wanted; first-class, for a large department store in Connecticut; in reply, method; tryout, and film test given; moderate fees. E. Brunel Film Co., 1,482 Broadway, (43d.)

IMPORTANT EXPORT - IMPORT HOUSE has opening for following positions:
EXPORT CLERK, familiar with all clerical work, such as shipping, trucking, and invoicing.
CABLE CLERK; must also be good at figures.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; thoroughly experienced.
INSURANCE CLERK; must have considerable experience in marine, war, and fire insurance.
Good opportunity for right men; no application will be considered if not FULL DETAILS are given regarding previous experience; also state age, nationality, and salary expected. Address application to "A. E. O.," Box V 308 Times Downtown.

MAINTENANCE ENGINEER.
Young man, recent technical graduate, wanted by prominent manufacturer; a splendid opportunity for an aggressive man who is interested in maintenance and follow-up work. Apply by letter, stating age, education, experience, and salary expected, to M. E. Box 233 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted, experienced in employing common labor; Germans preferred; will pay amount to be arranged for per man employed. P. O. Box 23, Times Square Station, N. Y. C.

MESSENGER for work in a bank, from 16 to 17 years of age; salary, $350 per year; best of references required. R 58 Times.

NIGHT CLERK wanted for high-class apartment hotel; man of good appearance and habits; must furnish bond. Address, with reference, N. C., 621 Madison Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS.—Young men of good education, refined, of good habits, willing to start at $35 monthly and earn advancement through application and conscientious effort; bright opportunity is offered by large mercantile concern; give full information regarding religion, education, experience, &c. R 81 Times.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man for general office work in Christian firm; must be quick, active; state age, experience. V 336 Times Downtown.

ORDER CHASER, high-class, for following up shop orders in a large automobile repair shop; none but a high-class man need apply. G 98 Times.

PIANIST.—Wanted, first-class pianist, male or female, in high-class moving-picture house; apply immediately, C. McNeely, Bradley Beach, N. J. Phone 208.

RENTING MAN.—Real Estate office wants capable renting man, experienced high-class elevator apartments. Knap & Wasson, 4,249 Broadway.

R U — SATISFIED?
Here Is Your Opportunity to Get on
A Sales Force of Men Earning
$2,500 to $10,000 a Year.
The largest real estate subdividers in the world have positions to offer FIVE AMBITIOUS MEN, between 25 and 35 years of age. Real estate experience not necessary. Successful men, put on traveling sales crew, with expenses and drawing account, and given opportunity of making big money in all our cities. Only qualifications must be willingness to work and learn.
Applicant must be prepared to work on straight commission and give all his time.
A great future in store for a successful man.
Apply Friday, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.
WM. E. HARMON & CO., INC.,
482 Tompkins Av., near Fulton St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

PHYSICIAN, licensed, wanted in New York State; an unusual opportunity for a man with executive ability, who has experience in psycho-therapy and electro-therapy office; full time; also medical publicity writer for part time; high quality must be exceptional writer both in language, texture, and idea-strength; exceptional compensation. P. L., 120 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.
Reliable salesman capable of directing others wanted immediately; man of education and good personality will be considered regardless of previous line sold; every possible aid will be given man who can qualify, including thorough training, drawing account and commissions, and transportation. Eastern territory. Mr. Clampitt, 6th floor, 120 West 32d St.

SALESMAN WANTED;
A corporation of many years' standing, with expanding business, must have A1 salesman for Eastern territory; will give every possible co-operation, including drawing account, but demand good character, high-class appearance, and genuine salesmanship ability; state age, experience; advancement assured good man. K 73 Times.

SALESMEN.—Energetic men wanted, salary or commission, to sell engraved copperplate and 100 cards for $1; great opportunity for right men; must have clean record, as we bond you. The Murphy Engraving Corporation, 34 Barclay St., New York.

SALESMAN.—Printing and engraving salesman for inside work; only those with thorough knowledge and experience need apply; must be neat in appearance and work; hustler; salary. Apply before 10 A. M., Tower Mfg. & Novelty Co., 18 East 23d St.

SALESMEN.—Experienced retail or wholesale shoe salesmen for special 60-day sales campaign in Greater New York; the men who demonstrate superior ability will be retained permanently; salary basis. G 16 Times.

SALESMAN, stationery, wanted for inside work; must have knowledge of business and be neat in appearance and work; hustler; salary. Apply before 10 A. M., Tower Mfg. & Novelty Co., 18 East 23d St.

SALESMAN. — College student or teacher wanted for Summer; interviewing mothers, educational matter; $225 for three months; commission. M 308 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to take orders on liberal commission for cleaning window shades under new process. Chas. Segall, 2,744 Broadway, 100th St.

SALESMEN to carry as side line novelties in collars for juvenile clothiers; commission basis. Goodman Collar, 80 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN wanted to sell good line caps and hats; commission only. X 217 Times Annex.

SECRETARY.—Busy executive, President of important corporation, desires a thoroughly experienced secretary, male; must be a competent stenographer; references required. Address C. O., 92 Times.

SKIRTS.

Young man wanted with good knowledge of skirt business; excellent opportunity. H. M., 108 Times.

SOLICITORS, over 31 years of age, for old, reliable mercantile agency; write for interview, stating experience; salary or commission. K 161 Times.

SOLOIST for July and August; also lead church music; reasonable; remuneration. Address 181 West 104th.

STOCK HANDLERS AND DELIVERY MEN to handle electrical supplies in large company; must be bright and energetic; state age, experience expected. [illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THIS IS TO ANNOUNCE THAT MR. B. SHOENFELD of B. SHOENFELD & SON, 12 East 33d St., has retired from business.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER.—A large American exporting house requires a first-class male stenographer who can take dictation in French and English to go to Paris, France, immediately; traveling expenses to France will be paid; splendid opportunity and good salary; state experience, references, and salary required. Don't call, but write to Albert Frank & Co., 26 Beaver St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Wanted, young man, stenographer and typewriter, with fair knowledge of bookkeeping; must have satisfactory references. X 219 Times Annex.

STEWARD and BUYER wanted for high-class city hotel; only sober, experienced man considered; write, stating fully positions held. Address "Results Count," K 242 Times.

TEACHER.—School or private teacher wanted to teach English every morning, foreign gentleman. 575 West 159th St., Apt. 1, Egret.

TECHNICAL MEN.

Mechanical, age 25 to 27 years, to start with the sales department of a large company, near New York City, making a mechanical specialty; send school training, experience record and photograph; salary $100 per month to start; big opportunity for training and advancement; only those who have shown in their letters that they have the right training and ability will be even considered. Technical, Box 205 Times Downtown.

TO REAL SALESMEN.

I want to interview two men, not over 38 years old, who can make good in a sales organization where ordinary results mean $10,000 to $20,000 per year commissions; they must be real men of character, force, and earnestness, who can prove fitness for association with business of high quality and absolute integrity; to the men I seek; an immediate income is assured and prompt advancement to managerial position is certain; this is a genuine offer of real opportunity and should appeal to the best salesman in New York; you may 'phone Vanderbilt 1245 for appointment.

TUTOR.—Wanted, young college man to tutor geometry and French with aristocratic Southern family for Summer; must be refined and of pleasing personality. Z 308 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, CAPABLE OF EXAMINING AND KEEPING ORDER BOOKS IN DRESS SILK HOUSE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN. G 104 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, with experience in export, capable of operating typewriter, wanted by large forwarding house; answer with full particulars; salary, $12 to start. E 217 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Export house requires immediately services of young man for shipping department; must be accurate at figures. S 228 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, good penman and figurer; full particulars. E 212 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY, ROOM 512.
CHAS. H. HASSON, Manager.
Export mgr., $4,000; assistant, $1,300; export man familiar with South American credits, $2,000; accountant, $2,000; bookkeeper, $1,500; assistant office mgr., $1,300; bookkeepers (3,) $1,000-$1,300; bookkeeper for South America, $1,200; assistant bookkeeper, $20; ledger clerks (2,) $20; ledger clerk, $18; assistant bookkeepers (3,) $14; shipping clerk, $16; stock clerks (3,) $10; clerks (4,) preferably H. S. graduates, $14; stenographer, $1,800; stenographer, experienced or interested in law, $1,800; stenographer with technical experience, $20; stenographer, $18; two at $15; typist, $20.

GOOD POSITIONS FOR GOOD MEN.
Men of American birth and parentage.
Lists open every forenoon.
$10—$12—$15—$18—$20—$25
THE WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
50 COURT ST., BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHERS, $125-$100; bookkeepers, $20; young men.
BUSINESS SERVICE BUREAU, 309 B'way.

WE NEED high-grade stenographers, bookkeepers; other positions. Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Bldg.

HIRST EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Stenographers and bookkeepers; boys.

Instruction.

MEN OF ALL AGES, if you like to use tools, your quickest way to success is to learn MECHANICAL dentistry; no book study; simply laboratory training, remarkably short and thorough course; individual instruction, any time of day or evening; easy payments; big demand for mechanical dentists; salaries range from $25 to $75 a week. Investigate! This is truly the finest and most reliable mechanical dentistry school, the first licensed by State University; no other established over 6 years. Call or write; get free Booklet 51.
Dentists' Laboratories' School, 25 W. 45th St.

MEN WHO LIKE TO USE TOOLS
Learn Mechanical Dentistry.
Good positions for all who qualify. Three months' course. Free book explains. Quick practical work. Tools and materials free. Our graduates earn from $25 to $75 a week. Write for free Bulletin 3.
BODEE DENTAL TRADE SCHOOL,
15 W. 44th St., N. Y. (25th year.)
Under supervision of State University.

BE A PHOTOGRAPHER
Earn $25 to $100 weekly. Big demand now for professional, commercial, motion picture photography. Learn in few weeks. Day or evening classes; easy terms. Call or write for free booklet. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 2100-X, 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN TRADES; free instruction; 9 trades. Apply mornings, Baron de Hirsch Trade School, 222 East 64th St.; Wednesday evenings, Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, or Hebrew Educational Society, Hopkinson and Sutter Ave., Brooklyn.

$10
this week, day or night, pays for complete course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

For Sale.—Two complete game booths at Coney Island; one booth on Bowery contains five skill-ball tables, other on Surf Av. contains four skill-ball tables; will sell both places or Surf Av. booth alone; stands are complete with prizes, signs, decorations; two-thirds rent paid; other business makes owners unable to operate stands; great sacrifice and a money-making Summer business for small investment. H. Latz & Co., Atlantic City, N. J.

FOR SALE, BARGAIN, LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL IN WATER; SHORT DISTANCE FROM MANHATTAN; JUST THE PLACE FOR SHIPBUILDERS; PRINCIPALS ONLY; NO AGENTS. ADDRESS R 9 TIMES.

Fully equipped plant for all sorts of metal work, including stamping presses, polishing, plating plant, japanning equipment, numerous bench tools for tinsmith work for sale; excellent opportunity for hustler

OPPOSES RATE CUT AS COSTS INCREASE

Edison Company Fights Further Reduction in the Price of Electric Current.

HAS $60,000,000 LAID BY

Big Fund Ready for Any Emergencies — Company Declared That Expenses Prohibit Reduction.

When the New York Edison Company appeared before the Public Service Commission yesterday to furnish reasons why it should be relieved of its tentative agreement to reduce the rate of electric current on July 1 to 7 cents per kilowatt hour, testimony was presented showing that the company has in various reserve funds more than $60,000,000. This money, it was explained by representatives of the company, was set aside for contingencies and reserve, to provide for fluctuations in revenue, for renewals, and for use in case of fire, floods, and other things which might spell disaster for the company if it was without ready funds.

After many conferences with the commission the company agreed to reduce its rate from 8 cents to 7½ cents on Jan. 1 last and to make a further reduction of half a cent on July 1 if conditions warranted. The company does not want to make this second reduction, which would cost upward of $1,000,000 a year because it says that the increase in the cost of labor and materials has made it impossible to do so and pay a reasonable dividend on the investment.

The sixty-odd million dollars which the company has laid away was gathered in part by setting aside three-tenths of 1 per cent. per kilowatt hour sold for renovations and replacements and five-tenths of 1 per cent. for a contingency reserve fund, a total of $24,088,376.30. The remainder is a corporate reserve fund, which amounts to $36,573,155. William L. Ransom, Chief Counsel of the commission, said that the corporate reserve fund was obviously intended for distribution as dividend. Of this money $4,463,417 is in liquid form and the rest is invested in various ways. The entire amount, it was explained, could be used immediately in case of necessity. The company owes about $3,500,000.

The only witness examined yesterday was H. M. Edwards, Auditor of the company. He said that from May 1, 1901, when the company was organized, until the first quarter of 1907, the company paid no dividends, the fund being allowed to accumulate. In 1914 a dividend of 6 per cent. was paid and since then the dividend has been 7 per cent. All of the money set aside, the witness said, was being used in the company's service.

Mr. Ransom and Commissioner Hervey brought out the fact that the company had not followed the commission's system of keeping its accounts. It had added to its expense account items of $950,000 for taxes, $30,000 in uncollectable bills, and $104,292.68 for rents. While the business of the company is increasing, figures produced showed that its net income had decreased owing to increased costs. There was an increase in business of $860,515 in 1917 over 1916. The increase in expenses was $1,176,620, showing a net decrease of income of $316,104.

Among the increases in costs mentioned by the witness was $352,000 in the special franchise tax over the preceding year. The property of the company was originally assessed at $70,000,000, but a reduction of $10,000,000 was obtained. The total capitalization of the company is $104,049,400.

Commissioner Hervey asked Mr. Edwards if the Board of Directors of the company could not declare dividends out of the reserve, and the latter replied that the reserve could be converted into surplus. Mr. Ransom asked:

"Isn't it a fact that $17,000,000 was charged to operating expenses?"

"The commission ordered it taken out of that account," was the reply, "and put in the reserve."

In the first five months of the current year the company's operating revenue was $11,522,035, and the total operating expenses were $7,278,359, leaving the net earnings $4,243,695. Asked iff $22,000,000 of the money in the possession of the company could not be used for dividends the witness replied:

"I don't know anything to prevent it."

Mr Ransom wanted to know what the company was paying for coal, and if it did not have contracts that would carry it safely over the era of high prices. Mr. Edwards replied that the purchasing agent of the company had contracts, but he did not know whether they would be observed. In the first five months of the year the company paid from $3.84 a ton to $5.28, which was the price paid in May.

"Isn't it a fact," asked Mr. Ransom, "that with the exception of coal, taxes, and special work, the cost of things you need remain about the same?"

The witness replied that the increase in coal amounted to 70½ per cent., labor 14 9-10 per cent., and miscellaneous items 21 per cent. A statement presented by Mr. Edwards said that on May 6 the wages of all of the hourly men were increased 10 per cent. The total weekly wages of the men amounted to $40,000 before the increase. In February the company employed a small armed force of special guards to protect its property against war contingencies. The expense of this is $7,437 a week.

There has never been an appraisal of the company's property. Commissioner Whitney has held former commissioners responsible for this, and he laid much of the blame on the commission of which City Chamberlain Maltbie was a member. There have been sharp passages between the two men. Mr. Maltbie was present yesterday, but he did not intervene in the proceedings. The hearing will be resumed tomorrow at 3 o'clock.

FOR A TRIBUTE TO JOFFRE.

New Yorkers Plan Gift for Anniversary of the Battle of the Marne.

Arrangements have been completed by a committee of prominent men living in this city to raise a fund to send to Marshal Joffre, on the anniversary of the battle of the Marne, a fitting tribute from the New York public. Gaston Liebert, Consul General for France, is the Honorary President of the committee, and Mayor John Purroy Mitchel is President. John Noble, cashier of the Harriman National Bank, is Treasurer. Other members of the committee are Frederick H. Allen, Xavier Audibert, Mrs. Samuel Sloan Auchincloss, George Barrere, James M. Beck, Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. F. E. Canda, Willard M. Clap, C. A. Coffin, Frederic R. Coudert, L. Dion, Mrs. Charles H. Ditson, Mrs. F. G. Dossert, Michael Dreicer, Ernest Du Vivier, H. H. Flagler, Mrs. George Garreaud, Paul Gillot, Henri Gourd, E. De Grandmont, Max Grab, Mrs. Benjamin S. Guinness, Joseph W. Harriman, Thomas Hastings, S. D. Halewyn, McDougal Hawkes, Francis R. Henderson, Arthur Hermes, Adrian Iselin, Jr., Mrs. Roland F. Knoedler, Charles Knoedler, Mrs. Reginald de Koven, L. Jouvard, Otto H. Kahn, Stephen Lauzanne, Clarence H. Mackay, Mrs. W. McTeigue, Alexander T. Mason, Ambrose Monell, R. G. Monroe, Kirk W. Newell, L. Nettement, John A. Noble, Fhal De Saint Phall, Frederin Phillips, Clement Rueff, Theodore Rousseau, Carlos Salzedo, Miss H. L. C. de San Marzano, Charles H. Sherrill, Melville E. Stone, Oscar Straus, Henry W. Taft, Waldridge S. Taft, Wilson Hatch Tucker, George W. Wickersham, Alyn Williams and George T. Wilson.

The committee believes the general public should have an opportunity of contributing to the fund. The tribute is to be a branch of oak leaves, symbolical of strength, and it will be reproduced in gold with the inscription, "To the Hero of the Marne." The original model in wax is on exhibition at M. Knoedler & Co., 556 Fifth Avenue.

ADMITS ABDUCTION ATTEMPT

Woman Pleads Guilty in Connection with Broker Mitchell's Case.

Mrs. Maud Ketcham of 8 West Sixty-fifth Street pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Crain in General Sessions to a charge of attempted abduction. She was remanded until next week for sentence. Mrs. Ketcham's plea of guilty was brought about by the conviction before Judge Nott in General Sessions of Edward Mitchell, a broker of 60 Broadway, on a charge of attacking Hazel Hummel, a 14-year-old girl, living at 778 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, on Jan. 18 in Mrs. Ketcham's house.

According to Assistant District Attorney Alexander Rorke, the attention of the Gerry Society was brought to the case, and the broker was indicted on evidence obtained by it. Mitchell, who is married and has four children, became acquainted with the girl through a flirtation.

HUSBAND SUES LEGINSKA.

Composer Says Pianist Was Too Friendly with Another Man.

Roy Emerson Whithorne, composer, who has been sued for a divorce by Ethel Leginska, pianist, who named Martha Hedman, actress, filed an answer yesterday denying the charges against him and accusing his wife of misconduct with Oliver Denton of the Hotel Grenoble in this country and Europe since 1909. He asked for a divorce on his counterclaim.

Through his attorneys, Whithorne made a statement yesterday declaring that his wife's suit against Miss Hedman for alienating his affections was without merit because he had not lived with his wife for five years and had known Miss Hedman only three years.

SURGEON DIES IN A DENTIST'S CHAIR

Dr. Hussey Succumbs Within Hour After Performing Difficult Operation.

HAD TAKEN ANAESTHETIC

Co-worker Who Accompanied Him Believes Death Due to Some Toxic Quality in the Blood.

Within an hour after successfully performing a difficult operation upon a patient, Dr. Augustus A. Hussey of 167 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, died yesterday in the office of Dr. Victor Crossman of 136 Fort Greene Place, while undergoing the usually simple operation for the extraction of a troublesome molar. Dr. Hussey was apparently in perfect condition just previous to the operation, and jested with Dr. Crossman upon the fact that he had to submit to an operation so shortly after he had himself acted as surgeon to another person.

The prospect of going under an anaesthetic evidently made Dr. Hussey a trifle uneasy, for on the way to the dentist he called at the office of Dr. Elliott Bishop of 44 Gates Avenue, a former co-worker, and asked him to accompany him. Dr. Hussey was shown to the operating room and settled himself in the chair while Dr. Bishop waited in an outside room. The usual gas, consisting of nitrous oxide and oxygen, was administered by a machine of the most modern make, which makes a clicking noise every time the patient takes a breath. Should the clicking stop a turn of a valve will at once release a flow of pure oxygen, which pours into the lungs of the patient.

The cup was removed from the patient's mouth and the tooth extracted. Then it was seen by Dr. Crossman that Dr. Hussey had ceased to breathe. Dr. Bishop was called from the waiting room and restoratives were applied without avail. Dr. Bishop said that he did not think that death was caused by heart failure, but that he believed it was a case that might happen once in a 100,000 times where some toxic quality in the blood or in the gas might cause respiration to cease.

Dr. Hussey was one of the best known physicians in Brooklyn. He was born in Houlton, Aristook County, Maine, in 1877, and was graduated from Bowdoin College in 1893. He studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and after serving as an interne at Brooklyn Hospital, took up his practice in 1897. He was consulting obstetrician at Bushwick and Norwegian hospitals and gynecologist at Brooklyn Hospital. He was a member of the Kings County, Long Island, State and National Medical Societies, of the Gynecological Society, the Pathological Society and the New York Obstetricians Society. He leaves a widow and two children.

NEGROES ACCUSE POLICE.

Say Patrolman Killed Innocent Bystander in Recent Race Riot.

A deputation of negroes called on Assistant District Attorney Alfred J. Talley yesterday and asked for an investigation of the killing of Richard Hill, a negro, in the riot of white and black residents in the neighborhood of Columbus Avenue and West Sixty-eighth Street on the night of May 26.

Dr. A. Jones, spokesman for the delegation, said Hill was shot and killed by Patrolman Mead after the former had held up his hands in surrender. He said that Hill was an innocent bystander and was unarmed. The visitor also charged that the same patrolman entered a grocery and wounded the proprietor and his eight-year-old daughter with his pistol. Mr. Talley promised a John Doe proceeding before a Magistrate.

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LOST—Square platinum pin set in with sapphire, pearls, and diamonds, on Saturday night in the Playhouse or in the neighborhood of 48th St. and Broadway; liberal reward to finder; no questions asked. Telephone Columbus 6712.

LOST—Black leather billcase, containing $55, identification cards, registration receipts, Sunday evening on 5th Av. bus, Riverside Drive, or West 79th; reward; no questions. Phone Roscoe M. Gage, Schuyler 3155.

LOST—Diamond lavalliere surrounded by pearls, between 54th and 7th Av. and Broadway and 49th St.; reward; no questions asked. Write B. W., Hotel Markwell, 49th St., near Broadway.

LOST—Open-face Elgin watch, with attached link bracelet, between Women's Hospital, 110th and 111th Sts., and Manhattan Av. Will finder please leave same at Women's Hospital?

LOST—In Brooklyn, during first week of April, oval amethyst pin, old-fashioned gold setting. Suitable reward for return to A. R. Piper, 85 Clinton St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Gold beaded satin black bag, containing jewelry, money, and cards; finder liberally rewarded. Mrs. John Rankin, care T. Cheyne, Hotel Gerard, West 44th St., City.

LOST—Cedar skiff, Saturday night, June 16, Jamaica Bay, crossing Sheepshead Bay to Rockaway Point. Reward for return, J. MacLaren, 1,419 President St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Silver link bracelet, turquoise setting, West 8th, Macdougal St., or Washington Square; reward. Return Roberts, 62 Washington Square.

LOST—White fox fur, between 6th Av., 39th St. to 45th St., 5th Av., Sunday evening; liberal reward. Dupuis, 20 West 65th St., or call 3089 Vanderbilt.

LOST—On Friday, June 15, between 61st and 85th Sts. East, small diamond heart pin. Reward for return to Mrs. H. B. Duryea, 535 Park Av.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and pin, Thursday, between Brooklyn and 78th, Manhattan; "Frances" engraved on back; reward. Plante, 761 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—Diamond pin, spray of flowers, set in platinum, on Wednesday, June 20, between 86th St., New York, and Macphelia Cemetery; reward. Telephone 1536J Hammels.

LOST—Platinum wedding ring, inscribed "A. L." and "H. S." June 20, 1917; $5 reward for return. Piza Nephews & Co., 18 Broadway.

LOST—Tuesday evening, diamond horseshoe, between Plaza Hotel, Ritz Carlton, Amsterdam Roof; liberal reward for return. R 91 Times.

LOST—Green morocco satchel, initialed R. H. S., between Far Rockaway and New York; suitable reward. 354 4th Av., seventh floor.

LOST—Handbag containing glasses, money, between 105th-117th Sts., June 18, 6:30 P. M.; reward. Sayford, 22 Morningside Av.

LOST—Brown fur scarf, Gimbels, Wednesday afternoon; liberal reward if returned at once. 100 Morningside Drive, Apt. D6.

LOST—Pin, swan, pearl body, with diamonds, between 94th and 53d Sts., June 20; reward. G. Naughton, 171 East 94th St.

LOST—Crown-shape breastpin, set with 50 diamonds, at Coney Island; substantial reward. Phone Harlem 2710. Mrs. Levy.

LOST.—Since June 11, Meylam repeater watch; liberal reward offered; return to Z 499 Times Annex.

LOST—Baroque pearl earring, in Altman's shop or near; reward. 4894 Lenox.

LOST—Gold barpin, set with four pearls; reward. May, 110 Morningside Drive.

LOST—A wallet, between Steeplechase and Feltman's. Phone Hunter's Point 4930.

LOST—Gold chain purse, "E. A. U." Reward, no questions. 140 East 39th.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—On Sunday evening, June 17, corner [illegible] and Av., a Boston bull [illegible] answers to "Dodo." Reward if returned to Goodman, [illegible]

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